Matrix Project On Coordinate Geometry

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Problem Statement

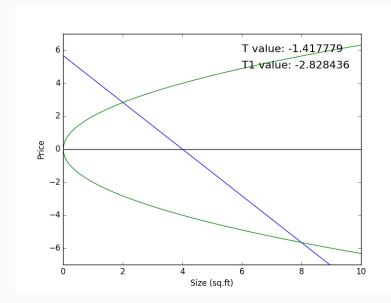
Problem Statement

P and Q are two distinct points on the parabola

$$\mathbf{x}^{\mathsf{T}} \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} = 0$$

with parameters t and t_1 respectively. If the normal at **P** passes through **Q**, then find the minimum value of t_1^2 .

To understand relation between t and t_1



Steps to solve the problem

• Find the constants of the parabola

- Find the constants of the parabola
- Find Slope of tangent

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- Write eqn of Normal using slope and parametric Point
- Minimise as a function of parameter of point P

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$$y^2 = 4ax$$

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 Differentiate the matrix equation the slope of the tangent as a direction vector

• Parametric form of points of parabola:

$$\begin{bmatrix} t^2 \\ 2t \end{bmatrix}$$

- Differentiate the matrix equation the slope of the tangent as a direction vector
- Direction vector of the tangent

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -m \end{bmatrix}^T$$

7

•

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{x}^T \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}^T \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

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• Now, use the parametric form of x (i.e.)

$$\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} t^2 \\ 2t \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -m \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2t \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} t^2 & 2t \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{bmatrix} - 4 = 0$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -m \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -\frac{1}{t} \end{bmatrix}$$

 We find the direction vector of the normal from the obtained direction vector of the tangent.

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- Hence, the direction vector of the normal is :

$$\begin{bmatrix} t & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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- Then, We have,

$$\begin{bmatrix} t & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} t_1^2 \\ 2t_1 \end{bmatrix} = t^3 + 2t$$

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- Then, We have,

$$\begin{bmatrix} t & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{vmatrix} t_1^2 \\ 2t_1 \end{vmatrix} = t^3 + 2t$$

• Solving this, we get:

$$t_1 = -t - \frac{2}{t}$$

$$t_1^2 = t^2 + \frac{4}{t^2} + 4$$

• Squaring the previous equation, we get,

$$t_1^2 = t^2 + \frac{4}{t^2} + 4$$

• To solve above equation we use the property: Arithmetic Mean \geq Geometric Mean on $t^2+\frac{4}{t^2}$

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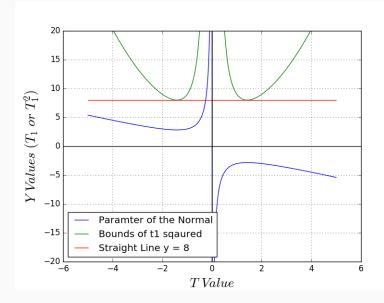
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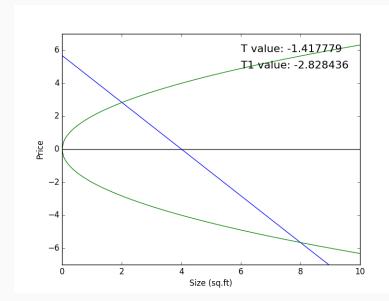
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- $t_1^2 \ge 4 + 4 = 8$
- Note: $t_1 \neq 0$ because, in this case the normal will never intersect the parabola.
- : The Minimum possible value of t_1^2 is 8.

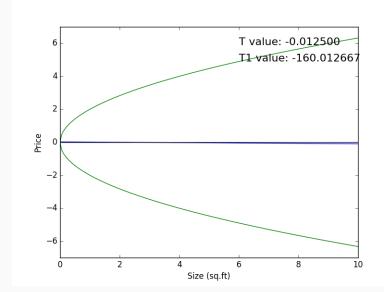
Figures

Bounds of t_1 and t_1^2



Normal at minimum t_1^2





The End