

Noise-Induced Randomization in Regression Discontinuity Designs

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Outline

1 Introduction

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RD Identification

Z_i
running variable

RD Identification

Z_i
running variable

W_i
treatment

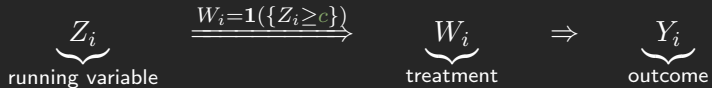
RD Identification

$$\underbrace{Z_i}_{\text{running variable}} \xrightarrow{W_i = \mathbf{1}(\{Z_i \geq c\})} \underbrace{W_i}_{\text{treatment}}$$

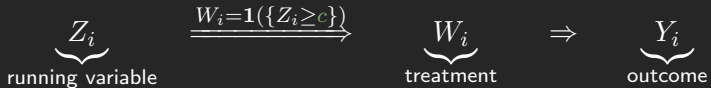
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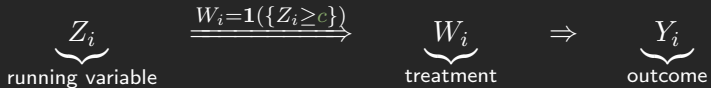


test scores

admission

outcomes

RD Identification



test scores
test results

admission
medication

outcomes
outcomes

RD Identification: Continuity Argument

For potential outcomes $\{Y_i(0), Y_i(1)\}$: $Y_i = Y_i(W_i)$, a weighted **causal effect** can be identified as

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assuming the conditional response functions $\mu_w(z) = \mathbb{E}[Y(w) \mid Z = z]$ are continuous

RD Identification: Problems of Continuity Argument

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Lee (2008): continuous measurement error in the running variable by units

References I

- Eckles, D., Ignatiadis, N., Wager, S., & Wu, H. (2020). Noise-induced randomization in regression discontinuity designs. *arXiv preprint arXiv:2004.09458*.
- Lee, D. S. (2008). Randomized experiments from non-random selection in us house elections. *Journal of Econometrics*, 142(2), 675–697.

Thank you!