

# Design of Filters

**Problem :** Design LPF, HPF, BPF and Moving Average filter with specifications as given below.

## Steps :

For LPF, HPF and BPF

1. Generate the sinc pulse in time domain for the filter which you want to design
2. After generating the sinc pulse pass it through window functions
  - a. Rectangular a window
  - b. Hamming window

## Technical Details :

Generate N samples of sinc pulse. You have to consider both positive and negative samples.

### 1. LPF

inputs :  $f_c=300\text{Hz}$ ,  $f_s=1200\text{Hz}$ ,  $N=39$

$$hd[n] = \frac{\sin(w_c * n)}{\pi * n} \quad \text{where} \quad -(N-1)/2 \leq n \leq (N-1)/2$$
$$\text{for } n=0, \quad hd[n] = \frac{w_c}{\pi}$$

N= number of taps(number of samples) of sinc pulse.

$w_c = 2 * \pi * f_c / f_s$   $f_s$ = sampling frequency.

Note: You can choose any  $f_c$  and  $f_s$  as per your requirement of LPF and also as per Nyquist rate. But to design a Half band Filter  $f_c=f_s/4$ . Here consider the given parameters above.

After this you have to pass this sinc pulse through a window function  $W[n]$  defined as below.

a. Rectangular window  $W_{rect}[n] = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } 0 \leq n \leq N-1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

b. Hamming window  $W_H[n] = \begin{cases} 0.54 - 0.46 \cos(2 * \pi * n / (N-1)), & \text{if } 0 \leq n \leq N-1 \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$

The final impulse response should be

a.  $h[n] = hd[n] \times W_{rect}[n]$

b.  $h[n] = hd[n] \times W_H[n]$

## 2. HPF

inputs :  $f_c=1200\text{Hz}$ ,  $f_s= 4800\text{Hz}$ ,  $N=39$

$$hd[n] = \frac{\sin(\pi * n) - \sin(w_c * n)}{\pi * n} \quad \text{where} \quad -(N-1)/2 \leq n \leq (N-1)/2$$

$$\text{for } n=0, \quad hd[n] = 1 - \frac{w_c}{\pi} \quad \text{and} \quad w_c = 2 * \pi * f_c / f_s$$

After this follow the same windowing method as given above to generate  $h[n]$ .

## 3. BPF

inputs :  $f_{c1}=500 \text{ Hz}$ ,  $f_{c2}=1200 \text{ Hz}$ ,  $f_s= 6000\text{Hz}$ ,  $N=39$

$$w_{c1} = 2 * \pi * f_{c1} / f_s, \quad w_{c2} = 2 * \pi * f_{c2} / f_s$$

$$hd[n] = \frac{\sin(w_{c2} * n) - \sin(w_{c1} * n)}{\pi * n} \quad \text{where} \quad -(N-1)/2 \leq n \leq (N-1)/2$$

$$\text{for } n=0, \quad hd[n] = \frac{w_{c2} - w_{c1}}{\pi}$$

After this follow the same windowing method as given above to generate  $h[n]$ .

## Moving Average Filter :

input :  $x[n] = [-0.7145 \quad 1.3514 \quad -0.2248 \quad -0.5890 \quad -0.2938 \quad -0.8479 \quad -1.1201$   
 $2.5260 \quad 1.6555 \quad 0.3075 \quad -1.2571 \quad -0.8655 \quad -0.1765 \quad 0.7914 \quad -1.3320 \quad -2.3299$   
 $-1.4491 \quad 0.3335 \quad 0.3914 \quad 0.4517 \quad -0.1303 \quad 0.1837 \quad -0.4762 \quad 0.8620 \quad -1.3617$   
 $0.4550 \quad -0.8487 \quad -0.3349 \quad 0.5528 \quad 1.0391]$

$$\text{find output } y[n] = \frac{1}{L} \sum_{k=0}^{L-1} x[n-k]$$

For your simulation take  $L=5$ .

## Submission Details :

Write functions in C for LPF, HPF, BPF and Moving Average Filter.

Inputs to your function is as given above for each case and output is  $h[n]$  for LPF, HPF, BPF. Output for Moving Average Filter is  $y[n]$ .

Take the  $h[n]$ (only Hamming window results) generated in C to matlab to plot your filter magnitude response as given below.

Step1: Replace existing coefficients with your  $h[n]$  coefficients in filter\_coefficients.txt

Step2. Run Matlab file filter\_visualization.m

Note : please keep filter\_coefficients.txt and filter\_visualization.m files in same folder/path