

Creation Of Array (1D,2D and Multidimennsional array)

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In [1]: #Exp no.:5
```

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In [2]: #Aim : Creation of Array (1D,2D and Multidimennsional array) using numpy
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In [3]: #Exp no.:6
#Name:Sahil A. Bankar
#Roll no:04
#Sec:B
#Subject:
#Date:21/08/2025
```

```
In [4]: import numpy as np
```

```
In [5]: arr1=np.array([10,20,30,40,50])
```

```
In [6]: arr1
```

```
Out[6]: array([10, 20, 30, 40, 50])
```

```
In [7]: arr2=np.array([[10,20,30,40,50],[60,70,80,90,100]])
```

```
In [8]: arr2
```

```
Out[8]: array([[ 10,  20,  30,  40,  50],
               [ 60,  70,  80,  90, 100]])
```

```
In [9]: arr3=np.array([[10,20,30,40,50],[60,70,80,90,100],[15,25,35,45,55]])
```

```
In [10]: arr3
```

```
Out[10]: array([[ 10,  20,  30,  40,  50],
                [ 60,  70,  80,  90, 100],
                [ 15,  25,  35,  45,  55]])
```

```
In [11]: # Array of zeros
zeros_arr = np.zeros((2, 3))
print("Zeros Array:\n", zeros_arr)
# Array of ones
ones_arr = np.ones((3, 3))
print("Ones Array:\n", ones_arr)
# Identity matrix
identity_arr = np.eye(3)
print("Identity Matrix:\n", identity_arr)
# Range of numbers In [1]: In [2]: In [3]: In [4]: In [5]: In [6]: Out[6]: In [7]: I
range_arr = np.arange(0, 10, 2)
print("Array with np.arange:\n", range_arr)
# Evenly spaced values
linspace_arr = np.linspace(0, 1, 5)
print("Array with np.linspace:\n", linspace_arr)
```

Zeros Array:

```
[[0. 0. 0.]
 [0. 0. 0.]]
```

Ones Array:

```
[[1. 1. 1.]
```

```
[1. 1. 1.]
[1. 1. 1.]]
Identity Matrix:
[[1. 0. 0.]
 [0. 1. 0.]
 [0. 0. 1.]]
Array with np.arange:
[0 2 4 6 8]
Array with np.linspace:
[0.  0.25 0.5  0.75 1.  ]
```

```
In [12]: print("Shape of arr2d:", arr2.shape)
         print("Size of arr2d:", arr2.size)
         print("Data type of arr2d:", arr2.dtype)
```

```
Shape of arr2d: (2, 5)
Size of arr2d: 10
Data type of arr2d: int32
```

```
In [13]: reshaped = arr2.reshape(2, 5)
         print("Reshaped Array:\n", reshaped)
         # Slicing
         print("First row of arr2d:", arr2[0])
         print("Element at row 1, col 2:", arr2[1, 2])
```

```
Reshaped Array:
[[ 10  20  30  40  50]
 [ 60  70  80  90 100]]
First row of arr2d: [10 20 30 40 50]
Element at row 1, col 2: 80
```

```
In [15]: a = np.array([1, 2, 3])
         b = np.array([4, 5, 6])
         print("Addition:", a + b)
         print("Multiplication:", a * b)
         print("Square root:", np.sqrt(a))
```

```
Addition: [5 7 9]
Multiplication: [ 4 10 18]
Square root: [1.          1.41421356 1.73205081]
```

Conclusion :

In [13]: In [16]: In [17]: The experiment successfully demonstrated the creation and manipulation of 1D, 2D, and multi-dimensional arrays, which are fundamental structures in data science and statistics. Mastery of these array types is essential for efficient data handling, analysis, and computational operations.

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In [ ]:
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