Dashboard (http://kmitonline.com/student/dashboard.php) / Quiz

o. Round Robin

c. UDP

Od. FTP

od. Multilevel Queue with fixed priority

Start	d on Wednesday, 21 May 2025, 12:35 PM
	State Finished
Complet	Wednesday, 21 May 2025, 12:56 PM 20 mins 47 secs
Time	
I	arks 17.00/20.00
	rade 85.00 out of 100.00
Question 1	Which of the following scheduling algorithms may cause starvation?
Complete	Select one:
Mark 1.00 out of	a. First-Come-First-Serve (FCFS)
1.00	h Shortest Joh Next (S.IN)

Question **2**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following protocols is connectionless and unreliable?

Select one:

a. TCP

b. HTTP

Question

3

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In white-box testing, which of the following is most relevant?	
Select one:	
a. Functional specification	
b. User requirements	
c. Code structure and logic	
○ d. GUI layout	

4

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
What is the result of compiling and running the following code?
import java.util.ArrayList;
import java.util.List;
public class GenericsChallenge {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     List<Integer> numbers = new ArrayList<>();
     numbers.add(10);
     numbers.add(20);
     List rawList = numbers;
     rawList.add("Hello");
     System.out.println(numbers.get(2));
  }
}
Select one:
a. Hello
b. ClassCastException at runtime
C. 20
d. 10
```

Question

5

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the main purpose of a page replacement algorithm?

- a. To increase CPU utilization
- b. To decide which memory page to swap out when memory is full
- o. To schedule disk I/O operations
- d. To allocate memory to processes

Questi	on
6	

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

od. Code Coverage

Which metric measures the degree to which source code has been tested?		
Select one:		
a. Test Case Efficiency		
○ b. Cyclomatic Complexity		
c. Defect Density		

Copyright © 2025 Teleparadigm Networks Pvt. Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

5/21/2025, 12:57 PM

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Which statement is true regarding the following code snippet?
class Super {
  public int value = 10;
  public void printValue() {
     System.out.println("Super: " + value);
  }
}
class Sub extends Super {
  public int value = 20; // This is field hiding, not overriding
  public void printValue() {
     System.out.println("Sub: " + value);
  }
}
public class FieldHiding {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Super s = new Sub();
     System.out.println(s.value);
     s.printValue();
  }
}
Select one:
a. The output will be:
    20
    Sub: 20
 b. The output will be:
    10
    Sub: 20
o. The code will not compile due to field re-declaration.
d. he output will be:
    10
    Super: 10
```

Copyright © 2025 Teleparadigm Networks Pvt. Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

8

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Dijkstra's algorithm is run on a directed graph with non-negative weights. Let V be the number of vertices and E the number of edges.

What is the time complexity of Dijkstra's algorithm using a Min-Heap (PriorityQueue)?

Select one:

- a. O((V + E) log V)
- b. O(E log E)
- c. O(V²)
- d. O(V log E)

Question

9

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the function of the TCP three-way handshake?

Select one:

- a. Reliable connection establishment
- b. Data encryption
- o. IP address resolution
- d. Port number translation

Question

10

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the primary goal of requirement analysis in software engineering?

- a. Determining hardware needs
- b. Designing database schemas
- c. Understanding what the user needs
- d. Coding of requirements

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Given a binary tree (not BST), the Lowest Common Ancestor (LCA) of two nodes p and q is found using the following recursive method:

TreeNode LCA(TreeNode root, TreeNode p, TreeNode q) {
   if (root == null || root == p || root == q) return root;
   TreeNode left = LCA(root.left, p, q);
   TreeNode right = LCA(root.right, p, q);
   if (left != null && right != null) return root;
   return (left != null) ? left : right;
}

What is the time complexity of this algorithm?

Select one:
    a. O(n log n)
    b. O(log n)
    c. O(h)
    d. O(n)
```

Question **12**

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following is a process model that emphasizes incremental development and customer feedback?

Select one:

- a. Agile
- b. Waterfall
- c. V-Model
- d. Spiral

5/21/2025, 12:57 PM

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Consider the following code snippet:
public class LoopPuzzle {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int sum = 0;
     for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++) {
       if (i \% 2 == 0) {
          sum += i;
          continue;
       }
       if (i == 3) {
          break;
       }
       sum++;
     System.out.println(sum);
  }
}
Select one:
 ( a. 6
 b. 3
 O c. 5
 O d. 4
```

Question **14**

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

You are given a list of n lowercase English words, each of maximum length m. A Trie is constructed from these words.

What is the worst-case time complexity to search for a prefix of length k in the Trie?

Select one:

- a. O(k log n)
- b. O(k)
- _ c. O(m)
- d. O(n)

5/21/2025, 12:57 PM

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

You're inserting a key into a Treap, which maintains:

- * Binary Search Tree (BST) property on keys
- * Min-Heap property on priorities (lower = higher priority)

After inserting a node based on BST property, what determines whether rotations are required?

- a. If inserted priority is lower than parent priority
- o b. If tree becomes unbalanced
- o. If key is larger than parent
- od. If inserted priority is higher than parent priority

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

```
What is the output of this code?
       public class StaticInit {
          static {
            System.out.println("Static Block 1");
          }
          public StaticInit() {
            System.out.println("Constructor");
         }
          {
            System.out.println("Instance Initializer Block 1");
          }
          static {
            System.out.println("Static Block 2");
          }
          {
             System.out.println("Instance Initializer Block 2");
          }
          public static void main(String[] args) {
            System.out.println("Main Method Start");
            new StaticInit();
            new StaticInit();
          }
       }
       Select one:
        a. Static Block 1
           Static Block 2
           Instance Initializer Block 1
           Instance Initializer Block 2
           Constructor
Copyright @12025 Method Start in Networks Pvt. Ltd. All Rights Reserved.
```

Version 4.2

Instance Initializer Block 1
Instance Initializer Block 2
Constructor

b. Main Method Start
Static Block 1
Static Block 2
Instance Initializer Block 1
Instance Initializer Block 2
Constructor
Instance Initializer Block 1
Instance Initializer Block 2
Constructor

Static Block 2
Main Method Start
Instance Initializer Block 1
Instance Initializer Block 2
Constructor
Instance Initializer Block 1
Instance Initializer Block 2
Constructor

c. Static Block 1

d. Static Block 1
 Static Block 2
 Main Method Start
 Instance Initializer Block 1
 Instance Initializer Block 2
 Constructor
 Instance Initializer Block 1
 Instance Initializer Block 2
 Constructor

Copyright © 2025 Teleparadigm Networks Pvt. Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In DFS traversal of a directed graph, each edge is classified as one of the follow	ving
--	------

- * Tree edge
- * Back edge
- * Forward edge
- * Cross edge

Which of the following is TRUE about back edges in DFS?

- a. Back edges are present only in undirected graphs
- b. Back edges form cycles in the graph
- c. Back edges point to a vertex not yet discovered
- d. Back edges connect a node to its immediate child

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
What will be the output?
public class Mystery {
  private static int counter = 0;
  private final int id;
  public Mystery() {
     this.id = ++counter;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     Mystery m1 = new Mystery();
     Mystery m2 = new Mystery();
     Mystery m3 = m2;
     System.out.println(m1.id + " " + m2.id + " " + m3.id);
  }
}
Select one:
a. 1 2 3
b. 1 2 2
Oc. 111
d. Compilation error
```

Question

19

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the goal of integration testing?

- a. Identify GUI defects
- b. Verify interaction between integrated modules
- o. Ensure performance of the system
- d. Test individual modules

Question **20** Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

In the OSI model, what layer is responsible for routing?	
Select one: a. Data Link Layer b. Network Layer c. Transport Layer d. Session Layer	

Copyright © 2025 Teleparadigm Networks Pvt. Ltd. All Rights Reserved.

Version 4.2