Experimentation and uplift testing

Select control stores – explore the data and define metrics for your control store selection – think about what would make them a control store. Look at the drivers and make sure you visualise these in a graph to better determine if they are suited. For this piece it may even be worth creating a function to help you.

Assessment of the trial – this one should give you some interesting insights into each of the stores, check each trial store individually in comparison with the control store to get a clear view of its overall performance. We want to know if the trial stores were successful or not.

Collate findings – summarise your findings for each store and provide an recommendation that we can share with Julia outlining the impact on sales during the trial period.

We would want to match trial stores to control stores that are similar to the trial store prior to the trial period of Feb 2019 in terms of :

- . Monthly overall sales revenue
- Monthly number of customers
- Monthly number of transactions per customer

In [1]:

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline
import seaborn as sns
```

In [2]:

```
db=pd.read_csv("QVI_data.csv");
db.head()
```

Out[2]:

	LYLTY_CARD_NBR	DATE	STORE_NBR	TXN_ID	PROD_NBR	PROD_NAME	PROD_QTY	TOT_SALES	PACK_SIZE	
0	1000	2018- 10-17	1	1	5	Natural Chip Compny SeaSalt175g	2	6.0	175	ı
1	1002	2018- 09-16	1	2	58	Red Rock Deli Chikn&Garlic Aioli 150g	1	2.7	150	
2	1003	2019- 03-07	1	3	52	Grain Waves Sour Cream&Chives 210G	1	3.6	210	C
3	1003	2019- 03-08	1	4	106	Natural ChipCo Hony Soy Chckn175g	1	3.0	175	1
4	1004	2018- 11-02	1	5	96	WW Original Stacked Chips 160g	1	1.9	160	WOOL
4										Þ

```
In [3]:
```

```
db.info()
<class 'nandas core frame DataFrame'>
```

```
mangernaes. 201001 cherres, 0 00 201000
Data columns (total 12 columns):
           Non-Null Count
# Column
                                    Dtype
    ----
                    -----
   LYLTY_CARD_NBR 264834 non-null int64
0
1 DATE
                    264834 non-null object
2 STORE NBR
                   264834 non-null int64
3 TXN ID
                   264834 non-null int64
 4 PROD NBR
                   264834 non-null int64
 5 PROD_NAME
                   264834 non-null object
 6 PROD QTY
                   264834 non-null int64
 7 TOT SALES
                   264834 non-null float64
8 PACK SIZE
                   264834 non-null int64
                   264834 non-null object
 9 BRAND
10 LIFESTAGE
                   264834 non-null object
11 PREMIUM CUSTOMER 264834 non-null object
dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(5)
memory usage: 24.2+ MB
In [4]:
db.isnull().sum()
Out[4]:
LYLTY_CARD NBR
DATE
STORE NBR
TXN ID
PROD NBR
                 0
PROD NAME
                 0
PROD QTY
                 0
TOT SALES
                 0
PACK SIZE
                  0
BRAND
LIFESTAGE
PREMIUM CUSTOMER
dtype: int64
In [5]:
db.describe()
Out[5]:
```

	LYLTY_CARD_NBR	STORE_NBR	TXN_ID	PROD_NBR	PROD_QTY	TOT_SALES	PACK_SIZE
count	2.648340e+05	264834.000000	2.648340e+05	264834.000000	264834.000000	264834.000000	264834.000000
mean	1.355488e+05	135.079423	1.351576e+05	56.583554	1.905813	7.299346	182.425512
std	8.057990e+04	76.784063	7.813292e+04	32.826444	0.343436	2.527241	64.325148
min	1.000000e+03	1.000000	1.000000e+00	1.000000	1.000000	1.500000	70.000000
25%	7.002100e+04	70.000000	6.760050e+04	28.000000	2.000000	5.400000	150.000000
50%	1.303570e+05	130.000000	1.351365e+05	56.000000	2.000000	7.400000	170.000000
75%	2.030940e+05	203.000000	2.026998e+05	85.000000	2.000000	9.200000	175.000000
max	2.373711e+06	272.000000	2.415841e+06	114.000000	5.000000	29.500000	380.000000

Add a new month ID column in the data with the format yyyymm

```
db['DATE']=pd.to_datetime(db['DATE'])
```

```
In [7]:
db["YEARMONTH"] = db["DATE"].dt.strftime("%Y%m").astype("int")
```

In [8]:

In [6]:

```
In [9]:
db.loc[db['STORE NBR'] == 77].nunique()
Out[9]:
LYLTY CARD NBR
                     356
DATE
                     286
STORE NBR
                      1
TXN ID
                     562
PROD NBR
                     113
PROD_NAME
                     113
PROD QTY
                     5
TOT SALES
                      49
                      21
PACK SIZE
                      21
BRAND
                      7
LIFESTAGE
PREMIUM CUSTOMER
                      3
YEARMONTH
                      12
dtype: int64
In [10]:
db.loc[db['STORE NBR'] == 86].nunique()
Out[10]:
LYLTY CARD NBR
                      273
DATE
                      359
STORE NBR
                        1
TXN ID
                     1526
PROD NBR
                     114
PROD_NAME
                      114
PROD_QTY
                       5
TOT SALES
                       48
PACK SIZE
                       21
                       21
BRAND
                       7
LIFESTAGE
                       3
PREMIUM CUSTOMER
YEARMONTH
                       12
dtype: int64
In [11]:
db.loc[db['STORE NBR'] == 88].nunique()
Out[11]:
LYLTY CARD NBR
                      388
                      362
DATE
STORE NBR
                        1
                     1857
TXN ID
PROD NBR
                       57
PROD_NAME
                       57
                       5
PROD_QTY
TOT SALES
                       33
                       13
PACK SIZE
                       13
BRAND
                       7
LIFESTAGE
                       3
PREMIUM CUSTOMER
YEARMONTH
                       12
dtype: int64
Compile each store's monthly:
```

db['YEARMONTH']=[s.year*100+s.month for s in db['DATE']]

Total sales

Number of customers,

Average chips per customer

Average transactions per customer

• Average price per unit

```
In [12]:
```

```
def monthly_store_metrics():
    store_yrmo_group = db.groupby(["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH"])
    total = store_yrmo_group["TOT_SALES"].sum()
    num_cust = store_yrmo_group["LYLTY_CARD_NBR"].nunique()
    trans_per_cust = store_yrmo_group.size() / num_cust
    avg_chips_per_cust = store_yrmo_group["PROD_QTY"].sum() / num_cust
    avg_chips_price = total / store_yrmo_group["PROD_QTY"].sum()
    aggregates = [total, num_cust, trans_per_cust, avg_chips_per_cust, avg_chips_price]
    metrics = pd.concat(aggregates, axis=1)
    metrics.columns = ["TOT_SALES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPerTxn", "avgPri
cePerUnit"]
    return metrics
```

In [13]:

```
db_monthly_metrics = monthly_store_metrics().reset_index()
db_monthly_metrics.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 3169 entries, 0 to 3168
Data columns (total 7 columns):
 # Column
                   Non-Null Count Dtype
--- -----
                    _____
0
   STORE NBR
                    3169 non-null
                                  int64
  YEARMONTH
1
                    3169 non-null int64
  TOT SALES
 2
                    3169 non-null float64
 3
  nCustomers
                   3169 non-null int64
 4
                   3169 non-null float64
  nTxnPerCust
  nChipsPerTxn
 5
                   3169 non-null float64
6 avgPricePerUnit 3169 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(4), int64(3)
memory usage: 173.4 KB
```

In [14]:

```
observ_counts = db_monthly_metrics["STORE_NBR"].value_counts()
full_observ_index = observ_counts[observ_counts == 12].index
full_observ = db_monthly_metrics[db_monthly_metrics["STORE_NBR"].isin(full_observ_index)]
pretrial_full_observ = full_observ[full_observ["YEARMONTH"] < 201902]
pretrial_full_observ.head(8)</pre>
```

Out[14]:

	STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	TOT_SALES	nCustomers	nTxnPerCust	nChipsPerTxn	avgPricePerUnit
0	1	201807	206.9	49	1.061224	1.265306	3.337097
1	1	201808	176.1	42	1.023810	1.285714	3.261111
2	1	201809	278.8	59	1.050847	1.271186	3.717333
3	1	201810	188.1	44	1.022727	1.318182	3.243103
4	1	201811	192.6	46	1.021739	1.239130	3.378947
5	1	201812	189.6	42	1.119048	1.357143	3.326316
6	1	201901	154.8	35	1.028571	1.200000	3.685714
12	2	201807	150.8	39	1.051282	1.179487	3.278261

In [15]:

```
def calcCorrTable(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial_full_observ):
    control_store_nbrs = inputTable[~inputTable["STORE_NBR"].isin([77, 86, 88])]["STORE_
NBR"].unique()
    corrs = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["YEARMONTH", "Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str", "Corr_Score"])
```

```
trial_store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeComparison][metricCol].rese
t_index()
    for control in control_store_nbrs:
        concat_df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ["YEARMONTH", "Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str", "Corr_
Score"])
        control_store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == control][metricCol].reset_
index()
        concat_df["Corr_Score"] = trial_store.corrwith(control_store, axis=1)
        concat_df["Trial_Str"] = storeComparison
        concat_df["Ctrl_Str"] = control
        concat_df["YEARMONTH"] = list(inputTable[inputTable["STORE_NBR"] == storeCompari
son]["YEARMONTH"])
        corrs = pd.concat([corrs, concat_df])
    return corrs
```

In [16]:

```
corr_table = pd.DataFrame()
for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
    corr_table = pd.concat([corr_table, calcCorrTable(["TOT_SALES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPerTxn", "avgPricePerUnit"], trial_num)])
corr_table.head(8)
```

Out[16]:

	YEARMONTH	Trial_Str	Ctrl_Str	Corr_Score
0	201807	77	1	0.070414
1	201808	77	1	0.027276
2	201809	77	1	0.002389
3	201810	77	1	-0.020045
4	201811	77	1	0.030024
5	201812	77	1	0.063946
6	201901	77	1	0.001470
0	201807	77	2	0.142957

In [17]:

```
def calculateMagnitudeDistance(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial full obser
   control store nbrs = inputTable[~inputTable["STORE NBR"].isin([77, 86, 88])]["STORE
NBR"].unique()
   dists = pd.DataFrame()
    trial store = inputTable[inputTable["STORE NBR"] == storeComparison][metricCol]
    for control in control store nbrs:
       concat df = abs(inputTable[inputTable["STORE NBR"] == storeComparison].reset in
dex()[metricCol] - inputTable[inputTable["STORE NBR"] == control].reset index()[metricCo
1])
        concat df["YEARMONTH"] = list(inputTable[inputTable["STORE NBR"] == storeCompari
son]["YEARMONTH"])
        concat df["Trial Str"] = storeComparison
        concat df["Ctrl Str"] = control
        dists = pd.concat([dists, concat df])
    for col in metricCol:
        dists[col] = 1 - ((dists[col] - dists[col].min()) / (dists[col].max() - dists[col]
1].min()))
    dists["magnitude"] = dists[metricCol].mean(axis=1)
    return dists
```

In [18]:

```
dist_table = pd.DataFrame()
for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
    dist_table = pd.concat([dist_table, calculateMagnitudeDistance(["TOT_SALES", "nCustomers", "nTxnPerCust", "nChipsPerTxn", "avgPricePerUnit"], trial_num)])
```

```
dist_table.head(8)
dist_table
```

Out[18]:

	TOT_SALES	nCustomers	nTxnPerCust	nChipsPerTxn	avgPricePerUnit	YEARMONTH	Trial_Str	Ctrl_Str	magnitude
0	0.935431	0.980769	0.958035	0.739412	0.883569	201807	77	1	0.899443
1	0.942972	0.951923	0.993823	0.802894	0.886328	201808	77	1	0.915588
2	0.961503	0.836538	0.992126	0.730041	0.703027	201809	77	1	0.844647
3	0.988221	0.932692	0.989514	0.940460	0.590528	201810	77	1	0.888283
4	0.962149	0.951923	0.874566	0.730358	0.832481	201811	77	1	0.870296
							•••		
2	0.207554	0.286822	0.462846	0.779879	0.923887	201809	88	272	0.532198
3	0.346797	0.387597	0.571497	0.796875	0.971133	201810	88	272	0.614780
4	0.286706	0.310078	0.623883	0.813241	0.966999	201811	88	272	0.600181
5	0.347151	0.387597	0.376456	0.699748	0.962198	201812	88	272	0.554630
6	0.402353	0.449612	0.450378	0.739714	0.971335	201901	88	272	0.602678

5397 rows × 9 columns

In [19]:

```
def combine_corr_dist(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable=pretrial_full_observ):
    corrs = calcCorrTable(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable)
    dists = calculateMagnitudeDistance(metricCol, storeComparison, inputTable)
    dists = dists.drop(metricCol, axis=1)
    combine = pd.merge(corrs, dists, on=["YEARMONTH", "Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str"])
    return combine
```

In [20]:

```
compare_metrics_table1 = pd.DataFrame()
for trial_num in [77, 86, 88]:
    compare_metrics_table1 = pd.concat([compare_metrics_table1, combine_corr_dist(["TOT_
SALES"], trial_num)])
```

In [21]:

```
corr_weight = 0.5
dist_weight = 1 - corr_weight
```

In [22]:

```
grouped_comparison_table1 = compare_metrics_table1.groupby(["Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str"]).me
an().reset_index()
grouped_comparison_table1["CompScore"] = (corr_weight * grouped_comparison_table1["Corr_
Score"]) + (dist_weight * grouped_comparison_table1["magnitude"])
for trial_num in compare_metrics_table1["Trial_Str"].unique():
    print(grouped_comparison_table1[grouped_comparison_table1["Trial_Str"] == trial_num]
.sort_values(ascending=False, by="CompScore").head(), '\n')
```

	Trial Str	Ctrl Str	Corr Score	magnitude	CompScore
218	_ 77	233	1.0	0.986477	0.993238
239	77	255	1.0	0.979479	0.989739
177	77	188	1.0	0.977663	0.988831
49	77	53	1.0	0.976678	0.988339
120	77	131	1.0	0.976267	0.988134
	Trial Str	Ctrl Str	Corr Score	magnitude	CompScore
356	86	109	1.0	0.966783	0.983391
401	86	155	1.0	0.965876	0.982938
464	86	222	1.0	0.962280	0.981140
467	86	225	1.0	0.960512	0.980256

```
471
                    229
                                1.0
                                      0.951704
            86
                                                 0.975852
    Trial Str Ctrl Str Corr Score magnitude CompScore
551
                     40
           88
                                1.0
                                     0.941165
                                                 0.970582
538
            88
                     26
                                1.0
                                      0.904377
                                                 0.952189
                                     0.903800
582
            88
                     72
                                1.0
                                                 0.951900
                                     0.903466
517
            88
                      4
                                1.0
                                                 0.951733
568
           88
                     58
                                1.0
                                      0.891678
                                                 0.945839
In [23]:
compare metrics table2 = pd.DataFrame()
for trial num in [77, 86, 88]:
    compare metrics table2 = pd.concat([compare metrics table2, combine corr dist(["nCus")")
tomers"], trial num)])
In [24]:
grouped_comparison_table2 = compare_metrics_table2.groupby(["Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str"]).me
an().reset index()
grouped_comparison_table2["CompScore"] = (corr_weight * grouped_comparison_table2["Corr_
Score"]) + (dist weight * grouped comparison table2["magnitude"])
for trial num in compare metrics table2["Trial Str"].unique():
   print(grouped comparison table2[grouped comparison table2["Trial Str"] == trial num]
.sort values(ascending=False, by="CompScore").head(), '\n')
    Trial Str Ctrl Str Corr Score magnitude CompScore
           77
218
                    233
                               1.0
                                     0.993132
                                                0.996566
            77
38
                     41
                                1.0
                                      0.976648
                                                 0.988324
           77
101
                    111
                                1.0
                                      0.968407
                                                 0.984203
            77
105
                    115
                                1.0
                                      0.967033
                                                 0.983516
15
            77
                     17
                                1.0
                                     0.965659
                                                 0.982830
    Trial Str Ctrl Str Corr Score magnitude CompScore
401
           86
                    155
                               1.0
                                    0.986772 0.993386
467
            86
                                     0.969577
                                               0.984788
                    225
                                1.0
                                     0.969577
                                               0.984788
356
           86
                    109
                                1.0
                    229
           86
471
                                1.0
                                      0.964286 0.982143
293
           86
                     39
                                     0.961640 0.980820
                                1.0
    Trial Str Ctrl Str Corr Score magnitude CompScore
736
           88
                    237
                               1.0 0.987818 0.993909
705
            88
                    203
                                1.0 0.944629 0.972315
551
            88
                     40
                                1.0 0.942414 0.971207
                                1.0 0.935770 0.967885
668
           88
                    165
701
           88
                    199
                                1.0
                                    0.932447 0.966224
In [25]:
for trial num in compare metrics table2["Trial Str"].unique():
   a = grouped comparison table1[grouped comparison table1["Trial Str"] == trial num].s
ort values (ascending=False, by="CompScore").set index(["Trial Str", "Ctrl Str"])["CompSc
ore"]
   b = grouped_comparison_table2[grouped_comparison_table2["Trial_Str"] == trial_num].s
ort_values(ascending=False, by="CompScore").set_index(["Trial_Str", "Ctrl_Str"])["CompSc
   print((pd.concat([a,b], axis=1).sum(axis=1)/2).sort values(ascending=False).head(3),
'\n')
Trial_Str Ctrl_Str
           233
                      0.994902
           41
                      0.986020
           46
                      0.984762
dtype: float64
Trial Str Ctrl Str
```

155

109

225

dtype: float64

0.988162

0.984090

0.982522

Top 3 similarity based on TOT_SALES:

• Trial store 77: Store 233, 255, 188

Trial store 86: Store 109, 155, 222

Trial store 88: Store 40, 26, 72

Top 3 similartiy based on nCustomers:

• Trial store 77: Store 233, 41, 111

• Trial store 86: Store 155, 225, 109

Trial store 88: Store 237, 203, 40

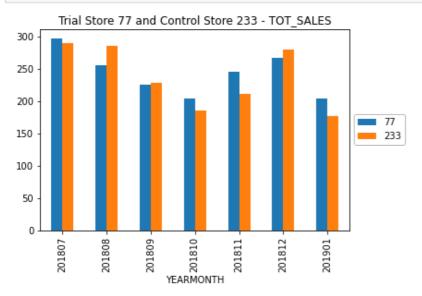
Based on highest average of both features combined:

Trial store 77: Store 233

Trial store 86: Store 155

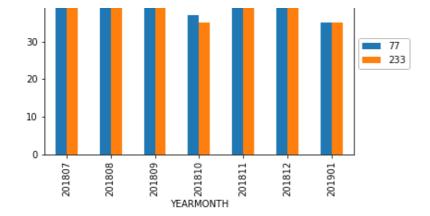
• Trial store 88: Store 40

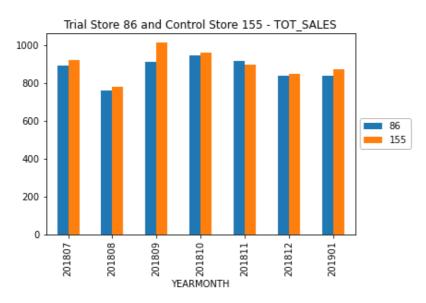
In [26]:

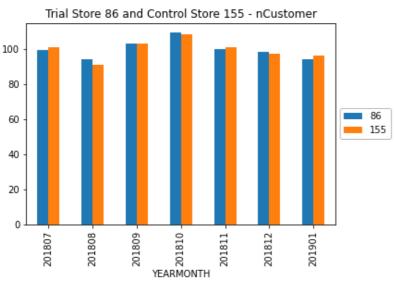


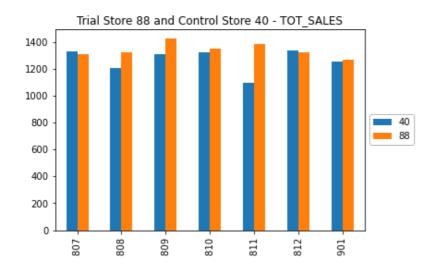
Trial Store 77 and Control Store 233 - nCustomer



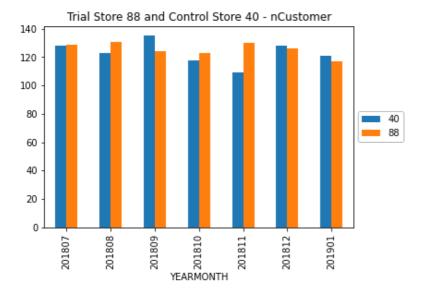












In [27]:

```
#Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
sales_ratio_77 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 77]["TOT_SALE
S"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 233]["TOT_SALES"].
sum()

#Ratio of Store 86 and its Control store.
sales_ratio_86 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 86]["TOT_SALE
S"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 155]["TOT_SALES"].
sum()

#Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
sales_ratio_88 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 88]["TOT_SALE
S"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 40]["TOT_SALES"].s
um()
```

In [28]:

```
trial full observ = full observ[(full observ["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (full observ["YEA
RMONTH" | <= 201904) |
scaled sales control stores = full observ[full observ["STORE NBR"].isin([233, 155, 40])]
[["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH", "TOT SALES"]]
def scaler(row):
    if row["STORE NBR"] == 233:
       return row["TOT SALES"] * sales ratio 77
    elif row["STORE NBR"] == 155:
       return row["TOT SALES"] * sales ratio 86
    elif row["STORE NBR"] == 40:
       return row["TOT SALES"] * sales ratio 88
scaled sales control stores["ScaledSales"] = scaled sales control stores.apply(lambda row
: scaler(row), axis=1)
trial scaled sales control stores = scaled sales control stores[(scaled sales control sto
res["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (scaled sales control stores["YEARMONTH"] <= 201904)]
pretrial scaled sales control stores = scaled sales control stores[scaled sales control s
tores["YEARMONTH"] < 201902]
```

In [29]:

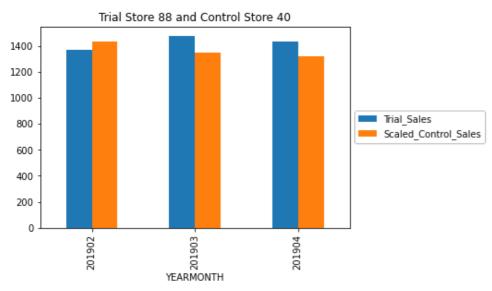
```
percentage_diff = {}

for trial, control in trial_control_dic.items():
    a = trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_sales_control_stores["STORE_NBR"]]
== control]
```

```
b = trial_full_observ[trial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMO
NTH", "TOT_SALES"]]
  percentage_diff[trial] = b["TOT_SALES"].sum() / a["ScaledSales"].sum()
  b[["YEARMONTH", "TOT_SALES"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "ScaledSales"]],on="YEARMONTH").
set_index("YEARMONTH").rename(columns={"ScaledSales":"Scaled_Control_Sales", "TOT_SALES"
:"Trial_Sales"}).plot.bar()
  plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
  plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control))
```







In [30]:

percentage_diff

```
{77: 1.2615468650086274, 86: 1.13150143573637, 88: 1.0434583458542188}
```

In [31]:

```
#Creating a compiled percentage difference table
temp1 = scaled sales control stores.sort values(by=["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH"], ascending
=[False, True]).reset index().drop(["TOT SALES", "index"], axis=1)
temp2 = full observ[full observ["STORE NBR"].isin([77,86,88])][["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH"
, "TOT_SALES"]].reset_index().drop(["index", "YEARMONTH"], axis=1)
scaledsales vs trial = pd.concat([temp1, temp2], axis=1)
scaledsales vs trial.columns = ["c STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH", "c ScaledSales", "t STORE NB
R", "t TOT SALES"]
scaledsales vs trial["Sales Percentage Diff"] = (scaledsales vs trial["t TOT SALES"] - sc
aledsales_vs_trial["c_ScaledSales"]) / (((scaledsales_vs_trial["t TOT SALES"] + scaledsal
es vs trial["c ScaledSales"])/2))
def label period(cell):
   if cell < 201902:
       return "pre"
    elif cell > 201904:
       return "post"
    else:
       return "trial"
scaledsales vs trial["trial period"] = scaledsales vs trial["YEARMONTH"].apply(lambda cel
l: label period(cell))
scaledsales vs trial[scaledsales vs trial["trial period"] == "trial"]
```

Out[31]:

	c_STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	c_ScaledSales	t_STORE_NBR	t_TOT_SALES	Sales_Percentage_Diff	trial_period
7	233	201902	249.762622	77	235.0	-0.060907	trial
8	233	201903	203.802205	77	278.5	0.309755	trial
9	233	201904	162.345704	77	263.5	0.475075	trial
19	155	201902	864.522060	86	913.2	0.054764	trial
20	155	201903	780.320405	86	1026.8	0.272787	trial
21	155	201904	819.317024	86	848.2	0.034642	trial
31	40	201902	1434.399269	88	1370.2	-0.045781	trial
32	40	201903	1352.064709	88	1477.2	0.088458	trial
33	40	201904	1321.797762	88	1439.4	0.085182	trial

In [32]:

```
from scipy.stats import ttest ind, t
# Step 1
for num in [40, 155, 233]:
   print("Store", num)
   print(ttest ind(pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control st
ores["STORE_NBR"] == num]["ScaledSales"],
                  trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control stores["
STORE NBR"] == num]["ScaledSales"],
                  equal var=False), '\n')
    #print(len(pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control stores[
"STORE NBR"] == num]["ScaledSales"]), len(trial_scaled_sales_control_stores[trial_scaled_
sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == num]["ScaledSales"]))
alpha = 0.05
print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=min([len(pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretr
ial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"] == num]),
                      len(trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control
stores["STORE NBR"] == num])])-1))
```

Store 40
Ttest_indResult(statistic=-0.5958372343168585, pvalue=0.5722861621434009)

Store 155

Null hypothesis is true. There isn't any statistically significant difference between control store's scaled Pre-Trial and Trial period sales.

```
In [34]:
for trial, cont in trial control dic.items():
    print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
    print(ttest ind(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial]["TO
T SALES"],
                  pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control st
ores["STORE NBR"] == cont]["ScaledSales"],
                   equal var=True), '\n')
    #print(len(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial]["TOT SALE
S"]), len (pretrial scaled sales control stores[pretrial scaled sales control stores["STORE
NBR"] == cont]["ScaledSales"]))
alpha = 0.05
print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=len(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STOR
E NBR"] == trial])-1))
Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
Ttest indResult(statistic=-1.2533353315065926e-15, pvalue=0.99999999999999)
Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
Ttest indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
Ttest indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
[-2.44691185 2.44691185]
```

Null hypothesis is true. There isn't any statistically significant difference between Trial store's sales and Control store's scaled-sales performance during pre-trial.

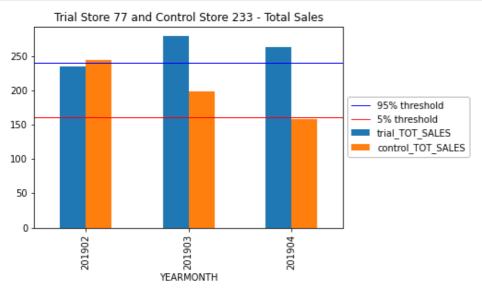
In [35]:

```
for trial, cont in trial_control_dic.items():
    print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
    temp_pre = scaledsales_vs_trial[(scaledsales_vs_trial["c_STORE_NBR"] == cont) & (sca
ledsales_vs_trial["trial_period"]=="pre")]
    std = temp_pre["Sales_Percentage_Diff"].std()
    mean = temp_pre["Sales_Percentage_Diff"].mean()
    #print(std, mean)
    for t_month in scaledsales_vs_trial[scaledsales_vs_trial["trial_period"] == "trial"]
["YEARMONTH"].unique():
        pdif = scaledsales_vs_trial[(scaledsales_vs_trial["YEARMONTH"] == t_month) & (sc
aledsales_vs_trial["t_STORE_NBR"] == trial)]["Sales_Percentage_Diff"]
        print(t_month,":", (float(pdif)-mean)/std)
    print('\n')
```

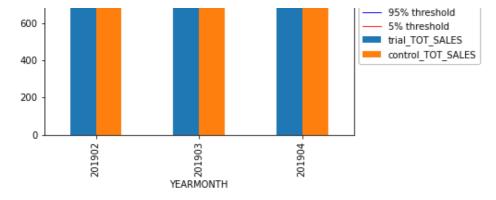
```
print(conf_intv_95)
Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
201902 : -0.7171038288055888
201903 : 3.035317928855662
201904 : 4.708944418758203
Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
201902 : 1.4133618775921797
201903 : 7.123063846042149
201904 : 0.8863824572944162
Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
201902 : -0.5481633746817604
201903 : 1.0089992743637755
201904 : 0.9710006270463645
Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
1.9431802803927816
```

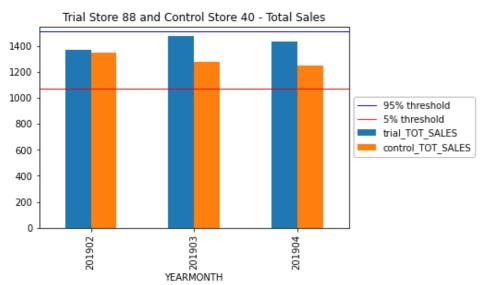
In [36]:

```
for trial, control in trial control dic.items():
   a = trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control stores["STORE NBR"]
== control].rename(columns={"TOT SALES": "control TOT SALES"})
   b = trial full observ[trial full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial][["STORE NBR", "YEARMO
NTH", "TOT SALES"]].rename(columns={"TOT SALES": "trial TOT SALES"})
    comb = b[["YEARMONTH", "trial TOT SALES"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "control TOT SALES"]
]],on="YEARMONTH").set index("YEARMONTH")
    comb.plot.bar()
    cont sc sales = trial scaled sales control stores[trial scaled sales control stores["
STORE NBR"] == control]["TOT SALES"]
    std = scaledsales vs trial[(scaledsales vs trial["c STORE NBR"] == control) & (scale
dsales vs trial["trial period"] == "pre")]["Sales Percentage Diff"].std()
    thresh95 = cont_sc_sales.mean() + (cont_sc_sales.mean() * std * 2)
    thresh5 = cont_sc_sales.mean() - (cont_sc_sales.mean() * std * 2)
    plt.axhline(y=thresh95,linewidth=1, color='b', label="95% threshold")
    plt.axhline(y=thresh5,linewidth=1, color='r', label="5% threshold")
    plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox to anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
    plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control)+" - Total Sal
es")
    plt.savefig("TS {} and CS {} - TOT SALES.png".format(trial,control), bbox inches="ti
ght")
```









In [37]:

```
#Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
ncust_ratio_77 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 77]["nCustome
rs"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 233]["nCustomers"
].sum()

#Ratio of Store 86 and its Control store.
ncust_ratio_86 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 86]["nCustome
rs"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 155]["nCustomers"
].sum()

#Ratio of Store 77 and its Control store.
ncust_ratio_88 = pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 88]["nCustome
rs"].sum() / pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == 40]["nCustomers"]
.sum()
```

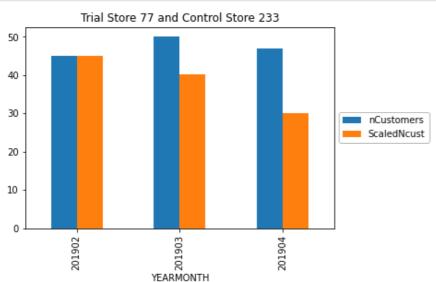
In [38]:

```
#trial full observ = full observ[(full observ["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (full observ["YEA
RMONTH"] <= 201904)]
scaled ncust control stores = full observ[full observ["STORE NBR"].isin([233, 155, 40])]
[["STORE NBR", "YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]]
def scaler c(row):
   if row["STORE NBR"] == 233:
       return row["nCustomers"] * ncust ratio 77
   elif row["STORE NBR"] == 155:
       return row["nCustomers"] * ncust_ratio_86
   elif row["STORE NBR"] == 40:
       return row["nCustomers"] * ncust ratio 88
scaled ncust control stores["ScaledNcust"] = scaled ncust control stores.apply(lambda row
: scaler c(row), axis=1)
trial scaled ncust control stores = scaled ncust control stores[(scaled ncust control sto
res["YEARMONTH"] >= 201902) & (scaled ncust control stores["YEARMONTH"] <= 201904)]
pretrial_scaled_ncust_control_stores = scaled_ncust_control_stores[scaled_ncust_control_s
tores["YEARMONTH"] < 201902]
```

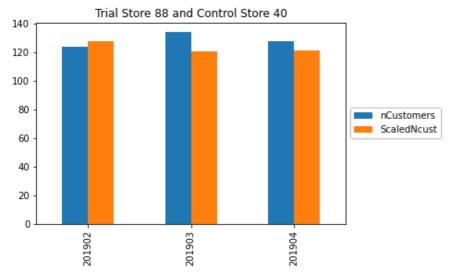
In [39]:

```
ncust_percentage_diff = {}

for trial, control in trial_control_dic.items():
    a = trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores[trial_scaled_ncust_control_stores["STORE_NBR"]]
== control]
    b = trial_full_observ[trial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMO
NTH", "nCustomers"]]
    ncust_percentage_diff[trial] = b["nCustomers"].sum() / a["ScaledNcust"].sum()
    b[["YEARMONTH", "nCustomers"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "ScaledNcust"]],on="YEARMONTH")
.set_index("YEARMONTH").rename(columns={"ScaledSales":"Scaled_Control_nCust", "TOT_SALES":"Trial_nCust"}).plot.bar()
    plt.legend(loc='center_left', bbox_to_anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
    plt.title("Trial_Store_"+str(trial)+" and Control_Store_"+str(control))
```







cust vs trial["c ScaledNcust"])/2))

1: label period(cell))

```
In [40]:
```

```
ncust_percentage_diff
Out[40]:
{77: 1.2306529009742622, 86: 1.135416666666667, 88: 1.0444876946258161}
In [41]:

#Creating a compiled ncust_percentage_difference table
temp1 = scaled_ncust_control_stores.sort_values(by=["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH"], ascending
=[False, True]).reset_index().drop(["nCustomers", "index"], axis=1)
temp2 = full_observ[full_observ["STORE_NBR"].isin([77,86,88])][["STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH"
, "nCustomers"]].reset_index().drop(["index", "YEARMONTH"], axis=1)
scaledncust_vs_trial = pd.concat([temp1, temp2], axis=1)
scaledncust_vs_trial.columns = ["c_STORE_NBR", "YEARMONTH", "c_ScaledNcust", "t_STORE_NB
R", "t_nCustomers"]
scaledncust_vs_trial["nCust_Percentage_Diff"] = (scaledncust_vs_trial["t_nCustomers"] - s
```

caledncust vs trial["c ScaledNcust"]) / (((scaledncust vs trial["t nCustomers"] + scaledn

scalednoust vs trial["trial period"] = scalednoust vs trial["YEARMONTH"].apply(lambda cel

scaledncust_vs_trial[scaledncust_vs_trial["trial period"] == "trial"]

Out[41]:

	c_STORE_NBR	YEARMONTH	c_ScaledNcust	t_STORE_NBR	t_nCustomers	nCust_Percentage_Diff	trial_period
7	233	201902	45.151007	77	45	-0.003350	trial
8	233	201903	40.134228	77	50	0.218913	trial
9	233	201904	30.100671	77	47	0.438370	trial
19	155	201902	95.000000	86	107	0.118812	trial
20	155	201903	94.000000	86	115	0.200957	trial
21	155	201904	99.000000	86	105	0.058824	trial
31	40	201902	127.610209	88	124	-0.028697	trial
32	40	201903	120.464037	88	134	0.106388	trial
33	40	201904	121.484919	88	128	0.052228	trial

Check significance of Trial minus Control stores nCustomers Percentage Difference Pre-Trial vs Trial.

- Step 1: Check null hypothesis of 0 difference between control store's Pre-Trial and Trial period performance.
- Step 2: Proof control and trial stores are similar statistically
- Step 3: After checking Null Hypothesis of first 2 step to be true, we can check Null Hypothesis of Percentage Difference between Trial and Control stores during pre-trial is the same as during trial.

In [42]:

```
stores["STORE_NBR"] == num])])-1))
Store 40
Ttest indResult(statistic=0.644732693420032, pvalue=0.5376573016017127)
Ttest indResult(statistic=1.38888888888888, pvalue=0.204345986327886)
Store 233
Ttest indResult(statistic=0.8442563765225701, pvalue=0.4559280037660254)
Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
[-4.30265273 4.30265273]
In [43]:
# Step 2
for trial, cont in trial control dic.items():
    print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
    print(ttest_ind(pretrial_full_observ[pretrial_full_observ["STORE_NBR"] == trial]["nC
ustomers"],
                   pretrial scaled ncust control stores[pretrial scaled ncust control st
ores["STORE NBR"] == cont]["ScaledNcust"],
                   equal var=True), '\n')
alpha = 0.05
print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
print(t.ppf((alpha/2, 1-alpha/2), df=len(pretrial full observ[pretrial full observ["STOR
E NBR"] == trial])-1))
Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
Ttest indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
Trial store: 86 , Control store: 155
Ttest indResult(statistic=0.0, pvalue=1.0)
Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40
Ttest_indResult(statistic=-7.648483953264653e-15, pvalue=0.99999999999999)
Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:
[-2.44691185 2.44691185]
In [44]:
# Step 3
for trial, cont in trial control dic.items():
    print("Trial store:", trial, ", Control store:", cont)
    temp pre = scalednoust vs trial[(scalednoust vs trial["c STORE NBR"] == cont) & (sca
ledncust vs trial["trial period"] == "pre")]
    std = temp pre["nCust Percentage Diff"].std()
    mean = temp pre["nCust Percentage Diff"].mean()
    #print(std, mean)
    for t month in scalednoust vs trial[scalednoust vs trial["trial period"] == "trial"]
["YEARMONTH"].unique():
        pdif = scaledncust vs trial[(scaledncust vs trial["YEARMONTH"] == t month) & (sc
aledncust vs trial["t STORE NBR"] == trial)]["nCust Percentage Diff"]
        print(t month, ":", (float(pdif)-mean)/std)
    print('\n')
print("Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval:")
conf intv 95 = t.ppf(0.95, df=len(temp pre)-1)
print(conf intv 95)
Trial store: 77 , Control store: 233
201902 : -0.19886295797440687
201903 : 8.009609025380932
201904 : 16.114474772873923
Trial store: 86, Control store: 155
201902 : 6.220524882227514
201903 : 10.52599074274189
```

```
201904 : 3.0763575852842706
```

```
Trial store: 88 , Control store: 40 201902 : -0.3592881735131531 201903 : 1.2575196020616801 201904 : 0.6092905590514273
```

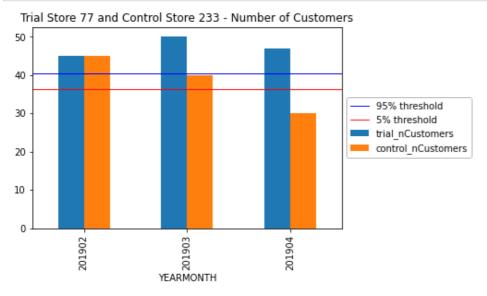
Critical t-value for 95% confidence interval: 1.9431802803927816

There are 5 months' increase in performance that are statistically significant (Above the 95% confidence interval t-score):

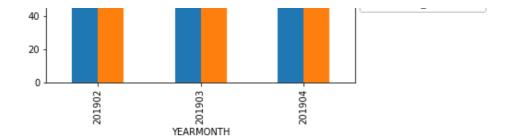
- March and April trial months for trial store 77
- Feb, March and April trial months for trial store 86

In [45]:

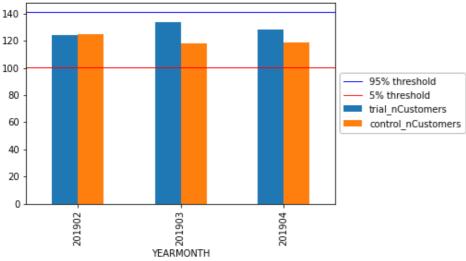
```
for trial, control in trial control dic.items():
   a = trial scaled ncust control stores[trial scaled ncust control stores["STORE NBR"]
== control].rename(columns={"nCustomers": "control nCustomers"})
   b = trial_full_observ[trial_full observ["STORE NBR"] == trial][["STORE NBR", "YEARMO
NTH", "nCustomers"]].rename(columns={"nCustomers": "trial_nCustomers"})
    comb = b[["YEARMONTH", "trial nCustomers"]].merge(a[["YEARMONTH", "control nCustomer
s"]],on="YEARMONTH").set index("YEARMONTH")
    comb.plot.bar()
    cont sc ncust = trial scaled ncust control stores[trial scaled ncust control stores["
STORE NBR"] == control]["nCustomers"]
    std = scaledncust_vs_trial[(scaledncust_vs_trial["c_STORE_NBR"] == control) & (scale
dncust_vs_trial["trial_period"] == "pre") ] ["nCust_Percentage_Diff"].std()
    thresh95 = cont sc ncust.mean() + (cont sc ncust.mean() * std * 2)
    thresh5 = cont sc ncust.mean() - (cont sc ncust.mean() * std * 2)
   plt.axhline(y=thresh95,linewidth=1, color='b', label="95% threshold")
    plt.axhline(y=thresh5,linewidth=1, color='r', label="5% threshold")
    plt.legend(loc='center left', bbox to anchor=(1.0, 0.5))
   plt.title("Trial Store "+str(trial)+" and Control Store "+str(control)+" - Number of
Customers")
   plt.savefig("TS {} and CS {} - nCustomers.png".format(trial,control), bbox inches="t
ight")
```











We can see that Trial store 77 sales for Feb, March, and April exceeds 95% threshold of control store. Same goes to store 86 sales for all 3 trial months.

- Trial store 77: Control store 233
- Trial store 86: Control store 155
- Trial store 88: Control store 40
- Both trial store 77 and 86 showed significant increase in Total Sales and Number of Customers during trial
 period. But not for trial store 88. Perhaps the client knows if there's anything about trial 88 that differs it from
 the other two trial.
- Overall the trial showed positive significant result.

In []: