Control Systems Lab (Experiment – 10: Controller design for DC-DC converters)

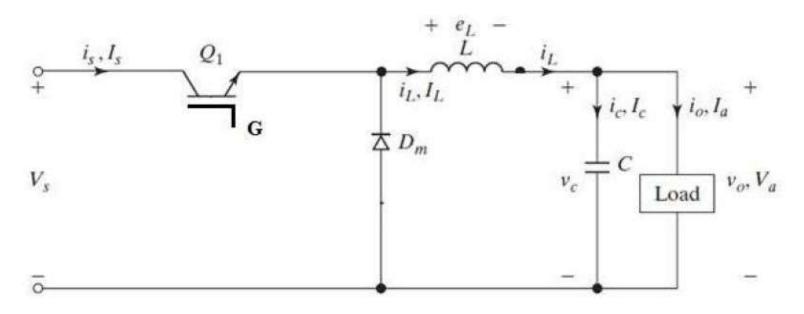
Department of Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

Birla Institute of Technology and Science – Pilani, Hyderabad Campus

Lab Exercise

MATLAB Simulink model of a DC-DC converter (Sec. A) and controlling it's output voltage using PID controller (Sec .B)

DC-DC Converter : A step down converter equivalent circuit



Basic theory background

- Both the input side and output side are DC: Fixed DC to variable DC
- ➤ Controllable switch (IGBT/MOSFET) is used for chopping the input DC voltage and to regulate the output
- > PWM (pulse width modulation) technique is used to regulate the output as per application under a given input
- The output voltage is always less or equal to the input voltage (In case of step-down converter)
- > L,C filters are used for removing the output current and output voltage ripple
- The applications are: SMPS (Switched mode power supply), battery chargers, DC pumps, Stand-alone solar PV systems etc.

Work to be done:

Sec A. MATLAB/Simulink model of DC-DC converter based on its equivalent circuit under resistive load

- DC input voltage = 12 V
- Reference (desired) output DC voltage = 10V
- R (load) = 12.5 Ohm
- L = 6 mH
- C = 5000 uF

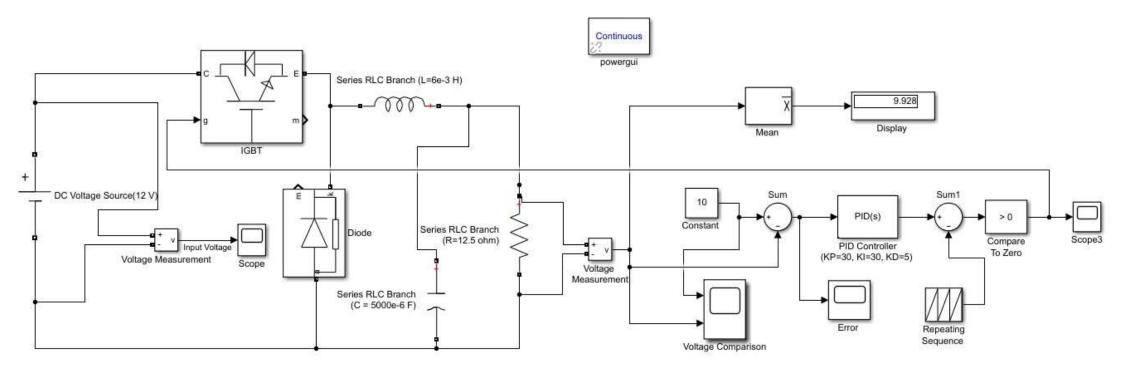
Sec B. PID Controller based voltage control

For controlling the output voltage of the DC-DC converter as per the reference, the following controller gains are to be set after tuning;

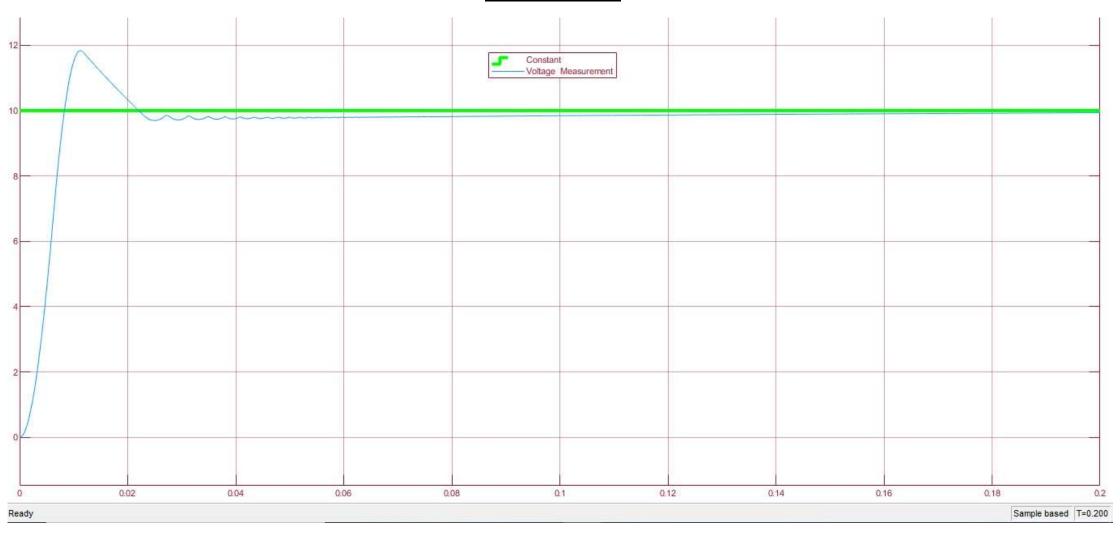
PID controller gains (Tuned): Kp=30, Ki=30, Kd=5.

Combined sec A and Sec B:

MATLAB/Simulink model of DC-DC converter output voltage control using PID controller



The desired (Green) and the actual (Blue) output voltage after using PID controller



<u>Error</u> between the reference (desired) output voltage and the actual output voltage: Minimized to 'zero' with time after using PID controller

