



first.
further.
forward.

Introduction to High-Performance computing (HPC)

Training Slides Created & Maintained by:

Yue Yu

**Sr. Research Computing Facilitator of
Cyberinfrastructure and Research Technologies
(CIRT)**

**Office of Information Technology (OIT) University
of California Merced**

Training Presented by:

Sarvani Chadalapaka

**Director of Cyberinfrastructure and Research
Technologies (CIRT)**

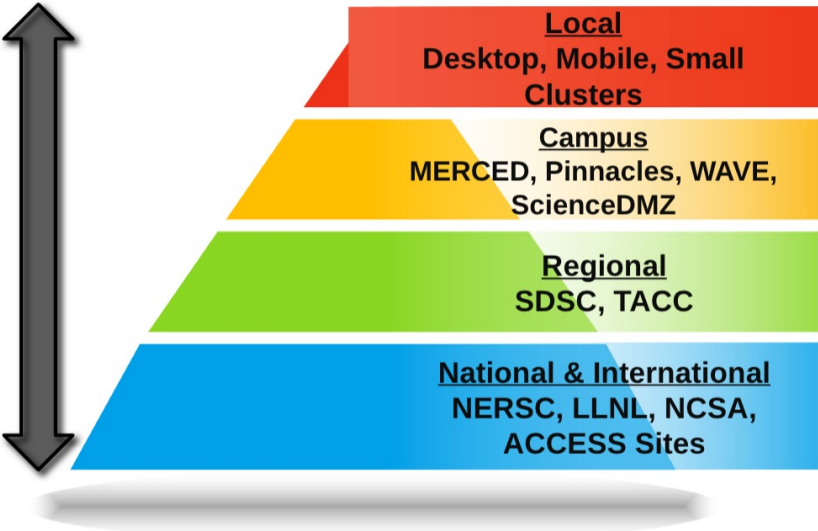
Alex Villa

**Student Tech Consultant
Office of Information Technology (OIT)
University of California Merced**

Today's AGENDA

- What is Supercomputing(HPC)? (10 minutes)
 - Priority 1: Supercomputing terminology
 - Priority 2: Supercomputing at University of California, Merced
- Terminology and HPC Architecture(5 minutes)
- HPC Clusters at UC Merced (5 minutes)
 - MERCED Cluster
 - Pinnacles Cluster
- What is a Scheduler and Why it is Used?(5 minutes)
 - Slurm Scheduler
- ~~■ Resource Queues and Limitations (10 Minutes)~~
- Hands On Training and Q&A(Until end of Training)

UC Merced CIRT Goal: Seamless Transition
Between Levels



What is Supercomputing?

- Supercomputing is the biggest, fastest computing right this minute
- A supercomputer is one of the biggest, fastest computers right this minute
 - So, the definition of supercomputing is constantly changing.

Rule of Thumb: A supercomputer is typically at least 100 times as powerful as a PC.

Jargon:

Supercomputing is also known as
High Performance Computing (HPC) or
High End Computing (HEC) or
Cyberinfrastructure (CI)

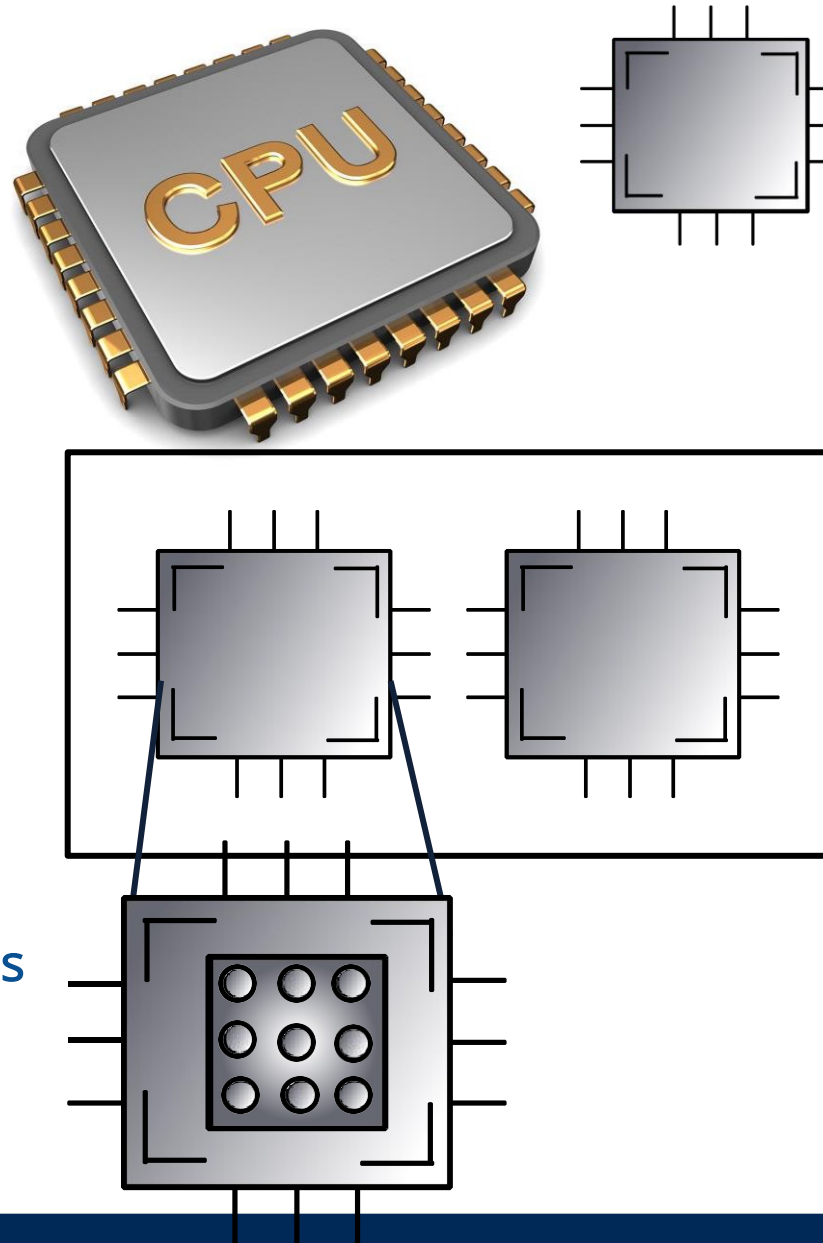
I am working at Cyberinfrastructure and Research Technologies (CIRT) team

<https://it.ucmerced.edu/CIRT>

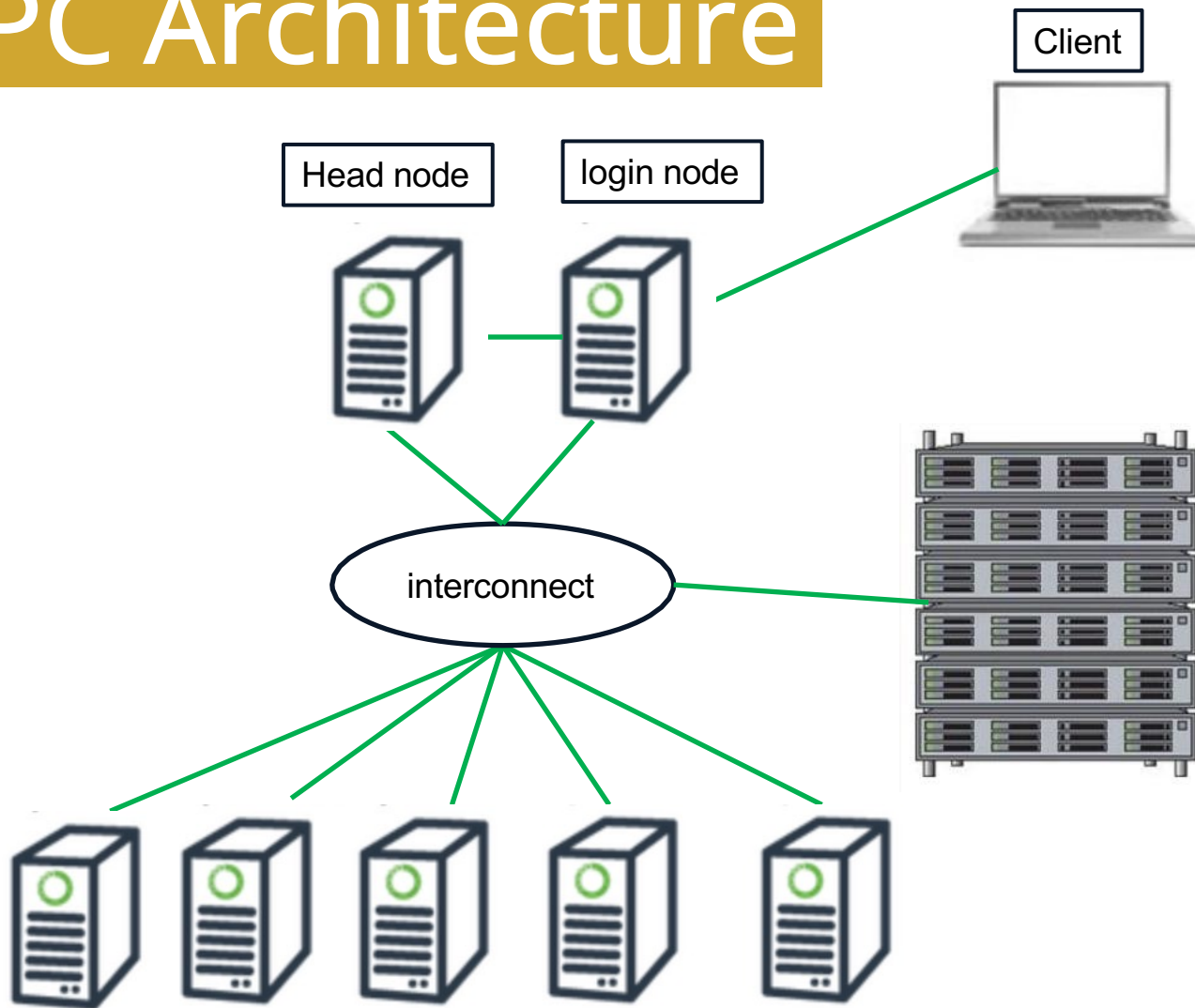


Terminologies

- CPU (processor)
 - Central Processing Unit
- GPU
 - Graphics Processing Unit
 - Deep learning, massive parallelism, 3D rendering...
- Nodes
 - Multiple CPUs
 - CPU nodes
 - GPU nodes
- Cores
 - Processing element
 - 1 CPU may contain multiple cores
 - 1 GPU many smaller specialized cores



HPC Architecture

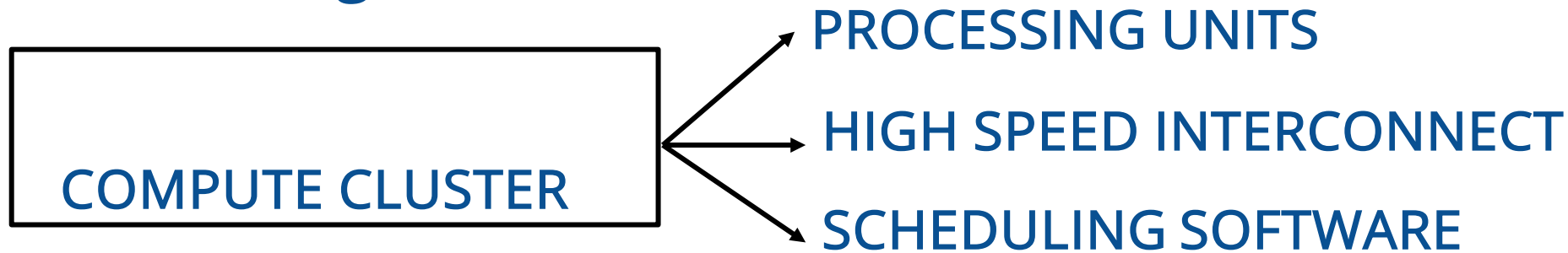


- Head node and login node
- Compute nodes (majority of computations are performed)
 - CPU nodes
 - GPU nodes
- Infiniband switches connect all nodes



HPC Architecture

- Machines with large number of CPUs and memory
- High-speed interconnect
- Scheduling software



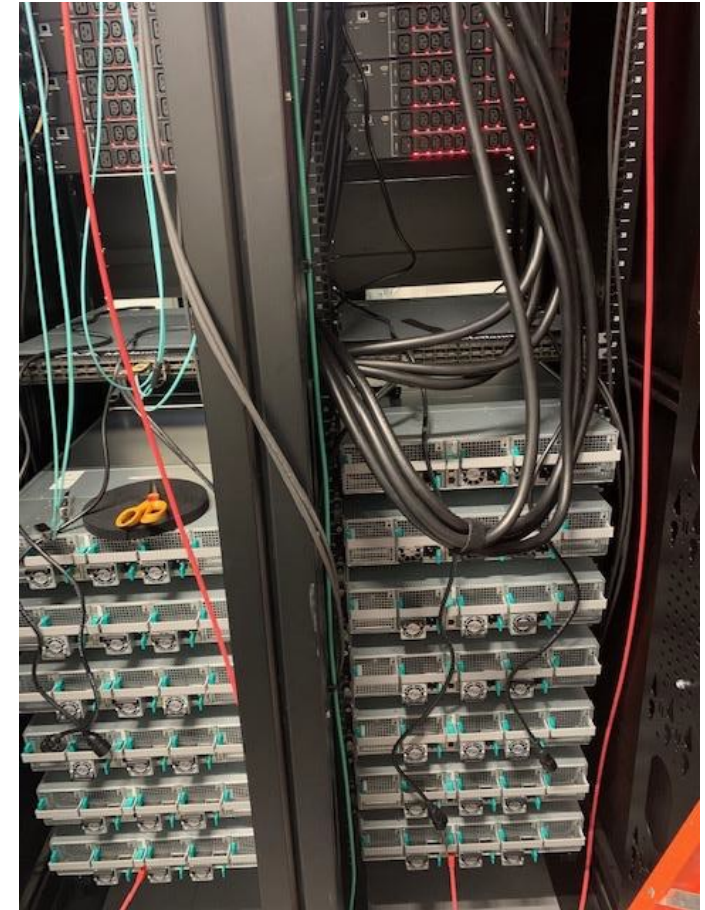
MERCED Cluster Physical Setup

- MERCED cluster is located at Borg Cube



- Head node + Login node + 80 CPU compute nodes
 - Multigenerational nodes
 - Haswell, Broadwell, Skylake...
 - 128GB/256GB of RAM
 - Cluster storages + 786TB Borg storage + PI owned Storage units

Pinnacles Installation



Pinnacles Cluster

- Head + 2 login nodes
- 40 CPU compute nodes
- 4 big memory CPU nodes
- 8 GPU nodes



Infiniband Architecture

- InfiniBand (IB) networking communications
- RDMA (Remote Direct Memory Access)
- 10GigE has 5-6 times the latency of IB
- IB has 3.7x the throughput of 10GigE



Shared Filesystem

Mounted across the cluster – Centralized Login

Folder	Space
/home/<UCMID>/data	500G
/home/<UCMID>/scratch	500G
/home/<UCMID>/	70G

Scheduler

- Scheduling is the method by which work specified by some means is assigned to resources that complete the work. The work may be virtual computation elements such as threads, processes or data flows, which are in turn scheduled onto hardware resources such as processors, network links or expansion cards.
- A scheduler is what carries out the scheduling activity. Schedulers are often implemented so they keep all computer resources busy (as in load balancing), allow multiple users to share system resources effectively, or to achieve a target quality of service.

Slurm Scheduler

Slurm has three key functions.

1. Allocates exclusive and/or non-exclusive access to resources (compute nodes) to users for some duration of time so they can perform work.
2. Provides a framework for starting, executing, and monitoring work (normally a parallel job) on the set of allocated nodes.
3. Arbitrates contention for resources by managing a queue of pending work.

Queues & Resource Limitations

- Currently, priority on the queues is setup such that each project is given equal priority (each project is assigned to a PI) and each member in that project (or PI group) has equal priority.
- To view the queues and node information
 - Type “sinfo” in your terminal

```
[root@rclogin01 ~]# sinfo
CLUSTER: pinnacles
PARTITION AVAIL TIMELIMIT NODS STATE NODELIST
test      up      1:00:00      24  mix  gnode[009-010,012-013],hmnode[001,003-004],node[001-003,005-007,016,019-021,026,030,034,037,045,053,063]
test      up      1:00:00      29  alloc gnode[001-003,005],hmnode[002,005],node[004,008,014-015,017-018,022,024-025,027-029,032-033,035,039,041-044,055-057]
test      up      1:00:00      24  idle  gnode[004,006-008,011],node[013,023,031,036,038,040,046-052,054,058-062]
bigmem    up      3-00:00:00    3   mix  hmnode[001,003-004]
bigmem    up      3-00:00:00    1   alloc hmnode002
gpu       up      3-00:00:00    4   alloc gnode[001-003,005]
gpu       up      3-00:00:00    4   idle  gnode[004,006-008]
short*    up      6:00:00      14   mix  node[001-003,005-007,016,019-021,026,030,034,037]
short*    up      6:00:00      16  alloc node[004,008,014-015,017-018,022,024-025,027-029,032-033,035,039]
short*    up      6:00:00      6   idle  node[013,023,031,036,038,040]
medium    up      1-00:00:00     14   mix  node[001-003,005-007,016,019-021,026,030,034,037]
medium    up      1-00:00:00     16  alloc node[004,008,014-015,017-018,022,024-025,027-029,032-033,035,039]
medium    up      1-00:00:00      6   idle  node[013,023,031,036,038,040]
long      up      3-00:00:00     14   mix  node[001-003,005-007,016,019-021,026,030,034,037]
long      up      3-00:00:00     16  alloc node[004,008,014-015,017-018,022,024-025,027-029,032-033,035,039]
long      up      3-00:00:00      6   idle  node[013,023,031,036,038,040]
pi.larsson up      infinite    5  alloc hmnode005,node[041-044]
pi.anierenberg up      infinite    4   idle  node[049-052]
pi.dstrubbe up      infinite    1   mix  node053
pi.dstrubbe up      infinite    1   idle  node054
pi.apribram-jones up      infinite    1   mix  node053
pi.apribram-jones up      infinite    1   idle  node054
dept.appliedmath up      7-00:00:00    3   mix  gnode[009-010],node045
dept.appliedmath up      7-00:00:00    3   idle  node[046-048]
pi.amartini up      infinite    2  alloc node[055-056]
dept.physics up      7-00:00:00    1  alloc node057
dept.physics up      7-00:00:00    1   idle  node058
grp.ccbm up      7-00:00:00    4   idle  node[059-062]
dept.cogsci up      7-00:00:00    1   mix  node063
pi.ckim103 up      infinite    1   idle  gnode011
pi.bdutagaci up      infinite    2   mix  gnode[012-013]
[root@rclogin01 ~]#
```

Documentation website

- https://ucmerced.github.io/hpc_docs/#/README

Guest Account Login: (During the session you will be given a guest login information)

Otherwise, you can use your own account for this practice session

1. `ssh Your_Acct_Name@login.rc.ucmerced.edu`

1. "ucm_Pinnacles" - Password

2. To see the available modules that are installed use the following:

`module avail`

3. Copy the practice files: (always use the Tab key from keyboard to help you for autocompletion)

`cp -r /home/yyu49/hpc_training/script/serial .`

`cp -r /home/yyu49/hpc_training/script/parallel .`

The two folders have some sample scripts, user can play around with them

4. Check job: `squeue --me`

Job Submission Script

`#!/bin/bash` → “The hashbang line”

`#SBATCH --nodes=1`

`#SBATCH --ntasks=1`

`#SBATCH -p test`

`#SBATCH --time=0-00:15:00` # 15 minutes

`#SBATCH --output=my_%j.stdout`

`#SBATCH --job-name=test`

`#SBATCH --export=ALL`

`whoami`

How do I actually submit the job?

`sbatch sample.sub`

Simple Job Submission Demo

- Run single python job

Python_test1.py

- Check the status of the job using “`queue -u username`” or “`queue --me`” commands

Getting Help

Troubleshooting a Job:

https://ucmerced.github.io/hpc_docs/#/Manage_job

Requesting Support Via ServiceNow Ticket System:

https://ucmerced.service-now.com/servicehub?id=sh_new

HPC Office Hours

WHERE? Online & In-person(ACS 312)

WHEN? Every Friday from 10:30 am – 12 noon *

Login page

CIRT website

Documentation page

Additional Resources

- Slurm overview - <https://slurm.schedmd.com/documentation.html>
- Slurm sbatch - <https://slurm.schedmd.com/sbatch.html>
- Slurm sinfo - <https://slurm.schedmd.com/sinfo.html>
- Slurm squeue - <https://slurm.schedmd.com/squeue.html>
- Requesting help from CIRT - https://it.ucmerced.edu/services?field_service_service_catalog_tid=5
- HPC Documentation <https://github.com/ucmerced/merced-cluster/wiki/>

Diverse Research Groups on Campus

- Natural Sciences – Soil Biogeochemistry, Biological Physics Theory and Computation, Theoretical Atomic and Molecular Physics, Applied Mathematics, Quantum Chemistry, Quantitative Systems Biology
- Engineering – Tribology, Machine Learning, Fault tolerance/resilience in large-scale parallel and distributed systems, power-aware computing
- Social Sciences Humanities and Arts- Evolution of Communication, Neural Networks, Vocal Motor Control, Mesoamerican Indigenous literatures and cultures, Central American and Latina/o cultural studies

