Noise-Induced Randomization in Regression Discontinuity Designs

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Outline

1 Estimation

Estimation

Proposition 1

Let $\gamma_+(\cdot), \gamma_-(\cdot)$ be measurable functions of Z, then under A1-A3:

$$\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{+}\left(Z\right)Y\right] = \mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(1)}\left(U\right)h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right], \qquad \qquad \mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{-}\left(Z\right)Y\right] = \mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(0)}\left(U\right)h\left(U,\gamma_{-}\right)\right]$$

where
$$h\left(u,\gamma\right)\coloneqq\int\gamma\left(z\right)p\left(z\mid u\right)\mathrm{d}\lambda\left(z\right)$$
, $\alpha_{\left(w\right)}\left(u\right)=\mathbb{E}\left[Y_{i}\left(w\right)\mid U_{i}=u\right]$

ratio-form estimators:

$$\hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} = \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} (Z_{i}) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} (Z_{i})} \qquad \qquad \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} (Z_{i}) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} (Z_{i})}$$

Proposition 1

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ratio-form estimators:

$$\hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} = \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i}\right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \underbrace{\gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i}\right)}_{\gamma_{+}\left(z\right)=0, z < c}} \qquad \qquad \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i}\right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \underbrace{\gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i}\right)}_{\gamma_{-}\left(z\right)=0, z < c}}$$

Ratio-form estimators:

$$\frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{+}\left(Z\right)Y\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{+}\left(Z\right)\right]} \Rightarrow \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} = \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+}\left(Z_{i}\right)Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+}\left(Z_{i}\right)}$$
$$\frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{-}\left(Z\right)Y\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{-}\left(Z\right)\right]} \Rightarrow \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-}\left(Z_{i}\right)Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-}\left(Z_{i}\right)}$$

Ratio-form estimators:

$$\frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{+}\left(Z\right)Y\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{+}\left(Z\right)\right]} \Rightarrow \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} = \frac{\sum_{i}\gamma_{+}\left(Z_{i}\right)Y_{i}}{\sum_{i}\gamma_{+}\left(Z_{i}\right)} \\ \frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{-}\left(Z\right)Y\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[\gamma_{-}\left(Z\right)\right]} \Rightarrow \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = \frac{\sum_{i}\gamma_{-}\left(Z_{i}\right)Y_{i}}{\sum_{i}\gamma_{-}\left(Z_{i}\right)} \Rightarrow \hat{\tau}_{\gamma} = \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} - \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-}$$

Eckles et al., 2020

Ratio-form estimators:

$$\hat{\tau}_{\gamma} = \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} - \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i}\right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i}\right)} - \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i}\right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i}\right)}$$

What's the weighted treatment effects to be estimated?

Ratio-form estimators:

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What's the weighted treatment effects to be estimated?

$$\tau_{w} = \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}[w(U)]} \tau(u) dG(u), w(\cdot) \ge 0$$

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What's the weighted treatment effects to be estimated?

$$\tau_{w} = \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w(U)\right]} \tau(u) dG(u), w(\cdot) \ge 0$$

where $\tau(u)$ (Conditional Average Treatment Effects) is

$$\tau\left(u\right) = \mathbb{E}\left[Y_{i}\left(1\right) - Y_{i}\left(0\right) \mid U_{i} = u\right] = \alpha_{\left(1\right)}\left(u\right) - \alpha_{\left(0\right)}\left(u\right)$$

Weighted Treatment Effects: Examples

Estimation

$$\tau_{w} = \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}[w(U)]} \tau(u) dG(u), w(\cdot) \ge 0$$

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$$au(u)$$
 (CATE) is $au(u) = \mathbb{E}\left[Y_i\left(1\right) - Y_i\left(0\right) \mid U_i = u\right] = lpha_{(1)}\left(u\right) - lpha_{(0)}\left(u\right)$

Weighted Treatment Effects: Examples

$$\tau_{w} = \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w(U)\right]} \tau(u) dG(u), w(\cdot) \ge 0$$

where au(u) (CATE) is $au(u) = \mathbb{E}\left[Y_i\left(1\right) - Y_i\left(0\right) \mid U_i = u\right] = lpha_{(1)}\left(u\right) - lpha_{(0)}\left(u\right)$

■ RD paramater:

$$\tau_{c} = \mathbb{E}\left[Y_{i}\left(1\right) - Y_{i}\left(0\right) \mid Z_{i} = c\right] = \int \frac{p\left(c \mid u\right)}{\int p\left(c \mid u\right) dG\left(u\right)} \tau\left(u\right) dG\left(u\right)$$

Weighted Treatment Effects: Examples

$$\tau_{w} = \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}[w(U)]} \tau(u) dG(u), w(\cdot) \ge 0$$

where au(u) (CATE) is $au(u) = \mathbb{E}\left[Y_i\left(1\right) - Y_i\left(0\right) \mid U_i = u\right] = lpha_{(1)}\left(u\right) - lpha_{(0)}\left(u\right)$

■ Changing the cutoff:

$$\tau_{\pi} = \mathbb{E}\left[Y_{i}\left(1\right) - Y_{i}\left(0\right) \mid c' \leq Z_{i} < c\right] = \int \tau\left(u\right) \frac{\int_{\left[c',c\right)} p\left(z \mid u\right) d\lambda\left(z\right)}{\int_{\left[c',c\right)} dF\left(z\right)} dG\left(u\right)$$

Asymptotic Bias

Theorem 2: Asymptotic Limit of $\hat{ au}_{\gamma}$

$$\hat{\tau}_{\gamma} = \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} - \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} =$$

$$\frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} (Z_{i}) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} (Z_{i})} -$$

$$\frac{\sum_{i}\gamma_{-}\left(Z_{i}\right)Y_{i}}{\sum_{i}\gamma_{-}\left(Z_{i}\right)}$$

Asymptotic Bias

Theorem 2: Asymptotic Limit of $\hat{ au}_{\gamma}$

$$\begin{split} \hat{\tau}_{\gamma} &= \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} - \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = & \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i}\right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i}\right)} &- & \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i}\right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i}\right)} \\ &\stackrel{p}{\rightarrow} & \frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(1)} \left(U\right) h\left(U, \gamma_{+}\right)\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{+}\right)\right]} &- & \frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(0)} \left(U\right) h\left(U, \gamma_{-}\right)\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{-}\right)\right]} = \mu_{\gamma,+} - \mu_{\gamma,-} \equiv \theta_{\gamma} \end{split}$$

Asymptotic Bias

Theorem 2: Asymptotic Limit of $\hat{ au}_{\gamma}$

$$\begin{split} \hat{\tau}_{\gamma} &= \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} - \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = & \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i} \right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{+} \left(Z_{i} \right)} &- & \frac{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i} \right) Y_{i}}{\sum_{i} \gamma_{-} \left(Z_{i} \right)} \\ &\stackrel{p}{\Longrightarrow} & \frac{\mathbb{E} \left[\alpha_{(1)} \left(U \right) h \left(U, \gamma_{+} \right) \right]}{\mathbb{E} \left[h \left(U, \gamma_{+} \right) \right]} &- & \frac{\mathbb{E} \left[\alpha_{(0)} \left(U \right) h \left(U, \gamma_{-} \right) \right]}{\mathbb{E} \left[h \left(U, \gamma_{-} \right) \right]} = \mu_{\gamma,+} - \mu_{\gamma,-} \equiv \theta_{\gamma} \end{split}$$

How biased is this asymptotic limit? Comparing to

$$\tau_{w} = \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{C}\left[w(U)\right]} \tau(u) dG(u), w(\cdot) \ge 0$$

aBias
$$\left[\gamma_{\pm}, \tau_{w}; \alpha_{(0)}(\cdot), \tau(\cdot), G\right] = \theta_{\gamma} - \tau_{w}$$

$$a \operatorname{Bias}\left[\gamma_{\pm}, \tau_{w}; \alpha_{(0)}(\cdot), \tau(\cdot), G\right] = \theta_{\gamma} - \tau_{w}$$

$$= \frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(1)}(U) h(U, \gamma_{+})\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[h(U, \gamma_{+})\right]} - \frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(0)}(U) h(U, \gamma_{-})\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[h(U, \gamma_{-})\right]} - \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w(U)\right]} \tau(u) dG(u)$$

$$a \operatorname{Bias}\left[\gamma_{\pm}, \tau_{w}; \alpha_{(0)}(\cdot), \tau(\cdot), G\right] = \theta_{\gamma} - \tau_{w}$$

$$= \frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(1)}(U) h(U, \gamma_{+})\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[h(U, \gamma_{+})\right]} - \frac{\mathbb{E}\left[\alpha_{(0)}(U) h(U, \gamma_{-})\right]}{\mathbb{E}\left[h(U, \gamma_{-})\right]} - \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w(U)\right]} \tau(u) \, \mathrm{d}G(u)$$

$$= \int \left(\frac{h(u, \gamma_{+})}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h(U, \gamma_{+})\right]}\right) \alpha_{(1)}(u) \, \mathrm{d}G(u) - \int \left(\frac{h(u, \gamma_{-})}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h(U, \gamma_{-})\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}(u) \, \mathrm{d}G(u)$$

$$- \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w(U)\right]} \tau(u) \, \mathrm{d}G(u)$$

$$a \operatorname{Bias}\left[\gamma_{\pm}, \tau_{w}; \alpha_{(0)}(\cdot), \tau(\cdot), G\right] = \theta_{\gamma} - \tau_{w}$$

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$$= \int \left(\frac{h(u, \gamma_{+})}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h(U, \gamma_{+})\right]}\right) \alpha_{(1)}(u) \, \mathrm{d}G(u) - \int \left(\frac{h(u, \gamma_{-})}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h(U, \gamma_{-})\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}(u) \, \mathrm{d}G(u)$$

$$- \int \frac{w(u)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w(U)\right]} \tau(u) \, \mathrm{d}G(u)$$

Remember? au(u) (Conditional Average Treatment Effects) is

$$\tau\left(u\right)=\mathbb{E}\left[Y_{i}\left(1\right)-Y_{i}\left(0\right)\mid U_{i}=u\right]=\alpha_{\left(1\right)}\left(u\right)-\alpha_{\left(0\right)}\left(u\right)\Rightarrow \boxed{\alpha_{\left(1\right)}\left(u\right)=\tau(u)+\alpha_{\left(0\right)}\left(u\right)}$$

$$a \operatorname{Bias}\left[\gamma_{\pm}, \tau_{w}; \alpha_{(0)}(\cdot), \tau(\cdot), G\right] = \theta_{\gamma} - \tau_{w}$$

$$= \int \left(\frac{h\left(u, \gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{+}\right)\right]}\right) \underbrace{\alpha_{(1)}\left(u\right)}_{=\tau\left(u\right) + \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right)} dG\left(u\right)$$

$$- \int \left(\frac{h\left(u, \gamma_{-}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{-}\right)\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right) dG\left(u\right) - \int \frac{w\left(u\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w\left(U\right)\right]} \tau\left(u\right) dG\left(u\right)$$

$$a \operatorname{Bias}\left[\gamma_{\pm}, \tau_{w}; \alpha_{(0)}\left(\cdot\right), \tau\left(\cdot\right), G\right] = \theta_{\gamma} - \tau_{w}$$

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$$= \int \left(\frac{h\left(u, \gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{+}\right)\right]}\right) \underbrace{\alpha_{(1)}\left(u\right)}_{=\tau\left(u\right)+\alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right)} dG\left(u\right)$$

$$- \int \left(\frac{h\left(u, \gamma_{-}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{-}\right)\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right) dG\left(u\right) - \int \frac{w\left(u\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w\left(U\right)\right]} \tau\left(u\right) dG\left(u\right)$$

$$= \int \left(\frac{h\left(u, \gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{h\left(u, \gamma_{-}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{-}\right)\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right) dG\left(u\right)$$

$$+ \int \left(\frac{h\left(u, \gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U, \gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{w\left(u\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w\left(U\right)\right]}\right) \tau\left(u\right) dG\left(u\right)$$

$$\int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{-}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{-}\right)\right]} \right) \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right)$$
 Confounding bias
$$\int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{w\left(u\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w\left(U\right)\right]} \right) \tau\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right)$$
 CATE heterogeneity bias

How to minimize them?

$$\begin{split} \int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{-}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{-}\right)\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right) & \qquad \qquad \text{Confounding bias} \\ \int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{w\left(u\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w\left(U\right)\right]}\right) \tau\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right) & \qquad \text{CATE heterogeneity bias} \end{split}$$

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■ Confounding bias: $h(\cdot, \gamma_+) \approx h(\cdot, \gamma_-)$

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How to minimize them?

■ Confounding bias: $h(\cdot, \gamma_+) \approx h(\cdot, \gamma_-)$ where $h(u, \gamma) := \int \gamma(z) p(z \mid u) d\lambda(z)$ How well the units are balanced via the latent variable u

Eckles et al., 2020

$$\begin{split} \int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{-}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{-}\right)\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right) & \qquad \qquad \text{Confounding bias} \\ \int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{w\left(u\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w\left(U\right)\right]}\right) \tau\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right) & \qquad \text{CATE heterogeneity bias} \end{split}$$

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- CATE heterogeneity bias:

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How to minimize them?

- Confounding bias: $h(\cdot, \gamma_+) \approx h(\cdot, \gamma_-)$ How well the units are balanced via the latent variable u
- CATE heterogeneity bias:
 - au(u) being constant w.r.t. u, a constant conditional treatment effect

$$\begin{split} \int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{-}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{-}\right)\right]}\right) \alpha_{(0)}\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right) & \qquad \qquad \text{Confounding bias} \\ \int \left(\frac{h\left(u,\gamma_{+}\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[h\left(U,\gamma_{+}\right)\right]} - \frac{w\left(u\right)}{\mathbb{E}_{G}\left[w\left(U\right)\right]}\right) \tau\left(u\right) \, \mathrm{d}G\left(u\right) & \qquad \text{CATE heterogeneity bias} \end{split}$$

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 - au(u) being constant w.r.t. u, a constant conditional treatment effect
 - $h(u,\gamma_+)=w(u), \forall u$, an absolutely correct weighting function

References I

Eckles, D., Ignatiadis, N., Wager, S., & Wu, H. (2020). Noise-induced randomization in regression discontinuity designs. arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.09458.

Thank you!