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## **Experiment-10**

## 1. Aim

To study and implement deployment of Ecommerce PWA to GitHub Pages(or other equivalent service, have used Render)

# 2. Basic Description

### **Deployment Steps (Summary):**

### **Create a GitHub Repository:**

Push all project files (index.html, manifest.json, style.css, script.js, sw.js, icons, etc.) to GitHub.

### **Enable GitHub Pages:**

- Go to your GitHub repository.
- Navigate to Settings > Pages.
- Under Source, choose the appropriate branch (e.g., main) and folder (/root).
- GitHub Pages will automatically deploy the site and give a public URL like: https://<your-username>.github.io/<repository-name>/

### **Automatic Deployment:**

Every time you push updates to GitHub, GitHub Pages automatically rebuilds and redeploys your site.

### Things to Ensure:

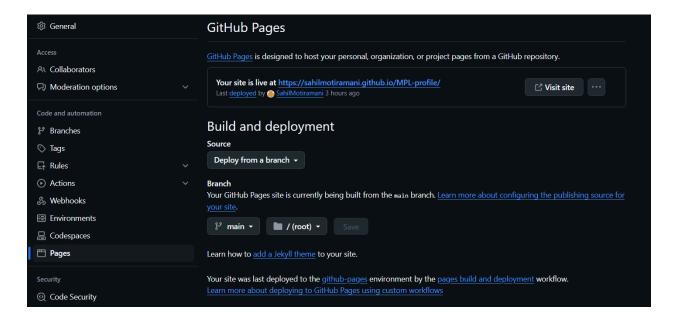
- All file paths must be relative (./style.css, ./script.js, etc.)
- manifest.json and sw.js must be placed in the root directory.
- Icons must be properly linked in manifest.json and must be accessible by the browser.

```
serviceWorker.register() should be included and functioning:
if ('serviceWorker' in navigator) {
   navigator.serviceWorker.register('./sw.js')
   .then(() => console.log('Service Worker Registered'));
}
```

#### Live Link:

https://sahilmotiramani.github.io/MPL-profile/

### 3. Output:



### 4. Conclusion

We successfully deployed our Portfolio PWA using GitHub Pages, making it accessible to everyone with offline functionality and installability. GitHub Pages provides a smooth and free solution for hosting static web apps. Through this experiment, we learned the step-by-step deployment process, importance of file paths and service workers, and how cloud platforms like GitHub Pages simplify the deployment workflow.