

Optimization Problem

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Problem

- Find w such that,

$$L = ||y - Xw||^2 \quad (1)$$

is minimized.
where,

$$X = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \quad (2)$$

$$y = \begin{pmatrix} 6 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

Least Squares Method



$$\hat{w} = \min_x ||y - Xw||^2 \quad (4)$$

$$= (X^T X)^{-1} X^T y \quad (5)$$

Gradient Descent



$$w_{n+1} = w_n - \mu \frac{\partial L}{\partial w} \quad (6)$$

Till,

$$w_{n+1} \approx w_n \quad (7)$$

Python code

```
#Gradient Descent  
#Least Squares  
import numpy as np  
c = 2  
cur_w = np.array([[1.0],[1.0]])  
# The algorithm starts at  $w = [1,1]$   
gamma = 0.01 # step size multiplier  
precision = 1e-6  
previous_step_size = 1  
max_iters = 10000  
# maximum number of iterations  
iters = 0 #iteration counter  
  
X = np.array([[1.0,0.0],[1.0,1.0],[1.0,2.0]])  
y = np.array([[6.0],[0.0],[0.0]])
```

Python code

```
df = lambda x, y, w:  
    (-2.0*np.matmul(x.T,(y-np.matmul(x,w))))  
  
while (previous_step_size > precision)  
        & (iters < max_iters):  
    prev_w = cur_w  
    cur_w -= gamma * df(X,y,prev_w)  
    previous_step_size =  
        np.linalg.norm(cur_w - prev_w)  
    iters+=1
```

Python code

```
# solution from Gradient Descent  
Gradient_descent = curr_w
```

```
# equation for least squares  
least_squares = np.matmul(  
    np.linalg.inv(np.matmul(X.T,X)), (np.matmul(X.T,y)))
```

Answer

Answer:

- ▶ The minimum occurs at (gradient Descent)

$$w = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.84 \end{pmatrix} \quad (8)$$

The minimum occurs at (least squares)

$$w = \begin{pmatrix} 1.0 \\ 0.84 \end{pmatrix} \quad (9)$$