

# ev-eda-3-1

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```
[81]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
[83]: df = pd.read_csv("dataset.csv")
```

```
[85]: df.head()
```

```
[85]: VIN (1-10)      County      City State  Postal Code  Model Year      Make \
0  JTMEB3FV6N      Monroe  Key West   FL        33040        2022    TOYOTA
1  1G1RD6E45D      Clark   Laughlin  NV        89029        2013    CHEVROLET
2  JN1AZ0CP8B      Yakima   Yakima    WA        98901        2011    NISSAN
3  1G1FW6S08H      Skagit   Concrete  WA        98237        2017    CHEVROLET
4  3FA6POSU1K      Snohomish  Everett   WA        98201        2019    FORD
```

```
Model      Electric Vehicle Type \
0  RAV4 PRIME  Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
1      VOLT    Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
2      LEAF      Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
3  BOLT EV      Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
4  FUSION      Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV)
```

```
Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility  Electric Range \
0      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      42
1      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      38
2      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible      73
3      Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible     238
4      Not eligible due to low battery range      26
```

```
Base MSRP  Legislative District  DOL Vehicle ID \
0      0      NaN      198968248
1      0      NaN      5204412
2      0     15.0     218972519
```

|   |   |      |           |
|---|---|------|-----------|
| 3 | 0 | 39.0 | 186750406 |
| 4 | 0 | 38.0 | 2006714   |

|   | Vehicle Location            | Electric Utility       | 2020 Census Tract |
|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | POINT (-81.80023 24.5545)   | NaN                    | 12087972100       |
| 1 | POINT (-114.57245 35.16815) | NaN                    | 32003005702       |
| 2 | POINT (-120.50721 46.60448) | PACIFICORP             | 53077001602       |
| 3 | POINT (-121.7515 48.53892)  | PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC | 53057951101       |
| 4 | POINT (-122.20596 47.97659) | PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC | 53061041500       |

```
[87]: df.describe()
```

```
[87]:
```

|       | Postal Code   | Model Year    | Electric Range | Base MSRP \   |
|-------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| count | 112634.000000 | 112634.000000 | 112634.000000  | 112634.000000 |
| mean  | 98156.226850  | 2019.003365   | 87.812987      | 1793.439681   |
| std   | 2648.733064   | 2.892364      | 102.334216     | 10783.753486  |
| min   | 1730.000000   | 1997.000000   | 0.000000       | 0.000000      |
| 25%   | 98052.000000  | 2017.000000   | 0.000000       | 0.000000      |
| 50%   | 98119.000000  | 2020.000000   | 32.000000      | 0.000000      |
| 75%   | 98370.000000  | 2022.000000   | 208.000000     | 0.000000      |
| max   | 99701.000000  | 2023.000000   | 337.000000     | 845000.000000 |

|       | Legislative District | DOL Vehicle ID | 2020 Census Tract |
|-------|----------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| count | 112348.000000        | 1.126340e+05   | 1.126340e+05      |
| mean  | 29.805604            | 1.994567e+08   | 5.296650e+10      |
| std   | 14.700545            | 9.398427e+07   | 1.699104e+09      |
| min   | 1.000000             | 4.777000e+03   | 1.101001e+09      |
| 25%   | 18.000000            | 1.484142e+08   | 5.303301e+10      |
| 50%   | 34.000000            | 1.923896e+08   | 5.303303e+10      |
| 75%   | 43.000000            | 2.191899e+08   | 5.305307e+10      |
| max   | 49.000000            | 4.792548e+08   | 5.603300e+10      |

```
[89]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 112634 entries, 0 to 112633
Data columns (total 17 columns):
```

| # | Column      | Non-Null Count  | Dtype  |
|---|-------------|-----------------|--------|
| 0 | VIN (1-10)  | 112634 non-null | object |
| 1 | County      | 112634 non-null | object |
| 2 | City        | 112634 non-null | object |
| 3 | State       | 112634 non-null | object |
| 4 | Postal Code | 112634 non-null | int64  |
| 5 | Model Year  | 112634 non-null | int64  |
| 6 | Make        | 112634 non-null | object |
| 7 | Model       | 112614 non-null | object |

|    |   |        |          |         |
|----|---|--------|----------|---------|
| 8  | Electric Vehicle Type                             | 112634 | non-null | object  |
| 9  | Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility | 112634 | non-null | object  |
| 10 | Electric Range                                    | 112634 | non-null | int64   |
| 11 | Base MSRP   | 112634 | non-null | int64   |
| 12 | Legislative District                              | 112348 | non-null | float64 |
| 13 | DOL Vehicle ID                                    | 112634 | non-null | int64   |
| 14 | Vehicle Location                                  | 112610 | non-null | object  |
| 15 | Electric Utility                                  | 112191 | non-null | object  |
| 16 | 2020 Census Tract                                 | 112634 | non-null | int64   |

dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(10)  
memory usage: 14.6+ MB

```
[91]: df.shape
```

```
[91]: (112634, 17)
```

```
[93]: df.columns
```

```
[93]: Index(['VIN (1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Postal Code', 'Model Year',
        'Make', 'Model', 'Electric Vehicle Type',
        'Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle (CAFV) Eligibility', 'Electric Range',
        'Base MSRP', 'Legislative District', 'DOL Vehicle ID',
        'Vehicle Location', 'Electric Utility', '2020 Census Tract'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[95]: df.columns = df.columns.str.replace(' ', '_')
df.columns
```

```
[95]: Index(['VIN_(1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Postal_Code', 'Model_Year',
        'Make', 'Model', 'Electric_Vehicle_Type',
        'Clean_Alternative_Fuel_Vehicle_(CAFV)_Eligibility', 'Electric_Range',
        'Base_MSRP', 'Legislative_District', 'DOL_Vehicle_ID',
        'Vehicle_Location', 'Electric_Utility', '2020_Census_Tract'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[97]: df.rename(columns={'Clean_Alternative_Fuel_Vehicle_(CAFV)_Eligibility':
        ↪ 'CAFV_Eligibility'}, inplace=True)
df.columns
```

```
[97]: Index(['VIN_(1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Postal_Code', 'Model_Year',
        'Make', 'Model', 'Electric_Vehicle_Type', 'CAFV_Eligibility',
        'Electric_Range', 'Base_MSRP', 'Legislative_District', 'DOL_Vehicle_ID',
        'Vehicle_Location', 'Electric_Utility', '2020_Census_Tract'],
        dtype='object')
```

```
[99]: print(df.isnull().sum())
```

```
VIN_(1-10)          0
```

```

County          0
City            0
State           0
Postal_Code     0
Model_Year      0
Make            0
Model           20
Electric_Vehicle_Type  0
CAFEV_Eligibility  0
Electric_Range  0
Base_MSRP       0
Legislative_District  286
DOL_Vehicle_ID  0
Vehicle_Location  24
Electric_Utility  443
2020_Census_Tract  0
dtype: int64

```

```

[101]: df_dropna = df.dropna()

df_dropna.info()

```

```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Index: 112152 entries, 2 to 112633
Data columns (total 17 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   VIN_(1-10)            112152 non-null object
1   County                112152 non-null object
2   City                  112152 non-null object
3   State                 112152 non-null object
4   Postal_Code           112152 non-null int64
5   Model_Year            112152 non-null int64
6   Make                  112152 non-null object
7   Model                 112152 non-null object
8   Electric_Vehicle_Type 112152 non-null object
9   CAFEV_Eligibility      112152 non-null object
10  Electric_Range         112152 non-null int64
11  Base_MSRP              112152 non-null int64
12  Legislative_District    112152 non-null float64
13  DOL_Vehicle_ID         112152 non-null int64
14  Vehicle_Location       112152 non-null object
15  Electric_Utility       112152 non-null object
16  2020_Census_Tract      112152 non-null int64
dtypes: float64(1), int64(6), object(10)
memory usage: 15.4+ MB

```

```
[ ]:
```

### 0.3 Task - 1

#### 0.3.1 Non-Visual Univariate Analysis

```
[106]: numerical_columns = ['Postal_Code', 'Model_Year', 'Electric_Range',  
    ↪ 'Base_MSRP', 'Legislative_District', 'DOL_Vehicle_ID', '2020_Census_Tract']  
  
categorical_columns = ['VIN_(1-10)', 'County', 'City', 'State', 'Make',  
    ↪ 'Model', 'Electric_Vehicle_Type', 'CAFV_Eligibility', 'Vehicle_Location',  
    ↪ 'Electric_Utility']  
  
discrete_df = df.select_dtypes(include=['object'])  
numerical_df = df.select_dtypes(include=['int64', 'float64'])
```

```
[108]: def discrete_univariate_analysis(discrete_data):  
    for col_name in discrete_data:  
  
        print("-"*10, col_name, "-"*10)  
        print(discrete_data[col_name].agg(['count', 'nunique', 'unique']))  
        print('Value Counts: \n', discrete_data[col_name].value_counts())  
        print()
```

```
[110]: discrete_univariate_analysis(discrete_df)
```

```
----- VIN_(1-10) -----  
count                                112634  
nunique                              7548  
unique    [JTMEB3FV6N, 1G1RD6E45D, JN1AZ0CP8B, 1G1FW6S08...  
Name: VIN_(1-10), dtype: object  
Value Counts:  
VIN_(1-10)  
5YJYGDEE9M    472  
5YJYGDEE0M    465  
5YJYGDEE8M    448  
5YJYGDEE7M    448  
5YJYGDEE2M    437  
...  
WA1LAAGE9M     1  
5UXKTOC50H     1  
5YJYGAED3M     1  
WDC0G5DBXL     1  
YV4ED3GM0P     1  
Name: count, Length: 7548, dtype: int64
```

```

----- County -----
count                                112634
nunique                              165
unique      [Monroe, Clark, Yakima, Skagit, Snohomish, Isl...
Name: County, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  County
King      59000
Snohomish 12434
Pierce     8535
Clark      6689
Thurston   4126
...
Pinal      1
Elmore     1
Portsmouth 1
Kings      1
Kootenai   1
Name: count, Length: 165, dtype: int64

```

```

----- City -----
count                                112634
nunique                              629
unique      [Key West, Laughlin, Yakima, Concrete, Everett...
Name: City, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  City
Seattle    20305
Bellevue   5921
Redmond    4201
Vancouver  4013
Kirkland   3598
...
Hartline   1
Gaithersburg 1
El Paso    1
Klickitat  1
Worley     1
Name: count, Length: 629, dtype: int64

```

```

----- State -----
count                                112634
nunique                              45
unique      [FL, NV, WA, IL, NY, VA, OK, KS, CA, NE, MD, C...
Name: State, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  State
WA      112348

```

|    |    |
|----|----|
| CA | 76 |
| VA | 36 |
| MD | 26 |
| TX | 14 |
| CO | 9  |
| NV | 8  |
| GA | 7  |
| NC | 7  |
| CT | 6  |
| DC | 6  |
| FL | 6  |
| AZ | 6  |
| IL | 6  |
| SC | 5  |
| OR | 5  |
| NE | 5  |
| HI | 4  |
| UT | 4  |
| AR | 4  |
| NY | 4  |
| TN | 3  |
| KS | 3  |
| MO | 3  |
| PA | 3  |
| MA | 3  |
| LA | 3  |
| NJ | 3  |
| NH | 2  |
| OH | 2  |
| WY | 2  |
| ID | 2  |
| KY | 1  |
| RI | 1  |
| ME | 1  |
| MN | 1  |
| SD | 1  |
| WI | 1  |
| NM | 1  |
| AK | 1  |
| MS | 1  |
| AL | 1  |
| DE | 1  |
| OK | 1  |
| ND | 1  |

Name: count, dtype: int64

```
----- Make -----
count
```

112634

```

nunique 34
unique [TOYOTA, CHEVROLET, NISSAN, FORD, TESLA, KIA, ...
Name: Make, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  Make
TESLA      52078
NISSAN     12880
CHEVROLET  10182
FORD       5819
BMW        4680
KIA        4483
TOYOTA     4405
VOLKSWAGEN 2514
AUDI       2332
VOLVO      2288
CHRYSLER   1794
HYUNDAI    1412
JEEP       1152
RIVIAN      885
FIAT        822
PORSCHE     818
HONDA       792
MINI        632
MITSUBISHI 588
POLESTAR    558
MERCEDES-BENZ 506
SMART       273
JAGUAR      219
LINCOLN     168
CADILLAC    108
LUCID MOTORS 65
SUBARU      59
LAND ROVER  38
LEXUS       33
FISKER      20
GENESIS     18
AZURE DYNAMICS 7
TH!NK       3
BENTLEY     3
Name: count, dtype: int64

```

```

----- Model -----
count 112614
nunique 114
unique [RAV4 PRIME, VOLT, LEAF, BOLT EV, FUSION, MODE...
Name: Model, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  Model

```



|         |       |
|---------|-------|
| MODEL 3 | 23135 |
| MODEL Y | 17142 |
| LEAF    | 12880 |
| MODEL S | 7377  |
| BOLT EV | 4910  |

|             |   |
|-------------|---|
| ...         |   |
| 745LE       | 2 |
| S-10 PICKUP | 1 |
| SOLTERRA    | 1 |
| 918         | 1 |
| FLYING SPUR | 1 |

Name: count, Length: 114, dtype: int64

----- Electric\_Vehicle\_Type -----

|         |        |
|---------|--------|
| count   | 112634 |
| nunique | 2      |

unique [Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV), Batte...

Name: Electric\_Vehicle\_Type, dtype: object

Value Counts:

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| Electric_Vehicle_Type                  |       |
| Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)         | 86044 |
| Plug-in Hybrid Electric Vehicle (PHEV) | 26590 |

Name: count, dtype: int64

----- CAFV\_Eligibility -----

|         |        |
|---------|--------|
| count   | 112634 |
| nunique | 3      |

unique [Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible, Not ...

Name: CAFV\_Eligibility, dtype: object

Value Counts:

|  |       |
|--|-------|
| CAFV_Eligibility   |       |
| Clean Alternative Fuel Vehicle Eligible                      | 58639 |
| Eligibility unknown as battery range has not been researched | 39236 |
| Not eligible due to low battery range                        | 14759 |

Name: count, dtype: int64

----- Vehicle\_Location -----

|         |        |
|---------|--------|
| count   | 112610 |
| nunique | 758    |

unique [POINT (-81.80023 24.5545), POINT (-114.57245 ...

Name: Vehicle\_Location, dtype: object

Value Counts:

|                             |      |
|-----------------------------|------|
| Vehicle_Location            |      |
| POINT (-122.13158 47.67858) | 2916 |
| POINT (-122.2066 47.67887)  | 2059 |
| POINT (-122.1872 47.61001)  | 2001 |
| POINT (-122.31765 47.70013) | 1880 |
| POINT (-122.12096 47.55584) | 1852 |

```

...
POINT (-124.33152 48.05431)      1
POINT (-77.41203 39.41574)      1
POINT (-123.61022 46.35588)     1
POINT (-112.04165 40.68741)     1
POINT (-116.91895 47.40077)     1
Name: count, Length: 758, dtype: int64

```

```

----- Electric_Utility -----
count                                112191
nunique                               73
unique    [nan, PACIFICORP, PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC, PUD ...
Name: Electric_Utility, dtype: object
Value Counts:
  Electric_Utility
PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC||CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)
40247
PUGET SOUND ENERGY INC
22172
CITY OF SEATTLE - (WA)|CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)
21447
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF CLARK COUNTY - (WA)
6522
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||CITY OF TACOMA - (WA)||PENINSULA LIGHT COMPANY
5053
...
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PENINSULA LIGHT COMPANY
1
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF ASOTIN COUNTY
1
CITY OF SEATTLE - (WA)
1
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||NESPELEM VALLEY ELEC COOP, INC
1
BONNEVILLE POWER ADMINISTRATION||PUD NO 1 OF CLALLAM COUNTY|PUD NO 1 OF
JEFFERSON COUNTY      1
Name: count, Length: 73, dtype: int64

```

```

[ ]: def numerical_univariate_analysis(numerical_data):
      for col_name in numerical_data:
          print("-"*10, col_name, "-"*10)
          print(numerical_data[col_name].agg(['min', 'max', 'mean', 'median',
          ↪ 'std']))
          print()

```

```

[ ]: numerical_univariate_analysis(numerical_df)

```

### 0.3.2 Visual Univariate Analysis on Numerical Columns

#### Frequency Distribution

```
[ ]: sns.set(style="whitegrid") # Univariate Analysis: Distribution of Numerical Columns

# Plot histograms for numerical columns

for column in numerical_columns:
    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))

    sns.histplot(df[column], kde=True)
    plt.title(f'Distribution of {column}')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

#### Outlier Detection

```
[ ]: # Box plots for numerical columns

for column in numerical_columns:
    plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))

    sns.boxplot(x=df[column])
    plt.title(f'Box Plot of {column}')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: def describe_outliers(df, column):
    Q1 = df[column].quantile(0.25)
    Q3 = df[column].quantile(0.75)
    IQR = Q3 - Q1
    lower_bound = Q1 - 1.5 * IQR
    upper_bound = Q3 + 1.5 * IQR
    outliers = df[(df[column] < lower_bound) | (df[column] > upper_bound)]
    print(f"\nColumn: {column}")
    print(f"Number of outliers: {len(outliers)}")
    print(f"Percentage of outliers: {len(outliers) / len(df) * 100:.2f}%")
    print(f"Range of outliers: {outliers[column].min()} to {outliers[column].max()}")

    print(f"Range of non-outliers: {df[(df[column] >= lower_bound) & (df[column] <= upper_bound)][column].min()} to {df[(df[column] >= lower_bound) & (df[column] <= upper_bound)][column].max()}")

for column in numerical_columns:
    describe_outliers(df, column)
```

### 0.3.3 Visual Univariate Analysis on Categorical Variables

```
[ ]: # Plot bar charts for categorical columns
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 10))
for i, column in enumerate(categorical_columns[:6], 1): # Limiting to first 6
    ↪for clarity
        plt.subplot(3, 2, i)
        sns.countplot(y=df[column], order=df[column].value_counts().index[:10])
        plt.title(f'Top 10 {column}')
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

### 0.3.4 Bivariate Analysis

```
[ ]: # 1. Relationship between Model Year and Electric Range
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.scatterplot(x='Model_Year', y='Electric_Range', data=df)
plt.title('Model Year vs Electric Range')
plt.show()

# 2. Comparison of Electric Range across different Electric Vehicle Types
plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
sns.boxplot(x='Electric_Vehicle_Type', y='Electric_Range', data=df)
plt.title('Electric Range by Vehicle Type')
plt.xticks(rotation=45)
plt.show()

# 3. Correlation between Electric Range and Base MSRP
# First, let's check if Base MSRP has non-zero values
if df['Base_MSRP'].sum() > 0:
    plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
    sns.scatterplot(x='Base_MSRP', y='Electric_Range', data=df)
    plt.title('Base MSRP vs Electric Range')
    plt.show()
else:
    print("Base MSRP column contains only zero values. Skipping this analysis.")

# 4. Distribution of Electric Vehicle Types across different States
vehicle_type_by_state = df.groupby('State')['Electric_Vehicle_Type'].
    ↪value_counts().unstack()
plt.figure(figsize=(15, 8))
vehicle_type_by_state.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True)
plt.title('Distribution of Electric Vehicle Types across States')
plt.xlabel('State')
plt.ylabel('Count')
plt.legend(title='Electric Vehicle Type', bbox_to_anchor=(1.05, 1), loc='upper_
    ↪left')
```

```
plt.tight_layout()
plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
df = pd.read_csv("dataset.csv")
# 5. Correlation matrix for numerical variables
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
correlation_matrix = df.corr()
sns.heatmap(correlation_matrix, annot=True, cmap='coolwarm', fmt='.2f')
plt.title('Correlation Matrix of Numerical Features')
plt.show()

# 6. Distribution of Electric Vehicle Types by Make
plt.figure(figsize=(14, 7))
sns.countplot(y='Make', hue='Electric_Vehicle_Type', data=df, order=df['Make'].
    ↪value_counts().index)
plt.title('Distribution of Electric Vehicle Types by Make')
plt.xlabel('Count')
plt.ylabel('Make')
plt.legend(title='Electric Vehicle Type')
plt.show()
```

```
[ ]: # Assuming 'df' is your DataFrame
df.boxplot(by="CAFV_Eligibility", column=['Electric_Range'])

# Rotate x-axis labels by 90 degrees
plt.xticks(rotation=90)

# Show the plot
plt.show()
```

#### 0.4 Task 2: Create a Choropleth using plotly.express to display the number of EV vehicles based on location

```
[ ]: ! pip install plotly
```

```
[ ]: import plotly.express as px
```

```
[ ]: ev_count_by_state = df.groupby('State').size().
    ↪reset_index(name='Number_of_EV_Vehicles')
ev_count_by_state
```

```
[ ]: # Count the number of EVs per state
ev_count_by_state = df['State'].value_counts().reset_index()
ev_count_by_state.columns = ['State', 'EV_Count']

# Create the Choropleth map
fig = px.choropleth(ev_count_by_state,
                    locations='State',
                    locationmode="USA-states",
                    color='EV_Count',
                    scope="usa",
                    color_continuous_scale="Viridis",
                    title="Number of Electric Vehicles by State")

# Update the layout
fig.update_layout(
    title_x=0.5,
    geo_scope='usa',
)

fig.show()

# Save the plot as an HTML file
fig.write_html("ev_choropleth_map.html")

print("Choropleth map has been created and saved as 'ev_choropleth_map.html'.")
print("\
Top 5 states by EV count:")
print(ev_count_by_state.head().to_string(index=False))
```

```
[ ]: import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px

# Load the dataset
df = pd.read_csv('dataset.csv', encoding='ascii')

# Count the number of EVs per postal code
ev_count_by_postal = df['Postal Code'].value_counts().reset_index()
ev_count_by_postal.columns = ['Postal Code', 'EV_Count']

# Merge the count with the original dataframe to get location data
df_merged = df.merge(ev_count_by_postal, on='Postal Code')

# Extract latitude and longitude from the 'Vehicle Location' column
df_merged['Longitude'] = df_merged['Vehicle Location'].str.extract('POINT_
↪\((( [-\d.]+) )')
df_merged['Latitude'] = df_merged['Vehicle Location'].str.extract(' ( [-\d.
↪]+)\)\)')
```

```

# Convert to numeric
df_merged['Longitude'] = pd.to_numeric(df_merged['Longitude'])
df_merged['Latitude'] = pd.to_numeric(df_merged['Latitude'])

# Create the scatter plot on a map
fig = px.scatter_mapbox(df_merged,
                        lat='Latitude',
                        lon='Longitude',
                        color='EV_Count',
                        size='EV_Count',
                        hover_name='Postal Code',
                        hover_data=['City', 'State', 'EV_Count'],
                        color_continuous_scale="Viridis",
                        size_max=15,
                        zoom=3,
                        title="Number of Electric Vehicles by Postal Code")

fig.update_layout(mapbox_style="open-street-map")
fig.update_layout(margin={"r":0,"t":0,"l":0,"b":0})

# Save the plot as an HTML file
fig.write_html("ev_postal_code_map.html")

fig.show()

print("Scatter map based on postal codes has been created and saved as_
↳ 'ev_postal_code_map.html'.")
print("\
Top 10 postal codes by EV count:")
print(ev_count_by_postal.head(10).to_string(index=False))

# Display some statistics
print("\
Total number of unique postal codes:", len(ev_count_by_postal))
print("Average number of EVs per postal code:",_
↳ round(ev_count_by_postal['EV_Count'].mean(), 2))
print("Median number of EVs per postal code:", ev_count_by_postal['EV_Count'].
↳ median())
print("Maximum number of EVs in a single postal code:",_
↳ ev_count_by_postal['EV_Count'].max())

```

### 0.5 Task 3: Create a Racing Bar Plot to display the animation of EV Make and its count each year.

```
[ ]: !pip install bar-chart-race
```

```
[ ]: import bar_chart_race as bcr
import warnings
```

```
[ ]: # Convert 'Model Year' to string for grouping
df['Model Year'] = df['Model Year'].astype(str)

# Group the data by 'Model Year' and 'Make', then count the occurrences
grouped_data = df.groupby(['Model Year', 'Make']).size().
    ↪reset_index(name='Count')

# Pivot the data to have 'Model Year' as the index and 'Make' as columns
pivoted_data = grouped_data.pivot(index='Model Year', columns='Make',
    ↪values='Count')

# Fill missing values with 0 (for years where some makes might have no entries)
pivoted_data = pivoted_data.fillna(0)

# Create the bar chart race animation and save it as a GIF
bcr.bar_chart_race(df=pivoted_data, filename='EV_racing_bar_plot.gif',
    orientation='h', sort='desc', n_bars=10,
    title='EV Make Count Over the Years',
    ↪filter_column_colors=True, period_length=1000)
```

```
[ ]:
```