

Docker 4:

What's alternative for docker-compose? it is kubernetes

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ git clone https://github.com/Haider7214/springboot-mysql-docker-compose.git
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ ls -l
total 0
drwxr-xr-x. 3 ec2-user ec2-user 32 May 7 00:13 demo-webapp
drwxr-xr-x. 5 ec2-user ec2-user 83 May 6 02:43 my-webapp
drwxr-xr-x. 4 ec2-user ec2-user 40 May 11 20:32 SpringBootApplication
drwxr-xr-x. 4 ec2-user ec2-user 58 May 13 23:55 springboot-mysql-docker-compose
drwxr-xr-x. 5 ec2-user ec2-user 118 May 7 00:48 SpringSecurity_JWT
drwxr-xr-x. 4 ec2-user ec2-user 64 May 11 17:54 try-webapp
drwxr-xr-x. 4 ec2-user ec2-user 36 May 13 02:30 WebappCRM
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ mvn clean package
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ mvn clean package -DskipTests
```

```
[INFO] Replacing main artifact /home/ec2-user/springboot-mysql-docker-compose/sp
with repackaged archive, adding nested dependencies in BOOT-INF/.
[INFO] The original artifact has been renamed to /home/ec2-user/springboot-mysql-
er-compose-1.0.jar.original
[INFO] -----
[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS
[INFO] -----
[INFO] Total time: 12.376 s
[INFO] Finished at: 2025-05-13T23:57:15Z
[INFO] -----
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 target]$ ls -l
total 53324
drwxr-xr-x. 4 ec2-user ec2-user 64 May 13 23:57 classes
drwxr-xr-x. 3 ec2-user ec2-user 25 May 13 23:57 generated-sources
drwxr-xr-x. 3 ec2-user ec2-user 30 May 13 23:57 generated-test-sources
drwxr-xr-x. 2 ec2-user ec2-user 28 May 13 23:57 maven-archiver
drwxr-xr-x. 3 ec2-user ec2-user 35 May 13 23:57 maven-status
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 54594093 May 13 23:57 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 6667 May 13 23:57 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar.original
drwxr-xr-x. 3 ec2-user ec2-user 17 May 13 23:57 test-classes
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 target]$
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 target]$ vi Dockerfile
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 target]$ cat Dockerfile
FROM openjdk:17
EXPOSE 8080
COPY target/spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar"]
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 target]$ vi docker-compose.yml
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 target]$ cat docker-compose.yml
version: "3.8"
```

```
services:
  musqldb:
    image: mysql:8.0
```

```

ports:
  - "3306:3306"
environments:
  - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: root
  - MYSQL_DATABASE: sbm
networks:
  - springboot-db-net
application:
  build: .
  depends_on:
    mysqladb:
  ports:
    - "8080:8080"
  networks:
    - springboot-db-net
  volumes:
    - /data/springboot-app

```

```

networks:
  springboot-db-net:

```

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 springboot-mysql-docker-compose]$ docker images
REPOSITORY    TAG       IMAGE ID       CREATED        SIZE
try-webapp    latest   fcd71f541cea   2 days ago    468MB
springbootapp latest   f06e88a7ddef   2 days ago    497MB

```

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 springboot-mysql-docker-compose]$ docker system prune -a

```

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ ls -l
total 32
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 503 May 14 00:17 docker-compose.yml
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 10665 May 13 23:55 mvnw
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 7061 May 13 23:55 mvnw.cmd
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 2051 May 13 23:55 pom.xml
drwxr-xr-x. 4 ec2-user ec2-user 30 May 13 23:55 src
drwxr-xr-x. 8 ec2-user ec2-user 4096 May 14 00:08 target

```

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ docker-compose up -d

```

Updated docker-compose.yml

```

[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ cat docker-compose.yml
version: "3.8"

```

```

services:
  mysqladb:
    image: mysql:8.0
    ports:
      - "3306:3306"
    environment:
      MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD: root

```

```

    MYSQL_DATABASE: sbm
healthcheck:
  test: ["CMD", "mysqladmin", "ping", "-h", "localhost"]
  interval: 10s
  timeout: 5s
  retries: 5
networks:
  - springboot-db-net
application:
  build: .
  depends_on:
    mysql:
      condition: service_healthy
  ports:
    - "8080:8080"
  networks:
    - springboot-db-net
  volumes:
    - /data/springboot-app

```

```

networks:
  springboot-db-net:

```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ docker-compose up -d
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ docker-compose ps
```

Name	Command	State	Ports

spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose_mysql_1	docker-entrypoint.sh mysqld	Up (healthy)	
0.0.0.0:3306->3306/tcp,:::3306->3306/tcp, 33060/tcp			

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ docker-compose up -d
```

```

Starting spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose_mysql_1 ... done
Starting spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose_application_1 ... done

```

Docker compose file

Clone the project from Github repo

```
git clone https://github.com/Haider7214/springboot-mysql-docker-compose.git
```

```
cd springboot-mysql-docker-compose
```

```
Mvn clean package -DskipTest
```

```
ls -l target (.jar file will be available)
```

Create one Dockerfile

```
vi Dockerfile
```

```
FROM openjdk:17
```

```
EXPOSE 8080
```

```
COPY target/spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar
```

```
ENTRYPOINT ["java", "-jar", "/spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose-1.0.jar"]
```

docker-compose up -d ---> Create docker containers using docker-compose

docker-compose ps ---> Check docker containers running or not

docker-compose stop ---> to stop the docker containers

docker-compose start --->

docker-compose down ---> delete docker containers using docker-compose

Stateful containers: Data will be there permanently

Stateless containers: it will not recollect what has happened. Data will be deleted after container deletion

Note: Docker containers by default are stateless

Example: In our spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose app, we used MySQL as docker container to store data and when we stop the containers and re-created these containers we lost the data

To store application data permanently in this case we may have to make docker container as stateful and hence we need to use Docker volumes

Docker Volumes:

Volumes are used to persist data, which is generated by docker container and to avoid data loss.

With the help of docker volumes we can make our containers stateful

docker volume ls ---> display docker volumes

docker volume create <vol-name> ---> create new docker volume

docker volume inspect <vol-name> ---> Inspect docker volumes

docker volume rm <vol-name> ---> remove docker volume

=> Create mount directory in host machine (/home/ec2-user/)

mkdir app

Map this app directory in docker-compose.yml file

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume ls
```

```
DRIVER    VOLUME NAME
```

```
local    4de4ef265b2a67d1ccb84e0ddf1fa0fc55454dff5808c032e911a39d2935167d
local    41dbdcdaa0404f328aaa6960b467a43c46ed86f3b895aa67bb8479cfcdf11304
local    86983f6c81527b0612934d6bd4f98784b142cc0016659fc27281864ae6148dbd
local    b936e5199f3e27d2657ad8010ed846a3177135105ecb49ac6d9941883f477bdc
local    bd19e40d4ca00138523a0f5c98bc2f25fb47eabb73b5d895a756137c9613ba5c
local    c9fb37b4b4ab19d104cb29a2bec665245d8e1fdb1534952fd6698c717a84b263
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume create demo-volume
```

```
demo-volume
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume ls
```

```
DRIVER    VOLUME NAME
```

```
local    4de4ef265b2a67d1ccb84e0ddf1fa0fc55454dff5808c032e911a39d2935167d
local    41dbdcdaa0404f328aaa6960b467a43c46ed86f3b895aa67bb8479cfcdf11304
local    86983f6c81527b0612934d6bd4f98784b142cc0016659fc27281864ae6148dbd
local    b936e5199f3e27d2657ad8010ed846a3177135105ecb49ac6d9941883f477bdc
local    bd19e40d4ca00138523a0f5c98bc2f25fb47eabb73b5d895a756137c9613ba5c
local    c9fb37b4b4ab19d104cb29a2bec665245d8e1fdb1534952fd6698c717a84b263
local    demo-volume
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume create demo-volume
demo-volume
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume ls
DRIVER      VOLUME NAME
local       4de4ef265b2a67d1ccb84e0ddf1fa0fc55454dff5808c032e911a39d2935167d
local       41dbdcdaa0404f328aaa6960b467a43c46ed86f3b895aa67bb8479cfcdf11304
local       86983f6c81527b0612934d6bd4f98784b142cc0016659fc27281864ae6148dbd
local       b936e5199f3e27d2657ad8010ed846a3177135105ecb49ac6d9941883f477bdc
local       bd19e40d4ca00138523a0f5c98bc2f25fb47eabb73b5d895a756137c9613ba5c
local       c9fb37b4b4ab19d104cb29a2bec665245d8e1fdb1534952fd6698c717a84b263
local       demo-volume
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume inspect demo-volume
```

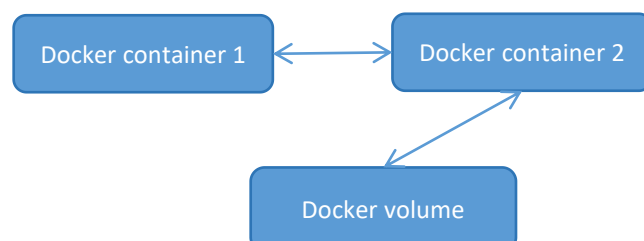
```
[
  {
    "CreatedAt": "2025-05-14T02:57:21Z",
    "Driver": "local",
    "Labels": null,
    "Mountpoint": "/var/lib/docker/volumes/demo-volume/_data",
    "Name": "demo-volume",
    "Options": null,
    "Scope": "local"
  }
]
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume ls
```

```
DRIVER  VOLUME NAME
local   4de4ef265b2a67d1ccb84e0ddf1fa0fc55454dff5808c032e911a39d2935167d
local   41dbdcdaa0404f328aaa6960b467a43c46ed86f3b895aa67bb8479cfcdf11304
local   86983f6c81527b0612934d6bd4f98784b142cc0016659fc27281864ae6148dbd
local   b936e5199f3e27d2657ad8010ed846a3177135105ecb49ac6d9941883f477bdc
local   bd19e40d4ca00138523a0f5c98bc2f25fb47eabb73b5d895a756137c9613ba5c
local   c9fb37b4b4ab19d104cb29a2bec665245d8e1fdb1534952fd6698c717a84b263
local   demo-volume
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ docker volume inspect demo-volume
```

```
[
  {
    "CreatedAt": "2025-05-14T02:57:21Z",
    "Driver": "local",
    "Labels": null,
    "Mountpoint": "/var/lib/docker/volumes/demo-volume/_data",
    "Name": "demo-volume",
    "Options": null,
    "Scope": "local"
  }
]
```



We have two Docker containers, we store data in Docker container 2 lets say. Whatever data is there in Docker container 2, it will be stored in Docker volume permanently. So it will become Stateful.

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ docker volume rm demo-volume  
demo-volume
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 ~]$ mkdir app
```

```
drwxr-xr-x. 2 ec2-user ec2-user  6 May 15 00:53 app  
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 704 May 14 00:47 docker-compose.yml  
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 197 May 14 00:21 Dockerfile  
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 10665 May 13 23:55 mvnw  
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 7061 May 13 23:55 mvnw.cmd  
-rw-r--r--. 1 ec2-user ec2-user 2051 May 13 23:55 pom.xml  
drwxr-xr-x. 4 ec2-user ec2-user  30 May 13 23:55 src  
drwxr-xr-x. 8 ec2-user ec2-user 4096 May 15 00:54 target
```

Altered docker-compose file to store data into volume

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ cat docker-compose.yml  
version: "3.8"
```

```
services:  
  mysqladb:  
    image: mysql:8.0  
    ports:  
      - "3306:3306"  
    environment:  
      - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=root  
      - MYSQL_DATABASE=sbm  
    volumes:  
      - .app:/var/lib/mysql  
    healthcheck:  
      test: ["CMD", "mysqladmin", "ping", "-h", "localhost"]  
      interval: 10s  
      timeout: 5s  
      retries: 5  
    networks:  
      - springboot-db-net  
  application:  
    build: .  
    depends_on:  
      mysqladb:  
        condition: service_healthy  
    ports:  
      - "8080:8080"  
    networks:  
      - springboot-db-net  
    volumes:  
      - /data/springboot-app
```

```
networks:
  springboot-db-net:
```

```
Working version:
version: "3.8"
```

```
services:
  mysqldb:
    image: mysql:8.0
    ports:
      - "3306:3306"
    environment:
      - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=root
      - MYSQL_DATABASE=sbm
    volumes:
      - ./mysql-data:/var/lib/mysql # local folder for MySQL data
    healthcheck:
      test: ["CMD", "mysqladmin", "ping", "-h", "localhost"]
      interval: 10s
      timeout: 5s
      retries: 5
    networks:
      - springboot-db-net
```

```
application:
  build: .
  depends_on:
    mysqldb:
      condition: service_healthy
  ports:
    - "8080:8080"
  networks:
    - springboot-db-net
  volumes:
    - ./springboot-app:/app # local folder mounted to /app in container
```

```
networks:
  springboot-db-net:
```

```
For docker volume:  volumes:
  - ./app:/var/lib/mysql # local folder for MySQL data
```

```
[ec2-user@ip-172-31-19-227 spring-boot-mysql-docker-compose]$ cat docker-compose.yml
version: "3.8"
```

```
services:
  mysqldb:
    image: mysql:8.0
    ports:
      - "3306:3306"
    environment:
      - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=root123
      - MYSQL_DATABASE=sbm
    volumes:
      - ./app:/var/lib/mysql # local folder for MySQL data
    healthcheck:
```

```
test: ["CMD", "mysqladmin", "ping", "-h", "localhost"]
interval: 10s
timeout: 5s
retries: 5
networks:
  - springboot-db-net
```

```
application:
  build: .
  depends_on:
    mysqladb:
      condition: service_healthy
  ports:
    - "8080:8080"
  networks:
    - springboot-db-net
  volumes:
    - ./springboot-app:/app # local folder mounted to /app in container
```

```
networks:
  springboot-db-net:
```

Docker Swarm:

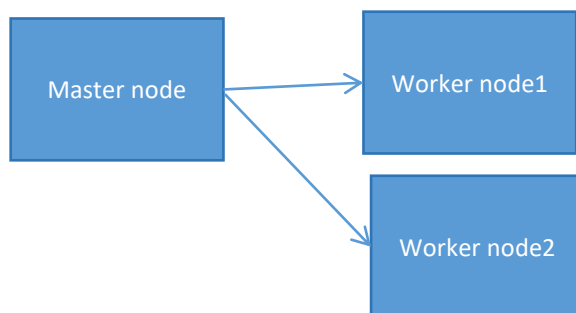
To manage your containers: It is a orchestration platform like Kubernetes

Docker swarm is used to setup docker cluster. Cluster is referring to group of servers

It is a way to run and manage many docker containers across multiple machines

It will handle where to run each container, load-balancing traffic across them and keeping everything in sync

We define a service (eg webapp) and Swarm manages its containers and we can easily also scale up/down the number of containers



Master node assigns tasks to multiple slave nodes

It will use worker machines to manage and create containers. If you want to make those containers highly available, then docker swarm comes into picture where in it will allow you to manage those containers not in one server but multiple servers (multiple machines). Docker swarm will also take care of load-balancing traffic. If you want to manage something in Docker swarm you have to define in service. I can scale up the machines as well using Docker swarm, one problem is, we have to manually scale up and down. For fully automatic scaling up or load-balancing, then Kubernetes comes into picture. Cluster is a group of machines working together

Docker Swarm cluster setup

Create 3 EC2 machines Ubuntu and install Docker in all of them

For Swarm cluster communications enable 2377 port in the security group

1. Master node

2. Worker node

After connecting to VMs, install docker in all 3 machines

Check docker -v in the machines
Initialize docker swarm cluster

Launch an instance [Info](#)

Amazon EC2 allows you to create virtual machines, or instances, that run on the AWS Cloud. Quickly get started by following the simple steps.

Name and tags [Info](#)

Name

[Add additional tags](#)

▼ Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image) [Info](#)

An AMI is a template that contains the software configuration (operating system, application server, and applications) required to launch an instance. Browse for AMIs if you don't see what you are looking for below.

Q Search our full catalog including 1000s of application and OS images

Recents

Quick Start



Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

Launch an instance [Info](#)

Amazon EC2 allows you to create virtual machines, or instances, that run on the AWS Cloud. Quickly get started by following the simple steps.

Name and tags [Info](#)

Name

[Add additional tags](#)

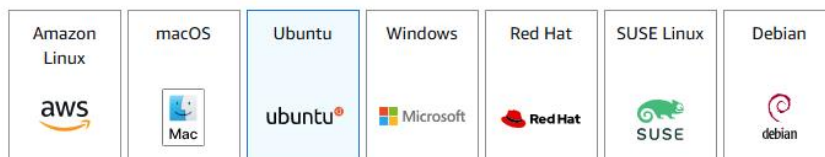
▼ Application and OS Images (Amazon Machine Image) [Info](#)

An AMI is a template that contains the software configuration (operating system, application server, and applications) required to launch an instance. Browse for AMIs if you don't see what you are looking for below.

Q Search our full catalog including 1000s of application and OS images

Recents

Quick Start



Amazon Machine Image (AMI)

<input type="checkbox"/>	docker-swarm-worker1	i-0b84024c983c0dd8f	Running	t2.micro	2/2 checks passed	Vi
<input type="checkbox"/>	docker-swarm-worker2	i-0970db7587b5028db	Running	t2.micro	Initializing	Vi
<input type="checkbox"/>	docker-swarm-master	i-0501d57bca428f447	Shutting-d...	t2.micro	-	Vi
<input type="checkbox"/>	docker-swarm-master	i-08c1c064ce400ec4b	Running	t2.micro	Initializing	Vi

```
curl -fsSL https://get.docker.com -o get-docker.sh && sudo sh get-docker.sh
```

Install Docker in all 3 machines

Run in Master node: `sudo docker swarm init --advertise-addr <PrivateIP>`

Run in Worker nodes: `sudo docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-17cpjm9mg5queqqocst1c27mmf5jcxqavkjw6hu659wia30c4h-8acpswg6zemholta1su7upx1p 172.31.7.201:2377`

We deploy our application as a service in Docker swarm

Service is a collection of one or more containers of same image

Replica is a type of service in Docker swarm, which is default

```
sudo docker service create --name <ServiceName> --hostport:<containerport> <imagename:tag>
```

By default 1 replica is created

We can check the service created

```
Sudo docker service ls
```

We can scale docker service --> `docker service scale <service-name>=<no of replicas>`

To see Service details:

```
sudo docker service ps <service-name>
```

```
sudo docker service rm <service-name> ----> to remove the docker service
```

By Docker swarm, we can make sure our container is available in multiple machines

Go to Master node

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ mkdir master
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ ls -l
```

```
total 24
```

```
-rw-rw-r-- 1 ubuntu ubuntu 20443 May 15 02:57 get-docker.sh
```

```
drwxrwxr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 May 16 00:35 master
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker swarm init --advertise-addr 172.31.7.201
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker swarm init --advertise-addr <PrivateIP>
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker swarm init --advertise-addr 172.31.7.201
Swarm initialized: current node (tfl3pjcxm4hphj6wapna0c0cx) is now a manager.

To add a worker to this swarm, run the following command:

    docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-17cpjm9mg5queqqocst1c27mmf5jcxqavkjw6hu659wia30c4h-8acpswg6zemholta1su7upx1p 172.31.7.201:2377

To add a manager to this swarm, run 'docker swarm join-token manager' and follow the instructions.
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$
```

Current node is now a manager next we need to add workers to this node

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker swarm init --advertise-addr 172.31.7.201
```

Swarm initialized: current node (tfl3pjcxm4hphj6wapna0c0cx) is now a manager.

To add a worker to this swarm, run the following command:

```
docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-
17cpjm9mg5queqqocst1c27mmf5jcxqavkjw6hu659wia30c4h-8acpswg6zemholta1su7upx1p
172.31.7.201:2377
```

To add a manager to this swarm, run 'docker swarm join-token manager' and follow the instructions.

Go to worker nodes

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-45:~$ sudo docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-
17cpjm9mg5queqqocst1c27mmf5jcxqavkjw6hu659wia30c4h-8acpswg6zemholta1su7upx1p
172.31.7.201:2377
```

This node joined a swarm as a worker.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-45:~$ sudo docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-17cpjm9mg5queqqocst1c27mmf5jcxqavkjw6hu659wia30c4h-8acpswg6zemholta1su7upx1p
172.31.7.201:2377
This node joined a swarm as a worker.
ubuntu@ip-172-31-6-45:~$
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-86:~$ sudo docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-
17cpjm9mg5queqqocst1c27mmf5jcxqavkjw6hu659wia30c4h-8acpswg6zemholta1su7upx1p
172.31.7.201:2377
```

This node joined a swarm as a worker.

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-86:~$ sudo docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-17cpjm9mg5queqqocst1c27mmf5jcxqavkjw6hu659wia30c4h-8acpswg6zemholta1su7upx1p
172.31.7.201:2377
This node joined a swarm as a worker.
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-86:~$
```

Go to Master node

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker pull edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
```

```
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker pull edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
dev-31: Pulling from edydockers/sms-frontend
f18232174bc9: Pull complete
61ca4f733c80: Pull complete
b464cfd2a63: Pull complete
d7e507024086: Pull complete
81bd8ed7ec67: Pull complete
197eb75867ef: Pull complete
34a64644b756: Pull complete
39c2ddfd6010: Pull complete
6dfec665e776: Pull complete
12564a4dfdde: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:dc6b4833d144930b1c5dabda66f37ecbdcd7820d44980ed5fcb9ea227d114e25
Status: Downloaded newer image for edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
docker.io/edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker images
REPOSITORY TAG IMAGE ID CREATED SIZE
edydockers/sms-frontend dev-31 806d55639475 5 days ago 54MB
```

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker pull edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
dev-31: Pulling from edydockers/sms-frontend
f18232174bc9: Pull complete
61ca4f733c80: Pull complete
b464cfd2a63: Pull complete
d7e507024086: Pull complete
81bd8ed7ec67: Pull complete
197eb75867ef: Pull complete
34a64644b756: Pull complete
39c2ddfd6010: Pull complete
6dfec665e776: Pull complete
12564a4dfdde: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:dc6b4833d144930b1c5dabda66f37ecbdcd7820d44980ed5fcb9ea227d114e25
Status: Downloaded newer image for edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
docker.io/edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG          IMAGE ID          CREATED          SIZE
edydockers/sms-frontend  dev-31      806d55639475     5 days ago      54MB
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$

```

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker service create --name java-app -p 8080:80 edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
2y949y5glgrf5sa8gpybo8eic
overall progress: 1 out of 1 tasks
1/1: running [=====>]
verify: Service 2y949y5glgrf5sa8gpybo8eic converged

```

```

java-app
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker service create --name java-app -p 8080:80 edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31
2y949y5glgrf5sa8gpybo8eic
overall progress: 1 out of 1 tasks
1/1: running [=====>]
verify: Service 2y949y5glgrf5sa8gpybo8eic converged

```

Master node:

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker service ls
ID            NAME          MODE          REPLICAS  IMAGE                                  PORTS
2y949y5glgrf java-app      replicated    1/1       edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31      *:8080->80/tcp

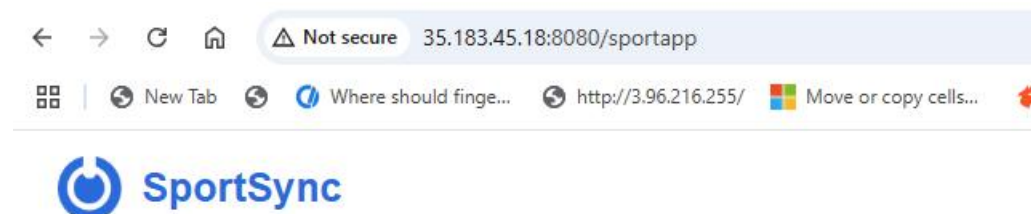
```

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker service ls
ID            NAME          MODE          REPLICAS  IMAGE                                  PORTS
2y949y5glgrf java-app      replicated    1/1       edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31      *:8080->80/tcp
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$

```

<http://35.183.45.18:8080/sportapp>



```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker service scale java-app=3

```

```

2y949y5glgrf java-app replicated 1/1 edydockers/sms-front
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker service scale java-app=3
java-app scaled to 3
overall progress: 3 out of 3 tasks
1/3: running [=====>]
2/3: running [=====>]
3/3: running [=====>]
verify: Service java-app converged
ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~\$ sudo docker service ps java-app

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$ sudo docker service ps java-app

```

ID	NAME	IMAGE	NODE	DESIRED STATE
dh66u5su8suk	java-app.1	edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31	ip-172-31-7-201	Running
2zrj20j2ixrr	java-app.2	edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31	ip-172-31-7-86	Running
nfj70j1km2sa	java-app.3	edydockers/sms-frontend:dev-31	ip-172-31-6-45	Running

```

ubuntu@ip-172-31-7-201:~$

```

Now I copy publicIP of worker node 1, same go to worker node 2 and check

<http://35.182.212.31:8080/sportapp>

