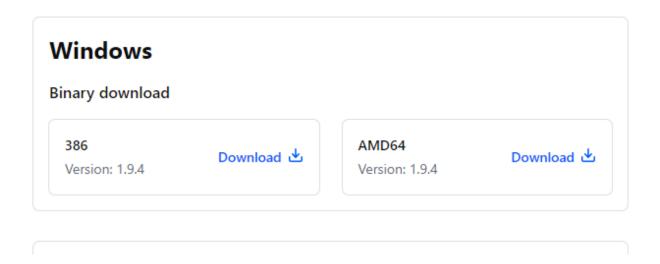
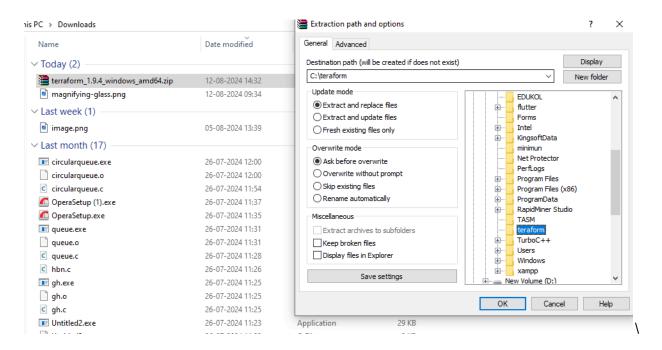
## Exp 05: To understand terraform lifecycle, core concepts/terminologies and install it on a Linux Machine.

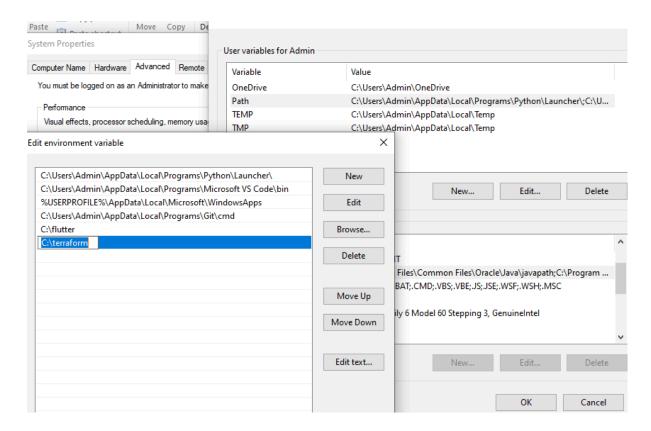
Step1: Go to hashicorp.com page and download the AMD 64 file for terraform.Install it in Windows.



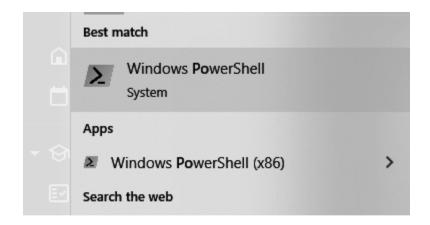
Step 2:After Downloading Extract the file and Save it inside the C drive by naming the folder terraform.



Step 3: Edit Path inside Environment Variables Add the new path of terraform I.e C:\terraform



Step 4: Open Windows PowerShell



Step 5. Type terraform in PowerShell if There are no errors then that means the Terraform is installed successfully or else there will be a error in Environment Variables.

```
Windows PowerShell
indows PowerShell
opyright (C) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.
ry the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6
S C:\Users\Admin> terraform
sage: terraform [global options] <subcommand> [args]
he available commands for execution are listed below.
he primary workflow commands are given first, followed by
ess common or more advanced commands.
ain commands:
init Prepare your working directory for other commands validate Check whether the configuration is valid plan Show changes required by the current configuration apply Create or update infrastructure destroy Destroy previously-created infrastructure
11 other commands:
 console Try Terraform expressions at an interactive command prompt
 fmt
              Reformat your configuration in the standard style
force-unlock Release a stuck lock on the current workspace
lobal options (use these before the subcommand, if any):
-chdir=DIR Switch to a different working directory before executing the
                given subcommand.
               Show this help output, or the help for a specified subcommand.
-heln
               An alias for the "version" subcommand.
-version
S C:\Users\Admin>
```