

Problem set u.s

①

$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-3s}}{s^2}$$

$$f(t) = (t-3) u(t-3)$$

②

$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-s} - e^{-3s}}{s^2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s^2} - \frac{e^{-3s}}{s^2}$$

$$= u(t-1)(t-1) - u(t-3)(t-3)$$

③

$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s+2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s+2} \Rightarrow u(t-1) e^{-2(t-1)}$$

$$(4) \quad F(s) = \frac{e^{-s} - e^{2-2s}}{s-1}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s-1} - e^2 \cdot \frac{e^{-2s}}{s-1}$$

$$= u(t-1)e^{t-1} - u(t-2) \cdot e^2 \cdot e^{t-2}$$

$$(5) \quad F(s) = \frac{e^{-\pi s}}{s^2+1}$$

$$= e^{-\pi s} \cdot \frac{1}{s^2+1}$$

$$= u(t-\pi) \sin(t-\pi)$$

$$(6) \quad F(s) = \frac{se^{-s}}{s^2+\pi^2}$$

$$f(t) = u(t-1) \cos \pi(t-1)$$

⑦

$$F(s) = \frac{1 - e^{-2\pi s}}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2 + 1} - \frac{e^{-2\pi s}}{s^2 + 1}$$

$$= \sin t - u(t - 2\pi) \sin(t - 2\pi)$$

⑧

$$F(s) = \frac{s(1 - e^{-2s})}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$= \frac{s}{s^2 + \pi^2} - e^{-2s} \frac{s}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$f(t) = \cos \pi t - u(t - 2) \cos \pi(t - 2)$$

⑨

$$F(s) = \frac{s(1 + e^{-3s})}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{s}{s^2 + \pi^2} + \frac{se^{-3s}}{s^2 + \pi^2}$$

$$f(t) = \cos \pi t + u(t - 3) \cos \pi(t - 3)$$

(11)

$$f(t) = 2 \cdot u_{03}(t)$$

$$f(t) = 2 [u(t) - u(t-3)]$$

$$F(s) = 2 \mathcal{L}(u(t) \cdot 1) - 2 \mathcal{L}(u(t-3) \cdot 1)$$

$$= \frac{2}{s} - 2 \cdot e^{-3s} \cdot \frac{1}{s}$$

$$= \frac{2}{s} [1 - e^{-3s}]$$

(12)

$$f(t) = u_{14}(t)$$

$$f(t) = u(t-1) - u(t-4)$$

$$F(s) = \frac{e^{-s}}{s} - \frac{e^{-4s}}{s}$$

(13)

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t & \text{if } 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi \\ 0 & t > 2\pi \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(t) &= \sin t [u(t) - u(t-2\pi)] \\
 &= u(t) \sin t - u(t-2\pi) \sin t \\
 &= \frac{1}{s^2+1} - e^{-2\pi s} \mathcal{L}(\sin(t+2\pi)) \\
 &= \frac{1}{s^2+1} - e^{-2\pi s} \mathcal{L}(\sin t) \\
 &= \frac{1}{s^2+1} [1 - e^{-2\pi s}]
 \end{aligned}$$

(14)

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \cos \pi t & 0 \leq t \leq 2 \\ 0 & t > 2 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 f(t) &= [u(t) - u(t-2)] \cos \pi t \\
 &= u(t) \cos \pi t - u(t-2) \cos \pi t \\
 &= \frac{s}{s^2+\pi^2} - e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}(\cos(\pi t+2\pi)) \\
 &= \frac{s}{s^2+\pi^2} [1 - e^{-2s}]
 \end{aligned}$$

(15)

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin t & 0 < t < 3\pi \\ 0 & \text{o.w.} \end{cases}$$

$$= \left[u(t) - u(t-3\pi) \right] \sin t$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+s^2} - e^{-3\pi} \mathcal{L}(\sin(t+3\pi))$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+s^2} - e^{-3\pi} \mathcal{L}(\underbrace{\sin t \cos 3\pi}_{-1} + \underbrace{\cos t \sin 3\pi}_{0})$$

$$= \frac{1}{1+s^2} (1 - e^{-3\pi})$$

(16)

$$f(t) = \begin{cases} \sin 2t & \text{if } \pi \leq t \leq 2\pi \\ 0 & t < \pi, \quad t > 2\pi \end{cases}$$

$$f(t) = \left[u(t-\pi) - u(t-2\pi) \right] \sin 2t$$

$$= u(t-\pi) \sin 2t - u(t-2\pi) \sin 2t$$

$$F(s) = e^{-\pi s} \mathcal{L}(\sin(2t+2\pi)) - e^{-2\pi s} \mathcal{L}(\sin(2t+4\pi))$$

$$= \frac{2}{s^2 + 4} (e^{-\pi s} - e^{-2\pi})$$

(17)

$$f(t) = \sin \pi t \quad 2 \leq t \leq 3$$

$$f(t) = \{u(t-2) - u(t-3)\} \sin \pi t$$

$$F(s) = e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}(\sin(\pi t + 2\pi)) - e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}(\sin(\pi t + 3\pi))$$

$$= e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}(\sin \pi t) - e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}(-\sin \pi t)$$

$$= \frac{\pi}{s^2 + \pi^2} [e^{-2s} - e^{-3s}]$$

(18)

$$f(t) = \cos \frac{1}{2} \pi t \quad \text{if } 3 < t < 5$$

$$f(t) = \{u(t-3) - u(t-5)\} \cos \frac{1}{2} \pi t$$

$$F(s) = e^{-3s} \mathcal{L}(\cos(\frac{\pi t}{2} + 3\frac{\pi}{2})) - e^{-5s} \mathcal{L}(\cos(\frac{\pi t}{2} + 5\frac{\pi}{2}))$$

$$A = e^{-3s} \mathcal{L} \left(\cos \frac{\pi t}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{3\pi}{2} - \sin \frac{\pi t}{2} \cdot \sin \frac{3\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$+ e^{-5s} \mathcal{L} \left(\cos \frac{\pi t}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{5\pi}{2} - \sin \frac{\pi t}{2} \cdot \cos \frac{5\pi}{2} \right)$$

$$= e^{-3s} \mathcal{L} (0 + \sin \frac{\pi t}{2}) + e^{-5s} \mathcal{L} (-\sin \frac{\pi t}{2})$$

$$= \left(\frac{\frac{\pi}{2}}{s^2 + \frac{\pi^2}{4}} \right) [e^{-3s} - e^{-5s}]$$

(19) $f(t) = 0$ if $t < 1$
 t if $t \geq 1$

$$f(t) = u(t-1)t$$

$$F(s) = e^{-s} \mathcal{L}(t+1)$$

$$= e^{-s} \left(\frac{1}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s} \right)$$

(21)

$$f(t) = t \quad \text{if } t < 1$$

$$2-t \quad 1 < t < 2$$

$$0 \quad t > 2$$

$$f(t) = \{u(t) - u(t-1)\}t + \{u(t-1) - u(t-2)\}(2-t)$$

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s^2} - e^{-s} \left(\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right) + e^{-s} \left(\frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s^2} \right) - e^{-2s} \left(-\frac{1}{s^2} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2} - e^{-s} \cdot \frac{2}{s^2} + \frac{e^{-2s}}{s^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{s^2} [1 - 2e^{-s} + e^{-2s}]$$

(20)

$$f(t) = t \quad \text{if } t < 1$$

$$1 \quad \text{if } t > 1$$

$$f(t) = [u(t) - u(t-1)]t + u(t-1)$$

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s} - e^{-s} \left(\frac{1}{s} + \frac{1}{s^2} \right) + e^{-s} \frac{1}{s}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{1}{s} - \frac{1}{s^2} e^{-s}$$

(22)

$$f(t) = t^3 \quad 1 \leq t \leq 2$$

0

otherwise

$$f(t) = [u(t-1) - u(t-2)]t^3$$

$$F(s) = e^{-s} \mathcal{L}((t+1)^3) - e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}((t+2)^3)$$

$$= e^{-s} \mathcal{L}(t^3 + 3t^2 + 3t + 1)$$

$$- e^{-2s} \mathcal{L}(t^3 + 8 + 6t^2 + 12t)$$

$$= e^{-s} \left(\frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{6}{s^3} + \frac{3}{s^2} + \frac{1}{s} \right)$$

$$- e^{-2s} \left(\frac{6}{s^4} + \frac{12}{s^3} + \frac{12}{s^2} + \frac{8}{s} \right)$$