#### Window functions

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Instructor



	SalesPerson	SalesYear	CurrentQuota	ModifiedDate
1	Bob	2011	28000.00	2011-04-16
2	Bob	2011	7000.00	2011-07-17
3	Bob	2011	91000.00	2011-10-17
4	Mary	2011	367000.00	2011-04-16
5	Mary	2011	556000.00	2011-07-17
6	Mary	2011	502000.00	2011-10-17
7	Bob	2012	140000.00	2012-01-15
8	Bob	2012	70000.00	2012-04-15

#### Grouping data in T-SQL

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear,
        CurrentQuota, ModifiedDate
FROM SaleGoal
WHERE SalesYear = 2011
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear | CurrentQuota | ModifiedDate
                      28000.00
 Bob
           | 2011
                                | 2011-04-16
           | 2011
                      7000.00
 Bob
                                     | 2011-07-16
                      | 91000.00
        | 2011
 Bob
                                     | 2011-10-16
        | 2011
                      |367000.00
                                     | 2011-04-16
Mary
                      |556000.00
        | 2011
                                     | 2011-07-16
 Mary
                      |502000.00
           | 2011
                                     | 2011-10-16
 Mary
```



#### Window syntax in T-SQL

- Create the window with OVER clause
- PARTITION BY creates the frame
- If you do not include PARTITION BY the frame is the entire table
- To arrange the results, use ORDER BY
- Allows aggregations to be created at the same time as the window

```
. . .
-- Create a Window data grouping
OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear ORDER BY SalesYear)
```

#### Window functions (SUM)

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
    SUM(CurrentQuota)
    OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear) AS YearlyTotal,
    ModifiedDate AS ModDate
FROM SaleGoal
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota |YearlyTotal | ModDate
                       |28000.00
            |2011
                                      |1551000.00 |2011-04-16|
Bob
Bob
            12011
                        17000.00
                                      11551000.00
                                                   |2011-07-17|
Mary
                        1367000.00
                                      |1551000.00
            12011
                                                   |2011-04-16|
|Mary
            |2011
                        |556000.00
                                      |1551000.00
                                                   |2011-07-15|
                        |70000.00
Bob
            |2012
                                      |1859000.00
                                                   |2012-01-15|
Bob
            |2012
                        |154000.00
                                      |1859000.00
                                                   |2012-04-16|
Bob
            12012
                        1107000.00
                                      1859000.00
                                                   |2012-07-16|
```



#### Window functions (COUNT)

```
SalesPerson | SalesYear | CurrentQuota | QuotaPerYear
                                                       ModDate
Bob
             12011
                        |28000.00
                                                      |2011-04-16|
Bob
                        17000.00
             12011
                                                     |2011-07-17|
                        |367000.00
|Mary
             12011
                                                     |2011-04-16|
            2011
Mary
                        |556000.00
                                                     |2011-07-15|
Bob
             |2012
                        |70000.00
                                                     |2012-01-15|
Bob
            |2012
                        |154000.00
                                                     |2012-04-15|
                        |107000.00
Bob
             |2012
                                                      |2012-10-16|
```

Notice the count starts over for each window in column OuotaPerYear



### Let's practice!

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# Common window functions

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#### FIRST\_VALUE() and LAST\_VALUE()

- FIRST\_VALUE() returns the first value in the window
- LAST\_VALUE() returns the last value in the window

	SalesPerson	SalesYear	CurrentQuota	ModifiedDate
1	Bob	2011	28000.00	2011-04-16 00:00:00.000
2	Bob	2011	7000.00	2011-07-17 00:00:00.000
3	Bob	2011	91000.00	2011-10-17 00:00:00.000
4	Bob	2012	140000.00	2012-01-15 00:00:00.000
5	Bob	2012	70000.00	2012-04-15 00:00:00.000
6	Bob	2012	154000.00	2012-07-16 00:00:00.000
7	Bob	2012	107000.00	2012-10-16 00:00:00.000
8	Mary	2011	367000.00	2011-04-16 00:00:00.000
9	Mary	2011	556000.00	2011-07-17 00:00:00.000
10	Mary	2011	502000.00	2011-10-17 00:00:00.000

#### FIRST\_VALUE() and LAST\_VALUE() in T-SQL

Note that for FIRST\_VALUE and LAST\_VALUE the ORDER BY command is required

```
-- Select the columns
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
    -- First value from every window
       FIRST_VALUE(CurrentQuota)
       OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear ORDER BY ModifiedDate) AS StartQuota,
    -- Last value from every window
       LAST_VALUE(CurrentQuota)
       OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear ORDER BY ModifiedDate) AS EndQuota,
       ModifiedDate as ModDate
FROM SaleGoal
```

#### Results

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|StartQuota| EndQuota |ModDate
                                               |91000.00
Bob
            2011
                       28000.00
                                     28000.00
                                                          |2011-04-16|
Bob
            |2011
                       7000.00
                                     28000.00
                                               |91000.00 |2011-07-17|
                       |91000.00
                                    28000.00
                                               |91000.00
Bob
            |2011
                                                          |2011-10-17|
                                    |140000.00 |107000.00 |2012-01-15|
                       140000.00
Bob
            |2012
                       70000.00
                                    |140000.00 |107000.00 |2012-04-15|
Bob
            |2012
                       154000.00
                                    |140000.00 |107000.00 |2012-07-16|
|Bob
            2012
                       107000.00
                                    |140000.00 |107000.00 |2012-10-16|
Bob
            2012
```



#### Getting the next value with LEAD()

- Provides the ability to query the value from the next row
- NextQuota column is created by using LEAD()
- Requires the use of ORDER BY to order the rows

	SalesPerson	SalesYear	CurrentQuota	NextQuota	ModDate
1	Bob	2011	28000.00	367000.00	2011-04-15
2	Mary	2011	367000.00	556000.00	2011-04-16
3	Mary	2011	556000.00	7000.00	2011-07-15
4	Bob	2011	7000.00	NULL	2011-07-17
5	Bob	2012	70000.00	502000.00	2012-01-15

#### LEAD() in T-SQL

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|NextQuota
                                                     ModDate
             |2011
                        |28000.00
                                      |367000.00
|Bob
                                                   |2011-04-15|
|Mary
             12011
                        |367000.00
                                      |556000.00
                                                   |2011-04-16|
             12011
                        |556000.00
                                      |7000.00
                                                   |2011-07-15|
|Mary
Bob
             12011
                        17000.00
                                      INULL
                                                   |2011-07-17|
Bob
             |2012
                        |70000.00
                                      |502000.00
                                                   |2012-01-15|
             12012
                        |502000.00
                                      1154000.00
|Mary
                                                   |2012-01-16|
```



#### Getting the previous value with LAG()

- Provides the ability to query the value from the previous row
- PreviousQuota column is created by using LAG()
- Requires the use of ORDER BY to order the rows

	SalesPerson	SalesYear	CurrentQuota	PreviousQuota	ModDate
1	Bob	2011	28000.00	NULL	2011-04-15
2	Mary	2011	367000.00	28000.00	2011-04-16
3	Mary	2011	556000.00	367000.00	2011-07-15
4	Bob	2011	7000.00	556000.00	2011-07-17
5	Bob	2012	70000.00	NULL	2012-01-15
6	Mary	2012	502000.00	70000.00	2012-01-15

#### LAG() in T-SQL

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
-- Create a window function to get the values from the previous row
    LAG(CurrentQuota)
    OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear ORDER BY ModifiedDate) AS PreviousQuota,
    ModifiedDate AS ModDate
FROM SaleGoal
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|PreviousQuota |ModDate
             |2011
                        |28000.00
                                     NULL
|Bob
                                                    |2011-04-15|
|Mary
            12011
                        |367000.00
                                     |28000.00
                                                    |2011-04-16|
            |2011
                        |556000.00
                                     |367000.00
|Mary
                                                    |2011-07-15|
Bob
            12011
                        |7000.00.00
                                     |556000.00
                                                    |2011-07-17|
Bob
            |2012
                        |7000.00
                                     NULL
                                                    |2012-01-15|
            12012
                                     17000.00
                                                    |2012-01-16|
|Mary
                        |502000.00
```



## Let's practice!

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# Increasing window complexity

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#### Reviewing aggregations

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
SUM(CurrentQuota)

OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear) AS YearlyTotal,
ModifiedDate as ModDate

FROM SaleGoal
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|YearlyTotal | ModDate
Bob
             12011
                        |28000.00
                                     |1551000.00
                                                  |2011-04-16|
Bob
                        |7000.00
             12011
                                     11551000.00
                                                   |2011-07-17|
Bob
             |2011
                        |91000.00
                                     |1551000.00
                                                  |2011-10-17|
            12011
                        |140000.00
                                     |1551000.00
                                                   |2012-04-15|
|Mary
|Mary
            12011
                        |70000.00
                                     |1551000.00
                                                   |2012-07-15|
                        |154000.00
|Mary
            |2011
                                     |1551000.00
                                                  |2012-01-15|
                                     1859000.00
            12012
                        1107000.00
|Mary
                                                   |2012-01-16|
```



#### Adding ORDER BY to an aggregation

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
SUM(CurrentQuota)
OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear ORDER BY SalesPerson) AS YearlyTotal,
ModifiedDate as ModDate
FROM SaleGoal
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|YearTotal
Bob
             12011
                        |28000.00
                                     |35000.00
                                                   |2011-04-16|
Bob
                        |7000.00
             12011
                                      |35000.00
                                                   |2011-07-17|
|Mary
             12011
                        |367000.00
                                      |958000.00
                                                   |2011-10-17|
             12011
                        |556000.00
                                      |958000.00
                                                   |2012-04-15|
|Mary
Bob
             12012
                        |70000.00
                                      |401000.00
                                                   |2012-07-15|
Bob
             |2012
                        |154000.00
                                      |401000.00
                                                   |2012-10-16|
```



#### Creating a running total with ORDER BY

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
SUM(CurrentQuota)
OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear ORDER BY ModifiedDate) as RunningTotal,
ModifiedDate as ModDate
FROM SaleGoal
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|RunningTotal| ModDate
Bob
             12011
                        |28000.00
                                     128000.00
                                                   |2011-04-16|
|Mary
             12011
                        |367000.00
                                     |395000.00
                                                   |2011-07-17|
|Mary
             12011
                        |556000.00
                                     |951000.00
                                                   |2011-10-17|
             12011
                        |7000.00
                                     |958000.00
                                                   |2012-04-15|
Bob
Bob
             12012
                        |70000.00
                                     |70000.00
                                                   |2012-01-15|
             |2012
                        |502000.00
                                                   |2012-01-16|
|Mary
                                     1572000.00
```



#### Adding row numbers

- ROW\_NUMBER() sequentially numbers the rows in the window
- ORDER BY is required when using ROW\_NUMBER()

	SalesPerson	SalesYear	CurrentQuota	QuotabySalesPerson
	Bob	2011	28000.00	1
2	Bob	2011	7000.00	2
3	Bob	2012	70000.00	3
4	Bob	2012	154000.00	4
5	Bob	2012	70000.00	5
6	Bob	2012	107000.00	6
Z_	Bob	2013	91000.00	7
8	Mary	2011	367000.00	1
9	Mary	2011	556000.00	2

#### Adding row numbers in T-SQL

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
ROW_NUMBER()
OVER (PARTITION BY SalesPerson ORDER BY SalesYear) AS QuotabySalesPerson
FROM SaleGoal
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|QuotabySalesPerson|
Bob
            |2011
                       |28000.00
Bob
                       |7000.00
            |2011
Bob
                       |70000.00
            |2011
                       154000.00
Bob
            |2011
Bob
            |2012
                       |70000.00
Bob
            12012
                       107000.00
            |2012
Bob
                       |91000.00
|Mary
            12011
                       1367000.00
```



### Let's practice!

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# Using windows for calculating statistics

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#### Calculating the standard deviation

- Calculate standard deviation either for the entire table or for each window
- STDEV() calculates the standard deviation

## Calculating the standard deviation for the entire table

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
STDEV(CurrentQuota)

OVER () AS StandardDev,
ModifiedDate AS ModDate

FROM SaleGoal
```

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|StandardDev
                                                         ModDate
                        |28000.00
                                     |267841.370964233 |2011-04-16|
Bob
            12011
                        7000.00
Bob
            12011
                                     |267841.370964233 |2011-07-17|
l Bob
                        |91000.00
                                     |267841.370964233 |2011-10-17|
            |2011
                        |140000.00
                                     |267841.370964233 |2012-01-15|
Bob
            12012
Bob
            |2012
                        |70000.00
                                     |267841.370964233 |2012-04-15|
```



# Calculating the standard deviation for each partition

```
SELECT SalesPerson, SalesYear, CurrentQuota,
STDEV(CurrentQuota)
OVER (PARTITION BY SalesYear ORDER BY SalesYear) AS StDev,
ModifiedDate AS ModDate
FROM SaleGoal
```

```
SalesPerson | SalesYear | CurrentQuota | StDev
Bob
          12011
                    |28000.00
                                |267841.54080 |2011-04-16|
Bob
          |2011
                    17000.00
                                |267841.54080 |2011-07-17|
                                |267841.54080 |2011-04-16|
Mary
          12011
                    |91000.00
Mary
                    |140000.00
                               |267841.54080 |2011-07-15|
          |2011
Bob
          |2012
                    |70000.00
                                |246538.86248 |2012-01-15|
Bob
          |2012
                    |154000.00
                               |246538.86248 |2012-04-15|
                                |246538.86248 |2012-07-16|
Bob
          |2012
                    |107000.00
```



#### Calculating the mode

- Mode is the value which appears the most often in your data
- To calculate mode:
  - Create a CTE containing an ordered count of values using ROW\_NUMBER
  - Write a query using the CTE to pick the value with the highest row number

#### Calculating the mode in T-SQL (I)

```
|SalesPerson |SalesYear |CurrentQuota|QuotaList
            |2011
                      |7000.00
Bob
                     |28000.00
Bob
           |2011
Bob
                    |70000.00
           |2011
Bob
           |2012
                    |70000.00
           |2012
                      |73000.00
Mary
```

Notice there are two values for 70.000.00

#### Calculating the mode in T-SQL (II)

```
+-----+
|CurrentQuota|Mode |
+-----+
|70000.00 |2 |
+-----+
```

### Let's practice!

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