To win contests on Codeforces in the 0–1199 (Newbie, Pupil) range, you need to master core topics and techniques that appear frequently in Div 3 and lower Div 2 problems (A/B level). These problems usually don't require advanced algorithms, but solid logic, fast implementation, and practice with patterns.

### **♥** Core Topics for Rating 0–1199 (Newbie to Pupil)

Topic	Why Important
<b>⊘</b> Implementation	Most problems are based on simulating what is described.
<b>ℰ</b> Math (Basic Number Theory)	GCD, LCM, modulo, primes, divisors.
<b>⊘</b> Greedy Algorithms	Simple optimal choices (e.g., sorting + decision making).
<b>⊘</b> Brute Force	Try all combinations if constraints are small (n $\leq$ 1000).
<b>ℰ</b> Two Pointers	For string and array subrange problems.
<b>⊘</b> Prefix Sum / Difference Arrays	For range sum or difference queries.
<b>♦</b> Arrays and Strings	Core data types used in almost every problem.
<b>⊘</b> Sorting + Binary Search (Basic)	Key to many greedy and search problems.
<b> ≪</b> Maps/Sets (Hashing)	Counting elements, uniqueness, frequency.
<b>⊗</b> Basic Recursion / Backtracking	Subset generation, small dfs-style problems.

### **Practice These Problem Types**

Problem Type	Description
<b>⊘</b> Max/Min subarray, subsegment	Array/sorting/prefix sum-based
<b>∜</b> Frequency Count	Use maps, arrays, sets
<b>∜</b> Greedy sorting	Sort + simulate (smallest/largest first)
<b>∜</b> String manipulation	Palindrome, character frequency, reverse
<b>৺ Brute Force search</b>	Try all possibilities
<b>♥</b> Conditions & Loops	Nested conditions, logic building
<b>∜</b> Small Graph Problems (Optional)	BFS/DFS on small grids (for 1100-1200)

### **■ Topic Checklist to Win Div 3 / Improve from 0–1199**

- Arrays (max, min, frequency, reverse, rotate)
- Strings (substring, palindrome, count chars)

•	☐ Math (divisibility, modulo, GCD/LCM, primes)
•	☐ Prefix Sum / Difference Array
•	☐ Sorting (custom comparators)
•	☐ Hashing (unordered_map, set)
•	Greedy Thinking (always try sort + logic)
•	☐ Bit Manipulation (odd/even, XOR basics)
•	☐ Simple Recursion (factorial, subsets)
•	☐ Basic I/O + Fast implementation
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	Practice 800–1200 rated problems regularly – solve at least 3–5 every day. Upsolve A, B, and C from Div 3 contests. Improve typing and debugging speed – time matters. Use templates for input/output – save seconds. Avoid overthinking – most problems are simpler than you think. Always read the constraints – they guide the solution approach. Solve A quickly (within 5–10 min), then move fast to B and C.

- Codeforces Problemset: 800–1199
- A2OJ ladders: <1200 problems (unofficial mirror)
- **Greedy Problems**
- Math Problems
- **Implementation Problems**

Would you like a practice sheet with 100 problems (800-1199) sorted by topic?

#### You said:

1200 to 1399

ChatGPT said:

To win contests and improve rating from 1200 to 1399 (Specialist) on Codeforces, you must go beyond basic implementation and develop problem-solving patterns, speed, and stamina for 3-4 problem contests. Problems in this range often combine multiple concepts, especially for **Problem C and D** in Div 2 and **Problem B/C** in Div 3.

## **⊘** Must-Know Topics for 1200–1399 (Specialist Range)

<b>Core Topics</b>	Why Important
<b>ℰ</b> Binary Search	Used in many problems involving
	"minimum/maximum satisfying condition".
<b>∜</b> Two Pointers	For range/subarray problems (e.g., max length with
	some condition).
✓ Prefix Sum / Suffix Sum /	Used in range-based counting and optimizations.
Difference Array	
<b>∜</b> Greedy + Sorting	Sorting and choosing based on conditions is a classic
·	pattern.
<b>⊘</b> DFS/BFS on small graphs or	Needed for basic graph traversal questions.
grids	
<b>⊘</b> Math (Mod, GCD, LCM,	Appears often in constraints and combinatorics.
Divisors, Primes)	
<b>ℰ</b> Bit Manipulation	Subset generation, XOR problems, bit-count.
<b>∜</b> Hashing (Maps, Sets)	Frequency counts, unique tracking, hash-based
	memoization.
<b>∜</b> Sliding Window	Substring, subarray optimizations.
<b>⊘</b> Simple Dynamic	E.g., LIS, Knapsack (small constraints), LCS base
Programming (1D/2D)	cases.

### **Practice These Problem Patterns**

Problem Pattern	Tags
<b>৺</b> Binary Search on Answer	Monotonic condition (can/can't do in k steps)
<b>✓</b> Longest Subarray with Condition	Sliding Window / Two Pointers
<b>∜</b> Greedy + Priority Queue	Optimize cost/value/selection
<b>♥ Prefix Sum with Count</b>	Subarray with given sum, count inversions
✓ DFS/BFS in Grid/Graph	Connected components, shortest path
<b>✓</b> Math + Observation	Sum of digits, parity, construct numbers
<b>♥</b> Sorting + Difference	Minimum difference, max pairs
<b>∜</b> Small DP	Memoization or bottom-up (n ≤ 1000)

## **ॐ** Key Goals to Win in This Range

Target	What to Focus
Solve Div 2 A, B within 20-30 mins	Pure implementation/greedy
Start solving Div 2 C, D consistently	Apply Binary Search, Prefix Sum, Two Pointers
🔀 Learn basic graph traversal	BFS/DFS on grid or simple graphs
Margine Improve problem reading speed	Spot constraints and hints fast
Don't overfit templates	Understand logic and brute-force first

### **♦** Must-Solve Topics by Priority

Level 1 (1200–1299)	Level 2 (1300–1399)
<b>✓</b> Brute Force with constraints ≤1e3	<b>✓</b> Binary Search on Answer
<b>✓</b> Greedy with Sorting	<b>✓</b> Two Pointers (nested loop $\rightarrow$ optimized)
<b>✓</b> Hash Maps / Sets usage	✓ DP on subsequence/string
<b>✓</b> Prefix Sum / Difference Arrays	✓ Grid BFS/DFS (4 or 8 directions)
<b>✓</b> Bit tricks (XOR swap, set bits)	✓ Math logic + Modulo tricks

### **7** Tips to Improve $1200 \rightarrow 1399$

- 1. **Upsolve Div 2 C/D or Div 3 C/D after contest** focus on where you got stuck.
- 2. **Read editorials if stuck for 30 min post-contest** understand the idea, not just code.
- 3. **Practice problems in 1200–1399 range** aim 3–5/day.
- 4. **Speed matters now** so focus on solving A/B in < 20 min total.
- 5. **Don't skip math/logic problems** many problems are about simple formulas or patterns.

#### ☐ Practice Resources

- Binary Search Practice
- Two Pointers Practice
- Greedy Problems
- Graph (DFS/BFS)

### **Example 1200–1399 Problem Patterns**

Pattern	Sample Problem
Binary Search min/max	Min days to finish work
Prefix Sum Subarray	Max number of 1s by flipping 0s
<b>Two Pointer String Match</b>	Longest good subsequence
Greedy + Sorting	Select tasks with least penalty
<b>Hash Map Count</b>	Max freq with conditions
Bitmask Tricks	Subsets with OR/XOR properties
Graph BFS	Shortest path in unweighted graph

Would you like a **problem sheet (1200–1399) sorted by pattern**, or a **roadmap to reach 1600+ next**?

#### You said:

1400 to 1500

ChatGPT said:

To reach and win contests in the 1400–1500 Codeforces range (Expert), you need to master combinational logic, pattern recognition, and clean code with fast implementation. Problems now require deeper thinking, especially in Div 2 B/C/D and Div 3 C/D/E.

## ☐ Core Skills to Build (1400–1500 Range)

Concept	Importance
<b>⊘</b> Binary Search on Answer	Solve "what's the max/min X that satisfies condition".
<b>ℰ</b> Greedy + Invariants	Prove choices are optimal using logic, not trial-error.
<b>∜</b> Two Pointers / Sliding Window	Used with arrays and strings under constraints.
<b>∜</b> Prefix Sums + Hashing	Subarray/substring matching, frequency checking.
<b>ℰ</b> Bitmasking	Subset sums, XOR conditions, on/off states.
<b>ℰ</b> Basic DP (1D/2D, with states)	LIS, LCS, knapsack, segment sums with conditions.
<b>ℰ</b> Graphs (DFS, BFS, Toposort)	Grids, dependencies, components, simple trees.
<b>⊘</b> Combinatorics + Math	Binomial coefficient, mod inverse, number construction.

## **Problem Patterns You Must Master**

Pattern	Example
Q Binary Search + Greedy Check	Max k people can sit, max time to finish X
<b>ℰ</b> DP on Subarrays / Strings	Longest subsequence, min operations
<b>♦</b> Greedy + Sorting + Conditions	Select tasks/people based on priorities
♥ Bitmask on Small n	All subsets of 15–20 elements
Specific DFS/BFS on Grid or Adjacency List	Number of components, reachability
☐ Prefix Sum with Count	Number of pairs with given sum
<b>▲</b> Math/Constructive	Build number with sum/digits/divisibility
Supply Cycle Detection / Graph Coloring	Bipartite graph check, tree check

## **E** Key Topics List (1400–1500 Tier)

Category	Topics
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<b>✓</b> Greedy	Interval covering, optimal replacement, cost minimization	
Number Theory	Modulo, GCD, Primes, Mod Inverse (for large mod)	
<b>P</b> Binary Search	Minimum/maximum satisfying condition	
Sorting + Logic	Task scheduling, minimizing/maximizing gap	
Prefix Sums + Hashing	Count substrings or subarrays	
☐ Bitmasking	DP with state compression	
<b>Q</b> Graphs	DFS/BFS, Topological Sort, Components	
<b>M</b> DP (1D, 2D)	Memoization or Tabulation, with transitions	
<b>**</b> Constructive Algorithms	Problem-specific building logic	

## **#** How to Improve Fast in 1400–1500

Strategy	Description
<b>∜</b> Upsolve C/D from Div 2, D/E from Div 3	They're often 1400–1500 in difficulty
<b>♦ Speedrun 1300–1500 problems</b>	Practice 3–5 every day
<b>৺</b> Use tags, but hide them while solving	Test your skill before looking
<b>♦</b> After 30 minutes, read hints or editorial	Don't waste time stuck forever
<b>৺</b> Build topic-specific notebooks	For Binary Search, DP, Bitmask, etc.

## **∞** Practice Links for 1400–1500 Range

- See All 1400–1500 Codeforces Problems
- DP Problems (sorted by rating)
- Graphs (BFS/DFS)
- Greedy Problems
- Binary Search Problems
- Bitmask Problems

## **★** Contest Strategy for 1400–1500

<b>During Contest</b>	After Contest
Solve A in <5 min, B in <15, aim to	Upsolve C/D even if they seem hard
solve C fast	
Don't get stuck on one problem –	Analyze why you missed a problem – logic,
move forward	speed, or pattern?
Always write brute-force first if	Learn transitions in DP and binary search tricks
unsure	

## **∜** Example Problem Types (1400–1500)

Problem Type	Sample Description
<b>Binary Search on Max Value</b>	Max number of candies for all kids
Greedy + Sort + Pair	Assign tasks to people with capacity
Bitmask DP	Subsets with OR or XOR limit
DP on Index + State	Min steps to make array sorted
<b>Graph Traversal</b>	Count components, check bipartiteness
Constructive	Make a number divisible by k with constraints
Prefix + Count Map	Count subarrays with k distinct elements

#### Would you like:

- A sheet of 100 handpicked 1400–1500 problems?
- A next-level roadmap (1500 to 1700+)?
- Or topics checklist with difficulty-wise ladder?

Let me know your choice.

#### You said:

1600 to 1899

ChatGPT said:

To win Codeforces contests and reach 1600–1899 rating (Candidate Master pathway), you need to move from pure implementation  $\rightarrow$  smart algorithms + efficient logic.

At this level, you're expected to solve:

- $\varnothing$  Div 2 C quickly and D with some effort
- $\checkmark$  Div 3 D/E/F (within 90–120 min)

## ☐ **Key Focus Areas** (1600–1899)

Category	Topics to Master
<b>♦</b> Advanced Greedy	With proof: correctness based on
·	invariants
<b>⊘</b> Binary Search on Functions	With two-pointer/greedy check inside
<b>⊘</b> Dynamic Programming (1D/2D/Bitmask)	Indexed DP, knapsack, LIS, digit DP
<b>∜</b> Bitmask + DP/Greedy	Subset sum, state compression

<b>∜</b> Graphs: BFS/DFS + Toposort + Components	Trees, DAGs, cycles, bridges
<b>♥ DSU (Disjoint Set Union)</b>	Union-Find with path compression
<b>⊘</b> Prefix Sums + Segment Trees/Fenwick Trees	Range sum, range queries
<b>⊘</b> Math/Combinatorics + Inclusion- Exclusion	Modular arithmetic, nCr mod p, totient, primes
<b>∜</b> Sliding Window + Monotonic Queues	Max/min in window, optimal subarray
<b>∜</b> Trie / Bit Trie (optional)	XOR problems, string masks

## ☐ Problem Patterns You'll Face

Type	Example Description
<b>Q</b> Binary Search + Greedy	Can we satisfy k conditions in m days?
☐ <b>DP</b> with States	dp[i][j] = cost/ways of reaching index with parameter
☐ Graph with Toposort / DP	Longest path in DAG, detect cycle
☐ <b>DSU</b> for Components	Minimum edges to connect graph
<b>Bitmask Subsets</b>	Count subset pairs satisfying a bit condition
<b>55</b> Segment Trees	Range sum, max, or count update/query
Math + Observations	Constructing numbers, divisors, modulo logic
Sliding Window + Hashing	Substring match, character conditions

## ☐ Practice Strategy from 1600–1899

Goal	Description
☐ Solve Div 2 A–C in 40 min	A & B in 5–15 min each, C in 15–30
☐ Focus on Div 2 D/E upsolving	Try full logic after contest even if TLEs
<b>Q</b> Deep dive into DP & Graphs	You'll see these 1–2 times every round
♥ Code fast and bug-free	Read constraints carefully. Clean templates.
☐ Upsolve from recent Div 2/3	Don't miss editorial explanations — they teach you
contests	patterns

# **Essential Problem Topics Ladder**

#### **1600–1699**:

- Binary Search + Condition check
- DP on sequences (LIS, Prefix DP, etc.)
- BFS/DFS with state tracking
- Bitmask DP for small n (≤20)
- Greedy with sorting + prefix checks
- Constructive math logic

DSU basic (connectivity)

#### **1700–1799:**

- DP with 2D/3D states (like dp[i][j][k])
- Graphs: Toposort, Longest path in DAG
- Math: Divisibility, primes, fast mod inverse
- Greedy with priority queue (heap)
- Sliding window max/min (Monotonic deque)
- Trie for strings/XOR
- Bitset / Set mask operations

#### **1800–1899**:

- DP optimizations (memory/compression)
- DSU with special merges (Rollback DSU)
- Bridges, Articulation points (Tarjan's)
- Segment Tree with Lazy Propagation
- Digit DP
- Bitmask + Graph + DP mix

## **∞** Must-Practice Problem Tags

- Spynamic Programming 1600–1900
- Graphs 1600–1900
- **⇔** Binary Search 1600–1900
- Greedy 1600–1900
- Bitmasks 1600–1900

## **\*** Example Topics with Problems

Topic	Sample Problem Name
Binary Search + Greedy	Ehab and the Big Finale
DP on Subsequences	Two Sets II
Bitmasking	Xenia and Bit Operations
DSU + Components	Road Construction
<b>Graph Coloring / Toposort</b>	Fox And Names

## **★** Contest Strategy at This Level

<b>Before Contest</b>	<b>During Contest</b>	After Contest
Practice solving C/D	Focus on problem	Analyze why you couldn't
under 30–45 min	understanding, not just	solve D/E
	speed	
Review 2–3 core topics	Skip D if C not solved fast;	Try writing brute-force before
per week	return later	jumping to optimal
Prepare templates for	Draw examples, use	Compare your logic with
DSU, Segment Tree, etc.	pen/paper	editorial & debug why you
		failed

#### Would you like:

- ✓ A topic-wise sheet for 1600–1899 (with handpicked problems)?
- $\checkmark$  A **1600–1800 ladder** (100 problems)?
- ✓ A step-by-step roadmap to reach 1900+ (Candidate Master)?

Let me know and I'll share it instantly.

#### You said:

1900 to 2099

#### ChatGPT said:

To break into the **1900–2099 range** (Candidate Master) on Codeforces, you must consistently solve **Div 2 C/D/E**, and sometimes **Div 1 A/B**. At this level, problems combine **multiple ideas**, and you need strong mastery over:

- Dynamic Programming
- $\square$  Number Theory + Combinatorics
- In Graphs + Trees (DFS, DP, LCA)
- **Binary Search + Monotonic Properties**
- **Bitmasking + DP Optimization**
- © Data Structures (Segment Tree, Fenwick Tree, DSU)

## **☐ Skills Checklist (1900–2099)**

Topic	Why It Matters
<b>⋄</b> Advanced DP (with state, memory compression)	Most Div 2 D/E problems are DP-heavy
<b>∜</b> DP on Trees	Subtree sums, rerooting, bottom-up + top-down
<b>∜</b> Graphs + Toposort + SCC	Cycles, dependencies, DAGs
<b>∜</b> Binary Search on Function + Monotonicity	Used with DP or Greedy to optimize

<b>⊘</b> Math (Modular Arithmetic, nCr, Fermat, Totient)	Needed in construction, counting
<b>⊘</b> DSU with path compression	Connected components, Kruskal's
	algorithm
<b>⊘</b> Segment Trees / Fenwick Trees	Range queries, updates, lazy propagation
<b>⊘</b> Bitmask DP	For state compression when $n \le 20$
<b>⊘</b> Digit DP / Trie / Bitwise Tricks	Subset constraints, XOR matching
<b>⊘</b> Constructive Algorithms	Build output string/array under logic
	constraints

## **■** High-Yield Problem Patterns

Pattern Type	Description
DP with complex states	2D/3D DP, e.g., dp[pos][mask][tight]
<b>♣</b> DP on Trees	Subtree problems, count paths, max value in subtree
	Minimize max cost / steps with greedy check
☐ Graph + DSU	Count components, Kruskal, merge small to large
☐ Bitmask + DP or Greedy	Min/max value from subset
Segment Tree / Lazy Updates	Range sum/assign/increment queries
Math / Constructive	Build permutations, arrays with constraints
Cycle Detection + SCC	2-SAT, implication graphs, DAGs

## **\*** Key Goal: Be Consistent in Div 2 D/E and Div 1 A

Problem	Strategy	
Div 2 C	Fast Greedy / Easy DP — solve in 15–25 mins	
Div 2 D	Medium DP / Binary Search — 30–45 mins	
Div 2 E	Advanced DP / Graph / Tree — 45–75 mins	
Div 1 A	Tough constructive / math — learn to upsolve	
Div 1 B	Often advanced DP/graph — study after contests	

## **∞** Practice Resources (1900–2099)

- ☐ Codeforces 1900–2099 Problems
- In DP Problems (sorted by rating)
- **Problems**
- Binary Search + Greedy
- © Segment Tree + Lazy
- To Bitmasks
- P Graphs + SCC

## **Example Problems You Should Master**

Problem Type	Example Problem
Bitmask + DP	CF 1187E - Tree DP
Tree DP	CF 1324F - Maximum White Subtree
Binary Search + DP	CF 1364B - Most Socially Active
Graph + DSU	CF 1133D - Zero XOR Subset
<b>Lazy Segment Tree</b>	CF 652E - Pursuit For Artifacts

## ☐ Topic Breakdown (1900–2099 Ladder)

Category	Topics to Learn	
<b>⊘</b> DP	DP on digits, states, subsequences, DP with memo	
<b>♣</b> Trees	Tree DP, rerooting, centroid decomposition	
Ø DS	Segment Tree, BIT, DSU, Ordered Set	
<b>Math</b>	th Combinatorics, mod inverse, CRT (optional)	
<b>Graphs</b>	Toposort, Bridges, SCC, Dijkstra, Bellman-Ford	
□ Mix	DP + Bitmask, DP + Graph, Constructive + Math	

## **★** Roadmap to 2100+

Step	Focus
<b>⊘</b> Master 1900–2099 problems by topic	Practice 2–3 problems/day
<b>⊘</b> Regular Div 2 contests	Solve A–D during contest
<b>∜</b> Upsolve Div 2 D/E and Div 1 A	Learn from editorial/debug
<b>⊘</b> Maintain notes for DP, Trees, Binary Search	Reuse patterns
<b>∜</b> Track performance via CF Visualizer	Analyze weak areas

#### Would you like:

- $\checkmark$  A 100-problem ladder (1900–2099)?
- $\checkmark$  A 1900+ DP-focused sheet?
- $\varnothing$  A Div 2 D/E and Div 1 A upsolve roadmap?

Let me know!

You said:

2100 to 2299

ChatGPT said:

To level up in Codeforces rating 2100–2299 ( $\square$  Master tier), you must be a consistent Div 2 top performer and often solve Div 1 A/B/C.

This range is where problems become **multi-layered** — they require deep thinking, combining multiple algorithms, and efficient implementation.

## **Main Goals at 2100–2299**

Skill Area	Goal	
<b>ℰ</b> Div 2 C−E	Solve fast and accurately	
<b>ℰ</b> Div 1 A−B	Solve most of the time, at least upsolve	
<b>ℰ</b> Editorial-Free Thinking	Build own logic without reading solutions	
<b>ℰ</b> Error-Free Coding	No WA/TLE in standard logic	
<b>⊘</b> Pattern Recognition	Recognize graph/DP/bitmask patterns fast	
<b>⊘</b> Complex Reductions	Reduce problem to known solvable subproblem	

## $\square$ Advanced Topics You Must Master

Topic Area	Details	
DP Optimization	Convex Hull Trick, Divide & Conquer DP, Monotonic	
Techniques	Queue	
<b>★</b> Tree Algorithms	Tree DP, Rerooting DP, HLD (Heavy-Light Decomposition)	
• Advanced Segment Trees	Lazy propagation, Merge SegTree, Persistent ST	
Strong Graph Algorithms	Tarjan's (SCC, Bridges), 2-SAT, Dijkstra + Heap, BFS 0-1	
<b>©</b> Bitmask + DP / Graphs	Held-Karp, Bitmask on Graph	
▲ Mathematics	Modular Inverse, CRT, Euler's theorem, Number Theoretic Transforms (NTT)	
Constructive Algorithms	Greedy with strong observations, output-building under constraints	
☐ DSU on Tree, MO's Algorithm	Offline queries, subtree answers	
☐ Game Theory Basics	Grundy numbers, Sprague-Grundy Theorem	

## **□** Common Problem Patterns

Pattern Type	Used In
<b>♥</b> DP with state compression	Bitmask DP, memory-optimized transitions
<b>⊘</b> Multi-source BFS / BFS 0-1	Weighted shortest path with 0/1 edges
✓ DFS Order Tree Flattening	Used with BIT or Segment Tree

<b>⊘</b> MO's Algorithm on Trees	Offline subtree queries
<b>∜</b> SCC + DAG	Toposort or Condensed Graph DP
✓ DSU + Rollback	Offline Union operations
✓ Convex Hull / Line Container	Optimize cost transitions in DP
<b>♦</b> Greedy with interval tricks	Disjoint intervals, min removals
<b>∜</b> Digit DP	Count numbers with digit constraints

## $\square$ Must-Practice Problem Types

Туре	What It Looks Like	
DP + Bitmask	"Choose minimal cost subset with constraint"	
Tree DP	"Max sum path, reroot, include/exclude subtree"	
Segment Tree + Lazy	"Update/query in range with conditions"	
<b>Binary Search + Monotonic DP</b>	"Min max steps/cost with transitions"	
DSU on Tree	"Answer query based on subtree sets"	
Math/Combinatorics	"Count ways with mod, inversion, or gcd trick"	
Graph + Toposort/SCC	"Process dependencies, reduce graph"	
Offline Queries + MO's	"Answer all range/subtree queries offline"	

## **☞** Practice Sheets and Links

## $\checkmark$ Filtered Codeforces Problems:

- 2100–2299 CF Problems
- DP (1900–2400)
- Graphs (DFS, SCC, 2-SAT)
- Data Structures (Segment Tree, DSU)
- Trees
- Number Theory
- Bitmasks

## **%** Contest Strategy (2100–2299)

Round Type	What to Do
□ Div 2	Solve A–D in < 60 mins. Target E
□ Div 1	Solve A in 15–30 mins. Work toward B upsolve
☐ Post-contest	Upsolve Div 1 B/C, focus on logic reconstruction
Maintain notebooks	Write notes for advanced DP/graph patterns
<b>⊘</b> Daily set	Solve 2–3 problems of 2100+ from CF, AtCoder, or gym

## **Example 2100–2299 Problems (Must Try)**

Problem	Concept
<b>CF 1326E - Bombs</b>	Stack + Binary Search + RMQ
CF 1208F - Bits And Pieces	Bitmask + Count Optimization
CF 321E - Ciel and Gondolas	Divide and Conquer DP
CF 321C - Ciel the Commander	Centroid Decomposition
<b>CF 757E - Bash Plays with Numbers</b>	Number theory + DP

### **X** Tools and Resources

- CP-Algorithms.com
- **ACM ICPC Handbook**
- Codeforces Visualizer
- AtCoder Educational DP Contest

## **Want Practice Sheets?**

Let me know if you'd like:

- $\square$  A 100-problem 2100–2299 ladder
- A sheet for Tree DP / Bitmask DP / Graph DP
- A math/combinatorics pack (CRT, totient, etc.)
- A plan to reach 2300+ (International Master)

Just reply with what you'd like next!

You said:

2300 to 2399

ChatGPT said:

To win contests and consistently solve problems rated 2300–2399 on Codeforces (typically Candidate Master / Master level), you need a strong command over advanced algorithmic and mathematical topics, along with fast implementation and problem-reading skills.

Here's a topic list tailored for 2300–2399 rated problems:

## **Core Prerequisites**

- **Fast implementation** using STL, templates
- Strong debugging and testing habits
- Speed + Accuracy in reading constraints and handling corner cases

#### **M** Algorithmic Topics

#### 1. Advanced Dynamic Programming

- Divide & Conquer DP
- DP with Bitmasks
- Tree DP (including rerooting techniques)
- Slope Trick (Convex Optimization)
- Knuth Optimization
- Monotonic Queue Optimization
- Aliens Trick

#### 2. Advanced Graph Algorithms

- Strongly Connected Components (Kosaraju/Tarjan)
- Biconnected Components
- 2-SAT Problem
- Bridges and Articulation Points
- Minimum Cost Flow
- Flow with Lower Bounds
- Maximum Matching in Bipartite Graph (Kuhn's, Hopcroft-Karp)
- Min-Cost Max Flow

#### 3. Data Structures

- Mergeable Heaps (e.g., Leftist Tree, Skew Heap)
- Persistent Segment Trees
- Treap / Splay Tree (Implicit Treap for sequence manipulation)
- Heavy-Light Decomposition (HLD)
- Mo's Algorithm (with updates)
- Segment Tree Beats

#### 4. Mathematics

- Matrix Exponentiation (for Linear Recurrences)
- Fast Walsh–Hadamard Transform (FWHT)
- Fast Fourier Transform (FFT)
- Number Theoretic Transform (NTT)
- Diophantine Equations
- Gaussian Elimination (Modulo and Floating Point)
- Combinatorics with Generating Functions
- Mobius Inversion
- Burnside's Lemma and Polya Enumeration

#### **5. String Algorithms**

- Suffix Automaton
- Z-function, KMP, Aho-Corasick
- Manacher's Algorithm
- Lyndon Factorization
- Palindromic Tree / Eertree
- Hashing with Collision Control
- Trie with Bitmask Compression

#### 6. Geometry (Advanced)

- Convex Hull Trick (CHT)
- Rotating Calipers
- Line Sweep for Intersections
- Segment Intersection using Order Set
- Point in Polygon / Convex Hull Inclusion
- Circle Intersection and Geometry Tricks

#### 7. Bitmask & Brute Force

- SOS DP (Sum over Subsets)
- Meet in the Middle
- Inclusion-Exclusion over subsets
- Bitwise DP
- Digit DP (Harder variations)

### ☐ Problem Solving Techniques

- Constructive Algorithms (Harder Cases)
- Greedy with Proofs
- Randomized Algorithms (e.g., Treap, Miller-Rabin)
- Game Theory (Grundy Numbers, Sprague-Grundy Theorem)
- Amortized Analysis (Tricky logic with Deques, Heaps)

### **♥** Practice Strategy for 2300+

- **Up-solve Div. 1** virtual contests (focus on 2nd and 3rd problem)
- Solve problems by tag + rating 2300–2399
- Focus on **timed** virtual contests and post-contest **analysis**
- Learn new algorithms only when required, not just theory
- Use resources like cp-algorithms.com and AtCoder Library

Would you like a list of Codeforces problem links rated 2300–2399 by topic next?

#### You said:

2400 to 2599

ChatGPT said:

Here's a focused list of **topics and problem types** you should master to **consistently perform well in Codeforces contests rated 2400–2599**:

### **♦** Advanced Topics for 2400–2599 Codeforces Rating

#### 1. Dynamic Programming (Advanced)

- Bitmask DP
- Divide & Conquer DP
- DP with Convex Hull Trick / Line Container
- Knuth Optimization
- Monotonic Queue Optimization
- Tree DP (rerooting, subtree aggregation)
- DP on Subsets / SOS DP

### 2. Graph Algorithms (Advanced)

- Max Flow / Min Cut: Dinic's Algorithm, Edmonds-Karp
- Strongly Connected Components: Kosaraju / Tarjan
- **2-SAT** (implication graphs)
- Bridges, Articulation Points
- Centroid Decomposition
- Heavy-Light Decomposition (HLD)
- Link-Cut Trees / Euler Tour Tree (rare but appear)
- Topological Order + DP

#### 3. Data Structures

- Persistent Segment Tree
- Mergeable Heaps (Treap/Splay)
- Lazy Segment Tree with Complex Updates
- Li Chao Segment Tree (for line intersection problems)
- Sqrt-Decomposition with Offline Queries
- Binary Lifting + LCA with Modifications

#### 4. Mathematics / Number Theory

- Discrete Log (Baby-step Giant-step)
- Euler's Theorem. Fermat's Little Theorem
- Extended Euclidean Algorithm

- Chinese Remainder Theorem (CRT)
- Primitive Roots, Orders
- Combinatorics with Lucas Theorem
- Polynomial Interpolation (Lagrange)

#### 5. Geometry

- Convex Hull Trick (Dynamic Hull)
- Rotating Calipers
- Line Sweep with Event Queue
- Half Plane Intersection
- Voronoi Diagram (rare)
- Geometry + Binary Search / Ternary Search

#### 6. Strings

- Suffix Array + LCP Array
- Suffix Automaton
- Palindromic Tree (Eertree)
- Z-Algorithm, KMP, Aho-Corasick
- Rolling Hash with Double Hashing
- Lyndon Decomposition

#### 7. Constructive Algorithms

- Invariants / Monovariants
- Greedy with Observations
- Bitwise Constructive Proofs
- Interactive Problems

#### 8. Game Theory

- Grundy Numbers / Sprague-Grundy Theorem
- Impartial & Partisan Games
- Nim Game Variants

#### 9. Advanced Search / Optimization

- Ternary Search on Unimodal Functions
- Meet in the Middle (Advanced)
- Divide & Conquer Optimization
- Binary Search + Simulation / Check
- Slope Trick (rare)

#### ☐ Contest Tips at 2400+ Level

- Practice virtual contests with difficulty: 2400–2700
- Focus on **speed-solving** first 2 problems quickly (up to ~1900–2000)

- Learn to **debug efficiently** under pressure
- Try hard constructive or **DP** with observations problems regularly
- Study top-rated coders' upsolve strategies

Would you like a **practice sheet of 50 problems** in this rating range organized by topic?

#### You said:

2600 to 2899

ChatGPT said:

Here's a **topic-wise roadmap** to help you **win contests** in the **Codeforces rating range 2600 to 2899**. At this level, you're expected to master high-level algorithms, data structures, and advanced problem-solving strategies.

## ☐ Codeforces 2600–2899: Topic List to Win Contests

**▼ Goal:** Become a consistent candidate master or international master and reach LGM potential.

### **Advanced Dynamic Programming**

- DP with Segment Trees / BIT
- Divide and Conquer DP
- Knuth Optimization
- Convex Hull Trick
- Bitmask DP (on trees or graphs)
- Slope Trick (Advanced)

### **Advanced Graph Algorithms**

- Dynamic Connectivity (Link-Cut Trees, Euler Tour Trees)
- 2-SAT
- Minimum Cost Flow (Cycle Canceling, Primal-Dual)
- Persistent Disjoint Set Union (DSU)
- Heavy-Light Decomposition (HLD)
- Tree Isomorphism
- Centroid Decomposition

### **Geometry** (Hardcore)

- Rotating Calipers
- Minkowski Sum
- Convex Hull in 3D
- Dynamic Convex Hull
- Line Intersection Counting (Sweep Line)
- Geometry with Integer Coordinates (careful precision)

### **Combinatorics & Counting**

- Polya Enumeration Theorem
- Burnside's Lemma
- Stirling Numbers (1st and 2nd kind)
- Inclusion-Exclusion on sets and masks
- Generating Functions (Exponential and Ordinary)
- FFT-based polynomial multiplication

### **V** Data Structures (Expert Level)

- Persistent Segment Tree / Trie
- Mergeable Heap
- Link-Cut Tree (Splay Tree or Euler Tour Tree)
- Segment Tree Beats
- Mo's Algorithm on Tree / Queries on Tree with Updates
- Wavelet Trees

### **✓** Math (Advanced Number Theory)

- Discrete Logarithm (Baby Step Giant Step)
- Chinese Remainder Theorem (non-coprime moduli)
- Lucas Theorem
- Fast Walsh-Hadamard Transform
- Matrix Exponentiation in Rings
- Elliptic Curve Arithmetic (Rare)

## **∜** Strings (Advanced)

- Suffix Automaton + DP on Automaton
- Suffix Tree with Ukkonen's Algorithm

- Z-algorithm & KMP in combinatorics
- Aho-Corasick Automaton (multi-pattern)
- Palindromic Tree (Eertree)

### **V** Problem Solving Strategies

- Constructive + Observations + Binary Search
- Games & Sprague-Grundy Theorem
- Interactive Problems with hidden constraints
- Offline Queries + Event Sorting + DSU/Segment Trees
- Reverse Engineering DP states

## **Practice Strategy**

Type How to Practice

CF Div 1/Global Solve B, C, D, and E problems regularly

Educational Rounds Focus on C to F (greedy + math + observations)

AtCoder AGC Excellent source for DP and constructive ideas

POI/CEOI/OI Archive Focus on dynamic programming and data structures

Virtual Contests Use gym + upsolve to simulate rating pressure

## **Example Problems (Codeforces)**

- 1416D Graph and Queries (HLD + DSU)
- 1207H XOR Permutations (Inclusion-Exclusion + DP)
- 455D Serega and Fun (Mo's on Trees + Frequency)
- 321E Ciel and Gondolas (Divide and Conquer DP)
- 833D Red–Blue Graph (2-SAT)

Would you like a tracker or practice sheet with direct problem links for these topics?

#### You said:

2900 +

ChatGPT said:

Codeforces Rating 2900+ (Legendary Grandmaster) is the absolute elite level. To win contests or perform well consistently at this level, one must master advanced algorithms, data structures, and problem-solving paradigms that are both rare and very deep.

Here's a list of **key topics** and ideas that are typically seen at **2900+ level**:

#### **☐** Core Requirements

- Perfect implementation skill
- Very fast thinking
- Incredible debugging under pressure
- Pattern recognition of rare techniques

### **Advanced Dynamic Programming**

- Dynamic Programming on Trees
- DP with Segment Trees or BIT
- Divide and Conquer DP
- Monotonic Queue Optimization in DP
- Knuth Optimization
- Slope Trick
- Aliens trick
- Dynamic Convex Hull Trick

#### **M** Advanced Data Structures

- Heavy-Light Decomposition
- Link-Cut Trees / Euler Tour Trees
- Treaps / Splay Trees / Rope / Cartesian Trees
- Persistent Segment Trees / BIT
- Dynamic connectivity
- Wavelet Trees
- Li Chao Tree

### **Geometry**

- Convex Hull (Graham scan, Andrew's Monotone Chain)
- Rotating Calipers
- Sweep Line Algorithms
- Half-plane Intersection
- Segment Intersections
- Circle-Circle, Circle-Line Intersections
- Computational Geometry using complex numbers

#### **M** Graph Algorithms

- 2-SAT and Strongly Connected Components
- Centroid Decomposition
- Dynamic Graph Algorithms
- Link/Cut Trees for dynamic graphs
- Kirchhoff's Theorem (Count spanning trees)
- Eulerian Path/Circuit with Hierholzer's Algorithm
- Minimum Cost Max Flow
- Cycle detection and contraction
- Directed Minimum Spanning Trees (Chu-Liu/Edmonds)

### Number Theory & Math

- Nimber / Sprague-Grundy Theory (Game Theory)
- Continued Fractions
- Berlekamp-Massey Algorithm
- Gaussian Elimination in modular arithmetic
- FFT and NTT (Fast Fourier Transform / Number Theoretic Transform)
- Burnside's Lemma / Polya Enumeration
- Chinese Remainder Theorem (advanced use cases)
- Discrete Logarithm
- Modular Inverse via Extended Euclid/Fermat
- Mobius Function, Inclusion-Exclusion

### **□** Strings and Suffix Structures

- Suffix Automaton (SAM)
- Suffix Tree
- Z Algorithm, KMP
- Aho-Corasick Automaton
- Manacher's Algorithm
- Palindromic Tree / Eertree
- Duval's Algorithm (Lyndon factorization)

#### ☐ Combinatorics & Probability

- Advanced Inclusion-Exclusion
- Stirling Numbers / Bell Numbers
- Expected Value Computation under Constraints
- Multinomial Coefficients
- **DP** + Combinatorics Hybrid Problems

### **Bonus Skills**

- Stress-testing code using generators
- Writing brute-force for test case validation
- Extremely good at understanding constraints and edge cases
- Speed: Solve ~3 problems in 1 hour including implementation

### **Must Practice**

- Old Educational and Div1+Div2 contests (2000+)
- Virtual participation in contests by top-rated setters
- Problems solved by top contestants like tourist, Radewoosh, Um\_nik, Benq

Would you like a **practice problem list** for 2900+ level sorted by topic?



**Tools**