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Topic 11: Lasso

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Key points:

Disclaimer:

Lasso (Least absolute Shrinkage and Selection Operator), proposed by Tibshirani (1996), aims to minimize the SSR (sum of residual squares) subject to the L1-norm (sum of the absolute value) of the coefficients being less than a constant.

11.1 Set up

For data $(\mathbf{x}_i, y_i)_{i=1}^n$, where

- y_i is the outcome for individual i
- $\mathbf{x}_i = (x_{i1}, \dots, x_{ip})'$ is the $p \times 1$ vector of predictors

Then the Lasso estimator $(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta})$ is defined as

$$\left(\hat{\alpha}, \hat{\beta}\right) = \arg\min_{\alpha, \beta} \left\{ \sum_{i=1}^{n} \left(y_i - \alpha - \sum_{j=1}^{p} \beta_j x_{ij} \right)^2 \right\}$$
 s.t.
$$\sum_{j=1}^{p} |\beta_j| \le t$$

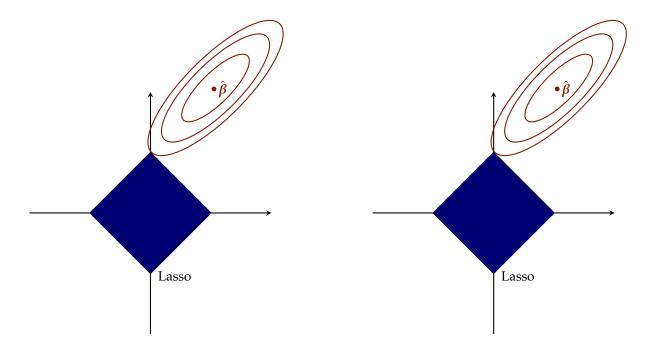
for the $n \times 1$ response vector $\mathbf{y} = (y_1, \dots, y_n)'$, the $n \times p$ design matrix $\mathbf{X} = (\mathbf{x}_1, \dots, \mathbf{x}_n)'$ where $\mathbf{x}_i = (x_{i1}, cdots, x_{ip})'$ is a $p \times 1$ vector.

11.2 Penalized Least Square Estimation

Lasso is one special class of Penalized Least Square (PLS) Estimation. For the linear regression model $\mathbf{y} = \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta} + \boldsymbol{\epsilon}$, if $\boldsymbol{\epsilon} \sim \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{0}, \sigma^2 \mathbf{I}_n)$, we have PLS as

$$\min_{\boldsymbol{\beta} \in \mathbb{R}^p} \left\{ \frac{1}{2n} \|\mathbf{y} - \mathbf{X}\boldsymbol{\beta}\|_2^2 + \sum_{j=1}^p p_{\lambda} (|\beta_j|) \right\}$$

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References

Robert Tibshirani. Regression shrinkage and selection via the lasso. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society: Series B (Methodological)*, 58(1):267–288, 1996.