

End Semester Examination

MDSC-103-(P)

Date: 10-10-23

1. Formulate the problem in the Excel file and generate the sensitivity analysis.

ANSWER:

Microsoft Excel 16.0 Sensitivity Report

Worksheet: [23913_ese.xlsx]Sheet1

Report Created: 10-10-2023 13:39:41

Variable Cells

Cell	Name	Final Value	Reduced Cost	Objective Coefficient	Allowable Increase	Allowable Decrease
\$D\$15	cowhide	360	0	7	1.333333333	2
\$E\$15	production	300	0	10	4	1.6

Constraints

Cell	Name	Final Value	Shadow Price	Constraint R.H. Side	Allowable Increase	Allowable Decrease
\$F\$17		3600	1	3600	1200	720
\$F\$18		960	2	960	240	240

2. Write on cost coefficient sensitivity analysis.

ANSWER:

Variable Cells

Cell	Name	Final Value	Reduced Cost	Objective Coefficient	Allowable Increase	Allowable Decrease
\$D\$15	cowhide	360	0	7	1.333333333	2
\$E\$15	production	300	0	10	4	1.6

- From the above Picture and Sensitivity Report we can infer that baseballs and softballs final value is 360 and 300. Which means we are producing the 360 baseballs and 300 softballs and getting 5520 dollars as a profit and which is optimal solution

- Reduced cost is 0 for both, which indicates that if we increase the production of balls, that won't affect the profit.
- The maximum increase in dollars
 - Baseballs prize is \$8.333
 - Softballs prize is \$14
 - (IF the prize goes more than that, it might lead to non-optimal solution)
- The maximum decrease in dollars
 - Baseballs prize is \$5
 - Softballs prize is \$8.4
 - (IF the prize goes less than that, it might lead to non-optimal solution)

3. Write on Right Hand Side Sensitivity Analysis

ANSWER:

Constraints

Cell	Name	Final Value	Shadow Price	Constraint R.H. Side	Allowable Increase	Allowable Decrease
\$F\$17		3600	1	3600	1200	720
\$F\$18		960	2	960	240	240

- Final value of cowhide covers and production is 3600 and 960. Utilization of the resources to the fullest.
- Shadow price of **cowhide is 1** and **production is 2**, which indicates that in future some modification is there in the system. We can put more time on production instead of cowhides cover because it contributes to profit double that time cowhides cover.
- The maximum increase
 - Cowhide cover is 4800 square feet
 - Production time is 1200 minutes
 - (IF the production time and cowhide sheet goes more than that, it might lead to non-optimal solution)

- The maximum decrease
Cowhide cover is 2880 square feet
Softballs prize is 720 minutes
(IF the production time and cowhide sheet goes more than that, it might lead to non-optimal solution)
-

2. Consider the following problem:

$$f(x_1, x_2) = 4x_1 + 6x_2 - 2x_1^2 - 2x_1x_2 - 2x_2^2$$

- Write a program to visualize the above function.
- Write an iterative program to maximize the function.

Consider the following problem:

$$f(x_1, x_2) = 4x_1 + 6x_2 - 2x_1^2 - 2x_1x_2 - 2x_2^2$$

Visualizing

```
# importing the important libraries
import numpy as np #for using np.arange
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt # for plotting
from scipy.optimize import minimize #for minimizing problem
```

✓ 0.0s

Python

```
# defining the user defined function for plotting the function
def fun(x1,x2):
    ans = 4*x1 + 6*x2 - 2*(x1**2) - 2*x1*x2 - 2*(x2**2)
    return ans # returning the computed answer
```

✓ 0.0s

```
x1 = np.arange(-5,5,.1) #x1 values for -5 to 4.9 with different .1
x2 = np.arange(-5,5,.1) #x2 values for -5 to 4.9 with different .1

X, Y = np.meshgrid(x1,x2) # x1 and x2 will be expanded by meshgrid function
F = fun(X,Y) # the F is calling function fun

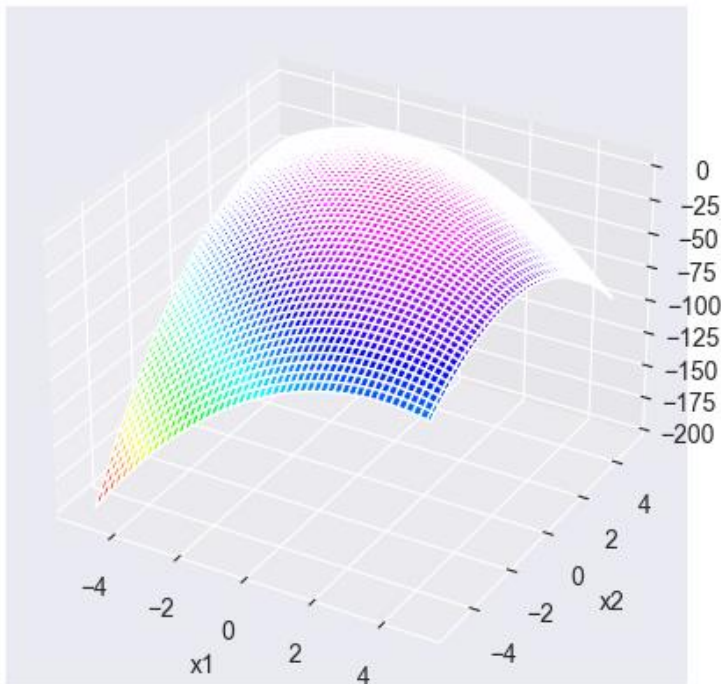
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)) # figsize
ax = plt.subplot(1,1,1,projection='3d') # 3d plotting axis

surf = ax.plot_surface(X,Y,F, cmap= 'gist_rainbow') # setting the color to rainbow

ax.set_xlabel('x1') # label for x axis
ax.set_ylabel('x2') # label for y axis
ax.set_title("visualization for the given function") #title
ax.set_zlabel('f(x1,x2)') # label for z axis
```

✓ 1.8s

visualization for the given function



MAXIMIZING THE FUNCTION

```
# function for f(x)
def f(x):
    x1, x2 = x
    return -4*x1 - 6*x2 + 2*(x1**2) + 2*x1*x2 + 2*(x2**2) # fucntion is mul with (-) to make to max

bounds = ((None, None), (None, None)) # bounds

initial_guess = [0, 0] # initial vaules
result = minimize(f, initial_guess, method='SLSQP', bounds=bounds) #'using SLSQP we are maximizing the function'

print(result.x)
result
```

✓ 0.0s

[0.33333333 1.33333333]

message: Optimization terminated successfully

success: True

status: 0

fun: -4.666666666666668

x: [3.333e-01 1.333e+00]

nit: 3

jac: [0.000e+00 0.000e+00]

nfev: 11

njev: 3