Z-Transform and Inverse Z-Transform

	Questions	Answers with ROC	
	Find Z-Transform and its ROC of the following sequences		
1	$f(k) = 3^k, k \ge 0$		
2	$f(k) = (1/6)^k, k \ge 0$	1/[1-(3/z)]; z > 3 $1/[1-(1/6z)]; z > \frac{1}{6}$	
3	$f(k) = 2, k \ge 0$	2/[1-(1/z)]; $ z > 1$	
4	$f(k) = (1/3)^k, k < 0$	$ 3z/[1-(3z)]; z < \frac{1}{2}$	
5	$f(k) = \begin{cases} 3^{k}, & k < 0 \\ 2^{k}, & k \ge 0 \end{cases}$ $f(k) = \begin{cases} 4^{k}, & k < 0 \\ 3^{k}, & k \ge 0 \end{cases}$ $f(k) = \begin{cases} a^{k}, & k < 0 \\ b^{k}, & k \ge 0 \end{cases}$ $f(k) = k3^{k}, k > 0$	$\frac{2z}{[(3-z)(z-2)]}; \ 2 < z < 3$	
6	$f(k) = \begin{cases} 4^k, & k < 0 \\ 3^k, & k \ge 0 \end{cases}$	$\frac{3z}{[(4-z)(z-3)]}; \ 3 < z < 4$	
7	$f(k) = \begin{cases} a^k, & k < 0 \\ b^k, & k \ge 0 \end{cases}, a, b > 0, a > b$	$\frac{(a-b)z}{[(a-z)(z-b)]}$; b < z < a	
8	$f(k) = k3^k, k \ge 0$	$\frac{3z}{(z-3)^2}$; $ z > 3$	
9	$f(k) = ka^k, k \ge 0, a > 0$	$\frac{az}{(z-a)^2} ; z > a$	
10	$f(k) = 3^k /_{\mathbf{k}} , k > 1$	$-\log\left(1-\frac{3}{z}\right) \; ; \; z > 3$	
11	$f(k) = {a^k}/_k \qquad , k > 1, a > 0$	$-\log\left(1-\frac{a}{z}\right) \; \; ; \; z >a$	
12	$f(k) = (1/2)^{ k } , for all k$	$\frac{3z}{(z-3)^2}; z > 3$ $\frac{az}{(z-a)^2}; z > a$ $-\log\left(1 - \frac{3}{z}\right); z > 3$ $-\log\left(1 - \frac{a}{z}\right); z > a$ $\frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{z}{1 - (z/2)} + \frac{1}{1 - 2z}; \frac{1}{2} < z < 2$	
13	$f(k) = (1/4)^{ k } , for all k$	$\left \frac{1}{4} \cdot \frac{z}{1 - (z/4)} + \frac{1}{1 - 1/4z} \right ; \frac{1}{4} < z $	
14	$f(k) = a^k, for \ all \ k, 0 < a < 1$		
15	$f(k) = \left(\frac{3^k}{k!}\right), \ k \ge 0$	$e^{3/z}$, ROC z – plane	
16	$f(k) = \left(\frac{3^k}{k!}\right), k \ge 0$ $f(k) = \left(\frac{5^k}{k!}\right), k \ge 0$ $f(k) = e^{ka}, k \ge 0$	e ^{5/z} ,ROC z – plane	
17		$(1-\frac{e^a}{z})^{-1}$; $ z > e^a $	
18	$f(k) = \begin{cases} 2^{k}, & k \le -1 \dots \\ (1/2)^{k}, & k = 0, 2, 4, \dots \\ (1/3)^{k}, & k = 1, 3, 5, \dots \end{cases}$	$ \frac{(1 - \frac{e^{a}}{z})^{-1}; z > e^{a} }{\frac{2}{2 - z} + \frac{4z^{2}}{4z^{2} - 1} + \frac{3z}{9z^{2} - 1}; \frac{1}{2} < z }{< 2} $	
19	$f(k) = \begin{cases} 2^{k}, & k \le -1 \dots \\ (1/2)^{k}, & k = 0, 2, 4, \dots \\ (1/3)^{k}, & k = 1, 3, 5, \dots \end{cases}$ $f(k) = \begin{cases} a^{k}, & k \le -1 \dots \\ (1/b)^{k}, & k = 0, 2, 4, \dots \\ (1/c)^{k}, & k = 1, 3, 5, \dots \end{cases}$ $f(k) = \begin{cases} (1/3)^{k}, & k \le -1 \dots \\ 0, & k = 0 \\ (1/2)^{k}, & k \ge 1 \end{cases}$ $f(k) = 2^{ k }, k \ge 0$		
20	$f(k) = \begin{cases} (1/3)^k, & k \le -1 \dots \\ 0, & k = 0 \\ (1/2)^k, & k \ge 1 \end{cases}$		
21	$f(k) = 2^{ \mathbf{k} }, k \ge 0$	$\frac{3z}{[(1-2z)(2z-1)]}$	
22	$f(k) = (1/2)^k , k \ge 0$	SZ	
23	$f(k) = \cos k, k \ge 0$		
24	$f(k) = \cos 2k, k \ge 0$	$\frac{z(z-cos2)}{z^2-2zcos2+1}$	

	1	
25	$f(k) = \sin k , k \ge 0$	z sin 1
	, , , , , , <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>	$\overline{z^2 - 2zcos1 + 1}$
		$Z^2 - ZZCOST + T$
26	$f(k) = \sin 2k , k \ge 0$	z sin 2
		$\overline{z^2 - 2z\cos 2 + 1}$
		Z - ZZC03Z + 1
		(14)
	$f(k) = \cos hk$, $k \ge 0$	z(z-cosh1)
27		$\overline{z^2 - 2z cos h1 + 1}$
28	$f(k) = \cos h2k$, $k \ge 0$	z(z-cosh2)
20	$J(K) = \cos \Pi 2K, K \ge 0$	
		$\overline{z^2 - 2z cosh2 + 1}$
29	$f(k) = \sin hk , k \ge 0$	$z \sin h1$
	, –	$\overline{z^2 - 2z cos h1 + 1}$
20		z sin 2
30	$f(k) = \sin h2k , k \ge 0$	
		$\overline{z^2 - 2zcosh2 + 1}$
31	$f(k) = \sin(k+1) , k \ge 0$	$z^2 \sin 1$
	, ()(· -) , ·· = ·	$\frac{z^2 - 2z\cos 1 + 1}{z^2 - 2z\cos 1 + 1}$
		z 2zcos1 + 1
		2 2
32	$f(k) = 2^k \cos k , k \ge 0$	$z^22zcos1$
		$\overline{z^2 - 4zcos1 + 4}$
33	$f(k) = \cos(3k + 2), k \ge 0$	z(zcos2-cos1)
33	$ I(K) - US(JK + 2), K \leq U$	
		$\overline{z^2 - 2zcos3 + 1}$
34	$f(k) = \sin(3k+2) , k \ge 0$	$z(\sin 1 + z \sin 2)$
		$\overline{z^2 - 2zcos3 + 1}$
		2 220033 1
25	π	$7(7-\cos \alpha)$
35	$f(k) = \sin(ak + \frac{\pi}{2}) , k \ge 0$	z(z-cosa)
	2'	$\overline{z^2 - 2zcosa + 1}$
36	$f(k) = \cos(ak + \frac{\pi}{2}), k \ge 0$	zcosa
	27,10 = 0	$\overline{z^2 - 2zcosa + 1}$
37	kπ	$zsin\left[\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) - a\right] + z sin a$
	$f(k) = \sin(a + \frac{k\pi}{4}) , k \ge 0$	
	4	$\frac{z^2 - \sqrt{2}z + 1}{(z - 1)\log\left(\frac{z - 1}{z}\right)}$ $\frac{z^2(2z + 1)}{z}$
38	(1)	$\frac{z - \sqrt{2z + 1}}{\sqrt{7 - 1}}$
36	$f(k) = \left\{ \frac{1}{k(k+1)} \right\}, k>0$	$(z-1)\log \left(\frac{z-1}{z-1}\right)$
	$(\kappa(\kappa+1))$	(Z)
39	$f(k) = (k+1)^2, k \ge 0$	$z^2(2z+1)$
		$(z-1)^3$
40	$f(k) = (2k + k)^2 + k > 0$	<u> </u>
	$f(k) = (2k+5)^2, k \ge 0$	
41	$f(k) = 2^k (k+1)^2, k \ge 0$	
42	π	
'-	$f(k) = e^{-5k} \cos(ak + \frac{\pi}{2}), k \ge 0$	
12	<u> </u>	
43	$f(k) = k^2 4^{k}, \ k \ge 0$	
44	$f(k) = (1/2)^k * (1/4)^k$, $k \ge 0$ $f(k) * g(k) \text{ where } f(k) = \sin 2k$, $g(k) = k^2$, $k \ge 0$	
45	f(x) = g(x) = g	
43	$I(K) * g(K) \text{ where } I(K) = \sin 2K, g(K) = K^2, K \ge 1$	
	0	
46	$f(k) = c^k \text{ using } Z\{1\}, k \ge 0$	
	$\frac{1(N) - C}{C(1)} = \frac{1}{2} $	
47	$f(k) = k^3 \text{ using } Z\{1\} , k \ge 0$	
48	$f(k) = c^k$ and hence for c^{k-1} , c^{k+1}	
49	$f(k) = \sin k , k \ge 0 \& hence \sin(k+1)$	
50	$f(k) = \sin 2k \cos 2k , k \ge 0$	
	Find Inverse Z-Transform of the following	•
51	1	1 1 1 1 1
31	$\left \frac{1}{z-1} , z < 1, z > 1 \right $	$-1, k \le 0; 1, k \ge 1$
	$ z-1 ^{\gamma-1}$	
L		
52	$\frac{z}{z-1}$, $ z < 1$, $ z > 1$	$-1, k < 0; 1, k \ge 0$
	$ z-1 ^{-1/2}$	
	1	

53	$\left \frac{1}{z-3}, z < 3, \qquad z > 3\right $	-3^{k-1} , $k \le 0$; 3^{k-1} , $k \ge 1$
54	$\frac{z}{z-a}, z < a, \qquad z > a, \qquad a > 0$	$-a^k, k < 0; a^k, k \ge 0$
55	$\frac{1}{(z-1)^2}, z < 1, z > 1$ $\frac{1}{(z-5)^2}, z < 5, z > 5$	$-k+1,, k \le 0 ; (k-1), k \ge 2$
56	$\frac{1}{(z-5)^2} , z < 5, \qquad z > 5$	$ \frac{-k+1}{5^{-k+2}} ,, k \le 0 ; (k-1)5^{k-2}, $ $ k \ge 2 $
57	$\frac{1}{(z-3)^2}$, $ z < 3$, $ z > 3$	$\frac{(-k+1)(-k+2)}{2(3^{-k+3})}, k$ $\leq 0; \frac{(k-2)(k-1)}{2}(3^{k-3}), k \geq 3$
58	$\frac{1}{(z-1)^3}$, $ z < 1$, $ z > 1$	-
59	$\frac{z}{(z-2)(z-3)}$, $ z < 2, 2 < z < 3, z > 3$	
60	$\frac{1}{\left(z - \frac{1}{2}\right)(z - 1/3)}, \frac{1}{3} < z < \frac{1}{2}, z > 1/2$ $\frac{z^3}{(z - 1)(z - 2)^2}, z > 2$	
61	$\frac{z^3}{(z-1)(z-2)^2} , z > 2$	
62	$(z-1)(z-2)^2$, $ z > 3$	
63	$\frac{ z > 5}{(z-5)^2}$, $ z < 5$, $ z > 5$	
64	$\frac{z}{(z-1)(z-3)}, z < 1, 1 < z < 3$	
65	$\frac{1}{(z-2)^3}, z < 2, z > 2$ $2z^2 + 3z$	
66	$\left \frac{z^2-z+1}{z^2-z+1}\right , z >1$	$\frac{8}{\sqrt{3}}\sin\frac{\pi k}{3} + 2\cos\frac{\pi k}{3} , \ k \ge 0$
67	$\frac{2z^2 + 3z}{z^2 + z + 1/9} , z > \frac{1}{3}$	$2(-1/3)^k \cos h ak$ $-\frac{12}{\sqrt{5}}(-1)$ $/3)^k \sin h ak, k \ge 0$
68	$\frac{2z^2 + 3z}{z^2 + z + 1/16} , z > 2 + \sqrt{3}$	$ \begin{vmatrix} 2(-1/4)^k \cos h \ ak \\ -\frac{16}{\sqrt{3}}(-1) \end{vmatrix} $
69	$\frac{z^2 + z}{z^2 + z + 1} , z > 1$	$\frac{/4)^{k} \sin h \ ak, k \ge 0}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} \sin \frac{2\pi k}{3} + \cos \frac{2\pi k}{3}} , k \ge 0$