## REFERENCE CODE - FULLY COMMENTED

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- \* This file is developed based on the skeleton of base task.c which is a basic
- \* real-time task skeleton offered by liblitmus, user space library of Litmus-RT.
- \* This file is useful to run a video processing application in real-time.
- \* Libraries used: FFMPEG, SDL
- \* Goal: To build a real-time Video player
- \* References:
- \* https://github.com/rambodrahmani/ffmpeg-video-player
- \* http://dranger.com/ffmpeg/tutorial01.html
- \* https://github.com/farhanr8/Litmus-RT VideoApp
- \* Code structure: This file contains several sections & sub-sections as listed.
- \* The following are indexed & mentioned near respective code sections for ease.
- \* 1. Header file inclusion section
- \* 1a. Generic libraries that work as helpers
- \* 1b. Libraries specific to FFMPEG
- \* 1c. Libraries specific to SDL
- \* 1d. Libraries specific to Litmus-RT
- \* 2. Constant definitions section
- \* 2a. Task specific constants
- \* 2b. Buffer & Frame size constraints
- \* 2c. Macros to handle errors
- \* 3. Global declarations section
- \* 3a. User-defined data structures
- \* 3b. IO, FFMPEG & SDL related variables
- \* 4. Function definitions section
- \* 5. Main method
- \* 6. Video processing job definition

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```
/* 1. HEADER FILE INCLUSION SECTION */
// 1a. Generic libraries that work as helpers
#include <math.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <assert.h>
// 1b. Libraries specific to FFMPEG
#include libavutil/opt.h>
#include libavutil/imgutils.h>
#include libswscale/swscale.h>
#include libavcodec/avcodec.h>
#include libayformat/ayformat.h>
#include swresample/swresample.h>
// 1c. Libraries specific to SDL
#include <SDL/SDL.h>
#include <SDL/SDL thread.h>
#ifdef MINGW32
#undef main
                // To prevents SDL from overriding main()
#endif
// 1d. Libraries specific to Litmus-RT
#include < litmus.h >
/* 2. CONSTANT DEFINITIONS SECTION */
// 2a. Task specific constants
// Should be defined based on the task type & how often jobs must be released
// Helpful to use experimentation to decide upon these constants
#define PERIOD
                   17.5
#define RELATIVE DEADLINE 100
#define EXEC COST
                      10
```

```
// 2b. Buffer & Frame size constants
#define SDL AUDIO BUFFER SIZE 1024
#define MAX AUDIO FRAME SIZE 192000
// 2c. Macros to handle errors
#define CALL( exp ) do { \
      int ret; \
     ret = exp; \
      if (ret != 0)
      fprintf(stderr, "%s failed: %m\n", #exp);\
      else \
      fprintf(stderr, "%s ok.\n", #exp); \
} while (0)
/* 3. GLOBAL DECLARATIONS SECTION */
// 3a. User-defined data structures
// Handles PacketQueue structure & creates an alias for it
typedef struct PacketQueue {
      AVPacketList *first pkt, *last pkt;
      int nb packets;
      int size;
      SDL mutex *mutex;
      SDL cond *cond;
} PacketQueue;
// 3b. IO, FFMPEG & SDL related variables
// Audio PacketQueue reference
PacketQueue audioq;
// Initializes FFMPEG variables
      i, videoStream, audioStream, frameFinished;
int
// Global quit flag
    quit = 0;
int
// Handles image scaling & is provided by FFMPEG
struct SwsContext *sws ctx = NULL;
```

```
// Helps to format IO Context
AVFormatContext
                       *pFormatCtx
                                        = NULL;
// Handles Codec context for video stream
AVCodecContext
                 *pCodecCtxOrig
                                  = NULL;
AVCodecContext
                 *pCodecCtx = NULL;
AVCodec
                 *pCodec
                            = NULL;
// Handles Codec context for audio stream
AVCodecContext
                 *aCodecCtxOrig
                                  = NULL;
AVCodecContext
                 *aCodecCtx = NULL;
AVCodec
                 *aCodec
                            = NULL;
// Helps to store & handle compressed data
AVPacket
           packet;
// Helps to describe raw/decoded audio or video data
AVFrame
            *pFrame = NULL;
// SDL parameters
SDL Overlay
              *bmp;
SDL Surface
              *screen;
SDL Rect
            rect:
SDL Event
             event;
SDL AudioSpec wanted spec, spec;
/* 4. FUNCTION DEFINITIONS SECTION */
/* Declares the periodically invoked job.
* Returns 1 -> task should exit.
      0 -> task should continue.
int job(void);
/* Method to initialize the given PacketQueue
* @param q is the PacketQueue to be initialized.
void packet queue init(PacketQueue *q) {
```

```
// Dynamically allocates memory for the audio queue with value 0
      memset(q, 0, sizeof(PacketQueue));
      // Returns the initialized and unlocked mutex or NULL on failure
      q->mutex = SDL CreateMutex();
      if (!q->mutex) {
      // Could not create mutex
      printf("SDL CreateMutex Error: %s.\n", SDL GetError());
      return;
      }
      // Returns a new condition variable or NULL on failure
      q->cond = SDL CreateCond();
      if (!q->cond) {
      // Could not create condition variable
      printf("SDL CreateCond Error: %s.\n", SDL GetError());
      return;
      }
}
/* Method to put the given AVPacket in the given PacketQueue
* @param q is the queue to be used for the insert
* @param pkt is the AVPacket to be inserted in the queue
* Returns
            0 if the AVPacket is correctly inserted in the given PacketQueue.
int packet queue put(PacketQueue *q, AVPacket *pkt) {
      AVPacketList *pkt1;
      // Allocates the new AVPacketList to be inserted in the audio PacketQueue
      pkt1 = av malloc(sizeof(AVPacketList));
      if (!pkt1)
            return -1;
      // Adds reference to given AVPacket which will be inserted at queue end
      pkt1->pkt = *pkt;
```

```
pkt1->next = NULL;
      // Uses lock to ensure that only one process accesses resource at a time
      SDL LockMutex(q->mutex);
      // Inserts new AVPacketList at the end of the queue
      // Checks if the queue is empty. If so, inserts at the start
      if (!q->last pkt)
             q->first pkt = pkt1;
      // If not, inserts at the end
      else
             q->last pkt->next = pkt1;
      // Points the last AVPacketList in the queue to the newly created
      // AVPacketList & updates respective data associated
      q->last pkt = pkt1;
      q->nb packets++;
      q->size += pkt1->pkt.size;
      // Restarts a thread wait on a conditional variable
      SDL CondSignal(q->cond);
      // Unlocks the muter lock posed
      SDL UnlockMutex(q->mutex);
      return 0;
}
<u>/* ************************</u> */
/* Method to get the first AVPacket from the given PacketQueue.
* @param q
                is the PacketQueue to extract from
* @param pkt is the first AVPacket extracted from the queue
* @param block = 0 to avoid waiting for an AVPacket to be inserted in the
* given queue & != 0 otherwise.
* Returns
             < 0 if returning because the quit flag is set,
             0 if the queue is empty,
             1 if it is not empty and a packet was extract (pkt)
*/
```

```
static int packet queue get(PacketQueue *q, AVPacket *pkt, int block) {
       AVPacketList *pkt1;
       int ret;
       // Ensures that only one process will access the resource at a time
       SDL LockMutex(q->mutex);
      for(;;) {
             // Exits if the global quit flag is set
              if(quit) {
               ret = -1;
               break;
              }
             // Points to the first AVPacketList in the queue
              pkt1 = q-> first pkt;
             // Packet is not NULL => queue is not empty
              if (pkt1) {
                    // Places second packet in the queue at first position
                    q->first pkt = pkt1->next;
                    // Checks if queue is empty after removal
                    if (!q->first pkt)
                           q->last pkt = NULL;
                    // Updates respective data associated
                    q->nb packets--;
                    q->size -= pkt1->pkt.size;
                    // Points pkt to the extracted packet
                     *pkt = pkt1->pkt;
                    // Frees up the dynamically allocated memory block
                    av free(pkt1);
                    ret = 1;
                    break;
```

```
} else if (!block) {
                  // block = 0 avoids waiting for AVPacket ro be inserted
                  break;
            } else
                  SDL CondWait(q->cond, q->mutex);
      }
      // Unlocks the mutex lock posed
      SDL UnlockMutex(q->mutex);
      return ret;
}
<u>/* ************************</u> */
/* Method to resample the audio data retrieved using FFMPEG before playing it.
* @param audio decode ctx is the audio codec context retrieved from the original
AVFormatContext.
* @param decoded_audio_frame is the decoded audio frame.
* @param out sample fmt is the audio output sample format
* @param out channels
                            are audio output channels, retrieved from the original
audio codec context.
* @param out sample rate
                             is the audio output sample rate, retrieved from the
original audio codec context.
* @param out buf
                         is the audio output buffer.
* Returns the size of the resampled audio data.
*/
static int audio resampling(
             AVCodecContext * audio decode ctx,
             AVFrame * decoded audio frame,
             enum AVSampleFormat out sample fmt,
             int out channels,
             int out sample rate,
             uint8 t * out buf)
  SwrContext * swr ctx = NULL;
  int ret = 0;
```

```
int64 t in channel layout = audio decode ctx->channel layout;
  int64 t out channel layout = AV CH LAYOUT STEREO;
  int out nb channels = 0;
  int out linesize = 0;
  int in nb samples = 0;
  int out nb samples = 0;
  int max out nb samples = 0;
  uint8 t ** resampled data = NULL;
  int resampled data size = 0;
  // Quits if the global flag is set
  if (quit)
    return -1;
  // Allocates SwrContext
  swr ctx = swr alloc();
  if (!swr ctx) {
    printf("Unable to allocate SqrContext !! \n");
    return -1;
  }
  // Get input audio channels
  in channel layout = (audio decode ctx->channels ==
av get channel layout nb channels(audio decode ctx->channel layout))?
            audio decode ctx->channel layout:
            av get default channel layout(audio decode ctx->channels);
  // Checks if input audio channels correctly retrieved
  if (in channel layout \leq 0) {
    printf("Unable to retrieve input audio channels correctly !!\n");
    return -1;
  }
  // Sets output audio channels based on the input audio channels
  if (out channels == 1)
    out channel layout = AV CH LAYOUT MONO;
  else if (out channels == 2)
```

```
out channel layout = AV CH LAYOUT STEREO;
else
  out_channel_layout = AV_CH_LAYOUT_SURROUND;
// Retrieves number of audio samples (per channel)
in nb samples = decoded audio frame->nb samples;
if (in nb samples \leq = 0) {
  printf("Unable to retrieve audio samples from channel !!\n");
  return -1;
// Sets SwrContext parameters for resampling : In-channel layout
av opt set int(
  swr ctx,
  "in channel layout",
  in channel layout,
  0
);
// Sets SwrContext parameters for resampling : In-sample rate
av_opt_set_int(
  swr ctx,
  "in sample rate",
  audio decode ctx->sample rate,
  0
);
// Sets SwrContext parameters for resampling : In-sample format
av opt set sample fmt(
  swr ctx,
  "in sample fmt",
  audio decode ctx->sample fmt,
  0
);
// Sets SwrContext parameters for resampling : Out-channel layout
av opt set int(
  swr ctx,
  "out channel layout",
```

```
out channel layout,
    0
  );
  // Sets SwrContext parameters for resampling : Out-sample rate
  av opt set int(
    swr ctx,
    "out sample rate",
    out sample rate,
    0
  );
  // Sets SwrContext parameters for resampling : Out-sample format
  av opt set sample fmt(
    swr_ctx,
    "out sample fmt",
    out sample fmt,
    0
  );
  // Initializes the SwrContext after setting all values
  ret = swr init(swr ctx);
  if (ret < 0) {
    printf("Failed to initialize the resampling context !!\n");
    return -1;
  }
  // Rescales the 64-bit integer with specified rounding
  max out nb samples = out nb samples = av rescale rnd(in nb samples,
out sample rate, audio decode ctx->sample rate, AV ROUND UP);
  // Checks if rescaling was successful
  if (max out nb samples \leq 0) {
    printf("Rescaling the samples failed !!\n");
    return -1;
  }
  // Gets number of output audio channels
  out nb channels = av get channel layout nb channels(out channel layout);
```

```
// Allocates a data pointers array, samples buffer for out nb samples
ret = av samples alloc array and samples(
      &resampled data,
      &out linesize,
      out nb channels,
      out nb samples,
      out sample fmt,
      0);
if (ret < 0)
  printf("Unable to allocate destination samples !!\n");
  return -1;
}
// Retrieves output samples number taking into account the progressive delay
out nb samples = av rescale rnd(
    swr get delay(swr ctx, audio decode ctx->sample rate) + in nb samples,
      out sample rate, audio decode ctx->sample rate,
      AV ROUND UP);
// Checks if output samples number was correctly retrieved
if (out nb samples \leq 0) {
  printf("Failed to retrieve output samples number !!\n");
  return -1;
}
if (out nb samples > max out nb samples) {
  // Frees memory block and set pointer to NULL
  av free(resampled data[0]);
  // Allocate a samples buffer for out nb samples samples
  ret = av samples alloc(resampled data, &out linesize,
        out nb channels, out nb samples, out sample fmt, 1);
  // Checks if samples buffer is correctly allocated
  if (ret < 0) {
    printf("Samples buffer is not correctly allocated !!\n");
     return -1;
  }
```

```
max out nb samples = out nb samples;
  }
  if (swr ctx)
  {
    // Does the actual audio data resampling
    ret = swr convert(swr ctx, resampled data, out nb samples,
           (const uint8 t **) decoded audio frame->data,
           decoded audio frame->nb samples);
    // Checks audio conversion was successful
    if (ret < 0) {
       printf("Unable to convert data & resamples it !!\n");
       return -1;
    }
    // Gets the required buffer size for the given audio parameters
    resampled data size = av samples get buffer size(&out linesize,
out nb channels,
                    ret, out sample fmt, 1);
    // Checks audio buffer size
    if (resampled data size < 0) {
   printf("Unable to assign required buffer size for the given audio parameters !! \n");
       return -1;
    }
  else {
    printf("Null SWR Context !! \n");
    return -1;
  }
  // Copies the resampled data to the output buffer
  memcpy(out buf, resampled data[0], resampled data size);
  // Memory cleanup
  if (resampled data)
    av freep(&resampled data[0]);
  av freep(&resampled data);
```

```
resampled data = NULL;
  if (swr ctx)
    swr free(&swr ctx);
  return resampled data size;
}
/* Methods to get a packet from the queue if available.
* Decode the extracted packet. Once we have the frame, resample it and simply
* copy it to our audio buffer, while data size is smaller than audio buffer.
* @param aCodecCtx the audio AVCodecContext used for decoding
* @param audio buf the audio buffer to write into
* @param buf size the size of the audio buffer, 1.5 larger than the one
              provided by FFmpeg
* Returns 0 if everything goes well, -1 in case of error or quit
int audio decode frame(AVCodecContext *aCodecCtx, uint8 t *audio buf, int
buf size) {
      int len 1 = 0;
      int data size = 0;
      // Allocates an AVPacket & sets its fields to default values
      AVPacket * avPacket = av packet alloc();
      static uint8 t *audio pkt data = NULL;
      static int audio pkt size = 0;
      // Allocates a new frame to decode audio packets
      static AVFrame * avFrame = NULL;
      avFrame = av frame alloc();
      if (!avFrame) {
            printf("Unable to allocate AVFrame !!\n");
            return -1;
      }
```

```
// As long as we don't get any error OR until the audio buffer
// is not smaller than data size, we proceed with the below
for (;;) {
      if (quit)
             return -1;
       while(audio pkt size > 0) {
             int got frame = 0;
             int ret = avcodec receive frame(aCodecCtx, avFrame);
             if (ret == 0)
             got_frame = 1;
             if (ret == AVERROR(EAGAIN))
             ret = 0;
             if (ret == 0)
             ret = avcodec send packet(aCodecCtx, avPacket);
             if (ret == AVERROR(EAGAIN))
             ret = 0;
             else if (ret < 0) {
             printf("Error while decoding audio.\n");
             return -1;
             else
             len1 = avPacket->size;
             // Skip the frame if error occurs
             if (len 1 < 0) {
                    audio pkt size = 0;
                    break;
              }
             audio pkt data += len1;
             audio pkt size -= len1;
             data size = 0;
```

```
if (got_frame) {
                   // Audio resampling
                   data size = audio resampling(
                   aCodecCtx,
                   avFrame,
                   AV SAMPLE FMT S16,
                   aCodecCtx->channels,
                   aCodecCtx->sample_rate,
                   audio buf);
                         assert(data size <= buf size);
                   }
                   // No data yet => get more frames
                   if (data_size <= 0)
                         continue;
                   return data size;
             }
            // Unreferences the buffer referenced by the packet
            if (avPacket->data)
                   av packet unref(avPacket);
            // Gets more audio AVPacket
            if (packet queue get(&audioq, avPacket, 1) < 0) {
                   printf("Unable to get more audio AVPacket !!\n");
                   return -1;
             }
            audio pkt data = avPacket->data;
            audio pkt size = avPacket->size;
      }
}
<u>/* ***********************</u> */
/* Method to pull in data from audio decode frame()
* Stores the result in an intermediary buffer
* Attempts to write as many bytes as the amount defined by len to SDL
* stream, and get more data if we don't have enough yet, or save it for later
* if we have some left over.
```

```
* @param userdata the pointer we gave to SDL.
* @param stream
                      the buffer we will be writing audio data to.
* @param len
                     the size of that buffer.
void audio callback(void *userdata, Uint8 *stream, int len) {
      int len1, audio size;
      // Size of audio buf = 1.5 \times \text{Size} of the largest audio frame from FFMPEG
      static uint8 t audio buf[(MAX AUDIO FRAME SIZE * 3) / 2];
      static unsigned int audio buf size = 0;
      static unsigned int audio buf index = 0;
      // Retrieves the audio codec context
      aCodecCtx = (AVCodecContext *)userdata;
      // Runs as long as the SDL defined length > 0
      while (len > 0) {
             if (quit)
                    return;
             if (audio buf index >= audio buf size) {
                    // We have already sent all our data => get more
                    audio size = audio decode frame(aCodecCtx, audio buf,
sizeof(audio buf));
                    if (audio size < 0) {
                           // If error, we output silence
                           audio buf size = 1024;
                           // Clears memory
                           memset(audio buf, 0, audio buf size);
                           printf("audio decode frame() failed !!\n");
                    }
                    else
                           audio buf size = audio size;
                    audio buf index = 0;
```

```
}
           len1 = audio buf size - audio buf index;
           if (len 1 > len)
                 len1 = len;
           // Copies data from audio buffer to the SDL stream
           memcpy(stream, (uint8_t *)audio_buf + audio_buf_index, len1);
           len = len1;
           stream += len1;
           audio buf index += len1;
     }
}
/* 5. MAIN METHOD */
int main(int argc, char** argv)
     int do exit, ret;
     struct rt_task param;
     // Sets up task parameters
     init rt task param(&param);
     param.exec cost = ms2ns(EXEC COST);
     param.period = ms2ns(PERIOD);
     param.relative deadline = ms2ns(RELATIVE DEADLINE);
     // Handling budget overruns
     param.budget policy = NO ENFORCEMENT;
     // Sets the real-time task's class to be Soft
     param.cls = RT CLASS SOFT;
     // Used by fixed priority plugins
     param.priority = LITMUS LOWEST PRIORITY;
     if(SDL Init(SDL INIT VIDEO | SDL INIT AUDIO | SDL INIT TIMER))
{
```

```
fprintf(stderr, "Unable to initialize SDL - %s\n", SDL GetError());
             exit(1);
      }
      // Opens the input video file
      if(avformat open input(&pFormatCtx, "/home/litmus/Videos/test-video.mp4",
NULL, NULL) != 0){
      printf("Unable to open the video file given !!\n");
             return -1;
      }
      // Retrieves stream information
      if(avformat find stream info(pFormatCtx, NULL) < 0){
    printf("Unable to find stream information !!\n");
             return -1;
      }
      // Dumps information about file onto standard error
      av dump format(pFormatCtx, 0, "/home/litmus/Videos/test-video.mp4", 0);
      // Finds the first video stream
      videoStream = -1;
      audioStream = -1;
      for (int i = 0; i < pFormatCtx->nb streams; i++) {
             if(pFormatCtx->streams[i]->codecpar->codec type ==
AVMEDIA TYPE VIDEO && videoStream < 0) {
                    videoStream = i;
             }
if(pFormatCtx->streams[i]->codecpar->codec type==AVMEDIA TYPE AUDIO
&& audioStream < 0) {
                   audioStream = i;
             }
      }
      if(videoStream==-1){
             printf("No Video Stream found !!");
             return -1; // Didn't find a video stream
      }
```

```
if(audioStream==-1){
             printf("No Audio Stream found !!");
                               // Didn't find a audio stream
             return -1;
      }
      // Retrieves audio codec
      aCodec =
avcodec find decoder(pFormatCtx->streams[audioStream]->codecpar->codec id);
      if(aCodec == NULL) {
             fprintf(stderr, "Unsupported audio codec !!\n");
             return -1;
      }
      // Copies the obtained audio codec context
      aCodecCtxOrig = avcodec alloc context3(aCodec);
      ret = avcodec parameters to context(aCodecCtxOrig,
pFormatCtx->streams[videoStream]->codecpar);
      if (ret != 0) {
             printf("Unable to copy audio codec context !!\n");
             return -1;
      }
      aCodecCtx = avcodec alloc context3(aCodec);
      ret = avcodec parameters to context(aCodecCtx,
pFormatCtx->streams[audioStream]->codecpar);
      if (ret != 0) {
      printf("Unable to copy audio codec context !!\n");
      return -1;
      // Set audio settings from codec info for desired specifications
      wanted spec.freq = aCodecCtx->sample rate;
      wanted spec.format = AUDIO S16SYS;
      wanted spec.channels = aCodecCtx->channels;
      wanted spec.silence = 0;
      wanted spec.samples = SDL AUDIO BUFFER SIZE;
      wanted spec.callback = audio callback;
      wanted spec.userdata = aCodecCtx;
```

```
if(SDL OpenAudio(&wanted spec, &spec) < 0) {
             fprintf(stderr, "SDL OpenAudio: %s\n", SDL GetError());
             return -1;
      }
      // Initializes the audio AVCodecContext to use the given audio AVCodec
      if(avcodec open2(aCodecCtx, aCodec, NULL)){
             printf("Unable to open audio codec !!\n");
             return -1;
      }
      packet queue init(&audioq);
      // Starts playing audio on the given audio device
      SDL PauseAudio(0);
      // Retrieves video codec
      // Finds the decoder for the video stream
pCodec=avcodec find decoder(pFormatCtx->streams[videoStream]->codecpar->cod
ec id);
      if(pCodec == NULL) {
             fprintf(stderr, "Unsupported video codec !!\n");
                                 // Codec not found
             return -1;
      }
      // Copies video codec context for the audio context we retrieved earlier
      pCodecCtxOrig = avcodec alloc context3(pCodec);
      ret = avcodec parameters to context(pCodecCtxOrig,
pFormatCtx->streams[videoStream]->codecpar);
      if (ret != 0) {
      printf("Unable to copy video codec context !!\n");
      return -1;
      }
      pCodecCtx = avcodec alloc context3(pCodec);
      ret = avcodec parameters to context(pCodecCtx,
pFormatCtx->streams[videoStream]->codecpar);
```

```
if (ret != 0) {
      printf("Unable to copy video codec context !!\n");
      return -1;
      }
      // Initializes the video AVCodecContext to use the given video AVCodec
      if(avcodec open2(pCodecCtx, pCodec, NULL)<0)
            return -1;
      // Allocates video frame
      pFrame=av frame alloc();
      // Makes a screen to put our video
      #ifndef DARWIN
       screen = SDL SetVideoMode(pCodecCtx->width, pCodecCtx->height, 0, 0);
      #else
       screen = SDL SetVideoMode(pCodecCtx->width, pCodecCtx->height, 24,
0);
      #endif
      if(!screen) {
            fprintf(stderr, "SDL: could not set video mode - exiting\n");
            exit(1);
      }
      // Allocates a place to put our YUV image on that screen
      bmp = SDL CreateYUVOverlay(pCodecCtx->width,
                                                   pCodecCtx->height,
                                                   SDL_YV12_OVERLAY,
                                                   screen);
      // Initializes SWS context for software scaling
      sws ctx = sws getContext(pCodecCtx->width,
                                                   pCodecCtx->height,
                                                   pCodecCtx->pix fmt,
                                                   pCodecCtx->width,
                                                   pCodecCtx->height,
                                                   AV PIX FMT YUV420P,
                                                   SWS BILINEAR,
                                                   NULL,
```

```
);
// The task is in background mode upon startup
// Initializes real-time properties for the entire program
// Returns 0 on success
CALL( init litmus() );
// Sets up real-time task params for given process
CALL( set rt task param(gettid(), &param) );
fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", "Set to Real Time Task...");
// Transitions into real-time mode
CALL( task mode(LITMUS RT TASK) );
fprintf(stderr,"%s\n","Running RT task...");
// Invokes real-time jobs
do {
      // Waits until next job is released
      sleep next period();
      // Invokes the job
      do exit = job();
} while (!do exit);
// Transitions into background mode
fprintf(stderr,"%s\n","Completed task successfully...");
fprintf(stderr,"%s\n","Changing to background task...");
CALL( task mode(BACKGROUND TASK) );
// Clean up, pint results & statistics then exit
fprintf(stderr,"%s\n","Cleaning...");
av frame free(&pFrame);
// Close the codecs
avcodec close(pCodecCtxOrig);
avcodec close(pCodecCtx);
avcodec close(aCodecCtxOrig);
avcodec close(aCodecCtx);
```

NULL, NULL

```
// Close the video file
      avformat close input(&pFormatCtx);
      fprintf(stderr,"%s\n","Cleaning done...");
      fprintf(stderr,"%s\n","Program ending...");
      return 0;
}
/* 6. VIDEO PROCESSING JOB DEFINITION */
int job(void)
      AVFrame pict;
      int ret;
      // Reads next frame of the stream from AVFormatContext
      // Splits it into packets by calling av read frame()
      if(av_read_frame(pFormatCtx, &packet) >= 0) {
        // Checks if video stream is found
        if(packet.stream index == videoStream) {
           // Decodes video frame
            // Give the decoder raw compressed data in an AVPacket
            ret = avcodec send packet(pCodecCtx, &packet);
          if (ret < 0) {
            printf("Unable to send packet for decoding !!\n");
            return -1;
          }
          while (ret \geq = 0) {
            // Gets decoded output data from decoder
            ret = avcodec receive frame(pCodecCtx, pFrame);
            // Checks if an entire frame was decoded
            if (ret == AVERROR(EAGAIN) || ret == AVERROR EOF)
```

```
break;
              else if (ret < 0) {
                printf("Unable to decode video !!\n");
                return -1;
              }
              else
                frameFinished = 1;
             // Did we get a video frame?
               if(frameFinished) {
                          SDL LockYUVOverlay(bmp);
                          pict.data[0] = bmp->pixels[0];
                          pict.data[1] = bmp->pixels[2];
                          pict.data[2] = bmp->pixels[1];
                          pict.linesize[0] = bmp->pitches[0];
                          pict.linesize[1] = bmp->pitches[2];
                          pict.linesize[2] = bmp->pitches[1];
                          // Convert the image into YUV format for SDL
                          sws scale(sws ctx, (uint8 t const * const *)pFrame->data,
pFrame->linesize, 0, pCodecCtx->height, pict.data, pict.linesize);
                                 SDL UnlockYUVOverlay(bmp);
                                 rect.x = 0;
                                 rect.y = 0;
                                 rect.w = pCodecCtx->width;
                                 rect.h = pCodecCtx->height;
                                 SDL DisplayYUVOverlay(bmp, &rect);
                                 av packet unref(&packet);
                           }
                    }
         }
         else if(packet.stream index==audioStream)
                    packet queue put(&audioq, &packet);
         else
             av packet unref(&packet);
```

```
// Handles quit event (Ctrl + C, SDL Window closed)
        SDL_PollEvent(&event);
        switch(event.type) {
               case SDL_QUIT:
                          quit = 1;
                          SDL_Quit();
                          exit(0);
                          break;
               default:
                   break;
        }
        return 0;
       }
       else
             return 1;
}
```