## **SOAP Note**

\*\*S:\*\* Patient reports 1 week history of discomfort on lower left side; mild swelling noted when chewing. No reported bleeding. \*\*O:\*\* Clinical exam reveals early gingival infection/gingivitis localized to tooth #19 (lower left second molar). No suppuration or significant periodontal pocket noted. \*\*A:\*\* Early localized gingival infection (gingivitis) around tooth #19. \*\*P:\*\* - Prescribe antibiotic (e.g., Amoxicillin 500 mg PO TID × 7 days) – patient educated on course and possible side effects. - Schedule prophylactic dental cleaning in 2 weeks to reduce plaque accumulation. - Advise patient to monitor pain/swelling; call office if pain intensifies or swelling spreads. - Return visit for remetal visit for visit for remetal visit for visit

## **Patient Summary**

I'm sorry you've been feeling uncomfortable in your mouth. Here's a simple recap of what we talked about at your visit. --- ### What we did - \*\*Checked your teeth and gums\*\* - I saw early signs of a gum infection around the lower left back tooth (tooth #19). - \*\*Prescribed an antibiotic\*\* - this medicine will help fight the infection. - \*\*Set up a cleaning appointment\*\* - we'll see you again in two weeks for a professional cleaning to remove plaque and keep the area healthy. --- ### What to expect - The antibiotic should start making the infection better in a few days. - Swelling and pain should lessen as the medicine works. - The cleaning in two weeks will help prevent the infection from coming back. --- ### Do's and Don'ts \*\*Do\*\* - Take the antibiotic exactly as the label says (usually every 8-12 hours). - Keep up good oral hygiene: brush twice a day and floss gently around the sore area. - Eat soft foods (soups, yogurt, mashed potatoes) while the area is tender. \*\*Don't\*\* -Skip any doses of the antibiotic. - Use a hard bristled brush or scrub the infected gum too hard. -Smoke or use tobacco products, as they can slow healing. --- ### When to call - The pain gets worse instead of better. - Swelling spreads to other parts of your face or jaw. - You notice any new bleeding, pus, or fever. - You have trouble taking the antibiotic (allergic reaction, stomach upset. etc.). --- ### Next steps 1. \*\*Start the antibiotic\*\* today as prescribed. 2. \*\*Follow the home∎care tips\*\* above for the next few days. 3. \*\*Come back for the cleaning\*\* in two weeks (we'll call you to confirm the date). 4. \*\*Contact us\*\* right away if any of the warning signs above appear. Feel free to call the office with any questions. We're here to help you get back to feeling comfortable!