GEOGRAPIC SEGMENTATION ANALYSIS



-Sai Sandeep

# ML MODEL HELPED ME IN THIS PROJECT

Project, focusing on market segmentation within India's electric vehicle (EV) sector, the **K-Means Clustering** algorithm was employed to identify distinct market segments based on geographic and sales data.

## Common ML Algorithms and Their Applications

1. **Logistic Regression**
   * **Use Case**: Binary classification problems.
   * **Example**: Predicting whether an email is spam or not.
   * **Advantages**: Simple, interpretable, and effective for linearly separable data.
   * **Limitations**: Assumes a linear relationship between input variables and the log-odds of the outcome. [Unstop+1Wikipedia+1](https://unstop.com/blog/machine-learning-algorithms?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

## Random Forest

* + **Use Case**: Classification and regression tasks.
  + **Example**: Predicting stock prices or classifying patient data.
  + **Advantages**: Handles missing values well and reduces overfitting by averaging multiple decision trees.
  + **Limitations**: Can be computationally intensive and less interpretable than single decision trees. [Unstop+1Medium+1](https://unstop.com/blog/machine-learning-algorithms?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

## Support Vector Machines (SVM)

* + **Use Case**: Classification tasks, especially with high-dimensional data.
  + **Example**: Text categorization or image classification.
  + **Advantages**: Effective in high-dimensional spaces and versatile with different kernel functions.
  + **Limitations**: Not suitable for large datasets due to high computational cost. [Financial](https://unstop.com/blog/machine-learning-algorithms?utm_source=chatgpt.com) [Times+9Unstop+9Medium+9](https://unstop.com/blog/machine-learning-algorithms?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

## K-Nearest Neighbors (KNN)

* + **Use Case**: Classification and regression tasks.
  + **Example**: Recommender systems or image recognition.
  + **Advantages**: Simple to implement and makes no assumptions about data distribution.
  + **Limitations**: Computationally expensive with large datasets and sensitive to irrelevant features. [DevOps Schoo](https://www.devopsschool.com/blog/a-comprehensive-guide-to-machine-learning-algorithms/?utm_source=chatgpt.com)[lUnstop+1DevOps School+1](https://unstop.com/blog/machine-learning-algorithms?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

## K-Means Clustering

* + **Use Case**: Unsupervised learning for grouping data.
  + **Example**: Customer segmentation based on purchasing behavior.
  + **Advantages**: Efficient and works well with large datasets.
  + **Limitations**: Requires specifying the number of clusters in advance and assumes spherical cluster shapes. [Medium+3Medium+3DevOps School+3](https://medium.com/%40AceTheCloud-Abhishek/a-beginners-guide-to-machine-learning-algorithms-ae336e3c79be?utm_source=chatgpt.com)[Medium](https://medium.com/%40emyasenc/how-to-choose-the-right-machine-learning-model-for-your-project-15ba97ec9503?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

## Selecting the Right ML Model for Your Project

To choose the most suitable ML algorithm for project, consider the following factors:

* **Nature of the Problem**: Is it a classification, regression, or clustering task?
* **Data Characteristics**: Consider the size of the dataset, the number of features, and whether the data is labeled.
* **Model Interpretability**: Do you need a model that's easy to interpret, or is predictive performance more critical?
* **Computational Resources**: Assess the available computational power and time constraints.

For instance, if your project involves predicting a binary outcome with a relatively small, labeled dataset, logistic regression might be appropriate. If you're dealing with a large, complex dataset and require high accuracy, a random forest or SVM could be more suitable.

# FINAL CONCLUSION AND INSITES GAINED FROM THE ANALYSIS WORK

The comprehensive analysis of **India's electric vehicle (EV) market**, focusing on geographic segmentation and sales trends from 2014 to 2024, has yielded several key insights and conclusions:

Key Findings

1. **Geographic Segmentation**: Utilizing K-Means Clustering, the study effectively categorized Indian states into distinct segments based on EV adoption patterns. This segmentation revealed clusters of states with similar characteristics in terms of EV sales, population density, and urbanization levels.
2. **Sales Trends**: The analysis identified a consistent upward trajectory in EV sales across most states, with significant acceleration observed post-2018. This trend correlates with increased governmental incentives and heightened environmental awareness among consumers.
3. **Population Correlation**: A strong positive correlation was found between state populations and EV sales figures, indicating that more populous states tend to have higher EV adoption rates. This suggests that population size is a significant factor influencing EV market dynamics.
4. **Manufacturer Performance**: The study highlighted that a few key manufacturers dominate the EV market, with consistent sales growth over the analyzed period. However, emerging players have started to gain traction in recent years, indicating a diversifying market landscape.

Implications

* + **Policy Development**: The geographic segmentation insights can assist policymakers in tailoring region-specific strategies to promote EV adoption, considering the unique characteristics and needs of each segment.
  + **Market Strategy**: Manufacturers and marketers can leverage the identified sales trends and population correlations to focus their efforts on high-potential markets, optimizing resource allocation and marketing campaigns.
  + **Infrastructure Planning**: Understanding the distribution of EV sales can guide infrastructure development, such as the placement of charging stations, to align with areas of growing demand.

Limitations

* + **Data Constraints**: The analysis was limited to available sales and population data, potentially overlooking other influential factors such as income levels, fuel prices, and environmental policies.
  + **Temporal Scope:** The study focused on data up to 2024, and ongoing market developments may influence future trends not captured in this analysis.

Recommendations for Future Research

* + **Incorporate Additional Variables**: Future studies should include a broader range of variables, such as economic indicators, environmental policies, and consumer preferences, to provide a more comprehensive understanding of EV market dynamics.
  + **Longitudinal Studies**: Conducting longitudinal analyses can offer deeper insights into the evolution of EV adoption patterns over time, accounting for policy changes and technological advancements.
  + **Comparative Regional Analyses**: Comparing India's EV market trends with those of other countries can contextualize findings and identify global best practices applicable to the Indian context.

# MARKET SEGMENTATION PROJECT GIVEN ADDITIONAL TIME & SOME BUDGET TO PURCHASE DATA

To enhance the Market Segmentation Project with additional time and budget, the focus should be on enriching the dataset and exploring advanced machine learning (ML) models. This approach will provide deeper insights into the electric vehicle (EV) market dynamics across different regions.

## Enhanced Dataset Collection

Incorporating additional variables can significantly improve the granularity and accuracy of market segmentation. The following columns are recommended for collection:

## Demographic and Socioeconomic Factors:

* + - **Population Density**: Helps in understanding market concentration.
    - **Urbanization Rate**: Urban areas might have higher EV adoption due to infrastructure.
    - **Per Capita Income**: Indicates purchasing power, influencing EV sales.
    - **Education Level**: May correlate with environmental awareness and EV adoption.

## Infrastructure and Accessibility:

* + - **Number of Charging Stations**: Directly impacts EV usability.
    - **Road Quality Index**: Better roads can encourage EV usage.
    - **Public Transportation Availability**: May influence the necessity of personal EVs.

## Policy and Incentives:

* + - **State-Level EV Subsidies**: Financial incentives can boost sales.
    - **Tax Benefits**: Tax reductions can make EVs more affordable.
    - **Regulatory Measures**: Restrictions on fossil fuel vehicles can push EV adoption.

## Market and Consumer Behavior:

* + - **Fuel Prices**: Higher fuel prices may drive consumers towards EVs.
    - **Vehicle Ownership Rates**: Indicates market saturation and potential.
    - **Consumer Preferences**: Data on preferred vehicle types and brands.

## Environmental Factors:

* + - **Air Quality Index**: Poor air quality may encourage EV adoption.
    - **Temperature Extremes**: Affects battery performance and EV usability.

## Advanced Machine Learning Models

Exploring additional ML models can uncover complex patterns and improve predictive capabilities:

* + **Hierarchical Clustering**: Captures nested groupings and can reveal sub-segments within markets.
  + **DBSCAN (Density-Based Spatial Clustering of Applications with Noise)**: Effective in identifying clusters of varying shapes and sizes, and handling noise in data.
  + **Gaussian Mixture Models (GMM)**: Provides probabilistic clustering, allowing for soft assignment of data points to multiple clusters.
  + **XGBoost (Extreme Gradient Boosting)**: A powerful supervised learning algorithm suitable for both classification and regression tasks, known for its speed and performance. [SpringerLink](https://link.springer.com/article/10.1007/s11365-023-00882-1?utm_source=chatgpt.com)
  + **Random Forests**: An ensemble learning method that operates by constructing multiple decision trees, useful for handling large datasets with higher dimensionality.
  + **Principal Component Analysis (PCA)**: A dimensionality reduction technique that can simplify datasets while preserving variance, aiding in visualization and reducing computational load.

## Implementation Strategy

1. **Data Integration**: Aggregate the newly collected variables with existing datasets, ensuring consistency and accuracy.
2. **Feature Engineering**: Create new features that may capture underlying patterns, such as EV sales per capita or growth rates.
3. **Model Training and Validation**: Apply the selected ML models, using techniques like cross-validation to assess performance and prevent overfitting.
4. **Visualization**: Employ advanced visualization tools to interpret clustering results and model predictions, facilitating better decision-making.

# ESTIMATED MARKET SIZE FOR AREA MARKET DOMAIN (NON- SEGMENTED) IN NUMBERS

As of 2024, India's electric vehicle (EV) market has demonstrated significant growth, both in terms of unit sales and market penetration.

## Estimated Market Size (Non-Segmented)

* + **Total EV Sales in 2024**: Approximately **1.95 million units**, marking a 27% year-over-year increase from 1.53 million units in 2023. [Autocar Professional+2Mercomindia.com+2Business & Finance News+2](https://www.mercomindia.com/electric-vehicle-sales-2024?utm_source=chatgpt.com)
  + **Market Penetration**: EVs accounted for **7.4%** of the total 26 million vehicles sold across all fuel types in India during 2024. [Autocar Professional+1Business & Finance News+1](https://www.autocarpro.in/analysis-sales/ev-sales-in-cy2024-jump-27-but-miss-2-million-mark-by-50886-units-124229?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

## Breakdown by Vehicle Segment

* + **Electric Two-Wheelers (E2Ws)**: Approximately **1.15 million units**, constituting 59% of total EV sales. [Business & Finance News+3Autocar Professional+3Autocar Professional+3](https://www.autocarpro.in/analysis-sales/ev-sales-in-cy2024-jump-27-but-miss-2-million-mark-by-50886-units-124229?utm_source=chatgpt.com)
  + **Electric Three-Wheelers (E3Ws)**: Around **691,000 units**, accounting for 35% of EV sales.
  + **Electric Passenger Vehicles (Cars & SUVs)**: Approximately **99,000 units**, representing 5% of the EV market. [Autocar Professional](https://www.autocarpro.in/analysis-sales/ev-sales-in-cy2024-jump-27-but-miss-2-million-mark-by-50886-units-124229?utm_source=chatgpt.com)
  + **Electric Commercial Vehicles (Buses & Goods Carriers)**: About **10,000 units**, making up 0.5% of total EV sales. [Autocar Professional](https://www.autocarpro.in/analysis-sales/ev-sales-in-cy2024-jump-27-but-miss-2-million-mark-by-50886-units-124229?utm_source=chatgpt.com)

## Future Outlook

* + **Projected Market Growth**: The Indian EV market is expected to expand significantly, with projections estimating a market size of **USD 164.4 billion by 2033**, growing at a compound annual growth rate (CAGR) of 57.23% from 2025 to 2033. [IMARC Group](https://www.imarcgroup.com/india-electric-vehicle-market?utm_source=chatgpt.com)
  + **Government Targets**: India aims to achieve a **30% EV market share by 2030**, up from 2.5% in 2024, driven by stricter emission norms and increased governmental incentives. [Reuters+1Reuters+1](https://www.reuters.com/business/autos-transportation/carmakers-india-plan-ev-onslaught-2025-despite-slowing-global-demand-2025-01-16/?utm_source=chatgpt.com)