## Report of the Subcommittee to review the course number: MTH102 Title of the course: (Mathematics II) 3L-1T-0P-0A (11 credits)

**Objective of the course**: The course gives the student a foundation in linear algebra and ordinary differential equations.

Specialized Infrastructure requirement: Sufficiently sized room to handle large class size.

Instructional aspects: Tutorial sessions either at the end or beginning of the week.

Course content: See break-up below

Lecture-wise break-up: (please note that the duration of each lecture is 50 minutes)

| S.<br>No. | Topic: Linear Algebra   | Suggested<br>Number of<br>Lectures |
|-----------|---|------------------------------------|
| 1         | Matrices, System of linear equations, Gauss elimination method, Elementary matrices.                                    | 1                                  |
| 2         | Elementary matrices, Invertible matrices Gauss-Jordon method for finding inverse of a matrix.                           | 1                                  |
| 3         | Determinants, Basic properties of determinants.   | 2 .                                |
| 4         | Cofactor expansion, Determinant method for finding inverse of a matrix, Cramer's Rule.                                  | 1                                  |
| 5         | Vector space, Subspace, Examples.   | 1                                  |
| 6         | Linear span, Linear independence and dependence, Examples.  | 1                                  |
| 7         | Basis, Dimension, Extension of a basis of a subspace, Intersection and sum of two subspace, Examples.                   | 2                                  |
| 8         | Linear transformation, Kernel and Range of a linear map, Rank-Nullity Theorem.  | 1                                  |
| 9         | Rank of a matrix, Row and column spaces, Solvability of system of linear equations, some applications                   | 1                                  |
| 10        | Inner product on $\mathbb{R}^n$ , Cauchy-Schwartz inequality, Orthogonal basis, Gram-Schmidt orthogonalization process. | 1                                  |
| 11        | Orthogonal projection, Orthogonal complement, Projection theorem, Fundamental subspaces.                                | 1                                  |
| 12        | Fundamental subspaces and their relations, An application (Least square solutions and least square fittings).           | 1                                  |

| 13 | Eigen-values, Eigen- Vectors, Characterization of a diagonalizable matrix.         | 1   |
|----|--|-----|
| 14 | Diagonalization: Example, An application.  | 1   |
| 15 | Diagonalization of a real symmetric matrix.  | 1   |
| 16 | Representation of a real linear maps by matrices (optional)                        | 1   |
|    | Topic: Ordinary differential equations   |     |
| 17 | Introduction to DE, Order of DE, First Order ODE $F(x, y, y') = 0$ .               | 1   |
| 18 | Concept of solution (general solution, singular solution, implicit solution etc.), | 1   |
| 10 | Geometrical interpretations (direction fields, nullclines)                         | 1   |
| 10 | Separable form, Reduction to separable form, Exact equations, Integrating          | 1   |
| 19 | factors [of the form F(x) and F(y)].   | 1   |
| 20 | Linear equations, Bernoulli equation, orthogonal trajectories.                     | 1   |
| 21 | Picard's existence and uniqueness theorem (without proof), Picard's iteration      |     |
|    | method.  | 1   |
| 22 | Numerical methods: Euler's method, improved Euler's method.                        | 1   |
| 22 | Second order linear ODE: fundamental system and general solutions of               |     |
| 23 | homogeneous equations, Wronskian, reduction of order.                              | - 1 |
| 24 | Characteristic equations: real distinct roots, complex roots, repeated roots.      | 1   |
| 25 | Non-homogeneous equations: undetermined coefficients                               | 1   |
| 26 | Non-homogeneous equations: variation of parameters                                 | 1   |
| 27 | Extension to higher order differential equations, Euler-Cauchy equation.           | 1   |
| 28 | Power series solutions: ordinary points (Legendre equation).                       | 1   |
| 20 | Power series solutions: regular singular points (Bessel equation), Frobenius       | 1   |
| 29 | method, indicial equations.  | 1   |
| 30 | Legendre polynomials and properties  | 1   |
| 31 | Bessel functions and properties  | 1   |
| 32 | Sturm comparison theorem, Sturm-Liouville boundary value problems,                 | 1   |
| 32 | orthogonal functions.  | 1   |
| 33 | Laplace transform: Laplace and inverse Laplace transforms, first shifting          | 1   |
| 33 | theorem, existence, transforms of derivative and integral                          | 1   |
| 34 | Laplace transform: Differentiation and integration of transforms, unit step        | 1   |
| 34 | function, second shifting theorem.   | 1   |
| 35 | Laplace transform: Convolution and applications, initial value problems            | 1   |
|    | TOTAL  | 37  |

## Suggested reference material:

- (1) Linear Algebra G. Strang, "Introduction to linear algebra", 4th Edition, Wellesley Cambridge Press.
- (2) Ordinary Differential Equations G.F. Simmons, "Differential equations with applications and historical notes", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition.

## Main differences suggested in this review:

- (1) The course content has been changed. The new MTH102 covers the topics of linear algebra and ordinary differential equations.
- (2) The contents are similar to that covered under similar topics in MTH102 and MTH203, earlier.