

Noise-Induced Randomization in Regression Discontinuity Designs

Dean Eckles, Nikolaos Ignatiadis, Stefan Wager, Han Wu

Presented by: Sai Zhang

November 18, 2022

Outline

1 Applications

Applications

Design Estimators

The goal: Make the confidence intervals **shorter**

$$\hat{\tau}_{\gamma} \pm l_{\alpha}, \quad l_{\alpha} = \min \left\{ l : \mathbf{P} \left[\left| b + n^{-\frac{1}{2}} \hat{V}_{\gamma}^{\frac{1}{2}} \tilde{Z} \right| \leq l \right] \geq 1 - \alpha, \forall |b| \leq \hat{B}_{\gamma, M} \right\}$$

by minimizing the worst-case MSE of

$$\hat{\tau} = \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,+} - \hat{\mu}_{\gamma,-} = \frac{\sum_i \gamma_+(Z_i) Y_i}{\sum_i \gamma_+(Z_i)} - \frac{\sum_i \gamma_-(Z_i) Y_i}{\sum_i \gamma_-(Z_i)}$$

Design Estimators: Quadratic Programming

Solve

$$\min_{\gamma_{\pm}(\cdot)} \frac{1}{n} \left(\int \gamma_-^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) + \int \gamma_+^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) \right) + (t_1 + t_2)^2$$

s.t.

$$|h(u, \gamma_+) - h(u, \gamma_-)| \leq t_1, \quad \forall u$$

$$M |h(u, \gamma_{\diamond}) - \bar{w}(u)| \leq t_2, \quad \forall u, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

$$\int \gamma_+(z) d\bar{F}(z) = \int \gamma_-(z) d\bar{F}(z) = 1$$

$$\gamma_-(z) = 0, \quad z \geq c$$

$$\gamma_+(z) = 0, \quad z < c$$

$$|\gamma_{\diamond}(z)| \leq Cn^{\beta}, \quad \forall z, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

Design Estimators: Quadratic Programming

Solve

$$\min_{\gamma_{\pm}(\cdot)} \frac{1}{n} \left(\int \gamma_-^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) + \int \gamma_+^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) \right) + (t_1 + t_2)^2$$

s.t.

$$|h(u, \gamma_+) - h(u, \gamma_-)| \leq t_1, \quad \forall u$$

$$M |h(u, \gamma_{\diamond}) - \bar{w}(u)| \leq t_2, \quad \forall u, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

$$\int \gamma_+(z) d\bar{F}(z) = \int \gamma_-(z) d\bar{F}(z) = 1$$

$$\gamma_-(z) = 0, \quad z \geq c$$

$$\gamma_+(z) = 0, \quad z < c$$

$$|\gamma_{\diamond}(z)| \leq Cn^{\beta}, \quad \forall z, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

Design Estimators: Quadratic Programming

Solve

$$\min_{\gamma_{\pm}(\cdot)} \frac{1}{n} \left(\int \gamma_-^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) + \int \gamma_+^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) \right) + (t_1 + t_2)^2$$

s.t.

$$|h(u, \gamma_+) - h(u, \gamma_-)| \leq t_1, \quad \forall u$$

confounding bias

$$M |h(u, \gamma_{\diamond}) - \bar{w}(u)| \leq t_2, \quad \forall u, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

CATE-heterogeneity bias

$$\int \gamma_+(z) d\bar{F}(z) = \int \gamma_-(z) d\bar{F}(z) = 1$$

$$\gamma_-(z) = 0, \quad z \geq c$$

$$\gamma_+(z) = 0, \quad z < c$$

$$|\gamma_{\diamond}(z)| \leq Cn^{\beta}, \quad \forall z, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

Design Estimators: Quadratic Programming

Solve

$$\min_{\gamma_{\pm}(\cdot)} \frac{1}{n} \left(\int \gamma_-^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) + \int \gamma_+^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) \right) + (t_1 + t_2)^2$$

s.t.

$$|h(u, \gamma_+) - h(u, \gamma_-)| \leq t_1, \quad \forall u$$

confounding bias

$$M |h(u, \gamma_{\diamond}) - \bar{w}(u)| \leq t_2, \quad \forall u, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

CATE-heterogeneity bias

$$\int \gamma_+(z) d\bar{F}(z) = \int \gamma_-(z) d\bar{F}(z) = 1$$

normalization constraint

$$\gamma_-(z) = 0, \quad z \geq c$$

Sharp RD

$$\gamma_+(z) = 0, \quad z < c$$

$$|\gamma_{\diamond}(z)| \leq Cn^{\beta}, \quad \forall z, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

Design Estimators: Quadratic Programming

Solve

$$\min_{\gamma_{\pm}(\cdot)} \frac{1}{n} \left(\int \gamma_-^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) + \int \gamma_+^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) \right) + (t_1 + t_2)^2$$

s.t.

$$|h(u, \gamma_+) - h(u, \gamma_-)| \leq t_1, \quad \forall u \quad \text{confounding bias}$$

$$M |h(u, \gamma_{\diamond}) - \bar{w}(u)| \leq t_2, \quad \forall u, \diamond \in \{\pm\} \quad \text{CATE-heterogeneity bias}$$

$$\int \gamma_+(z) d\bar{F}(z) = \int \gamma_-(z) d\bar{F}(z) = 1 \quad \text{normalization constraint}$$

$$\gamma_-(z) = 0, \quad z \geq c \quad \text{Sharp RD}$$

$$\gamma_+(z) = 0, \quad z < c$$

$$|\gamma_{\diamond}(z)| \leq Cn^{\beta}, \quad \forall z, \diamond \in \{\pm\} \quad \text{no observation is given excessive influence}$$

Design Estimators: Quadratic Programming

Solve

$$\min_{\gamma_{\pm}(\cdot)} \frac{1}{n} \left(\int \gamma_-^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) + \int \gamma_+^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) \right) + (t_1 + t_2)^2$$

s.t.

$$M |h(u, \gamma_{\diamond}) - \bar{w}(u)| \leq t_2, \quad \forall u, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

CATE-heterogeneity bias

$$\int \gamma_+(z) d\bar{F}(z) = \int \gamma_-(z) d\bar{F}(z) = 1$$

normalization constraint

Design Estimators: Quadratic Programming

Solve

$$\min_{\gamma_{\pm}(\cdot)} \frac{1}{n} \left(\int \gamma_-^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) + \int \gamma_+^2(z) d\bar{F}(z) \right) + (t_1 + t_2)^2$$

s.t.

$$M |h(u, \gamma_{\diamond}) - \bar{w}(u)| \leq t_2, \quad \forall u, \diamond \in \{\pm\}$$

CATE-heterogeneity bias

$$\int \gamma_+(z) d\bar{F}(z) = \int \gamma_-(z) d\bar{F}(z) = 1$$

normalization constraint

References I

Eckles, D., Ignatiadis, N., Wager, S., & Wu, H. (2020). Noise-induced randomization in regression discontinuity designs. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.09458*.

Thank you!