





-BLR0004 Name : MR. PREM DUDHANI Received : 30/12/20, 03:21 PM

Client Address: BANGLORE DOB/Age : 37 years : 30/12/20, 08:06 PM Reported

Gender : Male Ref. Doctor : SELF

**Test Description** Value(s) Unit(s) Reference Range

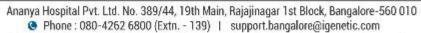
# **FULL BODY CHECK UP WITH VITAMIN HAEMATOLOGY**

## Complete Blood Count; CBC (EDTA whole blood)

<u>Erythrocytes</u>			
Hemoglobin (Hb)	14.00	gm/dL	13.5 - 18.0
Erythrocyte (RBC) Count	4.84	mil/cu.mm	4.7 - 6.0
Packed Cell Volume (PCV)	43.4	%	42 - 52
Mean Cell Volume (MCV)*	89.6	fL	78 - 100
Mean Cell Haemoglobin (MCH)	28.9	pg	27 - 31
Mean Corpuscular Hb Concn. (MCHC)	32.3	gm/dL	32 - 36
Red Cell Distribution Width (RDW)	13.6	%	11.5 - 14.0
RBC Morphology			
Remarks	Normocytic normo	chromic	
Leucocytes			
Total Leucocytes (WBC) Count	6080	cell/cu.mm	4000-10000
Neutrophils	57	%	40 - 80
Lymphocytes	31	%	20 - 40
Monocytes	5	%	2 - 10
Eosinophils	7	%	1 - 6
Basophils	0	%	1-2
Absolute Count (calculated)			
Absolute Neutrophil Count	3.47	* 10^9/L	2.0 - 7.0
Absolute Lymphocyte Count	1.88	* 10^9/L	1-3
Absolute Monocyte Count	0.30	* 10^9/L	0.2-1.0
Absolute Eosinophil Count	0.43	* 10^9/L	0.05-0.5
Absolute Basophils Count	0	* 10^9/L	1-2
<u>Platelets</u>			
Platelet Count	174	10^3/ul	150 - 450
Mean Platelet Volume (MPV)	10.94	fL	7.2 - 11.7
Platelet Morphology	Adequate on smea	ar	

Tests done on Automated Five Part Cell Counter. (WBC, RBC, Platelet count by impedance method, spectrophotometric method for Hemoglobin, WBC differential by VCS method and other parameters are calculated). All Abnormal Haemograms are reviewed and confirmed microscopically.

#### **TruTest Laboratories**









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2120122334

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## **HbA1c (Glycosylated Haemoglobin)**

: 37 years

Glyco Hb (HbA1C) 5.5 % Non-Diabetic: <=5.6 (Whole blood EDTA, HPLC) Pre Diabetic: >=6.5

Estimated Average Glucose: 111.15 mg/dL -

Reported

Interpretations

DOB/Age

- HbA1C has been endorsed by clinical groups and American Diabetes Association guidelines 2017 for diagnosing diabetes using a cut off point of 6.5%
- 2. Low glycated haemoglobin in a non diabetic individual are often associated with systemic inflammatory diseases, chronic anaemia (especially severe iron deficiency and haemolytic), chronic renal failure and liver diseases. Clinical correlation suggested.
- 3. In known diabetic patients, following values can be considered as a tool for monitoring the glycemic control.

Excellent control-6-7 %

Fair to Good control - 7-8 %

Unsatisfactory control – 8 to 10 %

Poor Control - More than 10 %

## **ESR**; Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate

Erythrocyte Sedimentation Rate 10 mm/hour Male: > 16 Years : Between 0-15 Male: <= 16 Years : Between 0-20 Female: 0-20 Male: 0-15

#### Interpretation:

- It indicates presence and intensity of an inflammatory process. It does not diagnose a specific disease. Changes in the ESR are
  more significant than the abnormal results of a single test.
- It is a prognostic test and used to monitor the course or response to treatment of diseases like tuberculosis, bacterial endocarditis, acute rheumatic fever, rheumatoid arthritis, SLE, Hodgkins disease, temporal arteritis and polymyalgia rheumatica.
- It is also increased in pregnancy, multiple myeloma, menstruation, and hypothyroidism.







Gender

: Male





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BIOCHEMISTRY			
Liver Function Test 2			
Total Protein, Serum		(1)	
Total Protein	6.80	g/dL	6.6 - 8.3
(Serum, Biuret, reagent blank end point)			
Albumin	3.90	g/dL	Adults: 3.5 - 5.2
(Serum, Bromcresol Green)			
Globulin	2.90	g/dL	1.8 - 3.6
(Serum, Calculated)			
A/G Ratio	1.34		1.2 - 2.2
(Serum, Calculated)			
Bilirubin Profile			
Bilirubin - Total	0.40	mg/dL	Adults: 0.3 - 1.2
(Serum, DPD)			
Bilirubin - Direct	0.04	mg/dL	Adults and Children: < 0.2
(Serum, Diazotization)			
Bilirubin - Indirect	0.36	mg/dL	0.1 - 1.0
(Serum, Calculated)			
SGOT	26.60	U/L	< 50
(Serum, UV with P5P, IFCC 37 degree)			
SGPT	22.80	U/L	< 50
(Serum, UV with P5P, IFCC 37 degree)			
GGT-Gamma Glutamyl Transpeptidae	18.10	U/L	< 55
(Serum, G-glutamyl-carboxy-nitoanilide)			
ALKALINE PHOSPHATASE	90.00	U/L	30-120 U/L
(PNPP, AMP Buffer - IFCC)			
Lipid Profile 2, Basic			
Cholesterol-Total	217.20	mg/dL	Desirable: <= 200
(Serum, Cholesterol oxidase esterase peroxidase)			Borderline High: 201-239 High: > 239

**TruTest Laboratories** 

Ananya Hospital Pvt. Ltd. No. 389/44, 19th Main, Rajajinagar 1st Block, Bangalore-560 010

Phone: 080-4262 6800 (Extn. - 139) | support.bangalore@igenetic.com



Ref: The National Cholesterol Education Program (NCEP) Adult Treatment Panel III Report.







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			2120122334
Test Description	Value(s)	Unit(s)	Reference Range
Triglycerides	200.80	mg/dL	Normal: < 150
(Serum, Enzymatic, endpoint)			Borderline High: 150-199
			High: 200-499
			Very High: >= 500
Cholesterol-HDL Direct	45.80	mg/dL	Normal: > 40
(Serum, Direct measure-Immunoinhibition)			Major Heart Risk: < 40
LDL Cholesterol	131.24	mg/dL	Optimal: < 100
(Serum, Calculated)			Near optimal/above optimal: 100-129
			Borderline high: 130-159
			High: 160-189
			Very High: >= 190
VLDL Cholesterol	40.16	mg/dL	6 - 38
(Serum, Calculated)			
CHOL/HDL RATIO	4.74		3.5 - 5.0
(Serum, Calculated)			
LDL/HDL RATIO	2.87		2.5 - 3.5
(Serum, Calculated)			
Note: 8-10 hours fasting sample is required.			
Kidney Function Test 2-Mini (KFT)			
Blood Urea Nitrogen-BUN	10.28	mg/dL	7 - 18

Blood Urea Nitrogen-BUN	10.28	mg/dL	7 - 18	
(Serum, Calculated)				
Creatinine	0.58	mg/dL	0.5-1.2	
(Alkaline Picrate-Kinetic)				
Uric Acid	4.50	mg/dL	3.5 - 7.2	
(Serum, Uricase, Colorimetric)				
Urea	22.00	mg/dL	13 - 43	
(Serum, Urease)				
Electrolytes, Serum				
Sodium	140	mmol/L	136 - 146	
(Serum, Indirect ISE)				
Potassium	4.40	mmol/L	3.5 - 5.1	
(Serum, Indirect ISE)				
Chloride	105	mmol/L	98 - 107	
(Serum, Indirect ISE)				









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1.657

Gender : Male Ref. Doctor : SELF

2120122334

0.34-5.6

lest Description	value(s)	Unit(s)	Reference Range	
IMMUNOLOGY				
Thyroid Profile, Total (T3,T4,TSH)				
T3 Total	101.65	ng/dL	87-178	
(Serum, CLIA)				
T4 Total	8.33	ug/dl	6.09-12.23	
(Serum, CLIA)				

uIU/mL

Interpretation

(Serum, CLIA)

**TSH Ultrasensitive** 

TSH	Т3	T4	Suggested Interpretation for the Thyroid Function Tests Pattern
Raised	Within range	Within range	Isolated High TSH especially in the range of 4.7 to 15 m1U/m1 is commonly associated with Physiological & Biological TSH Variability. Subclinical Autoimmune Hypothyroidism, Recovery phase after Non-Thyroidal illness"
Raised	Decreased	Decreased	Chronic Autoimmune Thyroiditis Post thyroidectomy,Post radioiodine Hypothyroid phase of transient thyroiditis"
Raised or within range	Raised	Raised or within range	Interfering antibodies to thyroid hormones (anti-TPO antibodies). Intermittent T4 therapy or T4 overdose • Drug interference- Amiodarone, Heparin,Beta blockers,steroids, anti-epileptics.
Decreased	Raised or within range	Raised or within range	Isolated Low TSH -especially in the range of 0.1 to 0.4 often seen in elderly
Decreased	Decreased	Decreased	Central Hypothyroidism .Non-Thyroidal illness .Recent treatment for Hyperthyroidism (TSH remains suppressed)"
Decreased	Raised	Raised	Primary Hyperthyroidism (Graves' disease). Multinodular goitre, Toxic nodule •Transient thyroiditis:Postpartum, Silent (lymphocytic), Postviral (DeQuervain's), Gestational thyrotoxicosis with hyperemesis gravidarum"
Decreased Within Rang	Raised	Within range	T3 toxicosis •Non-Thyroidal illness
Within range	Decreased	Within range	Isolated Low T3-often seen in elderly & associated Non-Thyroidal illness In elderly the drop in 13 level can be upto 25%.

#### **Testosterone, Total**

**TESTOSTERONE TOTAL** 735.47 ng/dl 240-950

Interfering Factors:

- Drugs that may cause increased testosterone levels include anticonvulsants, barbiturates, estrogens and oral contraceptives.
- Drugs that may cause decreased testosterone levels include alcohol, androgens, dexamethasone, diethylstilbestrol, digoxin, ketoconazole, phenotiazine, spironolactone and steroids.



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Test Description	Value(s)	Unit(s)	Reference Range
Increased Levels (Male)		Decreased Levels	(Male)
Idiopathic sexual precocity		Klinfelter syndrome	
Pinealoma		Cryptorchidism	
Encephalitis		Primary and second	dary hypogonadism
Congenital adrenal hyperplasia		Trisomy 21 (down s	yndrome)
Adrenocortical tumor		Orchidectomy	
Testicular or extragonadal tumor		Hepatic cirrhosis	
Testosterone resistance syndromes			
Increased Levels (Female)		Decreased Levels	(Female)
Ovarian tumor			
Adrenal tumor			
Congenital adrenocortical hyperplasia			
Trophoblastic tumor			
Polycystic ovaries			
Idiopathic hirsutism			

## Vitamin B12; Cyanocobalamin

Vitamin B12-Cyanocobalamin 176 pg/ml 120 - 914

(Serum, CLIA)

## Interpretation:

Vitamin B12 is a coenzyme that is involved in very important metabolic functions vital to normal cell growth and DNA synthesis. Deficiency of this vitamin can lead to megaloblastic anemia and ultimately to severe neurological problems. The most common cause is a defect in the secretion of intrinsic factor, resulting in inadequate vitamin B12 absorption from foods. This condition is called pernicious anemia and is most common in people over age 50. Other causes of vitamin B12 deficiency are gastrectomy, malabsorption due to surgical resections, and a variety of bacterial or inflammatory diseases affecting the small intestine. Elevated levels of vitamin B12 have been associated with pregnancy, the use of oral contraceptives and multivitamins, and in myeloproliferative diseases such as chronic granulocytic leukemia and myelomonocytic leukemia. An elevated vitamin B12 level in itself has not been known to cause clinical problems.

#### Vitamin D, 25 - Hydroxy

 Vitamin D (25 - Hydroxy)
 7.15
 ng/mL
 Deficiency: < 20</th>

 (Serum, CLIA)
 Insufficiency: 20 - <30</td>

Sufficiency: 30 - 100

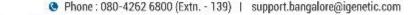
### Interpretation:

1. Vitamin D is a fat soluble vitamin and exists in two main forms cholecalciferol "(vitamin D3)" which is synthesized in skin from 7-dehydrocholesterol in response to sunlight exposure & Ergocalciferol (vitamin D2) present mainly in dietary sources. Both cholecalciferol & Ergocalciferol are converted to 25(OH) vitamin D in liver.

## **TruTest Laboratories**

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Refer to conditions of reporting overleaf. "This investigation has been performed at the referral laboratory. Test not under NABL scope







**Test Description** 



Reference Range

ID : 37452 Collection : 30/12/20, 03:08 PM Client Name : Axelia Solutions Pvt Ltd

Name : MR. PREM DUDHANI Received : 30/12/20, 03:21 PM -BLR0004

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Value(s)

2. Testing for 25(OH) vitamin D is recommended as it is the best indicator of vitamin D nutritional status as obtained from sunlight exposure & dietray "intake". "Diagnosis of vitamin D deficiency has clinical correlation with serum 25(OH) vitamin D, serum calcium, serum PTH, and serum alkaline phosphatase."

Unit(s)









ID : 37452 Collection : 30/12/20, 03:08 PM : Axelia Solutions Pvt Ltd Client Name

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2	212012	2334	

Test Description	Value(s)	Unit(s)	Reference Range
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#### **CLINICAL PATHOLOGY**

#### **Urine Examination-Routine**

20 Volume ml

Colour Pale Yellow Pale Yellow Transparency (Appearance) Clear Clear Deposit Absent Absent 5.0 4.5 - 8 Reaction (pH)

1.010 - 1.030 Specific Gravity 1.025

## Chemical Examination (Automated Dipstick Method) Urine

Urine Glucose (sugar) Absent Absent Urine Protein (Albumin) Absent Absent Urine Ketones (Acetone) Absent Absent Blood Absent Absent Bile pigments Absent Absent Nitrite Negative Negative Urobilinogen Normal Normal

## Microscopic Examination (Urine)

0 - 5 Pus Cells (WBCs) 3-5 /hpf 0 - 4 **Epithelial Cells** 1-2 /hpf Red blood Cells Absent Absent /hpf Crystals Absent Absent Cast Absent /Lpf Absent Yeast Cells Absent Absent Amorphous deposits Absent Absent **Bacteria** Absent Absent

Note

Microscopic Examination is performed on centrifuged Urine Sediment.











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Test Description	Value(s)	Unit(s)	Reference Range
BIOCHEMISTRY			
Iron Studies			
Iron	65.8	μg/dL	Males : 60-160
(Serum, TPTZ)			Females: 35-145
			Neonates: 150-220
UIBC	282.9	μg/dL	160-360
(Serum, Nitroso-PSAP)			
TIBC	348.70	μg/dL	250 - 400
(Calculated)			
Transferrin Saturation *	18.87	%	20 - 50

## Interpretation:

(calculated)

Disease	Iron	TIBC	UIBC	%Transferrin Saturation	Ferritin
Iron Deficiency	Low	High	High	Low	Low
Hemochromatosis	High	Low	Low	High	High
Chronic Illness	Low	Low	Low/Normal	Low	Normal/High
Hemolytic Anemia	High	Normal/Low	Low/Normal	High	High
Sideroblastic Anemia	Normal/High	Normal/Low	Low/Normal	High	High
Iron Poisoning	High	Normal	Low	High	Normal

\*\*END OF REPORT\*\*

**Dr. Suraj Jain** MD (Pathology)

