## **ZOMATO SQL ANALYSIS**

Data Import and Table Creation

Successfully imported 5 CSV files into SQL Server to create the foundational database tables:

Orders Customers Deliveries Restaurants Riders

- Adjusted data types during import to ensure compatibility and efficiency (e.g., INT, VARCHAR, DATE).
- > Applied necessary constraints such as PRIMARY KEY to enforce data integrity and uniqueness.











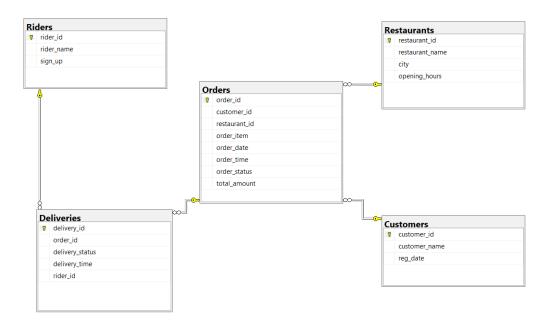
```
ALTER TABLE Deliveries
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Deliveries_Orders
FOREIGN KEY (Order_id) REFERENCES Orders(order_id);

ALTER TABLE Deliveries
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Deliveries_Orders
FOREIGN KEY (Order_id) REFERENCES Orders(order_id);

ALTER TABLE Orders
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Orders_Customer_id
FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES Customers(customer_id);

ALTER TABLE Orders
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Orders_Restaurant_id
FOREIGN KEY (restaurant_id) REFERENCES Restaurants(restaurant_id);

ALTER TABLE Deliveries
ADD CONSTRAINT FK_Deliveries_rider_id
FOREIGN KEY (rider id) REFERENCES Riders(rider id);
```



Established a relational database ready for data analysis, reporting, and optimization.

The design ensures:

- Data Integrity: Only valid data can be inserted or updated.
- > Efficient Queries: Optimized structure for faster query performance.
- Database is now robust and scalable for real-world business applications.

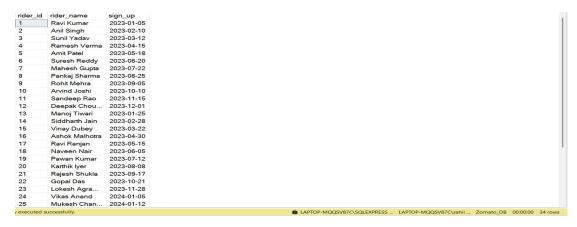
# **Exploratory Data Analysis**



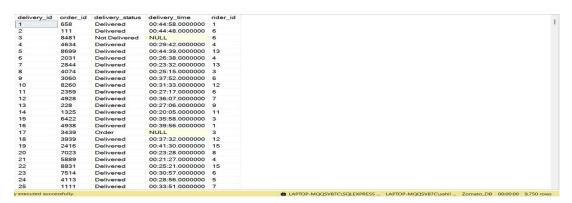
SELECT \* FROM Orders



## SELECT \* FROM Riders



#### **SELECT** \* **FROM** Deliveries



```
restaurant_id
The Bombay Canteen
Leopold Cafe
Bademiya
Ziya
Gajalee
Masala Library
Mahesh Lunch Home
Yauatcha
Dindigo
Indigo
Indigo
Indigo
Indigo
Sarawana Buavan
SodaBottleOpener...
Gulati
Sarawana Bhavan
The Big Chill Cafe
Farzi Cafe
Jerch Wine & Coffe...
Col. Indigo
                                                                                                           Opening_hours

10:00 AM - 11:00 PM

9:00 AM - 12:00 AM

12:00 PM - 3:00 AM

12:00 PM - 11:00 PM

12:00 PM - 11:00 PM

12:00 PM - 11:00 PM

12:00 PM - 12:00 AM

12:00 PM - 12:00 AM

12:00 PM - 12:00 AM

12:00 PM - 3:30 PM, 7:00 PM - 11:45 PM

12:00 PM - 3:30 PM, 7:00 PM - 10:30 PM

12:00 PM - 2:30 PM, 7:00 PM - 10:30 PM

12:00 PM - 11:00 AM

12:00 PM - 11:00 PM

12:00 AM - 11:30 PM

11:00 AM - 11:30 PM

12:00 PM - 11:45 PM

12:00 PM - 11:45 PM

12:00 PM - 11:00 PM

11:00 AM - 11:00 PM

12:00 PM - 12:00 AM

11:00 AM - 11:00 PM
  3
4
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17
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21
22
23
24
25
                                  Diggin
Cafe Delhi Heights
Olive Bar & Kitchen
                                                                                                                                                                                         â LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\SQLEXPRESS ... | LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\sahil ... | Zomato_DB | 00:00:00 | 71
SELECT * FROM Customers
WHERE
                                 customer id IS NULL OR
                                 customer name IS NULL OR
                                 reg date IS NULL
  customer_id customer_name reg_date
SELECT * FROM Orders
WHERE
                                 order id IS NULL OR
                                 order item IS NULL OR
                                order_date IS NULL OR
                                Order_time IS NULL OR
                                order_status IS NULL OR
                                 total amount IS NULL
   order_id customer_id restaurant_id order_item order_date order_time order_status total_amount
SELECT * FROM Riders
WHERE
                                 rider_id IS NULL OR
                                 rider_name IS NULL OR
                                sign up IS NULL
  rider_id rider_name sign_up
SELECT * FROM Restaurants
WHERE
                                 restaurant name IS NULL OR
                                opening_hours IS NULL OR
                                 city IS NULL
   restaurant_id restaurant_name city opening_hours
```

```
SELECT * FROM Deliveries
WHERE
      delivery_id IS NULL OR
      order_id IS NULL OR
      rider_id IS NULL OR
      delivery status IS NULL
delivery_id order_id delivery_status delivery_time rider_id
The last order's date in the Orders table
SELECT MAX(order_date) Last_Order_Date FROM Orders
Last_Order_Date
2024-01-25
here we are considering Today's date as this
SELECT CAST(GETDATE() AS date) Todays_Date
 Todays_Date
 2025-01-22
Q1 Write a query to find the top 5 most frequently ordered dishes by customer
called "Arjun Mehta" in the last 2 year
SELECT DATEADD(YEAR, -2, CAST(GETDATE() AS date)) CurrentDate
CurrentDate
 2023-01-22
SELECT customer name, Dishes, Rank of dishes FROM
      SELECT
             c.customer id,
             c.customer name,
             o.order_item as Dishes,
             COUNT(o.order_item) Nr_of_time_item_Order,
             DENSE_RANK() OVER(Order by COUNT(o.order_item) DESC) Rank_of_dishes
      FROM Orders o
      JOIN Customers c
             ON o.customer_id = c.customer_id
      WHERE
             c.customer_name = 'Arjun Mehta'
             order_date > DATEADD(YEAR, -2, CAST(GETDATE() AS date))
      GROUP BY
             c.customer id,
             c.customer_name,
             o.order_item
) t1
WHERE Rank of dishes <= 5
```

customer_name	Dishes	Rank_of_dishes
Arjun Mehta	Masala Dosa	1
Arjun Mehta	Paneer Butter Masala	1
Arjun Mehta	Pasta Alfredo	2
Arjun Mehta	Chicken Biryani	3
Arjun Mehta	Mutton Rogan Josh	4
Arjun Mehta	Mutton Biryani	5

Q2 Popular Time slot: Identify the time Slots during which the most orders are placed. based on 2 hours interval

```
Here for 00:59:59--> 0 and 1:59:59-->1, so 0 to 1 is Slot of 2 hours
WITH Popular time slot
AS
SELECT *,
       CASE
       WHEN DATEPART (HH, order time) BETWEEN 0 AND 1 THEN '00:00 - 02:00'
       WHEN DATEPART (HH, order time) BETWEEN 2 AND 3 THEN '02:00 - 04:00'
       WHEN DATEPART(HH,order_time) BETWEEN 4 AND 5 THEN '04:00 - 06:00'
WHEN DATEPART(HH,order_time) BETWEEN 6 AND 7 THEN '06:00 - 08:00'
WHEN DATEPART(HH,order_time) BETWEEN 8 AND 9 THEN '08:00 - 10:00'
       WHEN DATEPART(HH, order_time) BETWEEN 10 AND 11 THEN '10:00 - 12:00'
       WHEN DATEPART(HH, order_time) BETWEEN 12 AND 13 THEN '12:00 - 14:00'
       WHEN DATEPART (HH, order time) BETWEEN 14 AND 15 THEN '14:00 - 16:00'
       WHEN DATEPART(HH, order time) BETWEEN 16 AND 17 THEN '16:00 - 18:00'
       WHEN DATEPART(HH, order_time) BETWEEN 18 AND 19 THEN '18:00 - 20:00'
       WHEN DATEPART (HH, order time) BETWEEN 20 AND 21 THEN '20:00 - 22:00'
       WHEN DATEPART (HH, order time) BETWEEN 22 AND 23 THEN '22:00 - 00:00'
END AS Time Slot
FROM Orders
SELECT Time Slot, COUNT(*) Total Orders FROM Popular time slot
GROUP BY Time Slot
ORDER BY COUNT(order id) DESC
```

Q3 Order Value Analysis: Find the Average Order value per customer who has placed more than 750 orders
Return Customer name, and AOV(Average Order Value)

customer_id		Avg_Order_Value
7	Rahul Verma	339.06
6	Sneha Desai	333.58
5	Aman Gupta	333.32

 ${\tt Q4}\,$  High Value Customers: List the Customers who have spent more than 100K in total on food orders.

Return customer\_name, and customer\_id

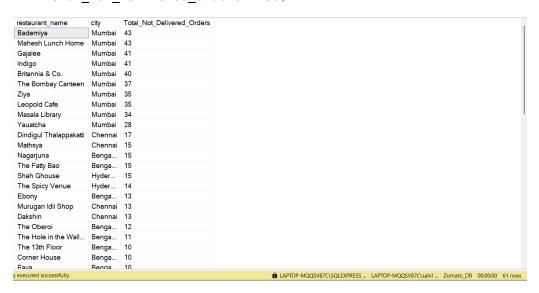
```
SELECT
```

customer_id	customer_name	Total_Spent
6	Sneha Desai	269197.00
7	Rahul Verma	262094.00
5	Aman Gupta	257322.00
9	Karan Kapoor	244287.00
8	Neha Joshi	243223.00
4	Ritu Patel	242681.00
15	Nikhil Jain	168782.00
17	Manish Kulkarni	162552.00
22	Kavita Malhotra	154737.00
20	Bhavna Agarwal	154368.00
19	Aakash Dubey	150866.00
18	Shreya Ghosh	150807.00
16	Aarti Yadav	146145.00
21	Ramesh Chan	143571.00

Q5 Orders without Delivery: Write query to find orders that were placed but not delivered.

-Return each restaurant name, city and number of not delivered orders

```
Here we have to include both cases where orders was not fulfilled and Delivery
status is "Not delivered"
SELECT
    r.restaurant name,
    r.city,
    COUNT(o.order id) AS Total Not Delivered Orders
FROM
    Orders o
LEFT JOIN Deliveries d
      ON o.order id = d.order id
LEFT JOIN Restaurants r
      ON r.restaurant_id = o.restaurant_id
WHERE
    d.delivery_status = 'Not Delivered'
    OR d.delivery status IS NULL -- Capture orders with no delivery entry
GROUP BY
    r.restaurant name, r.city
ORDER BY
    Total Not Delivered Orders DESC;
```



```
Q6 Restaurant Revenue Ranking: Rank restaurants by their total reveneu from the last year. including their name, Total Revenue, and rank within their city SELECT

r.city,
r.restaurant_name,
SUM(o.total_amount) Revenue,
DENSE_RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY city ORDER BY SUM(total_amount) DESC)
Rank_of_Restaurant
FROM Orders o
LEFT JOIN Restaurants r
ON r.restaurant_id = o.restaurant_id
WHERE YEAR(order_date) < 2024
```

GROUP BY city, r.restaurant name

```
city restaurant_n
Bengaluru The Oberoi
            restaurant name
                                    Revenue Rank of Restaurant
                                    57046.00
Bengaluru The 13th Floor
                                    45585 00
                                    45234.00
Bengaluru The Fatty Bao
Bengaluru Nagarjuna
                                    44980.00
Bengaluru Toit Brewery
                                     44161.00
Bengaluru Windmills Craftworks
                                     43864.00
Bengaluru Corner House
                                    42908.00
Bengaluru The Hole in the Wall Cafe 42091.00
Bengaluru Brahmin's Coffee Bar
                                    41957.00
Bengaluru Lazy Suzy
                                    41581.00
Bengaluru
           Meghana Foods
                                    40309.00
Bengaluru Fava
                                    40294.00
                                    36598.00
Bengaluru Ebony
Bengaluru
           Koshy's
                                    25753.00
Bengaluru MTR
                                    24529.00
                                               15
Bengaluru
            Vidyarthi Bhavan
                                    22381.00
Bengaluru Toit
                                    22156 00
Bengaluru
           The Only Place
                                    22043.00
Bengaluru
           Empire Restaurant
                                     18619.00
                                     16973.00
Bengaluru Truffles
                                              20
Chennai
            Annalakshmi
                                     46831.00
Chennai
            Mathsya
                                    45686.00
           Murugan Idli Shop
                                     43995.00
Chennai
           Dindigul Thalappakatti
                                    43964.00
                                                                           â LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\SQLEXPRESS ... | LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\sahil ... | Zomato_DB | 00:00:00 | 61 rows
```

```
Top 3 Restaurant in their City based on Their Highest Revenue Revenue
WITH Rankin_Table
AS (
SELECT
      r.city City,
      r.restaurant name Restaurant,
      SUM(o.total amount) Revenue,
      DENSE RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY city ORDER BY SUM(total amount) DESC)
Rank_of_Restaurant
FROM Orders o
LEFT JOIN Restaurants r
      ON r.restaurant_id = o.restaurant_id
WHERE
      YEAR(order_date) < 2024
GROUP BY city, r.restaurant_name)
SELECT * FROM Rankin_Table
WHERE Rank_of_Restaurant <= 3</pre>
```

City	Restaurant	Revenue	Rank_of_Restaurant
Bengaluru	The Oberoi	57046.00	1
Bengaluru	The 13th Floor	45585.00	2
Bengaluru	The Fatty Bao	45234.00	3
Chennai	Annalakshmi	46831.00	1
Chennai	Mathsya	45686.00	2
Chennai	Murugan Idli Shop	43995.00	3
Delhi	Saravana Bhavan	26265.00	1
Delhi	Lodi - The Garden Restaurant	25736.00	2
Delhi	Gulati	25565.00	3
Hyderabad	Ohri's Jiva Imperia	48289.00	1
Hyderabad	Almond House	45101.00	2
Hyderabad	Cafe Bahar	43872.00	3
Mumbai	Bademiya	156853.00	1
Mumbai	Gajalee	156265.00	2
Mumbai	Indigo	156184.00	3

```
Q7 Most popular dish by City:
Identify the Most Popular dish in each city based on the number of orders
WITH Most_Popular_dish
```

city	Dishes	Nr_of_Orders	Rank_of_Dish
Mumbai	Paneer Butter Masala	363	1
Bengaluru	Chicken Biryani	172	1
Delhi	Paneer Butter Masala	97	1
Hyderabad	Chicken Biryani	81	1
Chennai	Mutton Rogan Josh	74	1

customer_id	customer_name	reg_date
5	Aman Gupta	2023-07-12
6	Sneha Desai	2023-08-18
9	Karan Kapoor	2023-11-15
11	Rohan lyer	2024-01-02
18	Shreya Ghosh	2024-01-30
21	Ramesh Chandra	2024-02-08
22	Kavita Malhotra	2024-02-10
23	Ashish Mishra	2024-02-12
24	Megha Sinha	2024-02-15

#### Q9 Cancelled Rate Comparison:

Calculate and Compare the order Cancellation rate for each restaurant between the currrent year and previous year

```
WITH CANCELLED_RATE
AS
SELECT
    o.restaurant_id,
    COUNT(o.order_id) AS Total_Orders,
    COUNT(CASE WHEN d.delivery id IS NULL THEN 1 END) AS Nr of Cancelled Orders
FROM Orders o
LEFT JOIN Deliveries d
    ON d.order id = o.order id
WHERE YEAR(o.order date) = \overline{2023}
GROUP BY o.restaurant_id
SELECT
    restaurant id,
    Total_Orders,
    Nr_of_Cancelled_Orders,
    CAST(CAST(Nr of Cancelled Orders AS decimal(10,2))
      / CAST(Total_Orders AS decimal(10,2)) * 100 AS decimal(10,2)) AS
Cancel rate
FROM CANCELLED RATE
ORDER BY Total Orders DESC
```

restaurant_id	Total_Orders	Nr_of_Cancelled_Orders	Cancel_Percent
6	485	12	2.47
3	483	13	2.69
9	478	16	3.35
5	477	9	1.89
2	476	10	2.10
1	474	12	2.53
8	466	8	1.72
10	463	13	2.81
7	457	12	2.63
4	449	11	2.45
39	175	4	2.29
59	148	5	3.38
36	145	2	1.38
56	143	4	2.80
51	143	3	2.10
54	142	4	2.82
60	142	2	1.41
53	140	4	2.86
37	139	4	2.88
44	139	4	2.88
50	138	4	2.90
47	137	2	1.46
38	136	5	3.68
55	135	6	4.44
executed successf			

-- Now IF I want to Check Cancellation rate for year 2024

```
SELECT
    restaurant_id,
    Total_Orders,
    Nr_of_Cancelled_Orders,
    CAST(CAST(Nr_of_Cancelled_Orders AS decimal(10,2))
    / CAST(Total_Orders AS decimal(10,2)) * 100 AS decimal(10,2)) AS
Cancel_rate
FROM CANCELLED_RATE
ORDER BY Total_Orders DESC
```

restaurant_id	Total_Orders	Nr_of_Cancelled_Orders	Cancel_rate
5	3	0	0.00
6	2	0	0.00
7	2	0	0.00
8	2	0	0.00
3	2	0	0.00
54	2	0	0.00
2	1	0	0.00
4	1	0	0.00
9	1	0	0.00
10	1	0	0.00
11	1	0	0.00
16	1	0	0.00
21	1	0	0.00
22	1	0	0.00
24	1	0	0.00
32	1	0	0.00
35	1	0	0.00
49	1	0	0.00

```
-- Final Solution of Quesiton 9, Rearranging CTEs
```

```
WITH CANCELLED RATE 2023
AS
      SELECT
             o.restaurant_id,
             COUNT(o.order id) AS Total Orders,
             COUNT(CASE WHEN d.delivery_id IS NULL THEN 1 END) AS
Nr of Cancelled Orders
      FROM Orders o
      LEFT JOIN Deliveries d
             ON d.order_id = o.order_id
      WHERE YEAR(o.order date) = 20\overline{23}
      GROUP BY o.restaurant_id
),
CANCELLED_RATE_2024
AS
      SELECT
             o.restaurant_id,
             COUNT(o.order id) AS Total Orders
             COUNT(CASE WHEN d.delivery id IS NULL THEN 1 END) AS
Nr_of_Cancelled_Orders
      FROM Orders o
      LEFT JOIN Deliveries d
             ON d.order_id = o.order_id
      WHERE YEAR(o.order_date) = 20\overline{24}
```

```
GROUP BY o.restaurant_id
),
Last Year Data
AS
      SELECT
             restaurant id,
            Total Orders,
            Nr_of_Cancelled Orders,
      CAST(CAST(Nr of Cancelled Orders AS decimal(10,2))
      / CAST(Total_Orders AS decimal(10,2)) * 100 AS decimal(10,2)) AS
Cancel Percent
      FROM CANCELLED RATE 2023
Current year Data
AS
(
      SELECT
             restaurant id,
            Total Orders,
            Nr of Cancelled Orders,
            CAST(CAST(Nr_of_Cancelled_Orders AS decimal(10,2))
             / CAST(Total_Orders AS decimal(10,2)) * 100 AS decimal(10,2)) AS
Cancel_Percent
      FROM CANCELLED RATE 2024
SELECT
      cy.restaurant_id,
      ly Cancel Percent Cancellation Percent of 2023 ,
      cy Cancel_Percent Cancel_Percent_of_2024
FROM Current_year_Data cy
JOIN Last Year Data ly
ON cy.restaurant id = ly.restaurant id
ORDER BY cy restaurant id
```

restaurant_id	Cancellation_Percent_of_2023	Cancellation_Percent_of_2024
2	2.10	0.00
3	2.69	0.00
4	2.45	0.00
5	1.89	0.00
6	2.47	0.00
7	2.63	0.00
8	1.72	0.00
9	3.35	0.00
10	2.81	0.00
11	1.59	0.00
16	1.35	0.00
21	6.67	0.00
22	0.00	0.00
24	3.95	0.00
32	1.41	0.00
35	2.26	0.00
49	3.20	0.00
54	2.82	0.00

```
Q10 Rider Average Delivery Time
Determine each rider's average delivery time
WITH Riders Avg Delivery Time
AS
    SELECT
         r.rider_id,
         r.rider_name,
         o.order_time,
         d.delivery time,
       CAST (CASE
              WHEN d.delivery_time < o.order_time THEN (1440 -</pre>
              ABS(DATEDIFF(MINUTE, order_time, d.delivery_time)))
              ELSE ABS(DATEDIFF(MINUTE, order_time, d.delivery_time))
       END as decimal(10,2)) Time Taken to deliver
    FROM Orders o
    LEFT JOIN Deliveries d ON o.order id = d.order id
    LEFT JOIN Riders r ON d.rider id = r.rider id
    WHERE d.delivery status = 'Delivered'
SELECT
    rider_id,
    rider name,
    CAST(ROUND(AVG(Time Taken to deliver),2) AS decimal(10,2)) AS
Avg_Time_By_Riders_in_MINs
FROM Riders Avg Delivery Time
GROUP BY rider id, rider name
ORDER BY rider_id
                    Avg_Time_By_Riders_in_MINs
rider_id rider_name
1
      Ravi Kumar
                    51.78
2
      Anil Singh
                    51.65
3
      Sunil Yadav
                    50.18
4
      Ramesh Verma
                    50.33
5
      Amit Patel
                    33.80
6
      Suresh Reddy
                    33.81
7
                    32.43
      Mahesh Gupta
8
      Pankaj Sharma
                    32.98
      Rohit Mehra
                    34 96
9
      Arvind Joshi
10
                    35.13
11
      Sandeep Rao
                   36.11
12
      Deepak Choudhary 34.98
13
      Manoj Tiwari
                    35.06
14
      Siddharth Jain
                    34.63
      Vinay Dubey
                    34.92
Q11 Monthly Restaurant Growth Ratio:
Calculate each restaurant's growth ratio based on the total number of delivered
orders since its joining
WITH Growth_Rate_of_Delived_Orders
AS
SELECT
```

```
o.restaurant_id,
        YEAR(o.order date) Order year,
        MONTH(o.order_date) Order_Month,
        FORMAT(o.order_date, 'MMM yyyy') AS Month_year,
        CAST(COUNT(d.delivery_id) AS decimal(10,2)) AS
Current Month Orders Delivered,
        CAST(LAG(COUNT(d.delivery_id)) OVER(PARTITION BY o.restaurant id
                                                                     ORDER BY
YEAR(o.order date), MONTH(o.order date)) AS decimal(10,2))
Prev Month Orders delivered
FROM Orders o
LEFT JOIN Deliveries d
        ON o.order id = d.order id
WHERE d.delivery_status = 'Delivered'
GROUP BY
        o.restaurant_id,
        YEAR(o.order date),
        MONTH(o.order date),
        FORMAT(o.order date, 'MMM yyyy')
SELECT
restaurant_id,
Month year,
Current Month Orders Delivered,
Prev_Month_Orders_delivered,
ROUND(CAST((Current Month Orders Delivered -
Prev_Month_Orders_delivered)/Prev_Month_Orders_delivered * 100 AS
decimal(10,2)),2) as Grow_Rate_in_Orders_Delivered
FROM Growth Rate of Delived Orders
ORDER BY
        restaurant id,
        Order year,
        Order Month
restaurant_id | Month_year | Current_Month_Orders_Delivered | Prev_Month_Orders_delivered | Grow_Rate_in_Orders_Delivered
         Jan 2023
                                      NULL
         Feb 2023
                 27.00
                                      35.00
                                                         -22.86
         Mar 2023
                                      27.00
                                                         55.56
                 42.00
         Apr 2023
                                      42.00
                                                         -4.76
                40.00
         May 2023
                 43.00
                                      40.00
                                                         7.50
         Jun 2023
                                      43.00
                                                         -27.91
                 31.00
         Jul 2023
                 41 00
                                      31 00
                                                         32 26
         Aug 2023
                 30.00
                                      41.00
                                                         -26.83
         Sep 2023
                 34.00
                                      30.00
                                                         13.33
         Oct 2023
                 33.00
                                      34.00
                                                         -2.94
         Nov 2023
                 38.00
                                      33.00
                                                         15.15
         Dec 2023
                 31.00
                                      38.00
                                                         -18.42
         Jan 2023
                 35.00
                                      NULL
                                                         NULL
         Feb 2023
         Mar 2023
                 38.00
                                      39.00
                                                         -2.56
         Apr 2023
                 39.00
                                      38.00
                                                         2.63
         May 2023
                 34.00
                                      39.00
                                                         -12.82
         Jun 2023
                 37.00
                                      34.00
                                                         8.82
         Jul 2023
                 32.00
                                      37.00
                                                         -13.51
         Aug 2023
                                                         -15.63
                 27.00
                                      32.00
         Sep 2023
                 30.00
                                      27.00
                                                         11.11
                                                         30.00
         Oct 2023
                 39.00
                                      30.00
         Nov 2023
                 37.00
                                      39.00
                                                         -5.13
         Dec 2023
                 48.00
                                      37.00
                                                         29.73
executed successfully.
                                                a LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\SQLEXPRESS ... LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\sahil ... Zomato_DB | 00:00:05 | 750 rows
```

- Q12 Customer Segmentations:
- (1) Segment Customers into "Gold" or "Silver" groups based on their total spending
- (2) Compare to the Average Order Value

```
If Customer's total spending exceeds AOV Label them with gold other wise label
them as silver
Write a Query to Determine each segment's total number of orders and total
revenue
SELECT
      Customer_Category,
      SUM(Total Spend) Total Revenue,
      SUM(Nr of Orders) Total Orders
FROM
      SELECT
      c.customer name,
      COUNT(o.order_id) Nr_of_Orders,
SUM(o.total_amount) Total_Spend,
      WHEN SUM(o.total amount)> (SELECT AVG(total amount) from Orders) THEN
'Gold'
      ELSE 'Silver'
      END as Customer Category
      FROM Orders o
      JOIN Customers c
             ON c.customer_id = o.customer_id
      GROUP BY
             c.customer id,
             c.customer name
) as t2
GROUP BY Customer Category
```

Customer_Category	Total_Revenue	Total_Orders
Gold	3227916.00	9999
Silver	300.00	1

```
Q13 Rider Monthly Earning:
Calculate each ride's total monthly earnings, assuming they earn 8% of the
Delivered Order Amount
WITH Riders Monthly Earning
AS
(SELECT
      rd.rider_id ,
      rd.rider_name,
      YEAR(o.order date) Order year,
      Month(o.order_date) Order_Month,
      FORMAT(o.order_date,'MMMM yyyy') Month_year,
      CAST(SUM(total_amount) * 0.08 AS decimal(10,2)) Total_Earning_of_Rider
FROM Orders o
LEFT JOIN Deliveries d
      ON d.order_id = o.order_id
LEFT JOIN Riders rd
      ON rd.rider_id = d.rider_id
WHERE d.delivery_status = 'Delivered'
GROUP BY
```

```
rd.rider_id,
        rd.rider_name,
        YEAR(o.order_date),
        Month(o.order_date),
        FORMAT(o.order date, 'MMMM yyyy')
SELECT rider id, rider name, Month year, Total Earning of Rider FROM
Riders Monthly Earning
rider_id rider_name Month_year
                       Total_Earning_of_Rider
      Ravi Kumar January 2023
                       1006.72
      Ravi Kumar February 2023
      Ravi Kumar March 2023
                       1379.04
     Ravi Kumar April 2023
                       1710.80
     Ravi Kumar May 2023
                       1565.44
     Ravi Kumar June 2023
                       1662.48
     Ravi Kumar July 2023
     Ravi Kumar August 2023
     Ravi Kumar September 2023 1093.28
     Ravi Kumar October 2023 1703.28
     Ravi Kumar November 2023 1250.64
     Ravi Kumar December 2023 1328.80
     Anil Singh January 2023
     Anil Singh
             February 2023
     Anil Singh
            March 2023
                       1978.72
     Anil Singh
             April 2023
                       1688 08
     Anil Singh
             May 2023
                       1703.92
             June 2023
     Anil Singh
                       1459.28
     Anil Singh July 2023
            August 2023
     Anil Singh
     Anil Singh
             September 2023 1621.12
     Anil Singh October 2023
                       1524.32
     Anil Singh November 2023 1644.08
     Anil Singh December 2023 1570.40
      Sunil Yad... January 2023
                                             a LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\SQLEXPRESS ... LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\sahil ... Zomato_DB 00:00:00 189 rows
Q 14 Rider Rating Analysis:
 Find the number of 5 Star. 4 star, and 3 star rating Each riders has.
 Riders recieve this rating based on delivery time
 IF orders are delivered less than 15 Minutes of order recieved time the rider
get 5 star rating.
 IF they delivery is 15 to 20 Minute then they get a 4 star rating
 IF they deliver after 20 Minute they get 3 star rating.
WITH Main cte
AS
        SELECT
        d.rider_id as Rider_id,
        o.order_time Order_time,
        d.delivery_time,
        CASE
                 WHEN d.delivery_time < o.order_time THEN (1440 -</pre>
ABS(DATEDIFF(MINUTE, order_time, d.delivery_time)))
                 ELSE ABS(DATEDIFF(MINUTE, order_time, d.delivery_time))
        END Time taken to Deliver
        FROM Orders o
        JOIN Deliveries d
        ON o.order_id = d.order_id
        WHERE d.delivery_status = 'Delivered'
Final
AS
        SELECT Rider_id,
```

```
CASE
               WHEN Time taken to Deliver <=15 THEN '5 star'
               WHEN Time taken to Deliver > 15 AND Time taken to Deliver <= 20 THEN
'4 Star'
               ELSE '3 Star'
               STARS,
       END
       Time taken to Deliver
       FROM Main cte
SELECT
Rider id,
STARS,
COUNT(STARS) Total Stars
FROM Final
GROUP BY
       Rider_id,
       STARS
ORDER BY
       Rider id,
       COUNT(STARS) DESC
Rider_id STARS Total_Stars
     3 Star
      3 Star
            767
      3 Star
      3 Star
           683
      3 Star
           328
      3 Star
           286
           288
      3 Star
      3 Star
           607
      5 star
9
10
      4 Star
           650
      3 Star
10
10
11
11
11
12
12
12
13
13
      4 Star
           38
      3 Star
      4 Star
      5 star
           30
      5 star
      4 Star
      3 Star
           623
      4 Star
           50
14
      3 Star
           556
14
      5 star
                                               APTOP-MQQSV87C\SQLEXPRESS ... | LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\sahil ... | Zomato_DB | 00:00:00 | 29 rows
Q 15 Order Frequency by Day:
Analyze order fequency per day of the week and identify the peak day for each
restaurant
WITH Peak_day_for_Restaurant
AS
       SELECT
               o.restaurant_id,
               r.restaurant_name as Restaurant,
               DATEPART (WEEKDAY, o. order date) Week number,
               DATENAME(WEEKDAY, o.order_date) Weekday_name,
               COUNT(o.order id) Nr of Orders,
               DENSE RANK() OVER(PARTITION BY o.restaurant id
                               ORDER BY COUNT(o.order id) DESC ) as Rank of Week Day
        FROM Orders o
        LEFT JOIN Restaurants r
```

D: : 00			Rank_of_Week_Day		
Britannia & Co.	Saturday	85	1		
Bademiya	Wednesday	82	1		
The Bombay Canteen	Monday	81	1		
Indigo	Sunday	79	1		
Ziya	Sunday	79	1		
Gajalee	Thursday	78	1		
Yauatcha	Thursday	77	1		
Masala Library	Monday	74	1		
Leopold Cafe	Monday	73	1		
Mahesh Lunch Home	Friday	71	1		
Mahesh Lunch Home	Thursday	71	1		
Mahesh Lunch Home	Saturday	71	1		
The Hole in the Wall	Saturday	37	1		
The Oberoi	Friday	31	1		
Almond House	Thursday	28	1		
Almond House	Tuesday	28	1		
Dakshin	Friday	28	1		
Ebony	Wednesday	27	1		
The Spicy Venue	Wednesday	27	1		
Paradise Biryani	Friday	26	1		
Brahmin's Coffee Bar	Monday	26	1		
Nagarjuna	Monday	26	1		

```
customer_id customer_name Customer_Lifetime_Value
           Sneha Desai 269197.00
262094.00
6
7
5
           Aman Gupta 257322.00
9
           Karan Kapoor 244287.00
8
            Neha Joshi 243223.00
4
           Ritu Patel
                          242681.00
15
           Nikhil Jain
                          168782.00
           Manish Kulkarni 162552.00
17
22
            Kavita Malhotra 154737.00
           Bhavna Agarwal 154368.00
20
19
           Aakash Dubey 150866.00
18
            Shreya Ghosh 150807.00
16
            Aarti Yadav
                          146145.00
21
            Ramesh Chan... 143571.00
            Arjun Mehta 66286.00
1
12
            Anjali Saxena 64788.00
            Vikram Singh 59750.00
3
           Divya Nair
Rohan lyer
10
                          59235.00
11
                          58870.00
13
            Sameer Khan 56233.00
2
            Priya Sharma 55936.00
14
            Pooja Rao
                          55439.00
            Ashish Mishra 747.00
23
24
            Megha Sinha 300.00
```

```
y executed successfully.

| a LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\SQLEXPRESS ... | LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\Sahil ... | Zomato_DB | 00:00:00 | 24 rows
```

```
0 17 Monthly Sales Trends:
Identify Sales Trends by Comparing each month's total Sales to the previous
WITH Monthly Sales Trends
AS
      SELECT
             YEAR(order_date) Year,
            MONTH(Order date) Month Number,
            DATENAME (MONTH, Order_date) Month Name,
            SUM(total_amount) Current_Month_Sales,
             LAG(SUM(total_amount)) OVER(ORDER BY MONTH(Order_date))
             Prev_Month_Sales
      FROM Orders
      GROUP BY
             DATENAME(MONTH,Order date),
             YEAR(order date),
            MONTH(Order_date)
SELECT
      Year,
      Month Name,
      Prev Month Sales,
      Current_Month_Sales,
      CAST(ROUND((Current Month Sales- Prev Month Sales)/Prev Month Sales*
      100,2)AS decimal(10,2)) Percent_Growth_In_Sales
FROM Monthly Sales Trends
ORDER BY
      Year, Month Number
```

Year	Month_Name	Prev_Month_Sales	Current_Month_Sales	Percent_Growth_In_Sales
2023	January	NULL	275656.00	NULL
2023	February	7944.00	233439.00	2838.56
2023	March	233439.00	288309.00	23.51
2023	April	288309.00	271615.00	-5.79
2023	May	271615.00	276827.00	1.92
2023	June	276827.00	247780.00	-10.49
2023	July	247780.00	284818.00	14.95
2023	August	284818.00	255234.00	-10.39
2023	September	255234.00	259743.00	1.77
2023	October	259743.00	286519.00	10.31
2023	November	286519.00	264235.00	-7.78
2023	December	264235.00	276097.00	4.49
2024	January	275656.00	7944.00	-97.12

### Q 18 Rider Effeciency

Evaluate rider Effeciency by determining Average Delivery times and Identifying those with lowest And highest Average Delivery time

```
SELECT -- By this You will get Minimum and Maximum Average time taken to
deliver
MIN(Avg Time Taken to Deliver) Min Avg Time taken to deliver,
MAX(Avg Time Taken to Deliver) Max Avg Time taken to deliver
( -- By this Subquery you will get Average Time taken by Riders
SELECT Rider_Id, Rider_Name, CAST(ROUND(Avg_Time_taken_to_Deliver,2) AS
decimal(10,2)) AS Avg_Time_Taken_to_Deliver_FROM
SELECT
      r.rider_id as Rider_Id,
      rider_name as Rider_Name,
      AVG(CAST(CASE
            WHEN d.delivery time < o.order time THEN (1440 -
ABS(DATEDIFF(MINUTE, order time, d.delivery time)))
            ELSE ABS(DATEDIFF(MINUTE, order_time, d.delivery_time))
      END as decimal(10,2)) Avg Time taken to Deliver
FROM Orders o
LEFT JOIN Deliveries d
      ON o.order_id = d.order_id
LEFT JOIN Riders r
      ON r.rider_id = d.rider_id
WHERE
      d.delivery_status = 'Delivered'
GROUP BY r.rider_id,rider_name
-- ORDER BY Avg_Time_taken_to_Deliver DESC
) t2
```

Rider_ld	Rider_Name	Avg_Time_Taken_to_Deliver
1	Ravi Kumar	51.78
2	Anil Singh	51.65
4	Ramesh Verma	50.33
3	Sunil Yadav	50.18
11	Sandeep Rao	36.11
10	Arvind Joshi	35.13
13	Manoj Tiwari	35.06
12	Deepak Choudhary	34.98
9	Rohit Mehra	34.96
15	Vinay Dubey	34.92
14	Siddharth Jain	34.63
6	Suresh Reddy	33.81
5	Amit Patel	33.80
8	Pankaj Sharma	32.98
7	Mahesh Gupta	32.43

```
Q19 Order Item Popularity :
```

Track the Popularity of specific order items over time and identify seasonal demand spike

```
order_item
              Season
                       Nr_of_Orders
Burger
              Monsoon 127
Burger
               Winter
                        112
Burger
              Summer
                       103
               Autumn 86
Burger
Butter Chicken Monsoon 101
Butter Chicken Summer 89
Butter Chicken
             Winter
Butter Chicken Autumn
Chicken Biryani Monsoon 251
Chicken Biryani Summer 197
Chicken Biryani Winter
Chicken Biryani Autumn 116
Chicken Sha... Monsoon 130
Chicken Sha... Summer 120
Chicken Sha... Winter
Chicken Sha... Autumn 64
Chicken Tikka Monsoon 37
Chicken Tikka Summer 34
Chicken Tikka Winter
Chicken Tikka Autumn 10
Chole Bhature Monsoon 144
Chole Bhature Summer 104
Chole Bhature Winter
Chole Bhature
             Autumn
                                                                   â LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\SQLEXPRESS ... LAPTOP-MQQSV87C\sahil ... Zomato_DB | 00:00:00 | 92 rows
```

city	Total_Revenue	Rank_of_City_by_Revenue
Mumbai	1517450.00	1
Bengaluru	719062.00	2
Delhi	393896.00	3
Hyderabad	305467.00	4
Chennai	284397.00	5