Econometrics June 14, 2023

## Topic 17: False Discovery Rate (FDR) and Knockoffs

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**Key points**: Constructing knockoff variables to control FDR when estimating regression coefficients.

**Disclaimer**: The note is built on Prof. Jinchi Lv's lectures of the course at USC, DSO 607, High-Dimensional Statistics and Big Data Problems.

## 17.1 Motivation

Consider the classical linear regression setting

$$y = X\beta + \epsilon$$

where  $\beta \in \mathbb{R}^p$  is the unknown vector of coefficients and  $\epsilon \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \sigma^2 \mathbf{I})$ . In a high-dimensional problem, we would like to just select a subset of all variables  $\hat{S} \subset \{1, \cdots, p\}$  s.t. conditional on  $\{\mathbf{X}_j\}_{j \in \hat{S}}$ ,  $\mathbf{y}$  is **independent** of all other variables, we can define the **False Discovery Rate** (FDR) in can be defined as

## **Definition 17.1.1: False Discovery Rate (FDR)**

$$FDR = \mathbb{E}(FDP) = \mathbb{E}\left[\frac{|\hat{S} \cap \mathcal{H}_0|}{|\hat{S}|} = \frac{\#\{j : j \in \hat{S} \setminus \mathcal{S}\}}{\#\{j : j \in \hat{S}\}}\right]$$

where  $\mathcal{H}_0 \subset \{1, \dots, p\}$  is the set of **null** variables:  $\mathbf{X}_j$  is **null** iff  $\mathbf{Y}$  is independent of  $\mathbf{X}_j$  conditional on the other variables  $\mathbf{X}_{-j} = \{\mathbf{X}_1, \dots, \mathbf{X}_p\} \setminus \{\mathbf{X}_j\}$ .

In this note, we consider a series of knockoff-based procedures

Candès et al. (2018)

## References

Emmanuel J Candès, Jianqing Fan, Lucas Janson, and Jinchi Lv. Panning for gold: 'model-x' knockoffs for high dimensional controlled variable selection. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series B (Statistical Methodology)*, 80(3):551–577, 2018.