EpiTech: Developing Epilepsy Care with Implantable device

Background

Epilepsy is a long-term neurological condition marked by frequent, spontaneous seizures. Almost 50 million individuals globally are impacted by it. If a seizure occurs suddenly in public, it may result in bodily harm and painful circumstances. The goal of this research is to create a tiny implantable device that can automatically identify seizures and notify medical professionals and caregivers so they can administer care and treatment on time.

Objectives

- Create a tiny implantable device that can track brain activity all the time.
- Real-time seizure event detection that is automatic based on an on-device machine learning algorithm.
- During a seizure, the device send location information and notifications to caregivers and medical professionals.
- Providing long-term security of an implanted medical device.

Scope

An implanted seizure alarm system prototype will be produced as a result of this study. An implantable hardware device and machine learning software will be designed and engineered, tested in an animal model, and clinical feasibility studies on the system's performance and safety will be carried out.

Timeframe

	Description of Work	Start and End Dates
Phase One	Research and concept validation:	Feb 2rd 2024-feb 29 th
	Conduct literature review to understand	2024
	current state of seizure detection and alert	
	technologies	
	 Interview neurologists and patients to 	
	gather requirements for the implantable	
	device system	
	 Define essential product specifications 	
	based on key medical, functional and	
	usage needs	

	Develop initial concept prototypes and architectures Evaluate technical and clinical feasibility of identified concepts	
Phase Two	System and algorithm design: • Design overall system components including implant hardware, algorithms. • Design implantable hardware devices by size, power and biocompatibility needs • Develop customized machine learning algorithms for patient-specific seizure detection based on neurological data patterns	March 1 st 2024-march 31 st 2024
Phase Three	Prototype development and lab testing: •Build proof of concept prototype implementing phase two specifications •Test on experimental models to validate product requirements are met •Demonstrate seizure detection capability on EEG datasets	April 1 st 2024- april 30 th 2024

Project Budget

	Description of Work	Anticipated Costs
Phase One	Research and concept design	Researcher team of 5 -
		Salaries: \$15,000
		Stakeholder Involvement:
		\$5,000
		Project Manager: \$8,000
		Materials: \$5,000
		Concept Prototyping and
		Analysis Tools: \$10,000
		Incidental outgoings:
		\$5,000
		Total= \$48,000

Phase Two	System design	Team of 5- Salaries:
riiase iwo	System design	
		\$15,000
		Project Manager: \$8,000
		Simulation Software:
		\$5,000
		Algorithm Development
		Tools: \$10,000
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		Incidental outgoings:
		\$5,000
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		Total= \$43,000
Phase Three	Prototype development and testing	Team of 5- Salaries:
		\$15,000
		Project Manager: \$8,000
		Prototype Creation:
		\$18,000
		Test Equipment: \$10,000
		Incidental outgoings:
		\$7,000
		\$7,000
	Total	Total= \$58,000 \$ 150,000.00

Key Stakeholders

Client	IUPUI
Sponsor	Indiana university- under Dr. Zeyana Hamid
Project manager	Mariam Khan

Monitoring and Evaluation

MONITORING:

• Budget Monitoring:

Every two weeks, compare actual phase expenses to the allocated budget.

Notice differences >10%, and approve spending if necessary

Report the current consolidated budget status in monthly steering sessions.

Meetings:

Initiate a moderation meeting at the beginning of each stage in order to come into an agreement on delivery listings.

Hold bi-weekly project team sync-ups for progress discussions.

Organize monthly governance updates in steering committee meetings.

Progress Monitoring:

Weekly generated progress status dashboard/report to be up

Completion rate of capture across activities such as design, and testing.

Qualitatively evaluate progress for factors such as complexity, and quality.

Review the schedule and dates.

Evaluations:

Evaluate the phase goals such as requirements and final assurance etc.

Lab-tested prototype performance metrics vs.

Give evidence like models, photos, and metric reports to show progress.

Include the impact of project deliverables and the future reach.

Approval Signatures

[IUPUI], Project Client	[Dr. Zeyana Hamid],	[Mariam Khan], Project
	Project Sponsor	Manager

REFERENCES:

- Jeppesen, J., Christensen, J., Mølgaard, H., & Beniczky, S. (2023). Automated detection of focal seizures using subcutaneously implanted electrocardiographic device: A proof-of-concept study. *Epilepsia*, 64, S59-S64. https://doi.org/10.1111/epi.17612
- Stacey, W. C., & Litt, B. (2008). Technology Insight: neuroengineering and epilepsy—designing devices for seizure control. *Nature Clinical Practice. Neurology*, *4*(4), 190–201. https://doi.org/10.1038/ncpneuro0750