

AWS Elastic Beanstalk
End-toEnd Web application management

Cloud services ---> important services
IaaS ---> ex: EC2, S3, RDS, VPC
PaaS ---> Platform as a Service ex: Elastic Beanstalk
SaaS ---> Software as a Service (Gmail, Zoom, Teams)

Web Application ---> Deployment

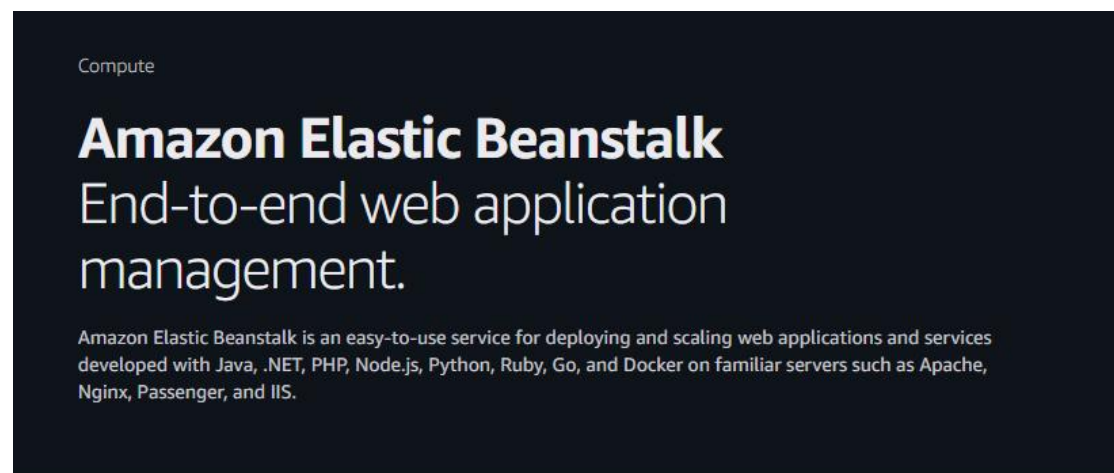
We need the following:

1. Create Network VPC
2. Create Security Groups
3. Enable Inbound Rules
4. Create EC2 instances
5. Install required Software/dependencies on EC2 to run our appn code --> Ex: Java, Tomcat, IIS
6. Create Load balancer
7. Setup Autoscaling groups for high availability
8. Deploy our application

If you use PaaS, you need not do the above steps manually, Elastic Beanstalk will take care of it
You only need to take care of Application code, other steps will be taken care by AWS itself

Elastic Beanstalk: it provides Platform as a Service ---> AWS will provide read-made platform to run our application

Note: Whenever we go with AWS Elastic Beanstalk, then the first 7 steps of given list will be taken care by Elastic Beanstalk and we will be taking care only Application deployment not everything. No specific or fixed charges/price for Elastic Beanstalk, it depends on user-case by use-case. Many resources are available like EC2 instances, Load balancers, AutoScaling Group etc



Compute

Amazon Elastic Beanstalk

End-to-end web application management.

Amazon Elastic Beanstalk is an easy-to-use service for deploying and scaling web applications and services developed with Java, .NET, PHP, Node.js, Python, Ruby, Go, and Docker on familiar servers such as Apache, Nginx, Passenger, and IIS.

Pricing

There's no additional charge for Elastic Beanstalk. You pay for Amazon Web Services resources that we create to store and run your web application, like Amazon S3 buckets and Amazon EC2 instances.

If you want to use EBS, we need to create an IAM role. To access one service from another service, we need IAM role

Step 1 is IAM

Identity and Access Management (IAM)

Search IAM

Dashboard

Access management

User groups

Users

Roles

Policies

Identity providers

Account settings

IAM Dashboard

Security recommendations

Root user has MFA

Root user has no active access keys

IAM resources

Resources in this AWS Account

User groups

Users

Roles

Roles (6)

Search

<input type="checkbox"/>	Role name	Trusted entities	Last activity
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWSServiceRoleForAutoScaling	AWS Service: autoscaling (Service-Linked Role)	6 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWSServiceRoleForElasticLoadBalancing	AWS Service: elasticloadbalancing (Service-Linked Role)	6 days ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWSServiceRoleForRDS	AWS Service: rds (Service-Linked Role)	47 minutes ago
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWSServiceRoleForSupport	AWS Service: support (Service-Linked Role)	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWSServiceRoleForTrustedAdvisor	AWS Service: trustedadvisor (Service-Linked Role)	-

Create Role

Step 1

Select trusted entity

Step 2

Add permissions

Step 3

Name, review, and create

Select trusted entity

Trusted entity type

☒ AWS service

Allow AWS services like EC2, Lambda, or others to perform actions in this account.

☐ SAML 2.0 federation

Allow users federated with SAML 2.0 from a corporate directory to perform actions in this account.

Select AWS service

EC2, Click Next

Use case
Allow an AWS service like EC2, Lambda, or others to perform actions in this account.

Service or use case
EC2

Choose a use case for the specified service.

Use case

- ☒ **EC2**
Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services on your behalf.
- ☐ **EC2 Role for AWS Systems Manager**
Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services like CloudWatch and Systems Manager on your behalf.
- ☐ **EC2 Spot Fleet Role**
Allows EC2 Spot Fleet to request and terminate Spot Instances on your behalf.
- ☐ **EC2 - Spot Fleet Auto Scaling**
Allows Auto Scaling to access and update EC2 spot fleets on your behalf.
- ☐ **EC2 - Spot Fleet Tagging**
Allows EC2 to launch spot instances and attach tags to the launched instances on your behalf.
- ☐ **EC2 - Spot Instances**
Allows EC2 Spot Instances to launch and manage spot instances on your behalf.
- ☐ **EC2 - Spot Fleet**
Allows EC2 Spot Fleet to launch and manage spot fleet instances on your behalf.
- ☐ **EC2 - Scheduled Instances**
Allows EC2 Scheduled Instances to manage instances on your behalf.

[Cancel](#) [Next](#)

Note: this EC2 requires 3 minimum permissions

1. AWSElasticBeanstalkMulticontainerDocker
2. AWSElasticBeanstalkWebTier
3. AWSElasticBeanstalkWorkerTier

<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkEnhancedHealth
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkManagedUpdatesCustomerRolePolicy
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkMulticontainerDocker
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkReadOnly
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkRoleCore
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkRoleCWL
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkRoleECS
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkRoleRDS
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkRoleSNS
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkRoleWorkerTier
<input type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkService
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkWebTier
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>			AWSElasticBeanstalkWorkerTier

Click Next

Role name

Enter a meaningful name to identify this role.

MyEBSRole

Maximum 64 characters. Use alphanumeric and '+,=,@-_' characters.

Description

Add a short explanation for this role.

Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services on your behalf.

Maximum 1000 characters. Use letters (A-Z and a-z), numbers (0-9), tabs, new lines, or any of the following

Step 1: Select trusted entities

Trust policy

```
1 {  
2   "Version": "2012-10-17",  
3   "Statement": [  
4     {  
5       "Effect": "Allow",  
6       "Action": [  
7         "sts:AssumeRole"  
8       ],  
9       "Principal": {  
10        "Service": [  
11          "ec2.amazonaws.com"  
12        ]  
13      }  
14    ]  
15  }  
16 }
```

Double check the 3 policies discussed above

Step 2: Add permissions

Permissions policy summary

Policy name 

[AWSElasticBeanstalkMulticontainerDocker](#)

[AWSElasticBeanstalkWebTier](#)

[AWSElasticBeanstalkWorkerTier](#)

15

16

1

Step 2: Add permissions Edit

Permissions policy summary

Policy name ?	Type	Attached as
AWSElasticBeanstalkMulticontainerDocker	AWS managed	Permissions policy
AWSElasticBeanstalkWebTier	AWS managed	Permissions policy
AWSElasticBeanstalkWorkerTier	AWS managed	Permissions policy

Step 3: Add tags

Add tags - optional [Info](#)

Tags are key-value pairs that you can add to AWS resources to help identify, organize, or search for resources.

No tags associated with the resource.

Add new tag

You can add up to 50 more tags.

Cancel
Previous
Create role

Click Create Role

MyEBSRole [Info](#)

Allows EC2 instances to call AWS services on your behalf.

Summary

Creation date

March 22, 2025, 11:34 (UTC-04:00)

Last activity

-

ARN

[arn:aws:iam::57763838](#)

Maximum session duration

1 hour

Permissions

Trust relationships

Tags

Last Accessed

Revoke sessions

Permissions policies (3) [Info](#)

You can attach up to 10 managed policies.

[Search](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Policy name ?	Type
<input type="checkbox"/>	+  AWSElasticBeanstalkMulticontainerDocker	AWS managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	+  AWSElasticBeanstalkWebTier	AWS managed
<input type="checkbox"/>	+  AWSElasticBeanstalkWorkerTier	AWS managed

Lab/Practical Task on Elastic Beanstalk

- Create an IAM Role with following policies:
 - AWSElasticBeanstalkMulticontainerDocker
 - AWSElasticBeanstalkWebTier
 - AWSElasticBeanstalkWorkerTier
- Create Application using Elastic Beanstalk
- Create Environment for the application by choosing required Runtime

4. After the environment is created, it will generate DNS to access application

Go back to EBS page

Compute

Amazon Elastic Beanstalk

End-to-end web application management.

Amazon Elastic Beanstalk is an easy-to-use service for deploying and scaling web applications and services developed with Java, .NET, PHP, Node.js, Python, Ruby, Go, and Docker on familiar servers such as Apache, Nginx, Passenger, and IIS.

Get started

Easily deploy your web application in minutes.

Create application

Get started

You simply upload your code and Elastic Beanstalk automatically handles the deployment, from capacity provisioning, load balancing, and automatic scaling to web application health monitoring, with ongoing fully managed patch and security updates. [Learn more](#)

Pricing

There's no additional charge for Elastic Beanstalk. You pay for Amazon Web Services resources that we create to store and run your web application, like Amazon S3 buckets and Amazon EC2 instances.

Create application

Click Web server environment

Environment tier [Info](#)

Amazon Elastic Beanstalk has two types of environment tiers to support different types of web app

- ☒ **Web server environment**
Run a website, web application, or web API that serves HTTP requests. [Learn more](#)
- ☐ **Worker environment**
Run a worker application that processes long-running workloads on demand or performs tasks on a schedule.

Application information [Info](#)

Application name

Maximum length of 100 characters.

► Application tags (optional)

Environment information [Info](#)

Choose the name, subdomain and description for your environment. These cannot be changed later.

Environment name

Must be from 4 to 40 characters in length. The name can contain only letters, numbers, and hyphens. It can't start

Domain

.us-east-1.elasticbe

Environment description

Enter Domain: devopstestapp

MyApp1-env

Must be from 4 to 40 characters in length. The name can contain only letters, numbers, and hyphens. It can't start or end with a hyphen. This name must be unique within a region in your account.

Domain

devopstestapp.us-east-1.elasticbeanstalk.com

Check availability

✔ devopstestapp.us-east-1.elasticbeanstalk.com is available

Environment description

Platform

Info

Platform type

☒ Managed platform

Platforms published and maintained by Amazon Elastic Beanstalk. [Learn more](#)

☐ Custom platform

Platforms created and owned by you. This option is unavailable if you have no platforms.

Platform

Choose a platform

Platform branch

Choose a platform branch


Platform version

Choose a platform version

Select Platform Java for now

Platform [Info](#)

Platform type

- ☒ **Managed platform**
Platforms published and maintained by Amazon Elastic Beanstalk. [Learn more](#) 
- ☐ **Custom platform**
Platforms created and owned by you. This option is unavailable if you have no platforms.

Platform

Java

Platform branch

Corretto 21 running on 64bit Amazon Linux 2023

Platform version

4.4.4 (Recommended)

Application code [Info](#)

- ☒ **Sample application**
- ☐ **Existing version**
Application versions that you have uploaded.
- ☐ **Upload your code**
Upload a source bundle from your computer or copy one from Amazon S3.

Presets [Info](#)

Start from a preset that matches your use case or choose custom configuration to unset recommended values and use

Configuration presets

- ☒ **Single instance (free tier eligible)**
- ☐ **Single instance (using spot instance)**

Configure service access Info

Service access

IAM roles, assumed by Elastic Beanstalk as a service role, and EC2 instance profile to IAM managed policies that contain the required permissions. [Learn more](#)

Service role

- ☐ Create and use new service role
- ☒ Use an existing service role

Existing service roles

Choose an existing IAM role for Elastic Beanstalk to assume as a service role. The existing IAM

MyEBSRole

EC2 key pair

Select an EC2 key pair to securely log in to your EC2 instances. [Learn more](#)

devopsLinuxFeb22

EC2 instance profile

Choose an IAM instance profile with managed policies that allow your EC2 instances to perform

MyEBSRole

[View permission details](#)

Select default options only

Virtual Private Cloud (VPC)

VPC

Launch your environment in a custom VPC instead of the default VPC. You can create a VPC and subnets in the VPC management console. [Learn more](#)

vpc-0a752647f0a021f2e | (172.31.0.0/16)

[Create custom VPC](#)

Instance settings

Choose a subnet in each AZ for the instances that run your application. To avoid exposing your instances to the Internet, run your instances and your load balancer in the same private subnets, assign public IP addresses to the instances. [Learn more](#)

Public IP address

Assign a public IP address to the Amazon EC2 instances in your environment.

☐ Activated

Instance subnets

<input type="checkbox"/>	Availability Zone	Subnet	<input type="checkbox"/>	CIDR
<input type="checkbox"/>	ca-central-1a	subnet-02a70284a8b5c8bb9	<input type="checkbox"/>	172.31.16.0/20
<input type="checkbox"/>	ca-central-1b	subnet-038c457fd7226e0ec	<input type="checkbox"/>	172.31.0.0/20
<input type="checkbox"/>	ca-central-1d	subnet-05422c9c80857b14b	<input type="checkbox"/>	172.31.32.0/20

Select Activated

Instance settings

Choose a subnet in each AZ for the instances that run your application. To avoid exposing your instances to the Internet, run your instances your load balancer and instances in the same public subnets, assign public IP addresses to the instances. [Learn more](#)

Public IP address

Assign a public IP address to the Amazon EC2 instances in your environment.

☒ Activated

Instance subnets

Filter instance subnets

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Availability Zone	Subnet	CIDR
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ca-central-1a	subnet-02a70284a8b5c8bb9	172.31.16.0/20
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ca-central-1b	subnet-038c457fd7226e0ec	172.31.0.0/20
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	ca-central-1d	subnet-05422c9c80857b14b	172.31.32.0/20

Select Security group we already created

IMDSv1

With the current setting, the environment enables only IMDSv2.

☒ Deactivated

EC2 security groups

Select security groups to control traffic.

EC2 security groups (6)

Filter security groups

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Group name	Group ID
<input type="checkbox"/>	DBSecurityGroup	sg-0beb07b2b74d1a73e
<input type="checkbox"/>	default	sg-0483bbb02e36e7efe
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	DevOps-sg	sg-031a081efd38c0e3a
<input type="checkbox"/>	launch-wizard-1	sg-061d18d0030a1580f
<input type="checkbox"/>	launch-wizard-2	sg-0eef34780bf33fe39
<input type="checkbox"/>	launch-wizard-3	sg-093cfe1f710715f92

▼ Capacity [Info](#)

Keep these things default

☒ **x86_64**

This architecture uses x86 processors and is compatible with most third-party tools and libraries.

☐ **arm64 - new**

This architecture uses AWS Graviton2 processors. You might have to recompile some third-party tools and libraries.

Instance types

Add instance types for your environment with your preferred launch order. The order preference only applies to On-Demand instances. You must include at least two instance types. [Learn more](#)

1. ⬆ ⬇
2. ⬆ ⬇ Remove

Add instance type

AMI ID

Elastic Beanstalk selects a default Amazon Machine Image (AMI) for your environment based on the Region, platform version, and instance type.

Availability Zones

Number of Availability Zones (AZs) to use.

Placement

Specify Availability Zones (AZs) to use.

Scaling cooldown

seconds

All default -> click Next

▼ Monitoring [Info](#)

Health reporting

Enhanced health reporting provides free real-time application and operating system monitoring of the instances and other resources in your environment. Additional charges apply for each custom metric. For more information, see [Amazon CloudWatch Pricing](#).

System

- ☐ Basic
- ☒ Enhanced

CloudWatch Custom Metrics - Instance

[Choose metrics](#)

CloudWatch Custom Metrics - Environment

[Choose metrics](#)

Health event streaming to CloudWatch Logs

Configure Elastic Beanstalk to stream environment health events to CloudWatch Logs. You can set the retention up to a maximum of 10 years.

Log streaming

☐ Activated (standard CloudWatch charges apply.)

Retention

7

Lifecycle

Keep logs after terminating environment

▼ Managed platform updates [Info](#)

Activate managed platform updates to apply platform updates automatically during a weekly maintenance window.

Managed updates

☒ Activated

Instance log streaming to CloudWatch logs

Configure the instances in your environment to stream logs to CloudWatch logs. You can set the retention to up to 10 years and configure Elastic Beanstalk to delete the logs when you terminate your environment. [Learn more](#)

Log streaming

(standard CloudWatch charges apply.)

☐ Activated

Retention

7

Lifecycle

Keep logs after term... [▼](#)

Environment properties

The following properties are passed in the application as environment properties. [Learn more](#)

Name	Value	
GRADLE_HOME	/usr/local/gradle	Remove
M2	/usr/local/apache-maven/bin	Remove
M2_HOME	/usr/local/apache-maven	Remove
Add environment property		

[Cancel](#)

[Previous](#)

[Next](#)

Review our configuration

Step 2: Configure service access

Edit

Service access [Info](#)

Configure the service role and EC2 instance profile that Elastic Beanstalk uses to manage your environment. Choose an EC2 key pair to securely log in to your EC2 instances.

Service role	EC2 key pair	EC2 instance profile
arn:aws:iam::577638386543:role/MyEBRole	devopsLinuxFeb22	MyEBRole

Step 3: Set up networking, database, and tags

Edit

Networking, database, and tags [Info](#)

Configure VPC settings, and subnets for your environment's EC2 instances and load balancer. Set up an Amazon RDS database that's integrated with your environment.

Network

VPC	Public IP address	Instance subnets
vpc-0a752647f0a021f2e	true	subnet-02a70284a8b5c8bb9,subnet-05422c9c80857b14b,subnet-038c457fd7226e0ec

Tags

Click Submit

Updates

Managed updates

Activated

Command timeout

600

Ignore health check

false

Platform software

Lifecycle

false

Rotate logs

Deactivated

Deployment batch size

100

Deployment policy

AllAtOnce

Instance replacement

false

Log streaming

Deactivated

Update level

minor

Deployment batch size type

Percentage

Health threshold

Ok

Logs retention

7

X-Ray enabled

Deactivated

Environment properties

Key	Value
GRADLE_HOME	/usr/local/gradle
M2	/usr/local/apache-maven/bin
M2_HOME	/usr/local/apache-maven

Cancel

Previous

Submit

My application will be available on this domain

🔄 Elastic Beanstalk is launching your environment. This will take a few minutes.

MyApp1-env [Info](#)

Environment overview

Health

🟡 Unknown

Domain

devopstestapp.ca-central-1.elasticbeanstalk.com [🔗](#)

Environment ID

📄 e-ja3biykgmk

Application name

MyApp1

[Events](#)

[Health](#)

[Logs](#)

[Monitoring](#)

[Alarms](#)

[Managed updates](#)

[Tags](#)

Events (2) [Info](#)

🔍 *Filter events by text, property or value*

Successfully launched

✅ Environment successfully launched.

MyApp1-env [Info](#)

Environment overview

Health

⚠️ Warning

Domain

devopstestapp.ca-central-1.elasticbeanstalk.com [🔗](#)

Environment ID

📄 e-ja3biykgmk

Application name

MyApp1

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[Events](#)

[Health](#)

[Logs](#)

[Monitoring](#)

[Alarms](#)

[Managed updates](#)

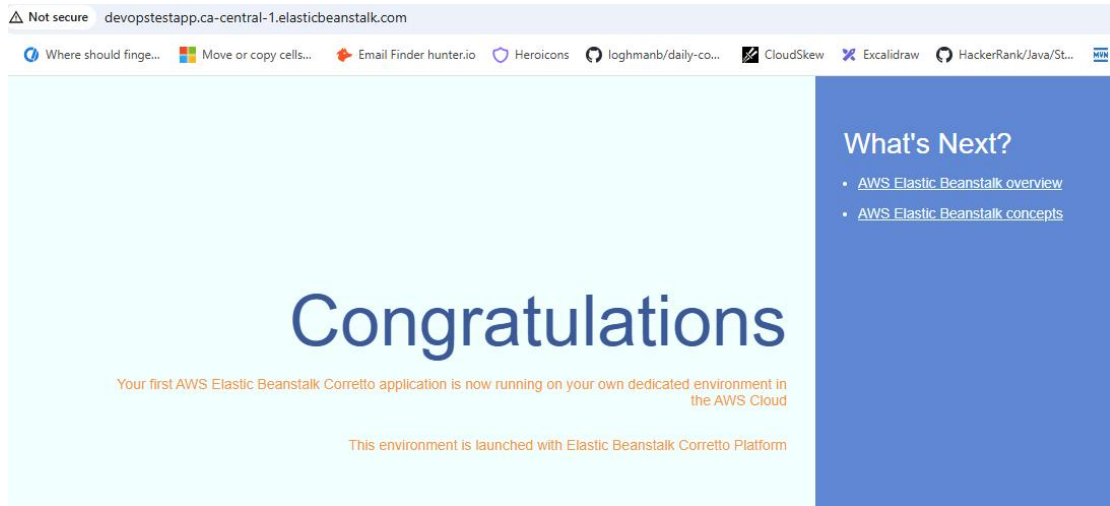
[Tags](#)

Events (11) [Info](#)

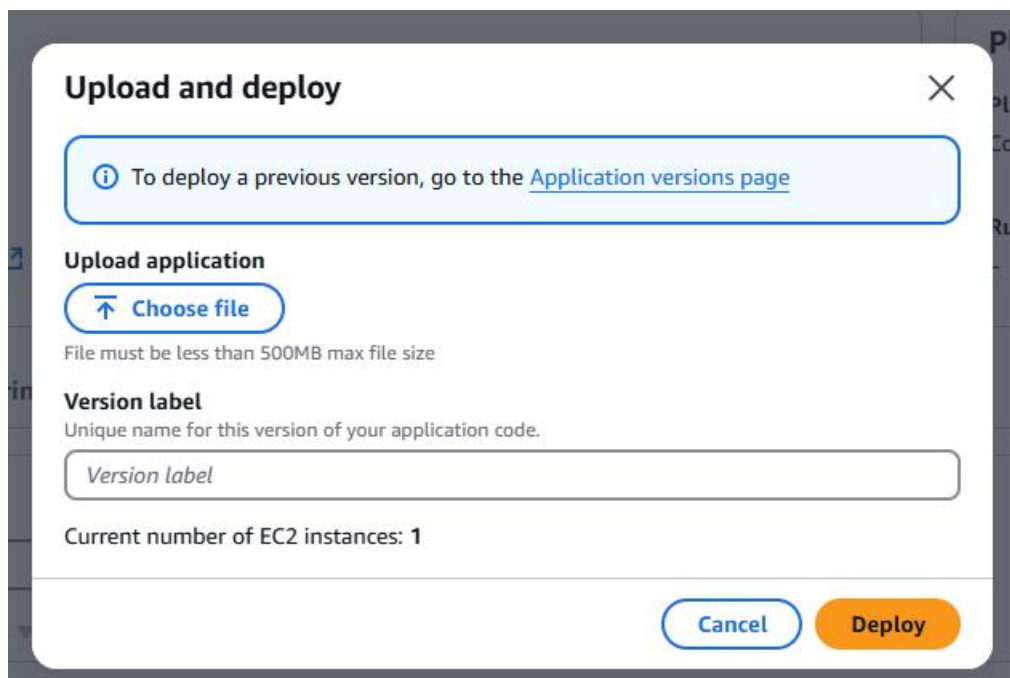
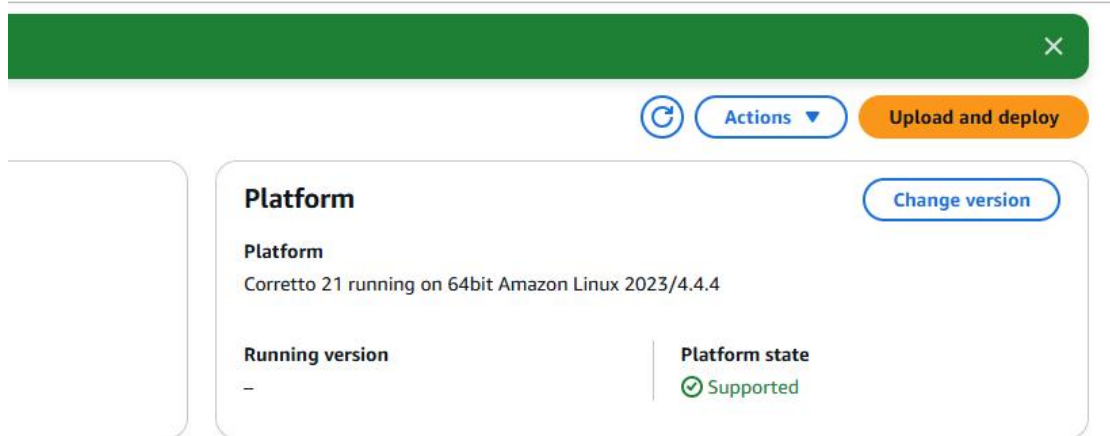
🔍 *Filter events by text, property or value*

Time	Type	Details
March 22, 2025 12:34:37 (UTC-4)	📘 INFO	Successfully launched environment: MyApp1-env
March 22, 2025 12:34:36 (UTC-4)	📘 INFO	Application available at devopstestapp.ca-central-1.elasticbeanstalk

If you click on the link



This is the Sample application, we can deploy our own application also ---> Click on Upload and deploy



You can choose JAR or WAR file and upload to deploy your own application

Then Terminate the environment

> MyApp1-env

Elastic Beanstalk is terminating your environment.

MyApp1-env Info

Environment overview

Health
 Warning - [View causes](#)

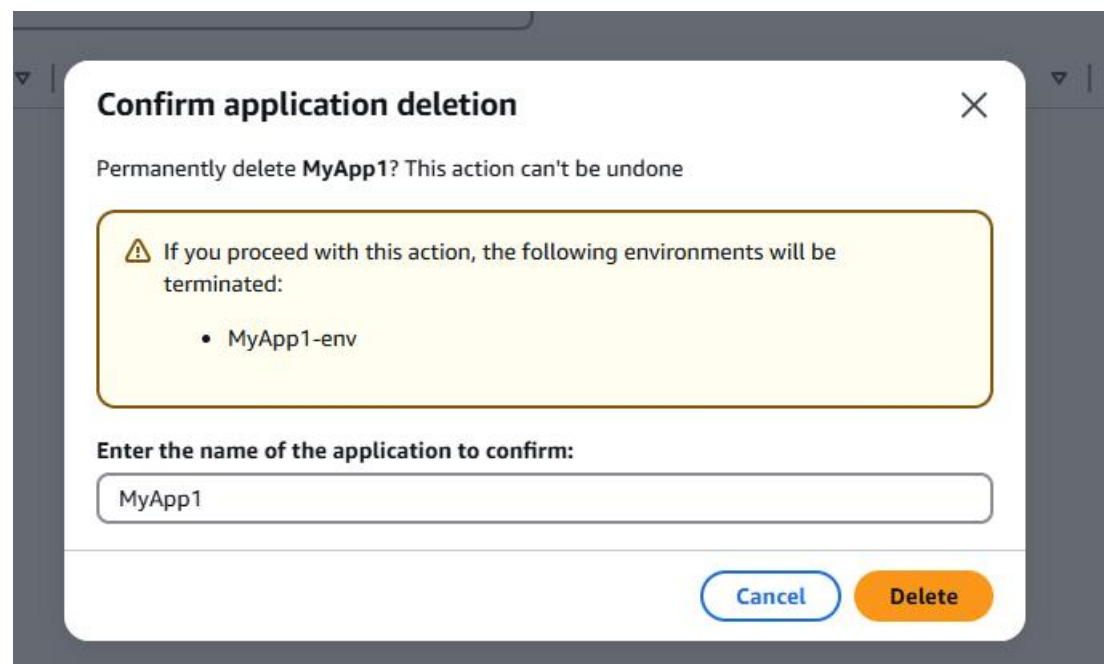
Domain
devopstestapp.ca-central-1.elasticbeanstalk.com

Environment ID
 e-ja3biykgmk

Application name
MyApp1

[Events](#) | [Health](#) | [Logs](#) | [Monitoring](#) | [Alarms](#) | [Managed updates](#)

Go back to Application



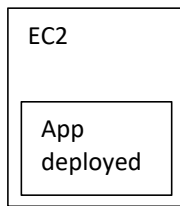
Elastic Beanstalk

PaaS ----> inside platform it will manage other resources and it is Pay-as-you-Go model

Inside platform, it will manage

1. EC2 instances
2. S3 buckets
3. LBR
4. Elastic IPs

EC2 VM ---> Hourly billing



There is another concept ---> Pay as you use (you have deployed the application, but noone is making a request) . say if application is not getting executed, it will not be charged

If code is executed only then bill should be generated, till then bill will not be generated

If code is executed for 10 min, then bill should be generated for only 10 minutes

If you want this then we need =====> **Serverless computing comes into picture**

AWS Lambdas