

Data used for calculating  $e$  and  $a$ :

No of weeks	Date	Recovered	Death	Infected $I(t)$	Recovered + Death $R(t)$	$e$	$a$
0	March, 02	0	0	1	0	0	0
1	9	0	0	1	0	0	0
2	16	0	0	4	0	0	0
3	23	0	0	33	0	0	0
4	30	14	6	57	20	10129659	0.5399
5	April, 6	45	11	308	56	5999957	0.3532
6	13	103	17	472	120	7905346	0.2946
7	20	186	23	663	209	9347382	0.23569
8	27	332	25	646	357	13881166	0.229306
9	May, 04	585	29	471	614	22069738	0.23607
10	11	801	30	444	831	25418440	0.144821
11	18	1002	34	556	1036	25378907	0.109755
12	25	1164	56	700	1220	24780630	0.08366
13	June, 01	1491	88	1213	1579	22055444	0.126135
14	08	1742	142	1858	1884	19634551	0.08985
15	15	2766	187	2240	2953	22175879	0.20088

$$Avg e = 13918473$$

$$Avg a = 0.176019$$

Derivation for  $e$  :-

$$\frac{dI}{dt} = \lambda SI - aI \quad \text{and} \quad \frac{dS}{dt} = -\lambda SI$$

dividing both the equations,

$$\frac{dI}{ds} = -\frac{(r+s-a)I}{rsI} = -1 + \frac{e}{s} \quad \text{where } e = \frac{a}{r}$$

$$dI = -ds + \frac{e}{s} ds$$

Integrating both sides;

$$I + s - e \ln s = \text{constant} = c$$

From initial condition;

$$I_0 + s_0 - e \ln s_0 = c$$

Therefore;

$$I + s - e \ln s = I_0 + s_0 - e \ln s_0$$

$$I + s - e \ln s = N - e \ln s_0$$

$$N - (I + s) = e (\ln s_0 - \ln s)$$

$$R(t) = e \ln\left(\frac{s_0}{s}\right)$$

$$e = \frac{R(t)}{\ln\left(\frac{s_0}{s}\right)}$$

Formula used for calculating a:

$$\frac{dR}{dt} = a \left[ N - s_0 + \left(\frac{s_0}{e} - 1\right) R - \frac{s_0 R^2}{2e^2} \right]$$