

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY GANDHINAGAR

A

12 pages

Roll Number: 23110064

Name: B.Saharim

Course Number/Title:

Section:

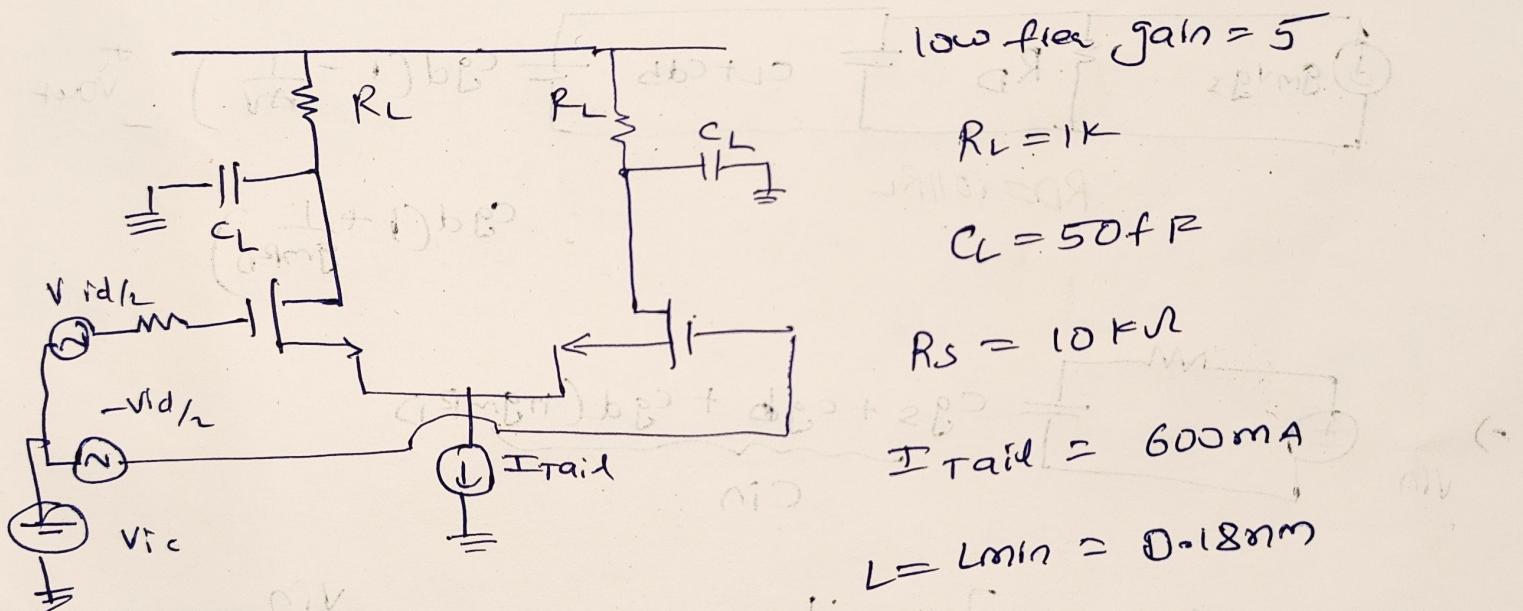
I pledge that in this examination I will neither indulge in unfair means nor accept anyone else doing so.

Date: 15-11-25

Signature of Student: *Saharim*

Q. No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	Total
Marks					1	*	*	*	*				

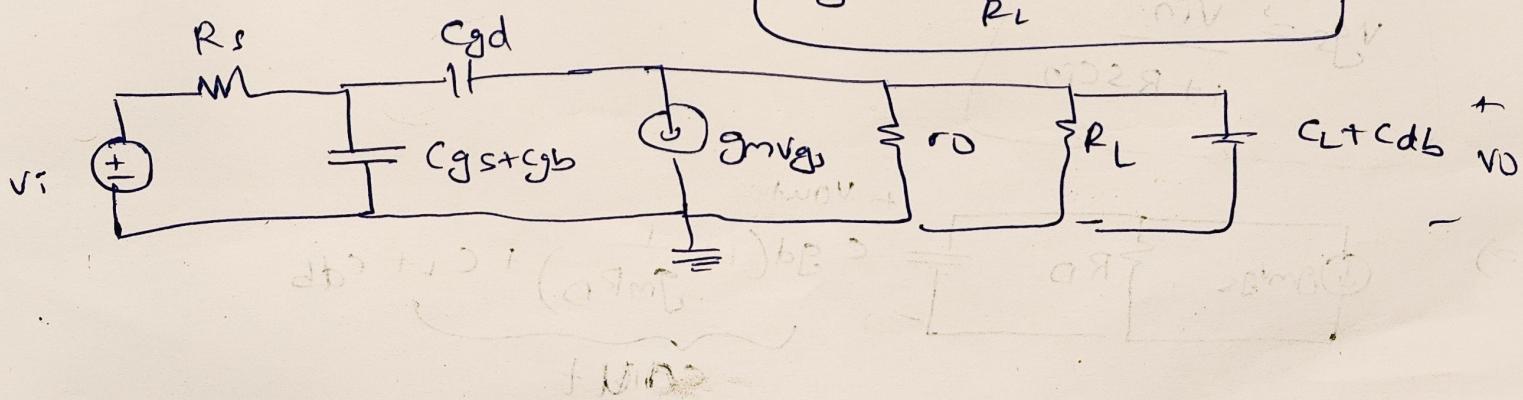
(WRITE FROM HERE)



$$gain = g_m (R_L || r_o) \approx g_m (R_L) = 5$$

$r_o \gg R_L$

$$g_m = \frac{5}{R_L} = 5ms$$

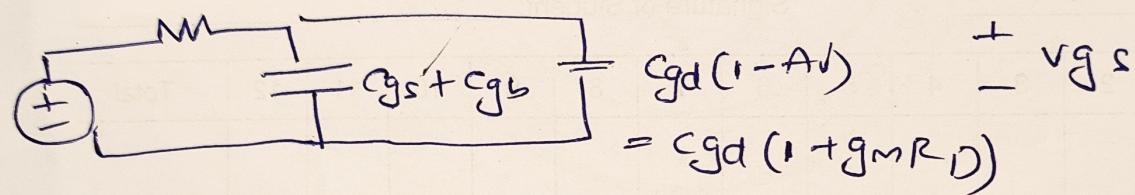


I would use miller compensation

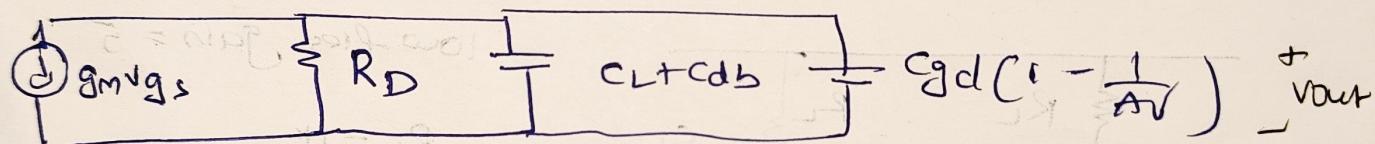
$$\text{low freq gain} = AV = -g_m \frac{R_D}{R_L}$$

$$= -g_m R_D$$

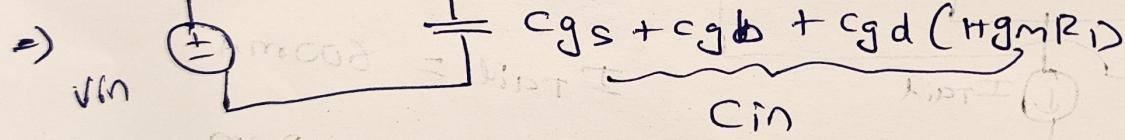
Input side



Output side

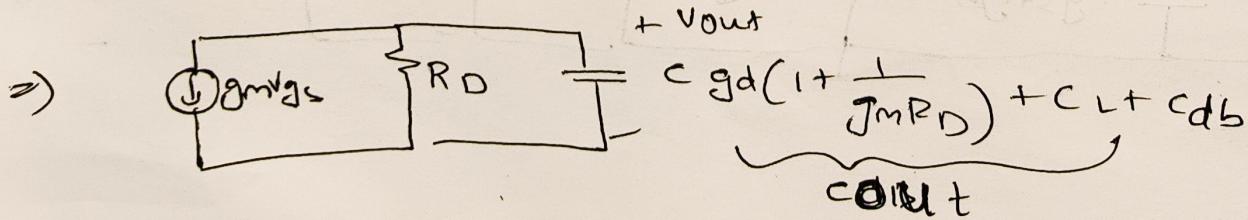


$$R_D = R_O \parallel R_L$$



$$V_{gs} = \frac{V_{in}}{R_s + \frac{1}{s C_{in}}} = \frac{1}{s C_{in}} = \frac{V_{in}}{1 + R_s C_{in}}$$

$$V_{gs} = \frac{V_{in}}{1 + R_s C_{in}}$$



$$\frac{1}{X} = \frac{1}{RD} + \frac{1}{SC_{out}}$$

$$X = \frac{SRD C_{out}}{RD + SC_{out}} \Rightarrow \frac{RD}{1 + RD S C_{out}}$$

$$V_{out} = (gm V_{gs}) \left(\frac{SRD C_{out}}{1 + RD + SC_{out}} \right) \left(\frac{1}{SC_{out}} \right)$$

$$= gm \left(\frac{V_m}{1 + R S C_m} \right) \left(\frac{SRD C_{out}}{RD + SC_{out}} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow V_{out} = gm V_{gs} \left(\frac{RD}{1 + RD S C_{out}} \right)$$

$$V_{out} = gm \left(\frac{V_m}{1 + R S C_m} \right) \left(\frac{RD}{1 + RD S C_{out}} \right)$$

$$\text{Pole 1} = \frac{1}{R_s C_l} = \frac{1}{R_s (C_{gd}(1 + gm RD) + C_{gs} + C_{gb})}$$

$$\text{Pole 2} = \frac{1}{RD C_{out}} = \frac{1}{RD (C_L + C_{ab} + C_{gd} \left(1 + \frac{1}{gm RD} \right))}$$

$$RD = 2.80 / R_L \approx R_L$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Pole 1} = \frac{1}{R_s (C_{gd}(1 + gm RD) + C_{gs} + C_{gb})}$$

$$\text{Pole 2} = \frac{1}{RD (C_L + C_{ab} + C_{gd} \left(1 + \frac{1}{gm RD} \right))}$$

from plot \Rightarrow when $\frac{gm}{Id} = \frac{5 \times 10^3}{300 \times 10^6} = 16.66 \Rightarrow L = 180\text{nH}$

$$\frac{C_{gd}}{C_{gg}} = 0.22$$

From Transit freq plot $\Rightarrow f_T = 1.7 \times 10^{10} \text{ Hz}$

$$C_{gg} = 4.68 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F}$$

$$C_{gg} = \frac{gm}{2\pi(1.7 \times 10^{10})} = \frac{5 \times 10^{-3}}{2\pi(1.7 \times 10^{10})} = 4.68 \times 10^{-14}$$

$$C_{gd} = (0.22)(C_{gg}) = 1.029 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F}$$

$$C_{gd} = 1.029 \times 10^{-14} \text{ F}$$

C_{db} is very small relative to C_L ($0.4 \text{ to } 0.8 fF$)

$$C_{gs} + C_{gb} + C_{gd} = C_{gg}$$

$$C_{gs} + C_{gb} + C_{gd} = 10^{-14} (4.68 - 1.029)$$

$$C_{gs} + C_{gb} = C_{gg} - C_{gd} = 10^{-14} (4.68 - 1.029) = 3.651 \times 10^{-14}$$

Finally $\Rightarrow \omega_{p1} = \frac{1}{(10 \times 10^3) ((1.029 \times 10^{-14}) (1+5) + 3.651 \times 10^{-14})}$

$$= 1.017918309 \times 10^9$$

$$= 1.017 \times 10^9$$

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(WRITE FROM HERE)

$$\omega P_2 = \frac{1}{(10^3) (50 \times 10^{-15} + (1.029 \times 10^{-14}) (1 + \frac{1}{5}))}$$

$$= 1603900686.4694$$

$$\omega P_2 = 1.603 \times 10^{10}$$

ωP_1 is dominant, ωP_2 is non-dominant

Now we should find ω/L , V_{DS} , Power

From plot g_m/I_d vs V_{DS} $\Rightarrow V_{DS} = 0.01$

From plot g_m/I_d vs I_d/ω $\Rightarrow \frac{I_d}{\omega} = 10$

$$\omega = \frac{300 \times 10^6}{10} = 3 \times 10^5$$

$$\omega = 30 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$L = 180 \text{ nm}$$

\Rightarrow Square law

$$g_m = 5ms = 5 \times 10^{-3} = \frac{2ID}{\sqrt{D}}$$

$$V_{DR} = 2 \frac{(60 - 6)}{\frac{300 \times 10^{-3}}{5 \times 10^{-3}}} = 180 \times 10^7 = 0.18$$

$$N_{BS} = 0.18$$

$$I_D = \frac{1}{2} \mu_{nCOX} \left(\frac{w}{L} \right) (V_{DS})^2 = 300 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\omega = \frac{2(300 \times 10^{-6})(180 \times 10^{-9})}{(300 \times 10^{-6})(0.18)^2} = 0.000011111$$

$$= 1.111 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$= 1.111 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$\omega = 11.11 \mu\text{m}$$

$\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-1}\right) \left(\text{OK PSO-14 } 10 \times 0.2 \right) \left(\text{? } \right)$

$$\left(\frac{\omega}{L}\right) = 61.728 \quad L = 180 \text{ m}$$

Square law		Gm/Fd method
V _{DS}	0.18	0.01 (nearly zero)
w	11.11 μm	30 μm
L	180 nm	180 nm
Power	0.00108 1.08×10^{-3}	0.00108 1.08×10^{-3}