notebook

October 2, 2024

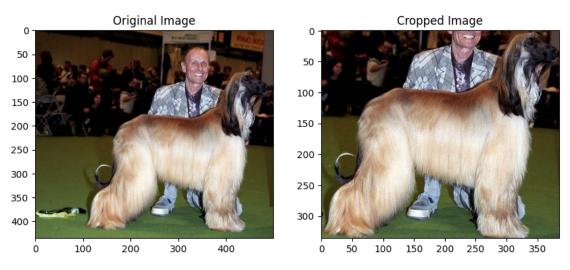
```
[]: import json
     import os
     import xml.etree.ElementTree as ET
     from pathlib import Path
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     import numpy as np
     import pandas as pd
     from PIL import Image
     from skimage import exposure, filters, io
     from skimage.feature import hog
     from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
     from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer, TfidfVectorizer
     from sklearn.metrics import pairwise_distances
     from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
[]: base_image_dir = "./Dataset/Images"
     base_annot_dir = "./Dataset/Annotation"
     gray_output_dir = "./Grayscale_Images"
     dog_classes = [
         "n02088094-Afghan_hound",
         "n02109961-Eskimo dog",
         "n02113978-Mexican_hairless",
         "n02091467-Norwegian elkhound",
     ]
     output_dir = "./Processed_Images"
[]: def get_bounding_boxes(annot_file):
         tree = ET.parse(annot_file)
         root = tree.getroot()
         objects = root.findall("object")
         bbox = []
         for obj in objects:
             bndbox = obj.find("bndbox")
```

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xmin = int(bndbox.find("xmin").text)
        ymin = int(bndbox.find("ymin").text)
        xmax = int(bndbox.find("xmax").text)
        ymax = int(bndbox.find("ymax").text)
        bbox.append((xmin, ymin, xmax, ymax))
   return bbox
def process_image(image_path, annot_path, class_output_dir):
    image = Image.open(image_path)
   bboxes = get_bounding_boxes(annot_path)
   for idx, bbox in enumerate(bboxes):
        cropped_img = image.crop(bbox)
        resized_img = cropped_img.resize((128, 128), Image.Resampling.LANCZOS)
        image_name = os.path.basename(image_path).replace(".jpg", f"_{idx}.jpg")
        save_path = os.path.join(class_output_dir, image_name)
       resized_img.convert("RGB").save(save_path)
   return image, cropped_img
original_img = None
cropped_img = None
for dog_class in dog_classes:
    class_image_dir = os.path.join(base_image_dir, dog_class)
    class_annot_dir = os.path.join(base_annot_dir, dog_class)
    class_output_dir = os.path.join(output_dir, dog_class)
   Path(class_output_dir).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
   for img_file in os.listdir(class_image_dir):
        if img_file.endswith(".jpg"):
            image_path = os.path.join(class_image_dir, img_file)
            annot_file = os.path.join(class_annot_dir, img_file.replace(".jpg",_
 ٠,""))
            if os.path.exists(annot_file):
                original_img, cropped_img = process_image(
                    image_path, annot_file, class_output_dir
                break
                print(f"Annotation file not found for {img_file}, skipping.")
```

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if original_img is not None and cropped_img is not None:
    break

if original_img is not None and cropped_img is not None:
    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 5))
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
    plt.imshow(original_img)
    plt.title("Original Image")
    plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
    plt.imshow(cropped_img)
    plt.title("Cropped Image")
    plt.show()
    print(f"Comparison for class: {dog_class}")

else:
    print("No images processed.")
```



Comparison for class: n02088094-Afghan_hound

0.1 b)

```
def calculate_edge_angle(grayscale_image):
    sobel_h = filters.sobel_h(grayscale_image)
    sobel_v = filters.sobel_v(grayscale_image)
   angle_sobel = np.mod(np.arctan2(sobel_v, sobel_h), np.pi)
   return angle_sobel
def compute edge histogram(angle sobel):
   hist, hist_centers = exposure.histogram(angle_sobel, nbins=36)
   return hist, hist centers
def plot_histogram(image, hist, class_name):
   plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
   plt.imshow(image, cmap="gray")
   plt.title(f"{class_name} Image")
   plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
   plt.bar(range(len(hist)), hist)
   plt.xlabel("Bins")
   plt.ylabel("Pixel Count")
   plt.title(f"{class name} Edge Histogram")
   plt.show()
def compare_histograms(hist1, hist2):
   hist1 = hist1.reshape(1, -1)
   hist2 = hist2.reshape(1, -1)
    euclidean_dist = pairwise_distances(hist1, hist2, metric="euclidean")[0][0]
   manhattan_dist = pairwise_distances(hist1, hist2, metric="manhattan")[0][0]
    cosine_dist = pairwise_distances(hist1, hist2, metric="cosine")[0][0]
   return euclidean_dist, manhattan_dist, cosine_dist
histograms = []
class names = []
for dog_class in dog_classes:
    class_image_dir = os.path.join(base_image_dir, dog_class)
   class_output_dir = os.path.join(gray_output_dir, dog_class)
   Path(class_output_dir).mkdir(parents=True, exist_ok=True)
    img_file = os.listdir(class_image_dir)[0]
    image_path = os.path.join(class_image_dir, img_file)
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grayscale_image = convert_to_grayscale_and_save(image_path,u
class_output_dir)

angle_sobel = calculate_edge_angle(grayscale_image)

hist, hist_centers = compute_edge_histogram(angle_sobel)

histograms.append(hist)
class_names.append(dog_class)

plot_histogram(grayscale_image, hist, dog_class)

hist1, hist2 = histograms[0], histograms[1]
class1, class2 = class_names[0], class_names[1]

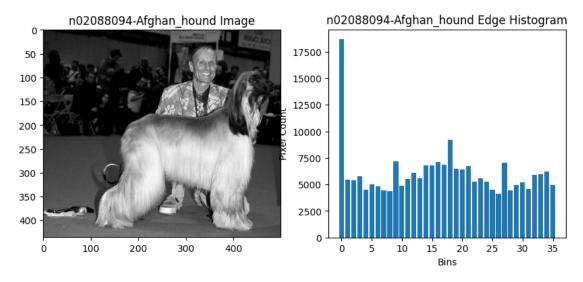
print(f"Comparing edge histograms of {class1} and {class2}")

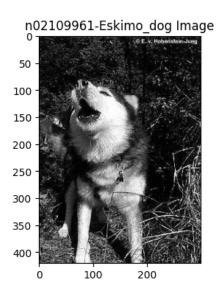
euclidean_dist, manhattan_dist, cosine_dist = compare_histograms(hist1, hist2)

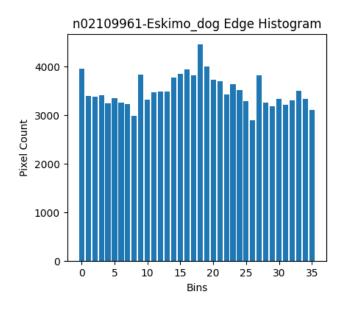
print(f"Euclidean distance: {euclidean_dist}")

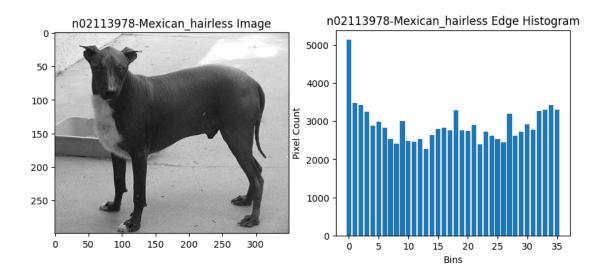
print(f"Manhattan distance: {manhattan_dist}")

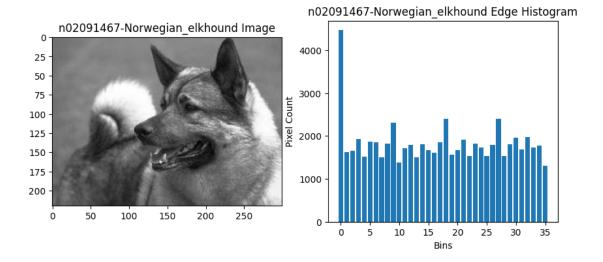
print(f"Cosine distance: {cosine_dist}")
```











Comparing edge histograms of n02088094-Afghan_hound and n02109961-Eskimo_dog

Euclidean distance: 20212.307092462255

Manhattan distance: 92000.0

Cosine distance: 0.05251881227780886

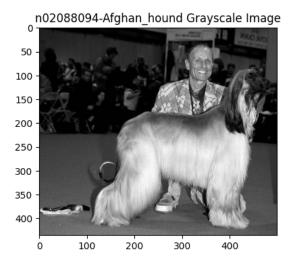
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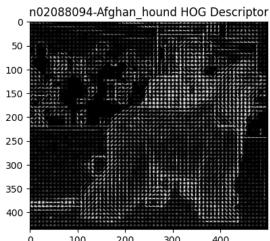
```
[]: def compute_and_visualize_hog(grayscale_image, class_name):
         hog_features, hog_image = hog(
             grayscale_image,
             pixels_per_cell=(8, 8),
             cells_per_block=(2, 2),
             visualize=True,
             block_norm="L2-Hys",
         )
         hog_image rescaled = exposure.rescale_intensity(hog_image, in range=(0, 10))
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 4))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         plt.imshow(grayscale_image, cmap="gray")
         plt.title(f"{class_name} Grayscale Image")
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         plt.imshow(hog_image_rescaled, cmap="gray")
         plt.title(f"{class_name} HOG Descriptor")
         plt.show()
     chosen_class = "n02088094-Afghan_hound"
```

```
class_image_dir = os.path.join(gray_output_dir, chosen_class)
img_file = os.listdir(class_image_dir)[0]
grayscale_image_path = os.path.join(class_image_dir, img_file)

grayscale_image = io.imread(grayscale_image_path)

compute_and_visualize_hog(grayscale_image, chosen_class)
```





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```
[]: all_histograms = []
all_labels = []

for dog_class in dog_classes:
    class_image_dir = os.path.join(base_image_dir, dog_class)

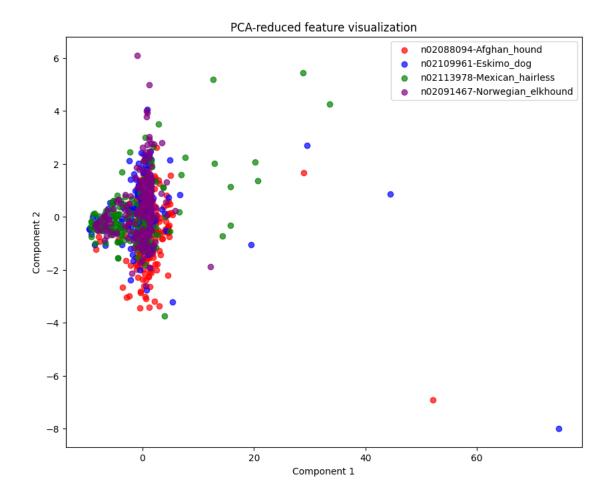
for img_file in os.listdir(class_image_dir):
    if img_file.endswith(".jpg"):
        image_path = os.path.join(class_image_dir, img_file)

        grayscale_image = np.array(Image.open(image_path).convert("L"))

        angle_sobel = calculate_edge_angle(grayscale_image)

        hist, _ = compute_edge_histogram(angle_sobel)
```

```
all_histograms.append(hist)
            all_labels.append(dog_class)
X = np.array(all_histograms)
scaler = StandardScaler()
X_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(X)
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
X_pca = pca.fit_transform(X_scaled)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 8))
colors = ["red", "blue", "green", "purple"]
for i, dog_class in enumerate(dog_classes):
    mask = np.array(all_labels) == dog_class
    plt.scatter(X_pca[mask, 0], X_pca[mask, 1], c=colors[i], label=dog_class,__
 ⇒alpha=0.7)
plt.xlabel("Component 1")
plt.ylabel("Component 2")
plt.title("PCA-reduced feature visualization")
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



Based on the 2D plot showing the 4 different classes, only 1 class (the green points representing the "Mexican_hairless" class) appears to be visually separable and non-overlapping with the other 3 classes. The data points for the other 3 classes (red, blue, and orange) have significant overlap with each other in the 2D feature space.

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[]: with open("train.json", "r") as f:
    data = [json.loads(line) for line in f]

df = pd.DataFrame(data)

[]: selected_classes = ["anger", "joy", "love", "sadness"]
    df["class"] = df[selected_classes].idxmax(axis=1)
    df_filtered = df[df[selected_classes].sum(axis=1) == 1]
```

```
texts = df_filtered["Tweet"].values
labels = df_filtered["class"].values

count_vectorizer = CountVectorizer()

tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()

count_features = count_vectorizer.fit_transform(texts)

tfidf_features = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(texts)

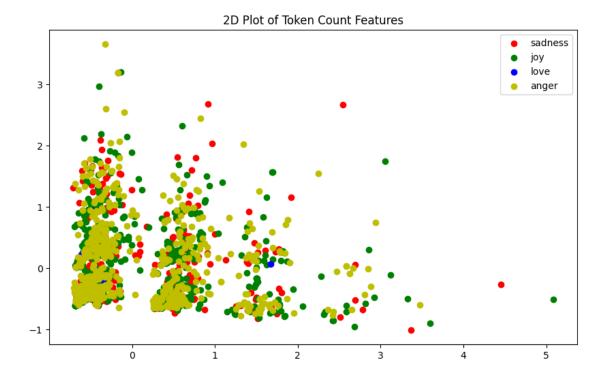
count_dim = count_features.shape[1]

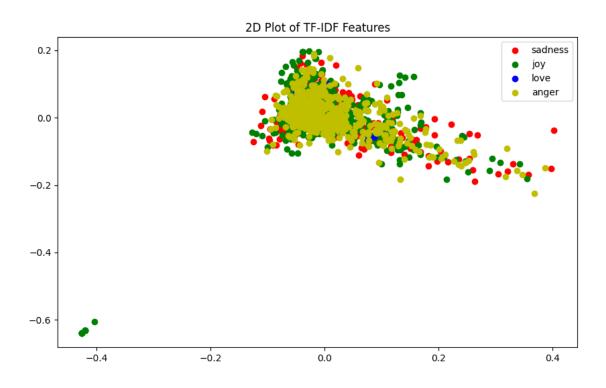
tfidf_dim = tfidf_features.shape[1]

pca = PCA(n_components=2)

sount_reduced = red_fit_transform(count_features_teatures_teatures)
```

```
[]: pca = PCA(n_components=2)
     count_reduced = pca.fit_transform(count_features.toarray())
     tfidf_reduced = pca.fit_transform(tfidf_features.toarray())
     def plot_reduced_features(reduced_features, labels, title):
         plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
         unique_labels = list(set(labels))
         colors = ["r", "g", "b", "y"]
         for i, label in enumerate(unique_labels):
             indices = [j for j, label_j in enumerate(labels) if label_j == label]
             plt.scatter(
                 reduced_features[indices, 0],
                 reduced_features[indices, 1],
                 c=colors[i],
                 label=label,
         plt.title(title)
         plt.legend()
         plt.show()
     plot_reduced_features(count_reduced, labels, "2D Plot of Token Count Features")
     plot_reduced_features(tfidf_reduced, labels, "2D Plot of TF-IDF Features")
     print(f"Dimensionality of token count features: {count_dim}")
     print(f"Dimensionality of TF-IDF features: {tfidf_dim}")
```





Dimensionality of token count features: 6528 Dimensionality of TF-IDF features: 6528

For both token count and TF-IDF features, no classes are clearly separable as there is significant overlap among the classes in the 2D PCA projection.