# AFTER triggers (DML)

BUILDING AND OPTIMIZING TRIGGERS IN SQL SERVER



Florin Angelescu Instructor



#### Definition and properties

- Performs a set of actions when fired
- The actions are performed only after the DML event is finished
- Used with INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE statements for tables or views

## AFTER trigger prerequisites

- Table or view needed for DML statements
- The trigger will be attached to the same table

Output from table Products used for this example:

```
Product | Price | Currency | Quantity | Measure
-----|----|----|
Apple
      2.00
            | USD
                      | 25000
                                | kg
Apricot | 1.55
                               | kg
             | USD
                       2500
                               | kg
Avocado | 3.00
             | USD
                       1000
Banana
      1.80
             | USD
                       35000
                                | kg
```

#### AFTER trigger prerequisites

- Target table
- Description of the trigger
- Trigger firing event (DML)
- Trigger name

- Products
- Save info of deleted products to a history table
- DELETE
- TrackRetiredProducts

#### AFTER trigger prerequisites summary

When rows are removed from the Products table...

Save the required information from those rows to the table RetiredProducts .

```
| Product | Measure | RemovalDate |
|-----|
| Apricot | kg | 19.04.2019 |
```

## AFTER trigger definition

```
CREATE TRIGGER TrackRetiredProducts

ON Products

AFTER DELETE

AS

INSERT INTO RetiredProducts (Product, Measure)

SELECT Product, Measure

FROM deleted;
```

#### "inserted" and "deleted" tables

- Special tables used by DML triggers
- Created automatically by SQL Server

#### "inserted" and "deleted" tables

- Special tables used by DML triggers
- Created automatically by SQL Server

Special table	INSERT	UPDATE	DELETE
inserted	new rows	new rows	N/A
deleted	N/A	updated rows	removed rows

### The complete AFTER trigger

```
CREATE TRIGGER TrackRetiredProducts
ON Products
AFTER DELETE
AS
    INSERT INTO RetiredProducts (Product, Measure)
    SELECT Product, Measure
    FROM deleted;
```

# Let's practice!

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# INSTEAD OF triggers (DML)

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#### Definition and properties

- Performs a set of actions when fired
- The actions are performed instead of the DML event
- The DML event does not run anymore
- Used with INSERT, UPDATE, and DELETE statements for tables or views

## INSTEAD OF trigger prerequisites

ID   Customer	Product	Price	Quantity	OrderDate	TotalAmount
284   VitaFruit	Orange	0.76	75	2018-09-17	57.00
330   Healthy Choices	Raspberry	1.96	200	2018-10-29	392.00
302   World of Fruits	Pineapple	4.16	25	2018-10-09	104.00
248   Fruit Mania	Plum	1.11	300	2018-08-11	333.00
358   Fruit Mag	Pomelo	1.11	750	2018-11-29	832.50
100   VitaFruit	Avocado	2.91	500	2018-03-29	1455.00

#### INSTEAD OF trigger prerequisites

- Target table
- Description of the trigger
- Trigger firing event (DML)
- Trigger name

- Orders
- Prevent updates of existing entries
- UPDATE
- PreventOrdersUpdate

#### INSTEAD OF trigger definition

```
ON Orders
INSTEAD OF UPDATE

AS
RAISERROR ('Updates on "Orders" table are not permitted.
Place a new order to add new products', 16, 1);
```

# Let's practice!

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# DDL triggers

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#### Definition and properties

#### **DML** triggers

- events associated with DML statements
   INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
- used with AFTER or INSTEAD OF
- attached to tables or views
- inserted and deleted special tables

#### **DDL** triggers

- events associated with DDL statements
   CREATE, ALTER, DROP
- only used with AFTER
- attached to databases or servers
- no special tables

#### **AFTER and FOR**

```
CREATE TRIGGER DatabaseChangeLog
FOR CREATE_TABLE
[...]
```

#### **AFTER and FOR**

CREATE TRIGGER TrackDatabaseTables
FOR CREATE\_TABLE

 $[\ldots]$ 

AFTER = FOR

#### DDL trigger prerequisites

- Target object (server or database)
- Description of the trigger
- Trigger firing events (DDL)
- Trigger name

- DATABASE
- Log table with definition changes
- CREATE\_TABLE, ALTER\_TABLE, DROP\_TABLE
- TrackTableChanges

#### DDL trigger definition

```
CREATE TRIGGER TrackTableChanges
ON DATABASE
FOR CREATE_TABLE,
    ALTER_TABLE,
    DROP_TABLE
AS
    INSERT INTO TablesChangeLog (EventData, ChangedBy)
    VALUES (EVENTDATA(), USER);
```

## Preventing the triggering events for DML triggers

```
CREATE TRIGGER PreventTableDeletion
ON DATABASE
FOR DROP_TABLE

AS
    RAISERROR ('You are not allowed to remove tables from this database.', 16, 1);
    ROLLBACK;
```

# Let's practice!

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# Logon triggers

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#### Definition and properties

- Performs a set of actions when fired
- The actions are performed for LOGON events
- After authentication phase, but before the session establishment

#### Logon trigger prerequisites

- Trigger firing event
- Description of the trigger
- Trigger name

- LOGON
- Audit successful / failed logons to the server
- LogonAudit

## Logon trigger definition

```
CREATE TRIGGER LogonAudit
ON ALL SERVER WITH EXECUTE AS 'sa'
FOR LOGON
AS
    INSERT INTO ServerLogonLog
                        (LoginName, LoginDate, SessionID, SourceIPAddress)
    SELECT ORIGINAL_LOGIN(), GETDATE(), @@SPID, client_net_address
    FROM SYS.DM_EXEC_CONNECTIONS WHERE session_id = @@SPID;
```

### Logon trigger definition summary

# Let's practice!

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