PR-6: UDF:-

1. Write a C program to print your introduction using type-1 function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
void intro() {
       printf("Amit Patel\n");
       printf("Surat\n");
       printf("1465655353\n");
}
int main() {
        printf("**************\n");
       intro();
        printf("*************\n");
       intro();
        printf("************\n");
       intro();
        printf("*************\n");
       return 0;
}
```

2. Write a C program to find area of circle using type-2 function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
float areaofcircel(float r) {
        float area;
        area = 3.14 * r * r;
        printf("Area of circle: %f\n", area);
}
int main() {
        areaofcircel(5);
        areaofcircel(20);
        return 0;
```

3. Write a C program to find area of rectangle using type-3 function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
float areaofrectangle() {
        float I, h, area;
        printf("Please enter the lenght and height of rectangle: ");
        scanf("%f %f", &I, &h);
        area = I * h;
        return area;
}
int main() {
        float res, res1;
        res = areaofrectangle();
        printf("Area of rectangle: %.2f\n", res);
        res1 = areaofrectangle();
        printf("Area of rectangle: %.2f\n", res1);
        return 0;
```

```
Please enter the lenght and height of rectangle: 5 6
Area of rectangle: 30.00
Please enter the lenght and height of rectangle: 55 8
Area of rectangle: 440.00
```

4. Write a C program to create a calculator using type-4 function.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int add(int a,int b) {
        int ans;
        ans = a + b;
        return ans;
}
int sub(int a,int b) {
        int ans;
        ans = a - b;
        return ans;
}
int mul(int a,int b) {
        int ans;
        ans = a * b;
        return ans;
```

```
}
int div(int a,int b) {
        int ans;
        ans = a / b;
        return ans;
}
int main() {
        int a, b, res;
        char op;
        printf("Please enter any two Values: ");
        scanf("%d %d", &a, &b);
        printf("Please enter Operaters: ");
        scanf(" %c", &op);
        switch (op) {
                case '+':
                        res = add(a, b);
                        break;
                case '-':
                         res = sub(a, b);
                        break;
                case '*':
```

```
res = mul(a, b);
                         break;
                case '/':
                         res = div(a, b);
                         break;
                default:
                         printf("Invalid input");
                         break;
        }
        printf("Ans is: %d", res);
        return 0;
Output:-
Please enter any two Values: 5 8
Please enter Operaters: +
Ans is: 13
5. Write a C program to find number is even or odd using type-1 function.
#include<stdio.h>
void oddandeven() {
        int num;
        printf("Please enter of Number");
        scanf("%d", &num);
        if (num % 2 == 0) {
                printf("%d is Even number\n",num);
```

```
} else {
                printf("%d is Odd number\n",num);
       }
}
int main() {
        oddandeven();
        return 0;
}
Output:-
Please enter of Number136
136 is Even number
6. Write a C program to find average of 4 numbers using type-2 function.
#include<stdio.h>
float Average(float n) {
        float i, avg,sum=0,value;
        for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
                printf("Please enter any Value:");
                scanf("%f", &value);
        sum = sum + value;
        avg = sum / 4;
```

}

```
printf("your avg is:%f",avg);
}
int main() {
           float n;
           printf("enter any number:");
           scanf("%f",&n);
          Average(n);
          return 0;
Output:-
enter any number:5
Please enter any Value:20
Please enter any Value:60
Please enter any Value:10
Please enter any Value:20
Please enter any Value:30
your avg is:35.000000
7. Write a C program to find given number is prime or not using type-3 function.
#include<stdio.h>
int prime() {
          int n, i, flag = 0;
           printf("Please enter any number: ");
           scanf("%d", &n);
          if (n > 1) {
                     if (n == 2) {
```

```
printf("%d is prime number", n);
                } else {
                        for (i=2; i<n; i++) {
                                 if (n %i == 0) {
                                         flag = 1;
                                         break;
                                 }
                        }
                        if (flag == 0) {
                                 printf("%d is prime number", n);
                        } else {
                                 printf("%d is Not prime number", n);
                         }
                }
        } else {
                printf("Not decidable");
        }
        return n;
}
int main() {
        int res, res1;
        res = prime();
        printf("\nResult is: %d", res);
        return 0;
```

```
}
```

Output:-

```
Please enter any number: 5
5 is prime number
Result is: 5
```

8. Write a C program to find given number is Armstrong or not using type-4 function.

#include<stdio.h>

```
int armstrong(int n) {
        int i, temp, rem = 1, res = 0;
        for (i=1; i<=n; i++) {
                temp = i;
                while (temp > 0) {
                        rem = temp % 10;
                        res = res + (rem * rem * rem);
                        temp = temp / 10;
                }
                if (res == i) {
                        printf("%d is Aremstrong\n", i);
                }
                res = 0;
        }
        return res;
}
```

```
int main() {
    int ans, n;

printf("Please enter any number:");
    scanf("%d", &n);

ans = armstrong(n);

return 0;
}

Output:-

Please enter any number:600
1 is Aremstrong
153 is Aremstrong
370 is Aremstrong
371 is Aremstrong
407 is Aremstrong
```

9. Write a C program to find Sum of all Array Elements by passing array as an argument using User Define Functions.

```
#include<stdio.h>
int Average(int n, int arr[], int i) {
    float average, sum = 0;

    for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
    sum = sum + arr[i];
    average = sum/n;
    }

    printf("Sum of Average Number is: %.2f", average);</pre>
```

```
return average;
}
int main () {
            int arr[100], n, i, ans;
            printf("Please enter size of an Array: ");
            scanf("%d", &n);
            for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
                        printf("Please enter element of array %d: ",i);
                        scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
           }
            ans = Average(n, arr, i);
            return 0;
}
Output:-
 Please enter size of an
Please enter element of
Please enter element of
                                                 Array: 5
Please enter element of array 1
Please enter element of array 2
Please enter element of array 3
Please enter element of array 4
Sum of Average Number is: 39.20
```

10. Write a C program to find Length of the String by passing String/ Character Array as an Argument using User Define Functions.

#include<stdio.h>

```
int FindStringLength(char str[]) {
  int length = 0;
  while (str[length] != '\0') {
     length++;
  }
  return length;
int main() {
  char str[100], length = 0;
  printf("Enter a string: ");
  gets(str);
  length = FindStringLength(str);
  printf("Length is:- %d\n", length);
  return 0;
Output:-
Enter a string: dds
Length is:- 3
```

11. Write a C program to find factorial of number using recursion.

#include<stdio.h>

```
int findfact(int n) {
        if (n > 1) {
                return n * findfact(n - 1);
        } else {
                return 1;
        }
int main() {
        int n, ans;
        printf("Please enter of value: ");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        ans = findfact(n);
        printf("Find the fact is: %d", ans);
        return 0;
Output:-
Please enter of value: 5
Find the fact is: 120
12-15. Write any four C program that use array and UDF.
12.
#include<stdio.h>
```

```
void insert(int n, int i1, int newElement, int arr[]) {
        int i;
        n++;
        for (i=n-1; i>=i1; i--) {
                 arr[i] = arr[i-1];
        }
        arr[i1 - 1] = newElement;
        for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
                 printf("%d ", arr[i]);
        }
}
int main () {
        int n, i, i1, newElement, arr[100];
        printf("Please enter size of an array: ");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
                 printf("Please enter value of array: ");
                 scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
        }
```

```
printf("Which element so yo need to change?");
           scanf("%d", &i1);
           printf("Enter The New Element?");
           scanf("%d", &newElement);
           insert(n, i1, newElement, arr);
           return 0;
}
Output:-
 Please enter size of an array: !
Please enter value of array: 20
 Please enter value of array: 20
Please enter value of array: 60
Please enter value of array: 50
Please enter value of array: 40
Please enter value of array: 50
Which element so yo need to change?3
Enter The New Element?90
20 60 90 50 40 50
13.
#include<stdio.h>
void nagetive(int arr[], int n, int i) {
           printf("Ans element of array: ");
           for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
                      if (arr[i] < 0) {
                                 printf("%d ", arr[i]);
                      }
          }
```

```
}
int main () {
            int arr[100], n, i, ans;
            printf("Please enter size of an Array: ");
            scanf("%d", &n);
            for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
                         printf("Please enter element of array %d: ",i);
                         scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
            }
            nagetive(arr, n, i);
            return 0;
}
Output:-
Please enter size of an Array: 5
Please enter element of array 0:
Please enter element of array 1:
Please enter element of array 2:
Please enter element of array 3:
Please enter element of array 4:
Ans element of array: -42 -426
14.
#include<stdio.h>
int secondmax(int n, int arr[], int i) {
            int m1 = 0, m2 = 0;
```

```
for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
                if (arr[i] > m1) {
                         m2 = m1;
                         m1 = arr[i];
                } else if (arr[i] > m2 && arr[i] != m1) {
                         m2 = arr[i];
                }
        }
        printf("2nd Maximum is: %d", m2);
        return m2;
}
int main () {
        int n, i, arr[100], ans;
        printf("Please enter size of an array: ");
        scanf("%d", &n);
        for (i=0; i<n; i++) {
                printf("Please enter value of array: ");
                scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
        }
        ans = secondmax(n, arr, i);
        return 0;
```

```
}
Output:-
Please enter size of an array:
Please enter value of array: 30
Please enter value of array: 90
Please enter value of array: 80
Please enter value of array: 60
Please enter value of array: 10
2nd Maximum is: 90
15.
#include<stdio.h>
int sumischeck(int arr[], int n) {
              int sum = 0, i;
              for (i=0; i<=n; i++) {
                            sum = sum + arr[i];
              }
              printf("Ans is: %d", sum);
              return sum;
}
int main() {
```

int arr[100], n, i, ans;

scanf("%d", &n);

printf("Please enter size of an array: ");

```
Please enter size of an array: 5
Please enter any value 0 :-10
Please enter any value 1 :-560
Please enter any value 2 :-50
Please enter any value 3 :-10
Please enter any value 4 :-20
Please enter any value 5 :-30
Ans is: 680
```