## **Bit Manipulation**

In logical AND operator if first condition is false then it doesn't check for  $2^{nd}$  and  $3^{rd}$  conditions and so on .

Bitwise AND operator even if first condition if false it still goes on to the next conditions.

```
Main()
{
Int a=10;
if(a>100 & a++<200 & a++==12)
printf("Hello %d",a);
else
printf("Hai %d",a);
}
Output is Hai 12
if Logical AND are used then we get Hai 10.
```

In logical OR operator if first condition is true then it doesn't check for  $2^{nd}$  and  $3^{rd}$  conditions and so on .

Bitwise AND operator even if first condition if true it still goes on to the next conditions.

```
Main()
{
Int a=10;
if(a>100 | a++<200 | a++==12)
printf("Hello %d",a);
else
printf("Hai %d",a);
}
Output is Hello 12
if Logical OR are used then we get Hello 11.
Negation
N = -(n+1)
Int a=~100
printf(a)
```

Output is -101

Int a=~-999 printf(a)

Output is 998