A. Create an external table in Hive from a csy file:

- 1. Copy the given csv file from local file system to hadoop file system:
 - Syntax: hdfs dfs -put <local-file-path> <directory-path-in-hadoop>
 - Eg: hdfs dfs -put ~/MTCS_202/PRACTICALS/A4_Hive/StatewiseTestingDetails.csv /user/cloudera/state

(This puts the statewise data into the state directory (which you should have already created)).

2. Create the external table:

- Syntax: CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS <table-name> (<table-schema>) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '<directory-path-in-hadoop>'
- Eg: CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE IF NOT EXISTS covid_states (Sno int, Date string, State_UnionTerritory string, TotalSamples int, Negative int, Positive int) ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' STORED AS TEXTFILE LOCATION '/user/cloudera/state'

To see the table in hive, type show tables; covid_states must be listed. SQL queries can now be run on this table.

B. Load the result of a query into a csv file in local filesystem:

- Syntax: INSERT OVERWRITE LOCAL DIRECTORY '<local-directory-path>' ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS TERMINATED BY ',' <query>;
- Eg: INSERT OVERWRITE LOCAL DIRECTORY
 'MTCS_202/PRACTICALS/A4_Hive/Output/' ROW FORMAT DELIMITED FIELDS
 TERMINATED BY ',' SELECT State_UnionTerritory, count(Positive) FROM
 covid_states GROUP BY State_UnionTerritory;
- The query counts the number of positive cases for each state.
- The result is stored in the specified local directory as a part file. To store it in a csv file, run (for this example):

cat Output/* > StatewisePositive.csv

(Here, this command is run in the directory A4_Hive. That's why the path starts directly from Output; the csv file is stored in A4_Hive.)

C. Find the discrepancies between the positive cases reported in StatewiseTestingDetails.csv and the confirmed cases reported in Covid19_India.csv:

1. Obtain state wise confirmed cases:

SELECT State_UnionTerritory, sum(Confirmed) FROM covid19 GROUP BY State_UnionTerritory;

(covid19 is an external table in hive created from Covid19_India.csv)

2. Obtain state wise positive cases:

SELECT State_UnionTerritory, sum(Positive) FROM covid_states GROUP BY State_UnionTerritory;

- 3. The results of the above two queries are stored in csv files and then external tables created for them as confirmed (schema: State_UnionTerritory string, Confrmed int) and positive (schema: State_UnionTerritory string, Positives int), respectively.
- 4. Find the desired discrepancy by joining confirmed and positive on State UnionTerritory:

SELECT c.State_UnionTerritory, abs(c.Confirmed-p.Positives) AS Discrepancy FROM confirmed c JOIN positive p ON (c.State_UnionTerritory = p.State_UnionTerritory);

D. Dynamic partition on **State_UnionTerritory** and cluster on Date using Covid19_India.csv:

1. Create the partitoned table:

CREATE TABLE covid_partSt_clustDt (Sno int, Date string, Cured int, Deaths int, Confirmed int) PARTITIONED BY (State_UnionTerritory string) CLUSTERED BY (Date) INTO 30 BUCKETS STORED AS SEQUENCEFILE;

2. We now fill data in this parititioned table:

Before filling the data, first execute each of these commands individually:

set hive.exec.dynamic.partition=true;

set hive.exec.dynamic.partition.mode=nonstrict;

set hive.exec.max.dynamic.partitions.pernode=1000;

set hive.enforce.bucketing = true;

INSERT OVERWRITE TABLE covid_partSt_clustDt PARTITION (State_UnionTerritory) SELECT Sno, Date, Cured, Deaths, Confirmed, State_UnionTerritory FROM covid19;

3. The partitioned table is stored as part files in hdfs:

hdfs dfs -ls /user/hive/warehouse

4. <u>Corresponding to each State/Union Territory there's a partition.</u> To see all the <u>data in the partition, for example, State_UnionTerritory=Tripura</u>: SELECT * from covid_partSt_clustDt WHERE State_UnionTerritory='Tripura';

5. <u>To get data only from the 2nd bucket from all partitions</u>: SELECT * from covid_partSt_clustDt TABLESAMPLE(BUCKET 2 OUT OF 30 ON Date);

NOTE: The outputs of all these queries are submitted in appropriately named files.