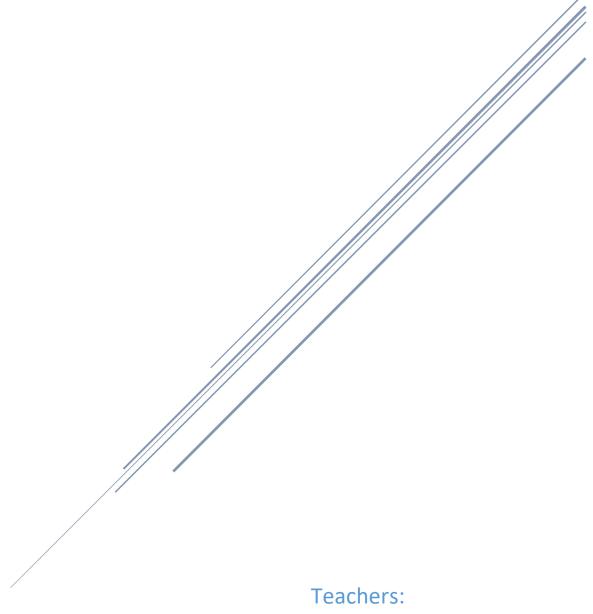
CODE AND SUMMARY OF CLASS 4

Sahir Ahmed Sheikh Saturday (2-5)



Muhammad Bilal And Ali Aftab Sheikh

Code And Summary Of Class 4 – Saturday (2 – 5) | Quarter 3

Assalamu Alaikum!

Hope you all are doing well. In today's session, we focused on several key programming concepts and practical implementation. The class involved checking assignments, installing Python, exploring new code editor (Cursor AI), learning about project management tools (UV), and Loops in python.

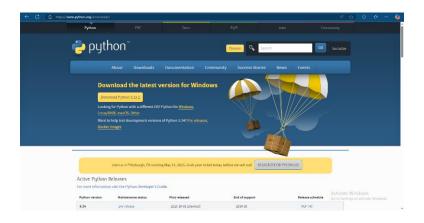
Class Structure & Key Highlights

1. Assignment Review

- > Students were required to submit and verify previous assignments.
- Special CRs (Class Representatives) were selected based on performance.
- > Additional assignments were given to hardworking students.
- > I am also included in the CR selection process and will be part of the interview for CR selection.

2. Installing Python & Setting Up Environment

- > Students were guided through installing Python via Google search.
- > The simplest way is to search "Download Python" and install it from the first link that appears.



> The installation process involves clicking "Next" multiple times.

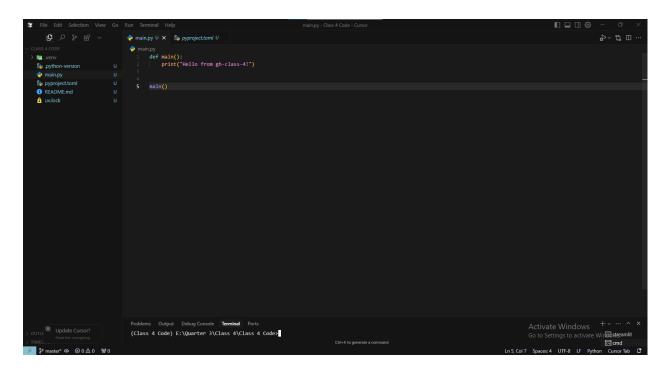
- The most important step is to check the "Add to Path" option. If missed, Python won't work properly, and the environment variable will have to be set manually.
- > After installation, confirm Python is installed using the command:

```
python --version_
```

- If the version appears (e.g., Python 3.x.x), the installation was successful. Otherwise, reinstall and ensure "Add to Path" is checked.
- Next, students were guided to open a terminal and type python to enter the Python shell, where they tested a simple command:

```
C:\Users\System Angel>python
Python 3.13.2 (tags/v3.13.2:4f8bb39, Feb 4 2025, 15:23:48) [MSC v.1942 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license" for more information.
>>> print("Hello world")
Hello world
>>>
```

> Python files use the .py extension, and a simple script main.py was created:



Running it in the terminal using: python main.py displayed Hello World in the output.

```
Problems Output Debug Console Terminal Ports

(Class 4 Code) E:\Quarter 3\Class 4\Class 4 Code>python main.py

Hello from gh-class-4!

(Class 4 Code) E:\Quarter 3\Class 4\Class 4 Code>
```

3. Exploring Code Editor: Cursor Al

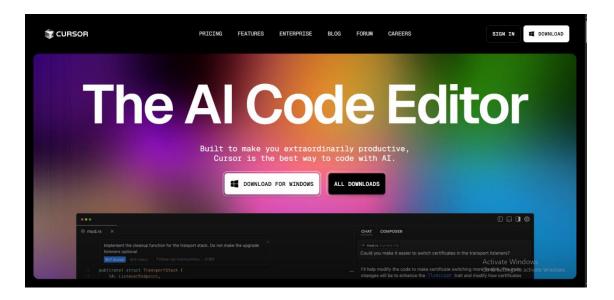
- What is Cursor AI?
 - Cursor AI is an AI-powered code editor built on top of VS Code.
 - Since VS Code is open-source, developers have modified it to include Al-powered features, making coding easier and more efficient.
 - Cursor AI provides features like code completion, AI-generated suggestions, and automatic debugging.
 - It looks and functions almost identically to VS Code but has enhanced AI tools.

> Cursor AI Pricing & Free Trial:

- It offers a 14-day free trial.
- After the trial, it costs \$20 per month for AI features.
- If you don't want to pay, you can create a new account every two weeks and continue using it for free.

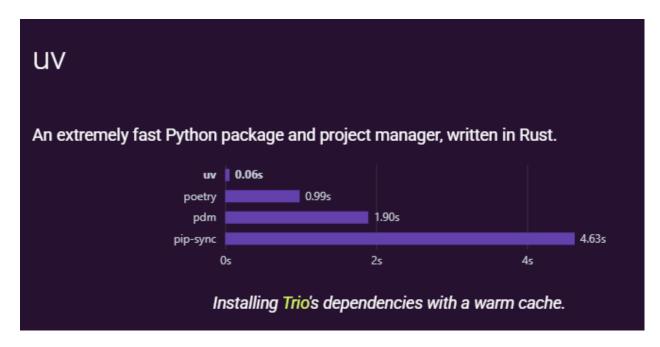
> How to Install Cursor AI:

- 1. Go to Google and search for Cursor Al Code Editor.
- 2. Click on the **official website** and navigate to the download page.
- 3. Download the Windows, Mac, or Linux version according to your OS.
- 4. Install it like any other software.
- 5. Open Cursor AI, and you will notice that its interface is exactly like **VS Code**.



4. Introduction to UV Project Manager

- What is UV?
 - UV is a Python package manager that is much faster than pip and Poetry.
 - It is built using **Rust**, making it highly optimized for performance.
 - Unlike pip, which installs dependencies one by one, UV installs them in parallel, making installation much quicker.



> Why Use UV?

- **Speed:** It installs packages up to **2x faster** than pip.
- **Efficiency:** Uses less memory and reduces dependency conflicts.
- Modern Features: Handles project environments automatically.
- > Installation Process:
 - Open **PowerShell** (recommended over CMD).
 - Run the following command:

powershell -ExecutionPolicy ByPass -c "irm https://astral.sh/uv/install.ps1 | iex"

• Once installed, verify using:

uv --version

> Setting Up a Project with UV:

• To initialize a new Python project with UV, use:

uv init.

- This creates:
 - main.py: A Python script file.
 - project.toml: Stores dependencies and metadata (similar to package.json in Node.js).
 - Readme-md

> Installing Packages with UV:

Instead of using pip install, UV provides a faster alternative:

uv install streamlit

• This installs streamlit within the project environment without affecting the global system.

5. Working with Loops in Python

- What are Loops?
 - Loops allow us to execute a block of code multiple times without repeating the code manually.
 - Python provides two primary loops:
 - 1. While Loop (based on a condition)
 - 2. **For Loop** (used for iterating over sequences)

While Loop

- The while loop continues to execute as long as the condition remains True.
- Example:

```
count = 1

while count <= 3:
    print("Kacha papita paka papita")
    count += 1</pre>
```

Key Points:

- 1. The loop runs as long as the condition is True.
- 2. The variable count is incremented inside the loop to avoid an **infinite loop**.
- 3. If we forget to increment count, the loop will **never stop**, leading to an infinite loop.

4. To manually stop an infinite loop, press **CTRL + C** in the terminal.

> For Loop

- The **for loop** is used for **iterating over a sequence** (list, tuple, dictionary, etc.).
- Example:

```
iftar_items: list = ["Khujoor","Samosay", "Pakoray", "Rooh Afza", "Chana chaat" ]

for items in iftar_items:
    print(items)
```

Key Points:

- 1. The loop automatically assigns each item in the list to the variable item.
- 2. The loop stops when all elements have been iterated over.

> Summation Using Loops:

we created a function to sum multiple numbers

```
def items(*n):
    sum = 0
    for item in n:
        sum += item
    print(sum)

items(2, 2, 5,6, 7, 2, 2)
```

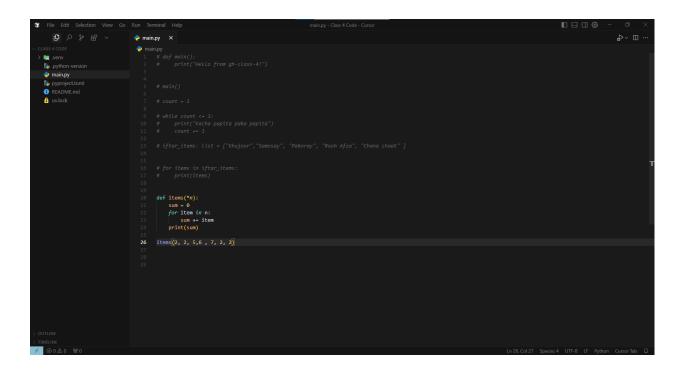
Output: 26

Class Resources & Assignments

Today's Class Code:

The complete code for today's class has been attached as an image below, allowing you to view it in its entirety. Additionally, I have provided a GitHub link where you can access the complete code as well.

Repo Link: Class Code



***** Assignments

- ✓ Assignment 1: Personal Library Manager
 Work on the Personal Library Manager project from the repository:
 Personal Library Manager GitHub Repo
- ✓ Assignment 2: Complete Previous Assignments Ensure all previous assignments are completed and submitted on LinkedIn and the class submission form.

- ✓ Assignment 3: Problem-Solving Challenges
 - Problem 1: Reverse a String

Write a function that takes a string as input and returns the reversed string.

Example:

♠ Input: "hello"

Output: "olleh"

Phint: Use Python's slicing feature.

Problem 2: Count Vowels in a String

Write a function that counts the number of vowels (a, e, i, o, u) in a string (case-insensitive).

Example:

♠ Input: "Apple"

Output: 2

Phint: Use a loop and check if each character is in a set of vowels.

Problem 3: Sum of Digits

Write a function that takes a non-negative integer and returns the sum of its digits.

Example:

Input: 1234

Output: 10

• Hint: Convert the number to a string and iterate over each digit or use modulus and division.

Deadline: Before the next class

***** Submission:

Upload all assignments on LinkedIn

Submit all class assignments using this form: <u>Assignment Submission Form</u> Stay consistent and keep learning!

