Spatial Attention Tunes Temporal Processing in Early Visual Cortex by Speeding and Slowing Alpha Oscillations

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Outline

1 Materials and Methods

Materials and Methods

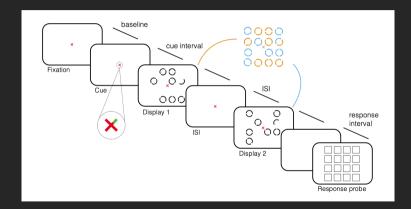


Figure 1: Trial Structure

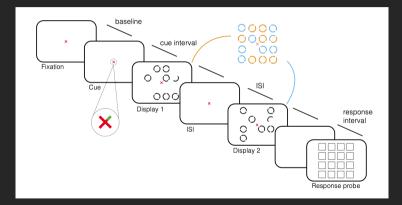
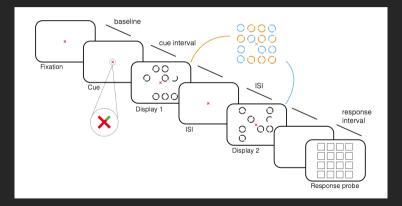


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Timeline:

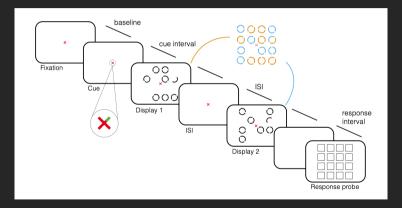
- pre-cue: 1000-1500ms
- cue interval: 850-1350ms (randomized)
- display: 16.67ms
- ISI: 48.3ms
- response delay:400ms



visual cue: red cross

- 75% (T): one of the arms turn green
- 25% (C): neutral cue

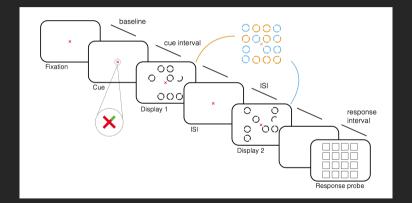
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2 displays: complementary, non-overlapping

- neutral cue: the 2 displays complete each other
- empty: one left empty in both

Figure 1: Trial Structure

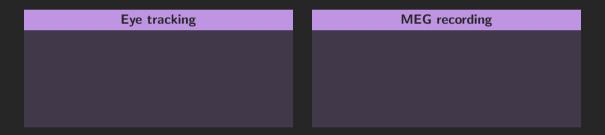


task: moving a highlighted square

- segregation: targeting the half circle
- integration: targeting the empty spot

Figure 1: Trial Structure

Measures



Measures

Eye tracking ■ sampling rate: 1kHz ■ rejection: - saccades: 7±7% trials - blinks: 3±4% trials

MEG recording

Measures

Eye tracking

- sampling rate: 1kHz
- rejection:
 - saccades: $7\pm7\%$ trials
 - blinks: $3\pm4\%$ trials

MEG recording

- lacktriangle estimate instantaneous lpha- frequency: 7- to 14-Hz frequency band
- rejection
 - nonbiological noise: $10{\pm}1$ channels

Analysis



Numerical analysis

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Source analysis

- combine head digitization data with anatomic MRI data
- regions of interest:
 - parietal cortex
 - occipital cortex

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Numerical analysis

- method: 2-way repeated ANOVA
- \blacksquare noise of raw estimates of α frequency: center on results following a <u>neutral-cue</u>
 - within each of the integration/segragation conditions separately

■ Participants: 29 (normal/corrected-to-normal vision; age 24±2.7 years; 11 male, 18 female)

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- Number of trials: 10 blocks \times 67 trials/block
- Base for numerical analysis: a shift in the neutral-cue baseline emerges equally in ipsilateral and contralateral signals

References I

Sharp, P., Gutteling, T., Melcher, D., & Hickey, C. (2022). Spatial attention tunes temporal processing in early visual cortex by speeding and slowing alpha oscillations. *Journal of Neuroscience*, 42(41), 7824–7832.

Thank you!