Practical 2(a)

Design and Develop SQL DDL statements which demonstrate the use of SQL objects such as Table, View, Index, Sequence, Synonym, different constraints etc.

```
mysql> create Database Practical2a;
```

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.12 sec)

mysql> use Practical2a;

Database changed

mysql> create table Student(SID int primary key, SName varchar(20), SAge varchar(20), SPhoneNo varchar(20), SPercentage varchar(20));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.18 sec)

mysql> show tables;

+-						+
	Tab.	les_	_in_E	Practio	cal1	
+-						+
	Stud	dent	5			
+-						+
1	row	in	set	(0.01	sec)	

mysql> desc Student;

+	-+	+	+	++
Field	Type	•		Default Extra
+	-+	+	+	++
SID	int	NO	PRI	NULL
SName	varchar(20)	YES		NULL
SAge	varchar(20)	YES		NULL
SPhoneNo	varchar(20)	YES		NULL
SPercentage	e varchar(20)	YES		NULL
+	-+	+	+	++

⁵ rows in set (0.04 sec)

mysql> insert into Student values(1, "Mayur", 19, 8668832059,60),(2, "Akshay",
18, 7894567851, 59),(3, "Sanjay", 20, 9011779086, 80);

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.20 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Student;

SID	Ī	SName	İ	SAge	ĺ			SPercentage	+
1 2 3		Mayur Akshay Sanjay		19 18 20		8668832059 7894567851 9011779086	 	60 59 80	

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select SName, SAge from Student;

+-		-+-		+
	SName		SAge	
1		- 1 -		1
	Mayur		19	
	Akshay		18	
	Sanjay		20	
+-		-+-		+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> alter table Student add SClass varchar(20);

```
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.17 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
```

mysql> desc Student;

Field	Туре	+ Null +		Default	
SID SName SAge SPhoneNo SPercentage SClass	varchar(20)	NO YES YES YES YES YES	PRI 	NULL NULL NULL NULL NULL	

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from Student;

SID	SName	SAge	SPhoneNo	+ SPercentage +	SClass
1 1 1	Mayur Akshay Sanjay	19 18	8668832059 7894567851 9011779086	60 59	NULL NULL NULL

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> update Student set SClass="TECO" where SID=1;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.12 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysgl> update Student set SClass="TECO" where SID=2;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.11 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> update Student set SClass="TECO" where SID=3;

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.07 sec)

Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Student;

SID	SName	SAge	SPhoneNo	+ SPercentage +	SClass
1 1 1	Mayur Akshay Sanjay	19 18	8668832059 7894567851 9011779086	60 59	TECO TECO TECO

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> create Index Student Serach on Student(SID);

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.22 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> alter table Student rename to Stud_Info;

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.20 sec)

mysql> alter table Stud Info modify SPercentage int;

Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.44 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> desc Stud_Info;

	 +				
Field	Туре	Null	Key	Default	Extra
SID	int	NO		NULL	!
SName	varchar(20)			NULL	
SAge	varchar(20)			NULL	
SPhoneNo	varchar(20)	YES		NULL	

	SPercentage		int		YES			NULL	1	
	SClass		varchar(20)		YES			NULL	1	
+-		+-		-+-		+	+-		+	+
_										

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> create view Student as select SID, SName, SClass from Stud_Info;
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.13 sec)

mysql> select * from Student;

+-		+-		-+-		+
	SID		SName	SClass		
+-		+-		-+-		+
	1		Mayur		TECO	
	2		Akshay		TECO	
	3		Sanjay		TECO	
+-		+-		-+-		+

Practical 2(b)

Write at least 10 SQL queries on the suitable database application using SQL DML statements.

```
mysql> create Database Practical2b;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.07 sec)
mysql> use Practical2b;
Database changed
mysql> create table Student(SID int primary key, SName varchar(20), SAge
varchar(20), SPhoneNo varchar(20), SPercentage varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.21 sec)
mysql> alter table Student add SClass varchar(20);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.21 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> insert into Student values(1, "Mayur", 19, 8668832059,60, "FECO"),(2,
"Akshay", 18, 7894567851, 59, "SECO"), (3, "Sanjay", 20, 9011779086, 80, "TECO");
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.11 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> create table Staff (ID int primary key, Name varchar(20), Age
varchar(20), PhoneNo varchar(20), Class varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.26 sec)
mysql> insert into Staff values(1, "Suyash", 44, 7894651237,
"FECO"), (2, "Shubham", 100, 4567891344, "SECO"), (3, "Mayur", 30, 789456853, "TECO");
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.13 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Staff;
+---+
| ID | Name | Age | PhoneNo | Class |
+---+
 1 | Suyash | 44 | 7894651237 | FECO
2 | Shubham | 100 | 4567891344 | SECO
| 3 | Mayur | 30 | 789456853 | TECO
+---+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> alter table Staff add Experience varchar(20);
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.24 sec)
Records: 0 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> update Staff set Experience=4 where ID=1;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.11 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update Staff set Experience=3 where ID=2;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.07 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> update Staff set Experience=2 where ID=3;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)
Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Staff;
+---+
| ID | Name | Age | PhoneNo | Class | Experience |
+---+
```

| 1 | Suyash | 44 | 7894651237 | FECO | 4

```
2 | Shubham | 100 | 4567891344 | SECO | 3
| 3 | Mayur | 30 | 789456853 | TECO | 2
+---+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from Student Union select * from Staff;
+----+
| SID | SName | SAge | SPhoneNo | SPercentage | SClass |
+----+
  1 | Mayur | 19 | 8668832059 | 60
                                      | FECO
  2 | Akshay | 18 | 7894567851 | 59
                                     | SECO |
  3 | Sanjay | 20 | 9011779086 | 80
                                     | TECO |
  1 | Suyash | 44 | 7894651237 | FECO
                                     | 4
 2 | Shubham | 100 | 4567891344 | SECO
                                     | 3
 3 | Mayur | 30 | 789456853 | TECO
                                     | 2
6 rows in set (0.07 sec)
mysql> select distinct SClass from Student where SClass in (select Class from
Staff);
+----+
| SClass |
+----+
| FECO
| SECO
| TECO |
3 \text{ rows in set } (0.05 \text{ sec})
mysql> select distinct SName from Student where SName in (select Name from
Staff);
+----+
| SName |
+----+
| Mayur |
+----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select min(SPercentage) from Student;
+----+
| min(SPercentage) |
+----+
| 59
+----+
1 row in set (0.09 sec)
mysql> select Max(SPercentage) from Student;
+----+
| Max(SPercentage) |
+----+
| 80
+----+
1 row in set (0.06 sec)
mysql> select Avg(SPercentage) from Student;
+----+
| Avg(SPercentage) |
1 row in set (0.07 sec)
mysql> select sum(SPercentage) from Student;
```

+----+

```
| sum(SPercentage) |
+----+
      199 |
+----+
1 row in set (0.06 sec)
mysql> select ucase(SName) from Student;
+----+
| ucase(SName) |
+----+
| MAYUR
| AKSHAY
| SANJAY
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select lcase(SName) from Student;
+----+
| lcase(SName) |
+----+
| mayur
| akshay
| sanjay
+----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
mysql> select mid(Experience,1,3) from Staff;
| mid(Experience, 1, 3) |
| 4
1 3
| 2
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select mid(PhoneNo,1,3) from Staff;
+----+
| mid(PhoneNo,1,3) |
+----+
| 789
| 456
| 789
3 \text{ rows in set } (0.01 \text{ sec})
mysql> select mid(PhoneNo,1,10) from Staff;
+----+
| mid(PhoneNo,1,10) |
| 7894651237
| 4567891344
| 789456853
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

SQL Queries - all types of Join, Sub-Query and View: Write at least 10 SQL queries for suitable database application using SQL DML statements

```
mysql> Create Database Practical3;
```

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.08 sec)

mysql> use Practical3;

Database changed

mysql> create Table Emp(EID int Primary Key, EFName varchar(20), ELName
varchar(20), ESalary varchar(20), EPhone varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.25 sec)

mysql> create Table Manager(MID int Primary Key, MFName varchar(20), MLName varchar(20), MSalary varchar(20), MPhone varchar(20));

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)

mysql> Desc Emp;

Field	+ Type +	Null	Key	Default	Extra
EID EFName ELName ESalary		NO YES YES YES	PRI 	NULL	

5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

mysql> Desc Manager;

+		İ	Null	İ	Key	İ	Default	Extra
MID MFName MLName	int varchar(20) varchar(20) varchar(20) varchar(20)	1 1 1	NO YES YES	Ċ	PRI	 	NULL NULL NULL NULL	

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> insert into Emp values(1, "Mayur","Jagtap",40000, 8668832059),(2,
"Sanjay","Jagtap",50000,9011779086),(3,"Suyash","Jagtap",60000,8830322552);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> insert into Manager values(1, "Sunil","Jagtap",400000, 8668845659),(2,
"Shivram","Jagtap",500000,4561779086),(3,"Nilesh","Jagtap",600000,883789552);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.07 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Emp;

+.	 	+.		_+.		_+.		- + -		-+
1	EID	İ	EFName	Ì	ELName	Ì	ESalary	İ	EPhone	Ì
+.		+.		-+-		-+-		-+-		-+
	1		Mayur		Jagtap		40000		8668832059	
	2		Sanjay		Jagtap		50000		9011779086	
- [3	ı	Suvash	-	Jagtap		60000	1	8830322552	1

```
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from Manager;
+----+
| MID | MFName | MLName | MSalary | MPhone
+----+
  1 | Sunil | Jagtap | 400000 | 8668845659 |
 2 | Shivram | Jagtap | 500000 | 4561779086 |
 3 | Nilesh | Jagtap | 600000 | 883789552 |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select Emp.EID, Emp.EFName, Manager.MID, Manager.MFName from Emp inner
join Manager on Emp.EID=Manager.MID;
+----+
| EID | EFName | MID | MFName |
+----+
  1 | Mayur | 1 | Sunil |
 2 | Sanjay | 2 | Shivram |
  3 | Suyash | 3 | Nilesh |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select Emp.EID, Emp.EFName, Manager.MID, Manager.MFName from Emp left
join Manager on Emp.EID=Manager.MID;
+----+
| EID | EFName | MID | MFName |
+----+
 1 | Mayur | 1 | Sunil |
2 | Sanjay | 2 | Shivram |
3 | Suyash | 3 | Nilesh |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select Emp.EID, Emp.EFName, Manager.MID, Manager.MFName from Emp right
join Manager on Emp.EID=Manager.MID;
+----+
| EID | EFName | MID | MFName |
+----+
  1 | Mayur | 1 | Sunil |
2 | Sanjay | 2 | Shivram |
3 | Suyash | 3 | Nilesh |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select Emp.EID, Emp.EFName, Emp.ELName, Emp.ESalary, Emp.EPhone, Manager.MID
from Emp left join Manager on Emp.EID=Manager.MID union select
Emp.EID, Emp.EFName, Emp.ELName, Emp.ESalary, Emp.EPhone, Manager.MID from Emp right
join Manager on Emp.EID=Manager.MID;
+----+
| EID | EFName | ELName | ESalary | EPhone | MID |
+----+-----
   1 | Mayur | Jagtap | 40000 | 8668832059 | 1 |
   2 | Sanjay | Jagtap | 50000 | 9011779086 | 2 |
   3 | Suyash | Jagtap | 60000 | 8830322552 |
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from Emp E, Manager M where E.EID=M.MID;
--+----
| EID | EFName | ELName | ESalary | EPhone | MID | MFName | MLName |
```

MSalary | MPhone

++	+	+	+	++	+	
+	+	•			·	·
	Jagtap	40000	8668832059	1	Sunii	Jagtap 400000
2 Sanjay 4561779086	Jagtap	50000	9011779086	2	Shivram	Jagtap 500000
	Jagtap	60000	8830322552	3	Nilesh	Jagtap 600000
++		+	+	++	+	
3 rows in set (-					
mysql> select *	from Emp	where EID=	=(select EID	from Em	n where EF	Name="Mavur"):
++					.p "c_c	114442 ,,
EID EFName	ELName	ESalary	EPhone			
++	Jagtap	40000	8668832059	I		
1 row in set (0	•	+	+	+		
S						
mysql> select *	from Emp	where EId=	=(select Mana	ger.MID	from Mana	ger where
MFName="Nilesh"	• •					
++						
++						
3 Suyash						
	•	•	•	-		

Unnamed PL/SQL code block: Use of Control structure and Exception handling is mandatory. Suggested Problem statement: Consider Tables:

- 1. Borrower (Roll no, Name, DateofIssue, NameofBook, Status)
- Fine(Roll no, Date, Amt)
 - Accept Roll_no and NameofBook from user.
 - Check the number of days (from date of issue).
 - If days are between 15 to 30 then fine amount will be Rs 5per day.
 - If no. of days>30, per day fine will be Rs 50 per day and for days less than 30, Rs. 5 per day.
 - After submitting the book, status will change from I to R.
- If condition of fine is true, then details will be stored into fine table.
- Also handles the exception by named exception handler or user define

```
exception handler.
mysql> create database Practical4;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> use Practical4;
Database changed
mysql> create table Borrower(Rollin int primary key, Name varchar(20),
DateofIssue date, NameofBook varchar(20), Status varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)
mysql> create table Fine(Roll no int primary key, Date date, Amt varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.15 sec)
mysql> insert into Borrower values(1, "Mayur","2022-07-01","HIJ","I"),(2,
"Suyash","2022-08-01","EFG","I"),(3, "Sanjay","2018-07-01","XYZ","I"),(4,
"Sunil", "2023-07-01", "ABC", "I");
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.06 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Borrower;
+----+
| Rollin | Name | DateofIssue | NameofBook | Status |
+----+
     1 | Mayur | 2022-07-01 | HIJ | I
     2 | Suyash | 2022-08-01 | EFG
                                     | I
     3 | Sanjay | 2018-07-01 | XYZ
                                     | I
     4 | Sunil | 2023-07-01 | ABC
                                     | I
+----+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create procedure B(RollNo int, BookName varchar(20))
```

- ->
- -> declare X integer;
- -> declare Continue handler for not found
- -> begin
- -> select 'NOT FOUND';
- ->
- -> select datediff(curdate(), DateofIssue) into X from Borrower where Rollin=RollNo;
 - -> if(X>15&&X<30)
 - ->
 - -> insert into Fine values(RollNo, curdate(), (X*5));

- ->
- end if; if(X>30) ->
- -> then
- -> insert into Fine values(RollNo, curdate(), (X*50));
- -> end if;
- -> update Borrower set status = ' R' where Rollin=RollNo;
- -> end;
- -> \$\$

Query OK, 0 rows affected, 1 warning (0.05 sec)

mysql> call B(1,'HIJ');\$\$

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> select * from Fine \$\$

Roll_no	Date	İ	Amt	
	2023-11-04	İ	24550	

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from Borrower;\$\$

Rollin	Name	+ DateofIssue +	NameofBook	Status
1 2 3	Mayur Suyash Sanjay	2022-07-01 2022-08-01	HIJ	R

Named PL/SQL Block: PL/SQL Stored Procedure and Stored Function.

- Write a Stored Procedure namely proc_Grade for the categorization of student. If marks scoredby students in examination is <=1500 and marks>=990 then student will be placed in distinction category if marks scored are between 989 and 900 category is first class, if marks 899 and 825 category is Higher Second Class.
- Write a PL/SQL block to use procedure created with above requirement.

 1. Stud Marks(name, total marks)

```
Result(Roll, Name, Class)
mysql> create database Practical5;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.02 sec)
mysql> use Practical5;
Database changed
mysql> create table Stud Marks(Roll int primary key, name varchar(20),
total marks varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.17 sec)
mysql> create table Result(Roll int primary key, name varchar(20), class
varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.18 sec)
mysql> insert into Stud Marks values(1, "Mayur",1400),(2, "Sanjay",1400),(3,
"Sunil",1000),(4, "Suyash",980);
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.07 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create procedure proc Grade(in marks int, out class varchar(20))
   ->
          begin
    ->
          if(marks<1500&&marks>990)
    ->
          then
    ->
          set class='Distinction';
    ->
          end if;
    ->
          if(marks<989&&marks>890)
    ->
          then
    ->
          set class = 'First class';
    ->
          end if;
    ->
          if(marks<889 && marks>825)
    ->
          then
    ->
          set class='Higher Second Class';
    ->
          end if;
    ->
          if(marks<824&&marks>750)
    ->
          then
    ->
          set class='Second Class';
    ->
           end if;
    ->
           if (marks<749&&marks>650)
    ->
          then
    ->
          set class='Passed';
    ->
          end if;
    ->
           if(marks<649)
    ->
    ->
           set class = 'Fail';
    ->
           end if;
    ->
           end;
    ->
Query OK, 0 rows affected, 5 warnings (0.13 sec)
```

```
mysql> create function final result(R1 int)
        returns int
   ->
        DETERMINISTIC
   ->
        begin
   ->
       declare fmarks integer;
   ->
       declare grade varchar(20);
   ->
      declare stud_name varchar(20);
select Stud_Marks.total_marks, Stud_Marks.name into fmarks,stud_name
   ->
   ->
from Stud Marks where Stud Marks.Roll=R1;
   -> call proc_Grade(fmarks,@grade);
   ->
        insert into Result values (R1, stud name, @grade);
   ->
        return R1;
   ->
        end;
   ->
        $$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> select final result(1);
  -> $$
+----+
| final_result(1) |
+----+
+----+
1 row in set (0.13 sec)
mysql> select final result(2); $$
+----+
| final result(2) |
            2 |
1 row in set (0.12 sec)
mysql> select final result(3)$$
+----+
| final result(3) |
+----+
+----+
1 row in set (0.08 sec)
mysql> select final result(4)$$
+----+
| final_result(4) |
+----+
+----+
1 row in set (0.07 sec)
mysql> select * from Result$$
+----+
| Roll | name | class
+----+
    1 | Mayur | Distinction |
    2 | Sanjay | Distinction |
    3 | Sunil | Distinction |
   4 | Suyash | First class |
+----+
```

Cursors: (All types: Implicit, Explicit, Cursor FOR Loop, Parameterized Cursor)

Write a PL/SQL block of code using parameterized Cursor that will merge
the data available in the newly created table N_RollCall with the data
available in the table O_RollCall. If the data in the first table already
exist in the second table then that data should be skipped.

```
mysql> create database Practical6;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.11 \text{ sec})
mysql> use Practical6;
Database changed
mysql> create table N RollCall(roll no int primary key, name varchar(20),
address varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)
mysql> create table O RollCall(roll no int primary key, name varchar(20),
address varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)
mysql> insert into O RollCall values(1, "Mayur", "Ozar"),(2,
"Sanjay", "Nashik"), (3, "Sunil", "Pune"), (4, "Suyash", "Mumbai");
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.07 sec)
Records: 4 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> delimiter $$
mysql> create procedure p(in r1 int)
   ->
        begin
   ->
          declare r2 int;
   ->
          declare exit loop boolean;
   ->
          declare c1 cursor for select roll no from O RollCall where
roll no>r1;
   -> declare continue handler for not found set exit loop=true;
   ->
         open c1;
   ->
         e loop:loop
   ->
         fetch c1 into r2;
   ->
         if not exists(select * from N RollCall where roll no=r2)
   ->
   ->
         insert into N RollCall select * from O RollCall where roll no=r2;
   ->
         end if;
   ->
         if exit loop
   ->
         then
   ->
         close c1;
   ->
         leave e loop;
   ->
         end if;
   ->
         end loop e_loop;
   ->
         end
   ->
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
mysql> call p(1);$$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.13 sec)
mysql> select * from N_RollCall$$
+----+
| roll no | name | address |
+----+
```

	2		Sanjay		Nashik	
	3		Sunil		Pune	
	4		Suyash		Mumbai	
+-	 	-+-		-+		-+
2	 ٠		/^ ^/	1	1	

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> call p (0);\$\$
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.10 sec)

mysql> select * from N_RollCall\$\$

+	+ name +	++ address +
1 2 3 4	Mayur Sanjay Sunil	Nashik Pune

Database Trigger (All Types: Row level and Statement level triggers, Before and After Triggers).

• Write a database trigger on Library table. The System should keep track of the records that are being updated or deleted. The old value of updated or deleted records should be added in Library Audit table.

```
mysql> create database Practical7;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.06 sec)
mysql> use Practical7;
Database changed
mysql> create table Borrower(Rollin int primary key, Name varchar(20),
DateofIssue date, NameofBook varchar(20));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)
mysql> create table Borrower(Rollin int primary key, Name varchar(20),
DateofIssue date, NameofBook varchar(20), ts TIMESTAMP(0));
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)
mysql> insert into Borrower values(1, "Mayur","2018-06-10","Wings of
Fire", "Available", "APJ"), (2, "Suyash", "2019-06-10", "XYZ", "Available",
"MSJ"), (3, "Sunil", "2022-10-4", "ABC", "Available", "SSJ");
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 3 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> insert into audit1 values(1, "Suyash", "2019-06-10", "XYZ", "Available",
"MSJ","15:46:13"),(2,"Sunil","2022-10-4","ABC","Available","SSJ","15:46:13");
Query OK, 2 rows affected (0.03 sec)
Records: 2 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0
mysql> select * from Borrower;
+----+
| Rollin | Name | DateofIssue | NameofBook | Status | Author |
+----+
    1 | Mayur | 2018-06-10 | Wings of Fire | Available | APJ
    2 | Suyash | 2019-06-10 | XYZ | Available | MSJ
3 | Sunil | 2022-10-04 | ABC | Available | SSJ
    3 | Sunil | 2022-10-04 | ABC
                                      | Available | SSJ
+----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
mysql> select * from Borrower;
+----+
| Rollin | Name | DateofIssue | NameofBook | Status | Author |
+----+
```

1 | Mayur | 2018-06-10 | Wings of Fire | Available | APJ 2 | Suyash | 2019-06-10 | XYZ | Available | MSJ

| Available | MSJ

		3	Sur	nil	2022-10-04		ABC	1		Available SSJ	
+-			+	+		-+		+	-	+	
3	rows	in	set	(0.00	sec)						

mysql> delimiter \$\$

mysql> create trigger library after insert on Borrower for each row

- -> begin
- -> insert into audit1 values(new.RollIn, new.Name, new.DateofIssue, new.NameofBook,new.Status, new.Author, current timestamp);
 - -> end;
 - -> \$\$

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.12 sec)

mysql> select * from Borrower; \$\$

F	Rollin	Name	DateofIssue	+ NameofBook +	Status	Author
	1 2 3	Mayur Suyash Sunil	2018-06-10	Wings of Fire XYZ ABC		APJ

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select * from audit1\$\$

RollIn	Name	DateofIssue	NameofBook	Status	Author	ts
1	Suyash	2019-06-10	XYZ	Available	MSJ	15:46:13
2	Sunil	2022-10-4	ABC	Available	SSJ	15:46:13

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> delimiter \$\$

mysql> create trigger library1 after update on Borrower for each row

- -> begin
- -> insert into audit1 values (new.RollIn, new.Name, new.DateofIssue, new.NameofBook, new.Status, new.Author, current timestamp);
 - -> end;
 - -> \$\$

Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.03 sec)

mysql> update Borrower set RollIn=4, NameofBook="Nityaseva" where Name="Mayur"\$\$

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.05 sec) Rows matched: 1 Changed: 1 Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Borrower; -> \$\$

++		L	L	L
Rollin Name	DateofIssue	NameofBook	Status	Author
2 Suyash 3 Sunil	2019-06-10 2022-10-04 2018-06-10	XYZ ABC	Available Available	MSJ SSJ
+		+	+	++

Database Connectivity:

 Write a program to implement MySQL/Oracle database connectivity with any front end language to implement Database navigation operations (add, delete, edit etc.)

```
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.sql.Connection;
import java.sql.DriverManager;
import java.sql.ResultSet;
import java.sql.Statement;
import javax.swing.*;
public class student extends JFrame implements ActionListener{
      JFrame f;
      JLabel 11, 12,13,14;
      JTextField t1, t2,t3;
      JButton b1, b2, b3, b4, b5;
      Connection c;
      Statement s;
      ResultSet r;
      student () {
            try{
                  f=new JFrame("Student Form");
                  f.setLayout(null);f.setVisible(true);
                  f.setSize(700, 500);
                  14=new JLabel("Student Management System");
                  14.setBounds(100, 30, 400, 30);
                  f.add(14);
                  14.setForeground(Color.blue);
                  14.setFont(new Font("Serif", Font.BOLD, 30));
                  11=new JLabel("Stud RollNo");
                  11.setBounds(50, 70, 100, 50);
                  f.add(11);
                  12=new JLabel("Stud Name");
                  12.setBounds(50, 120, 100, 50);
                  f.add(12);
                  13=new
                  JLabel("Stud_Dept");
                  13.setBounds(50, 170, 100, 50);
                  f.add(13);
                  t1=new JTextField();
                  t1.setBounds(150, 90, 100, 30);
                  f.add(t1);
                  t2=new JTextField();
                  t2.setBounds(150, 140, 100, 30);
                  f.add(t2);t3=new JTextField();
                  t3.setBounds(150, 190, 100, 30);
                  f.add(t3);
                  b1= new JButton("ADD");
                  b1.setBounds(200, 300, 75, 50);
                  f.add(b1);
                  b1.addActionListener(this);
                  b2= new JButton("EDIT");
                  b2.setBounds(300, 300, 75, 50);
                  f.add(b2);
                  b2.addActionListener(this);
                  b3= new JButton("DELETE"); b3.setBounds(400, 300, 75, 50);
                  f.add(b3);
                  b3.addActionListener(this);
```

```
b5= new JButton("EXIT");
                  b5.setBounds(500, 300, 75, 50);
                  f.add(b5);
                  b5.addActionListener(this);
                  Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
      c=DriverManager.getConnection("jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/info","root","r
oot");s=c.createStatement();
            }catch(Exception e) {
                  System.out.println(e);
      }
      public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent ae) {
                  if(ae.getSource() ==b1) {
                        String s1="INSERT INTO
result(stud RollNo, stud Name, stud Dept) VALUES("+t1.getText()+"','"+t2.getText()
+"','"+t3.getText() + "')";
                        System.out.println(s1);
                        s.executeUpdate(s1);
                        r=s.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM result");
                        t1.setText("");
                        t2.setText("");
                        t3.setText("");
                  }else if(ae.getSource() == b2) {
                        String s2="UPDATE result SET
stud Name='"+t2.getText()+"' WHERE stud RollNo="+t1.getText();
                        System.out.println(s2);
                        s.executeUpdate(s2);
                        r=s.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM result");
                        t1.setText("");
                        t2.setText("");t3.setText("");
                  }else if(ae.getSource()==b3) {
                        String s3="DELETE FROM result WHERE
stud RollNo="+t1.getText();
                        System.out.println(s3);
                        s.executeUpdate(s3);
                        r=s.executeQuery("SELECT * FROM result");
                        t1.setText("");
                        t2.setText("");
                        t3.setText("");}else
if(ae.getSource() == b5) {System.exit(0);
            }catch(Exception e) {
                  System.out.println(e);
      public static void main(String args[]){
            new student();
}
```

MongoDB Queries:

Design and Develop MongoDB Queries using CRUD operations. (Use CRUD operations, SAVE method, logical operators etc.).

```
test> use Mayur;
switched to db Mayur
Mayur> db.createCollection("Student");
{ ok: 1 }
Mayur> db.Student.insert( { 'RollNo':'1','Name':'Mayur','Class':'TECO'});
DeprecationWarning: Collection.insert() is deprecated. Use insertOne,
insertMany, or bulkWrite.
 acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78") }
Mayur> db.Student.insert( {
'RollNo': '2', 'Name': 'Sunil', 'Class': 'TECO'}, { 'RollNo': '3', 'Name': 'Sanjay', 'Class
':'TECE'});
{
 acknowledged: true,
 insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79") }
Mayur> db.Student.insert({'RollNo':'3','Name':'Sanjay','Class':'TECE'});
 acknowledged: true,
 insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a") }
Mayur> db.Student.find();
     id: ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78"),
    RollNo: '1',
   Name: 'Mayur',
    Class: 'TECO'
  },
    _id: ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79"),
    RollNo: '2',
    Name: 'Sunil',
    Class: 'TECO'
  },
    id: ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a"),
    RollNo: '3',
    Name: 'Sanjay',
    Class: 'TECE'
  }
]
Mayur> db.Student.find().pretty();
    id: ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78"),
    RollNo: '1',
    Name: 'Mayur',
    Class: 'TECO'
```

```
},
     id: ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79"),
    RollNo: '2',
    Name: 'Sunil',
    Class: 'TECO'
  },
     id: ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a"),
    RollNo: '3',
    Name: 'Sanjay',
    Class: 'TECE'
]
Mayur> db.Student.update({'Name':'Mayur'},{$set:{'Name':'Mayur Jagtap'}});
DeprecationWarning: Collection.update() is deprecated. Use updateOne,
updateMany, or bulkWrite.
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedId: null,
  matchedCount: 1,
  modifiedCount: 1,
  upsertedCount: 0
Mayur> db.Student.remove({'ADD':'MP'});
DeprecationWarning: Collection.remove() is deprecated. Use deleteOne,
deleteMany, findOneAndDelete, or bulkWrite.
{ acknowledged: true, deletedCount: 0 }
Mayur> db.Student.find({$and:[{'Name':'Mayur Jagtap'},{'RollNo':'1'}]});
     id: ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78"),
    RollNo: '1',
    Name: 'Mayur Jagtap',
    Class: 'TECO'
  }
Mayur> db.Student.find({$or:[{'Name':'Mayur Jagtap'},{'RollNo':'2'}]});
     id: ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78"),
    RollNo: '1',
    Name: 'Mayur Jagtap',
Class: 'TECO'
  },
     id: ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79"),
    RollNo: '2',
    Name: 'Sunil',
    Class: 'TECO'
  }
1
Mayur> db.Student.find({$nor:[{'Name':'Mayur Jagtap'},{'Class':'TECO'}]});
     id: ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a"),
    RollNo: '3',
    Name: 'Sanjay',
    Class: 'TECE'
  }
```

```
]
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$not:{$lt:'3'}}}).pretty();
     id: ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a"),
    RollNo: '3',
    Name: 'Sanjay',
    Class: 'TECE'
  }
]
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$eq:'3'}}).pretty();
     id: ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a"),
    RollNo: '3',
    Name: 'Sanjay',
    Class: 'TECE'
]
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$ne:'3'}}).pretty();
     id: ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78"),
    RollNo: '1',
    Name: 'Mayur Jagtap',
    Class: 'TECO'
  },
     id: ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79"),
    RollNo: '2',
    Name: 'Sunil',
    Class: 'TECO'
]
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$gt:'2'}}).pretty();
     id: ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a"),
    RollNo: '3',
    Name: 'Sanjay',
Class: 'TECE'
]
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$gte:'2'}}).pretty();
     id: ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79"),
    RollNo: '2',
    Name: 'Sunil', Class: 'TECO'
  },
     id: ObjectId("6545b959f85a719d8aa02c7a"),
    RollNo: '3',
    Name: 'Sanjay',
    Class: 'TECE'
  }
]
```

```
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$1t:'2'}}).pretty();
Γ
    id: ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78"),
    RollNo: '1',
    Name: 'Mayur Jagtap',
    Class: 'TECO'
  }
]
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$lte:'2'}}).pretty();
     id: ObjectId("6545b8daf85a719d8aa02c78"),
    RollNo: '1',
    Name: 'Mayur Jagtap',
    Class: 'TECO'
  },
     id: ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79"),
    RollNo: '2',
    Name: 'Sunil',
    Class: 'TECO'
]
Mayur> db.Student.find({'RollNo':{$lt:'3',$gt:'1'}}).pretty();
    id: ObjectId("6545b935f85a719d8aa02c79"),
    RollNo: '2',
    Name: 'Sunil', Class: 'TECO'
]
```

MongoDB - Aggregation and Indexing:

 Design and Develop MongoDB Queries using aggregation and indexing with suitable example using MongoDB.

```
test> use Practical10
switched to db Practical10
Practical10> db.createCollection('website');
{ ok: 1 }
Practical10>
db.website.insert({'roll':'1','name':'harsh','amount':1000,'url':'www.yahoo.com'
DeprecationWarning: Collection.insert() is deprecated. Use insertOne,
insertMany, or bulkWrite.
 acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545be50582566230a408804") }
Practical10>
db.website.insert({'roll':'2','name':'jitesh','amount':2000,'url':'www.yahoo.com
'});
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545be50582566230a408805") }
}
Practical10>
db.website.insert({'roll':'3','name':'rina','amount':3000,'url':'www.google.com'
});
{
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545be53582566230a408806") }
Practical10>
db.website.aggregate({$group:{_id:"$name","total":{$sum:"$amount"}}});
    id: 'harsh', total: 1000 },
     id: 'rina', total: 3000 },
  { _id: 'jitesh', total: 2000 }
Practical10>
db.website.aggregate({$group:{ id:"$name","total":{$avg:"$amount"}}}));
  { _id: 'jitesh', total: 2000 },
  { _id: 'harsh', total: 1000 },
  { _id: 'rina', total: 3000 }
1
Practical10>
db.website.aggregate({$group:{ id:"$name","total":{$min:"$amount"}}});
  { _id: 'jitesh', total: 2000 },
  { _id: 'harsh', total: 1000 },
  { _id: 'rina', total: 3000 }
1
Practical10>
db.website.aggregate({$group:{_id:"$name","total":{$max:"$amount"}}});
```

```
[
 { _id: 'harsh', total: 1000 },
 { _id: 'jitesh', total: 2000 },
 { _id: 'rina', total: 3000 }
Practical10>
db.website.aggregate({$group:{ id:"$name","total":{$first:"$amount"}}});
  { _id: 'jitesh', total: 2000 },
 { _id: 'harsh', total: 1000 },
 { id: 'rina', total: 3000 }
Practical10>
db.website.aggregate({$group:{ id:"$name","total":{$last:"$amount"}}}));
 { id: 'jitesh', total: 2000 },
 { id: 'rina', total: 3000 },
 { id: 'harsh', total: 1000 }
Practical10>
db.website.aggregate({$group:{_id:"$name","total":{$push:"$amount"}}});
  { id: 'jitesh', total: [ 2000 ] },
    __id: 'rina', total: [ 3000 ] },
 1
Practical10> db.website.aggregate({$group:{ id:"$name","total": {$sum:1}}});
  { _id: 'jitesh', total: 1 },
    id: 'harsh', total: 1 }
Practical10> db.createCollection('website1');
{ ok: 1 }
Practical10> db.website1.insert({'r':1,'name':'harsh'});
 acknowledged: true,
 insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545beef582566230a408807") }
}
Practical10> db.website1.find().pretty()
[ { id: ObjectId("6545beef582566230a408807"), r: 1, name: 'harsh' } ]
Practical10> db.website1.createIndex({'name':1})
name 1
Practical10> db.website1.createIndex({'name':-1})
name -1
Practical10> db.website1.getIndexes()
 { v: 2, key: { _id: 1 }, name: ' id ' },
 { v: 2, key: { name: 1 }, name: 'name_1' },
  { v: 2, key: { name: -1 }, name: 'name_ -1' }
1
Practical10> db.website1.dropIndex({'name':1})
{ nIndexesWas: 3, ok: 1 }
```

```
Practical10> db.website1.getIndexes()
[
    { v: 2, key: { _id: 1 }, name: '_id_' },
    { v: 2, key: { name: -1 }, name: 'name_-1' }
```

MongoDB - Map reduces operations:

• Implement Map reduces operation with suitable example using MongoDB.

```
test> use Practical11
switched to db Practical11
Practical11> db.createCollection('Journal');
{ ok: 1 }
Practical11>
db.Journal.insert({'book id':1,'book name':'JavacdOOP','amt':500,'status':'Avail
able'});
DeprecationWarning: Collection.insert() is deprecated. Use insertOne,
insertMany, or bulkWrite.
 acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545c08f3dd8efae092febc2") }
}
Practical11>
db.Journal.insert({'book id':1,'book name':'JavaOOP','amt':400,'status':'NotAvai
lable' });
 acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545c09c3dd8efae092febc3") }
}
Practical11>
db.Journal.insert({'book_id':1,'book_name':'Java','amt':300,'status':'Not
Available'});
  acknowledged: true,
  insertedIds: { '0': ObjectId("6545c0a93dd8efae092febc4") }
}
Practical11> var mapfunction=function() { emit(this.book id, this.amt) };
Practical11> var reducefunction=function(key,value) {return Array.sum(value);};
Practical11> db.Journal.mapReduce(mapfunction, reducefunction, {'out':'new'});
DeprecationWarning: Collection.mapReduce() is deprecated. Use an aggregation
instead.
See https://docs.mongodb.com/manual/core/map-reduce for details.
{ result: 'new', ok: 1 }
```