

## Assignment - 7

11.1. Given data is

The transmitted files = 30.

The average size of = 126 Kbytes =  $\bar{s}$

and standard deviation = 35 kbytes =  $s$

The average transmittance time was = 0.04 sec  
and the standard deviation = 0.01 seconds

The correlation between time and the size  
was  $r = 0.86$

From the given information  $T - \bar{T}$ .

$$\propto \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} \left( s - \bar{s} \right)$$

By substituting the values

$$\bar{T} - 0.04 = 0.86 \frac{0.01}{\sqrt{35}} \left( s - 126 \right)$$

$$\text{and } \bar{T} = 0.86 \frac{0.01}{\sqrt{35}} \left( s - 126 \right) + 0.04 \quad \text{(1)}$$

By the above equation, we can come to know to the time that transmit a 400 kbytes

$$s = 400 \text{ kbytes}$$

$$\bar{T} = 0.86 \frac{0.01}{\sqrt{35}} \left( 400 - 126 \right) + 0.04$$

$$= 0.0673 + 0.04$$

$$\bar{T} = 0.1074 \text{ seconds.}$$

11.2

The following statistics were obtained for a sample of size  $n = 75$ :

The predictor variable  $x$  has mean  $32.1 = \bar{x}$   
Variance  $6.4; V(x), V(y) = 2.8, \text{cov}(xy) = 3.6$

a) Linear regression equation predicting  $y$  based on  $x$  is expressed as.

$$y - \bar{y} = \frac{\text{cov}(x, y)}{n s_x^2} (x - \bar{x})$$

$$\Rightarrow y - 8.4 = \frac{3.6}{6.4} (x - 32.2)$$

$$\Rightarrow y = 0.56x - 18.11 + 8.4$$

$$y = 0.56x - 9.71$$

∴ The linear regression equation is as follows

$$y = 0.5628x - 9.71$$

b)

From the parameters that are given and calculate from making ANOVA

$$S.S_{\text{tot}} = (n-1) S_y^2$$

$$S.S_{\text{reg}} = (n-1) b_1^2 \times S_x^2$$

$$= (75-1) \times (0.5628)^2 \times 6.4$$

$$= 149.85$$

$$S.S_{\text{IRR}} = S.S_{\text{tot}} - S.S_{\text{reg}}$$

$$= 207 - 149 = 57.35$$

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b) ANOVA table for the above model is given by

Source	Sum of Squares	Degrees of freedom	Mean Square	F
Model	149.85	1	149.85	190.748
Error	57.35	73	0.7856	
Total	207.2	74	2.8	

Total variation estimated by S-Square

$$R^2 = \frac{SS_{\text{Reg}}}{SS_{\text{tot}}} = \frac{149.85}{207.2} = 0.723$$

∴ total variation of  $y$  in  $x$  is 0.723.

(c) The given [1+2] 100% confidence interval to the slope

$$\left[ b_1 + t_{\alpha/2} \frac{s}{\sqrt{S_{xx}}} , b_1 + t_{1-\alpha/2} \frac{s}{\sqrt{S_{xx}}} \right]$$

$$\text{Here } s = \sqrt{0.7856}$$

$$= 0.886$$

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for the 99% confidence interval  $t_{0.005, 74} =$

$$S_{\text{ex}} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{n-2}} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y})^2$$

$$= \sqrt{\frac{1}{64-2} \sum_{i=1}^{64} (y_i - 48)^2} = \sqrt{\frac{1}{62} \times 64} = 4.80$$

Here we have 99% for the regression slope is calculated as

$$C_{99\%} = \left[ b_1 - t_{0.005, 74} \frac{s_{b_1}}{\sqrt{S_{\text{ex}}}}, b_1 + t_{0.005, 74} \frac{s_{b_1}}{\sqrt{S_{\text{ex}}}} \right]$$

$$P.D.S = \frac{0.5625 \times \sqrt{4.80}}{0.886} = 1.391$$

We have the  $t$  value which is greater than the theory value of  $t$ -distribution at 99% level of significance & 74 degrees of freedom regression slope so the significant at 99% level.

(b.b.2) P.D.S =  $\frac{(b_1 - t_{0.005, 74}) \times S_{\text{ex}}}{\sqrt{b_1^2 + S_{\text{ex}}^2}}$

$$(b.b.2) P.D.S = \frac{(0.5625 - 1.391) \times 4.80}{\sqrt{0.5625^2 + 4.80^2}} = 1.072$$

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11.9 From the Example 11.10. on, p. 390

The given information.

$$n = 7, \bar{x}_2 = 7.57, S_{x_2}^2 = 63.29, \bar{y} = 35 \\ S^2_y = 242, S_{xy} = 0.758$$

Compute the least squares estimates.

$$b_1 = \frac{n}{S_{x_2}^2} \sqrt{\frac{S_y^2}{S_{xy}}} = (0.758) \sqrt{\frac{242}{63.29}} = 1.48$$

$$b_0 = \bar{y} - b_1 \bar{x}_2 = 35 - (1.48)(7.57) = 20.84.$$

The fitted regression line has the equation:

$$\hat{y} = 20.84 + 1.48x_2$$

The coefficient of determination is

Showing that 52.5% of the total variation of the number of processed requests is explained by the number of tables only.

$$SS_{\text{TOT}} = (n-1) S_y^2 = (6)(242) = 1452 \\ (n-1 = 6 \text{ d.f.})$$

$$SS_{\text{REG}} = R^2 SS_{\text{TOT}} = (0.525)(1452) \\ = 834.9 \text{ (1 d.f.)}$$

$$SS_{\text{ERR}} = SS_{\text{TOT}} - SS_{\text{REG}} = 1452 - 834.9 \\ = 617.1 \text{ (n-2 = 5 d.f.)}$$

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$R^2_{adj}$  ?

Source	Sum of Square	degree of freedom	mean Square	F
model	834	1	834	6.76
Error	618	12	51.5	12.3
Total	1452	13	111.69	24.2

So, the adjusted  $R^2$

$$R^2_{adj} = 1 - \frac{MS_{Error}}{MS_{Model}} = 1 - \frac{12.3}{24.2}$$

$$\text{So the } R^2_{adj} = 1 - 0.51 \\ = 0.49$$

⑤

mean square and f-ratio

Source	Sum of Square	Degree of freedom	Mean Square	F ratio
Model	834.9	1	834.9	6.76
Error	618.1	12	51.5	12.3
Total	1452.0	13	111.69	24.2

mean square model = sum of square model  
degree of freedom model

$$\frac{834.9}{1} = \underline{\underline{834.9}}$$

mean Square Error	=	sum of square error
1600.6	1	degree of freedom error
1800.6	1	
1700.6	1	

sum of square error  
degree of freedom error

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{619.1}{F}$$

F (stat)

now  $\Rightarrow 123.42$  and round  
using decimal point

$F$  ratio = mean Square model  
mean Square Error

$$= 834.9$$

$$E(S) = 123.42$$

$$S.E. = 6.364$$

$$S.E. = 6.364$$

Ques - 2 b) round now (1)  
11.5) From the above problem we have the  
values.

Year, X	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013
Investment, Y	17	28	31	29	33	39	39	40	41	44	49
Reporting profit, Z	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes

Prediction of matrix Y and response Vector X

$$Y = P.E.D = 2003 \quad 0$$

$$1 \quad 2004 \quad 0$$

$$1 \quad 2005 \quad 1$$

$$1 \quad 2006 \quad 0$$

$$1 \quad 2007 \quad 1$$

$$1 \quad 2008 \quad 1$$

$$1 \quad 2009 \quad 1$$

1 2010 1  
1 2011 0.8  
1 2012 1.1  
1 2013 1.0

$y_t = 14 \ 23 \ 31 \ 39 \ 33 \ 39 \ 40 \ 41 \ 44 \ 42$

Compute

$$\begin{pmatrix} 6.83 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 14 \\ 23 \\ 31 \\ 39 \\ 33 \\ 39 \\ 40 \\ 41 \\ 44 \\ 42 \end{pmatrix} \times T_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 343 \\ 3376 \\ 273 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$A - B = \begin{pmatrix} 10.308 \\ 13.36 \\ 2.36 \\ 4.09 \end{pmatrix}$$

The regression equation is represented as

$$y = 13.36 + 2.36n + 4.09z \quad \text{---(1)}$$

(b) Substituting  $n = 15$  and  $z = 1$  in the eq(1)

$$y = 13.36 + 2.36(15) + 4.09(1)$$

$$52.852 \approx 53$$

Hence, the predicted investment amount is 52,850.

(c) Substituting  $n = 15$  &  $z = 0$  in eq(1)

$$y = 13.36 + 2.36n + 4.09z$$

$$13.36 + 2.36(15) + 4.09(0)$$

$$= 48.36$$

Hence, the predicted investment amount  
is \$ 40,900  
The investment reduces is \$ 40,900

(d) Multivariate Anova table.

$\bar{y} = \bar{y}_b$	1	2	3	4	5	6	7
$\bar{y}^T = [10.4   32.8   29.2   27.5   34   36.3   38.2]$							
	41	39.3	45.2	48.1			
	F	MS					

$$SSE_{\text{reg}} = (\bar{y} - \hat{y})^T (\bar{y} - \hat{y}) = 808.02$$

$$SSE_{\text{err}} = (\bar{y} - \hat{y})^T (\bar{y} - \hat{y}) = 33.62$$

ANOVA table is represented as follows.

Source	Sum of Square	Degrees of freedom	Mean Square	F
Model	808.02	1	808.02	404
Error	33.62	8	4.12	
Total	841.62	9		

$$R^2 = \frac{SS_{\text{reg}}}{SS_{\text{tot}}}$$

$$R^2 = \frac{808.02}{841.62}$$

$$(0) R^2 + 1 = 1 - \frac{SS_{\text{err}}}{SS_{\text{tot}}} = 1 - \frac{33.62}{841.62} = 0.962$$

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Since, it is more than the previous value of  $R^2$ .

∴ The new variable  $x$  explains 3.9% of the total variation in  $y$ .