Contents

SCSP301-USCS303: Operating system (OS) Practical-07		
	•	er, Readers - Writers Problem, Sleeping-Barber
Practical Date: 27 – 08 – 2021		
Pra		aders - Writers Problem, Sleeping-Barber Problem.
Syı	nchronization:	
1.	Bounded Buffer Problem	
a)	Definition:	2
b)	Question - 01:	4
c)		4
d)		Error! Bookmark not defined
2.		13
a)		13
b)	Question-02:	13
c)	Implementation	
d)		Error! Bookmark not defined
3.		16
a)	Definition	16
b)	Question-03:	16
c)	Implementation:	16
d)	Output:	Error! Rookmark not defined

USCSP301-USCS303: Operating system (OS) Practical-07

Practical-07: Synchronization (Bounded Buffer, Readers - Writers

Problem, Sleeping-Barber Problem).

Practical Date: 27/08/2021

Practical Aim: Bounded Buffer Problem, Readers - Writers Problem, Sleeping-Barber

Problem.

Synchronization:

1. Bounded Buffer Problem.

a) Definition:-

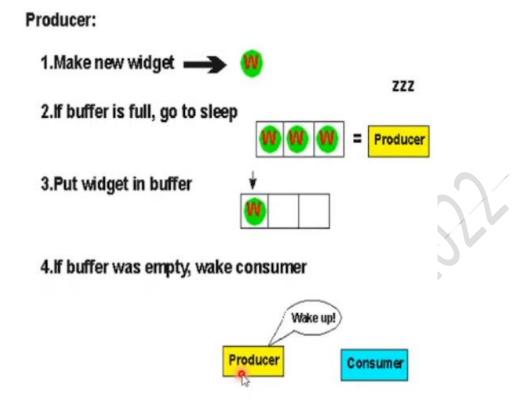
The producer-consumer problem, also known as Bounded Buffer Problem, illustrates the need for synchronization in systems where many processes share a resource. In the problem, two processes buffer share a fixed-size. One process produces information and puts it in the buffer, while the other process consumes information from the buffer. These processes do not take turns accessing the buffer, they both work concurrently. Herein lies the problem.

- •What happens if the producer tries to put an item into a full buffer?
- •What happens if the consumer tries to take an item from an empty buffer?

In order to synchronize these processes, we will block the producer when the buffer is full, and we will block the consumer when the buffer is empty.

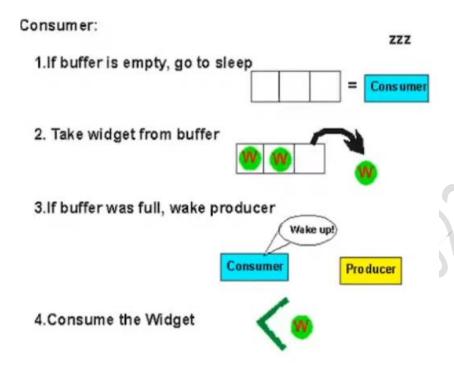
So the two processes, Producer and Consumer, should work as follows:

- i) The producer must first create a new widget.
- ii)Then, it checks to see if the buffer is full. If it is, the producer will put itself to sleep until the consumer wakes it up. A "wakeup" will come if the consumer finds the buffer empty.
- iii) Next, the producer puts the new widget in the buffer. If the producer goes to sleep in step
- (ii), it will not wake up until the buffer is empty, so the buffer will never overflow.
- iv) Then, the producer checks to see if the buffer is empty. If it is, the producer assumes that the consumer is sleeping, and so it will wake the consumer. Keep in mind that between any of these steps, an interrupt might occur, allowing the consumer to run.



So the two processes, Producer and Consumer, should work as follows:

- i) The consumer checks to see if the buffer is empty. If so, the consumer will put itself to sleep until the producer wakes It up. A "wakeup" will occur if the producer finds the buffer empty after it puts an item into the buffer.
- ii) Then, the consumer will remove a widget from the buffer. The consumer will never try to remove a widget from an empty buffer because it will not wake up until the buffer is full. If the buffer was full before it removed the widget, the consumer will wake the producer.
- iii) If the buffer was full before it removed the widget, the consumer will wake the producer.
- iv) Finally, the consumer will consume the widget. As was the case with the producer, an interrupt could occur between any of these steps, allowing the producer to run.



b) Question - 01:

Write a java program for Bounded Buffer Problem using synchronization

c) Implementation

FILENAME: P7_Q1_Buffer_SJ.java

```
//Name:sahil jadhav
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
public interface P7_Q1_Buffer_SJ
{
public void set(int value) throws InterruptedException;
public int get() throws InterruptedException;
}
```

FILENAME: P7_Q1_CircularBuffer_SJ.java

//Name:sahil jadhav

```
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
public class P7_Q1_CircularBuffer_SJ implements P7_Q1_Buffer_SJ
  private final int[] buffer = {-1,-1,-1};//shared buffer
  private int occupiedCells = 0; // count number of buffers used
  private int writeIndex = 0; // index of next element to write to
  private int readIndex = 0; // index of next element to read
public synchronized void set(int value) throws InterruptedException
  while(occupiedCells == buffer.length)
  System.out.println("Buffer is full. Producer waits.");
  wait();
  buffer[writeIndex]=value;
  writeIndex = (writeIndex + 1) \% buffer.length;
  ++occupiedCells;
  displayState("Producer write "+value);
  notifyAll();
} // set() ends
public synchronized int get() throws InterruptedException
  while(occupiedCells == 0)
     System.out.println("Buffer is empty. Consumer waits.");
     wait();
     int readValue = buffer[readIndex];
     readIndex = (readIndex + 1) \% buffer.length;
     --occupiedCells;
     displayState("Consumer reads "+readValue);
     notifyAll();
     return readValue;
```

```
} // get() ends
public void displayState(String operation)
  System.out.printf("%s%s%d)\n%s",operation,"(buffer cells occupied: ",
occupiedCells,"buffer cells: ");
  for(int value: buffer)
  System.out.printf(" %2d ", value);
  System.out.print("\n ");
  for(int i = 0; i<br/>
suffer.length;i++)
  System.out.print(" ---- ");
  System.out.print("\n ");
  for(int i=0; i < buffer.length; i++)
  if(i == writeIndex && i == readIndex)
     System.out.print(" WR");
  else if(i == writeIndex)
     System.out.print(" W");
  else if(i == readIndex)
     System.out.print(" R");
     else
      System.out.print(" ");
  System.out.println("\n");
} // displayState() ends
}// CircularBuffer class ends
```

FILENAME: P7_Q1_Consumer_SJ.java

```
//Name:sahil jadhav
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
import java.util.Random;
public class P7_Q1_Consumer_SJ implements Runnable
{
    private final static Random generator = new Random();
    private final P7_Q1_Buffer_SJ sharedLocation;
    public P7_Q1_Consumer_SJ(P7_Q1_Buffer_SJ shared)
    {
        sharedLocation=shared;
    }
```

```
public void run()
{
    int sum=0;
    for(int count = 1;count <= 10;count++)
    {
        try{
            Thread.sleep(generator.nextInt(3000));
            sum += sharedLocation.get();
        }
    catch(InterruptedException e)
    {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
}
System.out.printf("\n%s %d\n%s\n","Consumer read values totaling",sum,"Terminating Consumer");
}//run() ends
}//Consumer class ends</pre>
```

FILENAME: P7_Q1_Producer_SJ.java

```
//Name:sahil jadhav
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
import java.util.Random;
public class P7_Q1_Producer_SJ implements Runnable
  private final static Random generator=new Random();
  private final P7_Q1_Buffer_SJ sharedLocation;
  public P7_Q1_Producer_SJ(P7_Q1_Buffer_SJ shared)
       sharedLocation=shared;
public void run()
  for(int count = 1;count <= 10;count++)
       try{
              Thread.sleep(generator.nextInt(3000));
              sharedLocation.set(count);
```

FILENAME: P7_Q1_Test_SJ.java

```
//Name:sahil jadhav
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
import java.util.concurrent.*;
public class P7_Q1_Test_SJ
{
    public static void main(String args[])
    {
        ExecutorService application = Executors.newCachedThreadPool();
        P7_Q1_CircularBuffer_SJ sharedLocation = new P7_Q1_CircularBuffer_SJ();
        sharedLocation.displayState("Initial State");
        application.execute(new P7_Q1_Producer_SJ(sharedLocation));
        application.execute(new P7_Q1_Consumer_SJ(sharedLocation));
        application.shutdown();
    }
}
```

OUTPUT: q1(i)

```
Command Prompt
C:\Users\SAHIL>cd\
C:\>cd C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q1_BoundBuffer_SJ
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q1_BoundBuffer_SJ>javac P7_Q1_Test_SJ.java
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q1_BoundBuffer_SJ>java P7_Q1_Test_SJ
Initial State(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: -1 -1 -1
       WR
Producer write 1(buffer cells occupied: 1)
buffer cells: 1 -1 -1
      R W
Consumer reads 1(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: 1 -1 -1
Producer write 2(buffer cells occupied: 1)
buffer cells: 1 2 -1
Consumer reads 2(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: 1 2 -1
             WR
Buffer is empty. Consumer waits.
Producer write 3(buffer cells occupied: 1)
buffer cells: 1 2 3
Consumer reads 3(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: 1 2
```

Output:q1(ii)

```
Command Prompt
Consumer reads 3(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: 1 2 3
      WR
Producer write 4(buffer cells occupied: 1)
buffer cells: 4 2 3
      R W
Consumer reads 4(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: 4 2 3
   ----
         WR
Producer write 5(buffer cells occupied: 1)
buffer cells: 4 5 3
        R W
Producer write 6(buffer cells occupied: 2)
buffer cells: 4 5 6
      W R
Consumer reads 5(buffer cells occupied: 1)
buffer cells: 4 5 6
       W R
Producer write 7(buffer cells occupied: 2)
buffer cells: 7 5 6
        W R
Producer write 8(buffer cells occupied: 3)
buffer cells: 7 8 6
```

Output:q1(iii)

```
Command Prompt
Producer write 8(buffer cells occupied: 3)
buffer cells: 7 8 6
            WR
Consumer reads 6(buffer cells occupied: 2)
buffer cells: 7 8 6
        R W
Producer write 9(buffer cells occupied: 3)
buffer cells: 7 8 9
       WR
Consumer reads 7(buffer cells occupied: 2)
buffer cells: 7 8
       W R
Producer write 10(buffer cells occupied: 3)
buffer cells: 10 8 9
          WR
Producer done producing.Terminating Producer
Consumer reads 8(buffer cells occupied: 2)
buffer cells: 10 8 9
         W R
Consumer reads 9(buffer cells occupied: 1)
buffer cells: 10 8 9
       R W
Consumer reads 10(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: 10 8 9
Output:q1(iv)
Command Prompt
Consumer reads 10(buffer cells occupied: 0)
buffer cells: 10 8 9
         WR
Consumer read values totaling 55
Terminating Consumer
```

C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q1_BoundBuffer_SJ>

2. Readers - Writers Problem.

a) Definition

In computer science, the readers-writers problems are examples of a common computing problem in concurrency. Here many threads (small processes which share data) try to access the same shared resource at one time. Some threads may read and some may write, with the constraint that no process may access the shared resource for either reading or writing while another process is in the act of writing to it. (In particular, we want to prevent more than one thread modify the shared resource simultaneously and allowed for two or more readers to access the shared resource at the same time). A readers-writer lock is a data structure that solves one or more of the readers-writers problems.

b) Question-02:

Write a java program for Readers - Writers Problem using semaphore.

c) Implementation

FILENAME: P7_Q2_ReaderWriter_SJ.java

```
//Name:Sahil jadhav
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
import java.util.concurrent.Semaphore;
class P7_Q2_ReaderWriter_SJ
       static Semaphore readLock = new Semaphore(1, true);
       static Semaphore writeLock = new Semaphore(1, true);
       static int readCount = 0;
       static class Read implements Runnable{
              @Override
              public void run() {
                     try{
                            //Acquire Section
                            readLock.acquire();
                            readCount++;
                            if (readCount == 1) {
                                   writeLock.acquire();
                     readLock.release();
                     //Reading section
                     System.out.println("Thread" + Thread.currentThread().getName()+ "is
READING");
```

```
Thread.sleep(1500);
                     System.out.println("Thread"+Thread.currentThread().getName() + "
has FINISHED READING");
              //Releasing section
                     readLock.acquire();
                     readCount--;
                     if(readCount == 0) {
                             writeLock.release();
                     readLock.release();
                      }//try ends
                     catch (InterruptedException e){
                             System.out.println(e.getMessage());
              }//run() ends
       }//static class Read ends
static class Write implements Runnable{
       @Override
       public void run(){
       try {
              writeLock.acquire();
              System.out.println("Thread"+Thread.currentThread().getName()+"is
WRITING");
              Thread.sleep(2500);
              System.out.println("Thread"+Thread.currentThread().getName()+"has
finished WRITING");
              writeLock.release();
              }catch (InterruptedException e){
                     System.out.println(e.getMessage());
              }//run ends
       }//class Write ends
public static void main(String[] args)
throws Exception{
              Read read = new Read();
              Write write = new Write();
              Thread t1 = new Thread(read);
              t1.setName("thread1");
              Thread t2 = new Thread(read);
              t2.setName("thread2");
              Thread t3 = new Thread(write);
              t3.setName("thread3");
              Thread t4 = new Thread(read);
              t4.setName("thread4");
              t1.start();
              t3.start();
              t2.start();
              t4.start();
       }//main ends
```

}//class P7_Q2_ReadWriter_SJ ends OUTPUT



```
Command Prompt
C:\>cd C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q2_ReaderWirter_SJ
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q2_ReaderWirter_SJ>javac P7_Q2_ReaderWriter_SJ.java
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q2_ReaderWirter_SJ>java P7_Q2_ReaderWriter_SJ
Threadthread2is READING
Threadthread1is READING
Threadthread4is READING
Threadthread2 has FINISHED READING
Threadthread4 has FINISHED READING
Threadthread1 has FINISHED READING
Threadthread3is WRITING
Threadthread3has finished WRITING
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q2_ReaderWirter_SJ>javac P7_Q2_ReaderWriter_SJ.java
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q2_ReaderWirter_SJ>java P7_Q2_ReaderWriter_SJ
Threadthread4is READING
Threadthread1is READING
Threadthread2is READING
Threadthread1 has FINISHED READING
Threadthread4 has FINISHED READING
Threadthread2 has FINISHED READING
Threadthread3is WRITING
Threadthread3has finished WRITING
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q2_ReaderWirter_SJ>_
```

3. Sleeping-Barber Problem.

a) Definition

- A barber shop consists of awaiting room with n chairs and a barber room with one barber chair.
- If there are no customers to be served, the barber goes to sleep.
- If a customer enters the barbershop and all chairs are occupied, then the customer leaves the shop.
- If the barber is busy but chairs are available, then the customer sits in one of the free chairs. If the barber is asleep, the customer wakes up the barber.

b) Question-03:

Write a program to coordinate the barber and the customer using Java synchronization.

c) Implementation:

FILENAME: P7_Q3_Barber_SJ.java

//Name:sahil jadhav //Batch:B2 //PRN:2020016400783091 //Date: 27 Aug,2021 //Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION

import java.util.concurrent.*;

```
import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicInteger;
import java.util.Random;
public class P7_Q3_Barber_SJ implements Runnable
  private AtomicInteger spaces;
  private Semaphore bavailable;
  private Semaphore cavailable;
  private Random ran = new Random();
  public P7_Q3_Barber_SJ(AtomicInteger spaces, Semaphore bavailable, Semaphore
cavailable){
    this.spaces = spaces;
    this.bavailable = bavailable;
    this.cavailable = cavailable;
  @Override
  public void run(){
    while(true){
       try{
         cavailable.acquire();
         //Space freed up in waiting area
         System.out.println("Customer getting hair cut");
         Thread.sleep(ThreadLocalRandom.current().nextInt(1000,10000+1000));
         //Sleep to imitate length of time to cut hair
         System.out.println("Customer pays and leaves");
         bavailable.release();
       }catch(InterruptedException e){}
     }//while ends
  }//run ends
}//class ends
```

FIENAME: P7_Q3_BarberShop_SJ.java

```
//Name:sahil jadhav
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicInteger; import java.util.concurrent.*;
class P7_Q3_BarberShop_SJ{
public static void main(String[] args)
```

```
AtomicInteger spaces = new AtomicInteger(15);
  final Semaphore barbers = new Semaphore(3, true);
  final Semaphore customers = new Semaphore(0, true);
  ExecutorService openUp = Executors.newFixedThreadPool(3);
  P7_Q3_Barber_SJ[] employees = new P7_Q3_Barber_SJ[3];
  System.out.println("Opening up shop");
  for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++){
    employees[i] = new P7_Q3_Barber_SJ(spaces, barbers, customers);
    openUp.execute(employees[i]);
  while(true)
    try{
       Thread.sleep(ThreadLocalRandom.current().nextInt(100, 1000+100)); //Sleep until
next person gets in
    catch(InterruptedException e){}
    System.out.println("Customer walks in");
    if(spaces.get() >= 0){
       new Thread(new P7_Q3_Customer_SJ(spaces, barbers,customers)).start();
    else{
       System.out.println("Customer walks out, as no seats are available");
  }//while ends
  }//main ends
\}//P7_Q3_BarberShop_SJ class ends
```

FILENAME: P7_Q3_Customer_SJ.java

```
//Name:sahil jadhav
//Batch:B2
//PRN:2020016400783091
//Date: 27 Aug,2021
//Prac-07: SYNCHRONIZATION
import java.util.concurrent.*;
import java.util.concurrent.atomic.AtomicInteger;
import java.util.Random;
public class P7_Q3_Customer_SJ implements Runnable
  private AtomicInteger spaces;
  private Semaphore bavailable;
  private Semaphore cavailable;
  private Random ran = new Random();
  public P7_Q3_Customer_SJ(AtomicInteger spaces, Semaphore bavailable, Semaphore
cavailable){
    this.spaces = spaces;
    this.bavailable = bavailable;
    this.cavailable = cavailable;
  @Override
  public void run(){
       try{
         cavailable.release();
         if(bavailable.hasQueuedThreads()){
           spaces.decrementAndGet();
           System.out.println("Customer in waiting area");
           bavailable.acquire();
           spaces.incrementAndGet();
         else
           bavailable.acquire();
       {catch(InterruptedException e){}
  }//run ends
}//P7_Q3_Customer_SJ class
```

OUTPUT

```
Command Prompt
C:\Users\SAHIL>CD\
C:\>cd C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q3_SleepingBarbar_SJ
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q3_SleepingBarbar_SJ>javac P7_Q3_BarberShop_SJ.java
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q3_SleepingBarbar_SJ>java P7_Q3_BarberShop_SJ
Opening up shop
Customer walks in
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
```

Command Prompt

```
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
Customer walks in
Customer in waiting area
Customer walks in
Customer walks out, as no seats are available
Customer pays and leaves
Customer getting hair cut
^C
C:\USCSP301\USCS303_OS_B2\prac_07_producer_sj_27-08-21\Q3_SleepingBarbar_SJ>
```

