Assignment 3: Create a function that takes a filename as an argument and prints the number of lines in the file. Call this function from your script with different filenames.

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Step 1: create some files.
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ touch file1.txt
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ touch file2.txt
Step 2: Add data to those files.
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ cat > file1.txt
      Hello
      World
      ı
      am
      Wipro
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ cat file1.txt
      Hello
      World
      am
      Wipro
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ cat > file2.txt
      RPS
```

```
Wipro
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ cat file2.txt
      RPS
      Wipro
Step 3: Open vi to create the script.
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ vi numberOfLinesFunc.sh
Step 4: Enter insert mode by pressing i and enter the script.
      numOfLines(){
    file=$1
    if [ -f $file ]; then
         lines=$(wc -I < "$file")
        echo "The file $file contains $lines lines."
    else
        echo "The file $file doesn't exists."
    fi
      }
      numOfLines $@
Step 5: Press Esc and exit insert mode. Type :wq and press Enter to save and
quit.
Step 6: Run the Script.
      HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
      $ bash numberOfLinesFunc.sh file1.txt
      The file file1.txt contains 5 lines.
```

HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
\$ bash numberOfLinesFunc.sh file2.txt
The file file2.txt contains 2 lines.

HP@Sai MINGW64 /d/Shell scripting
\$ bash numberOfLinesFunc.sh file3.txt
The file file3.txt doesn't exists. // file doesn't exist