```
### Day objectives
  2 ### Date:1-oct-2019
  3 * Tuples
  4 * Dictionaries
  5 * Sets
      ## Tuple:
  2
In [1]:
  1 # Tuple is a collection of heterogenious data and it is unchangable (immutable)
  2 # Syntax : Tuple_name=()
  4 t=(1,5.5,True,"python")
Out[1]:
(1, 5.5, True, 'python')
In [4]:
  1 # If u want to access the tuple items we have two ways
  2 # Positive index and negative index
  3 print(t[0])
  4 print(t[2])
  5 print(t[0:3])
  6 print(t[::-1]) # to reverse the tuple silmiliar to list and strings
  7 | print(t[::2]) # to get alternative elements of the tuple
1
True
(1, 5.5, True)
('python', True, 5.5, 1)
(1, True)
In [26]:
    len(t)
                      # Length of the tuple
Out[26]:
In [7]:
    print(dir(tuple),end=" ")
['__add__', '__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__dir__', '__doc__
_', '__eq__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__getitem__', '__
getnewargs__', '__gt__', '__hash__', '__init__', '__init_subclass__', '__ite
r__', '__le__', '__len__', '__lt__', '__mul__', '__ne__', '__new__', '__redu
ce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__repr__', '__rmul__', '__setattr__', '__sizeof__',
 '__str__', '__subclasshook__', 'count', 'index']
```

```
In [11]:
 1 | t.count("python")  # To count the occurance of the element
Out[11]:
1
In [12]:
 1 | t.index(5.5)  # To return the index value of the element
Out[12]:
1
Dictionaries:
In [14]:
 1 | # It is collection of heterogenous data and are mutable data types
 2 # If you want to store the data into the dictionaries we access through keys and values
   # Syntax : d={"key1":val1, "key2":val2,.....}
   d = {"k1":1,"k2":55.5,"k3":True,"k4":"APSSDC"}
 5
                    # keys are unique (should not be same)
Out[14]:
{'k1': 1, 'k2': 55.5, 'k3': True, 'k4': 'APSSDC'}
In [17]:
 1 print(d["k4"]) # We can access the elements from the dictionaries by keys only
APSSDC
In [21]:
 1 | d1={2.5:250} # values may be of any type
                    # Keys should be only strings ,numbers ,float values
 2 d1[2.5]
Out[21]:
250
In [25]:
 1 \mid d1 = \{\}
 2 d1["a"]=20
 3 | d1["b"]=30
 4 d1
Out[25]:
{'a': 20, 'b': 30}
```

```
In [27]:
   1 len(d1) # Length of the dictionary
Out[27]:
2
In [33]:
   1 d1.keys()
                            # If you want to access the only keys use => dict.keys()
   2 d1.keys()
Out[33]:
dict_keys(['a', 'b'])
In [34]:
   1 d1.values() # If you want to access the only values use => dict.values()
Out[34]:
dict_values([20, 30])
In [35]:
   1 # To access the items
   2 # Item => key:values
                                                               # Syntax => dict.items()
   3 | d1.items()
Out[35]:
dict_items([('a', 20), ('b', 30)])
In [37]:
   1 print(dir(dict),end=" ")
['__class__', '__contains__', '__delattr__', '__delitem__', '__dir__', '__do
c__', '__eq__', '__format__', '__ge__', '__getattribute__', '__getitem__',
'__gt__', '__hash__', '__init__', '__init_subclass__', '__iter__', '__le__',
'__len__', '__lt__', '__ne__', '__new__', '__reduce__', '__reduce_ex__', '__
repr__', '__setattr__', '__setitem__', '__sizeof__', '__str__', '__subclassh
ook__', 'clear', 'copy', 'fromkeys', 'get', 'items', 'keys', 'pop', 'popite
m', 'setdefault', 'update', 'values']
In [38]:
   1
       d1
Out[38]:
{'a': 20, 'b': 30}
```

```
In [40]:
 1 d1.clear()
                           # To clear the elements in the dict
 2 d1
Out[40]:
{}
In [46]:
 1 d1= {'a':40,'b':50,'c':30}
                          # To copy the elements in the dict into another dict
 2 d2=d1.copy()
 3 d2
Out[46]:
{'a': 40, 'b': 50, 'c': 30}
In [48]:
 1 d2.get('a') # to get the values of the key d2.['a']
Out[48]:
40
In [52]:
 1 d2.pop('b')# to pop out the elements out of dict
Out[52]:
{'a': 40}
In [53]:
 1 d2.popitem() # to remove entire last item from dict
Out[53]:
('a', 40)
In [55]:
 1 d2.setdefault('a',7) # It assign to the dict by taking two argumets or dict['key'
Out[55]:
7
```

```
In [58]:
```

• The value in the dictionary may be any data type

In []:

```
1
   # Tasks:
 2
   # 1.create a dictionary to store the employee details
 3
            # name: ----
 4
            # mobile:----
            # email id:---
 5
            # empid:----
 6
 7
            # age:---
   # 2.create a function to create a dictionary to store the multiple emp deatils through
 8
9
            # emp={123:["charan",9441705788,23,"email"]}
   # 3.l=[10,20,10,40,40,30,20,50,70] by using this list create a dict to store the number
10
11
              # d={10:2,20:2,40:2,30:1}
                                    # values =number of occurance of element
              # keys= list element
12
13
   # 4."pythonprogramming" by using this string create a dict with charecter and number of
              \#d=\{'p':2,'y':1,\ldots\}
14
15
   # 5.string= "mastan narmada ranga charan sai mastan "
16
                        # d={'mastan':2, 'narmada':1}
17
   # 6.create a dictionary to store the numbers of the squares in between 1 to 20 both are
18
              #d={1:1,2:4,3:9,...}
   # 7.L=[10,20,10,30,80,30,10,40,55,60] find the highest frequancy element in function
19
```

In [61]:

Out[61]:

```
{'name': 'charan',
  'mobile': 9441705788,
  'emailid': 'saicharan6102@gmail.com',
  'empid': '174g5a0221',
  'age': 21}
```

In [62]:

```
# 2.create a function to create a dictionary to store the multiple emp deatils through
 2
             # emp={123:["charan",9441705788,23,"email"]}
 3
    dic2={}
    def empdetails(n):
 4
        for i in range(0,n+1):
 5
            empid=int(input("enter employee id"))
 6
 7
            1st=[]
 8
            lst=input().split()
            dic2.update({empid:lst})
9
10
        print(dic2)
    n=int(input("enter the number of employees details to store"))
11
    empdetails(n)
12
```

```
enter the number of employees details to store2 charan 9441705788 23 sai@gmail.com sai 8919124677 20 charan@gmail.com car 9441 25 car@gmail.com
```

In [19]:

```
# 3.l=[10,20,10,40,40,30,20,50,70] by using this list create a dict to store the number
 2
              # d={10:2,20:2,40:2,30:1}
                                     # values =number of occurance of element
 3
              # keys= list element
 4
 5
    def occurancedict(lst):
 6
 7
        dic3={}
        count=0
 8
        unilist=[]
 9
        for i in 1st:
10
            if i not in unilist:
11
                unilist.append(i)
12
13
        unilist
14
        for i in unilist:
            count=lst.count(i)
15
16
            dic3.update({i:count})
17
        print(dic3)
    lst1=[10,20,10,40,40,30,20,50,70]
18
    occurancedict(lst1)
19
20
```

```
{10: 2, 20: 2, 40: 2, 30: 1, 50: 1, 70: 1}
```

In [31]:

```
# another method for the above program

def listoccur(l1):
    d={}
    for i in l1:
        if i not in d.keys():
            d[i]=l1.count(i)
    return d

li=[10,20,10,40,40,30,20,50,70]

listoccur(li)
```

Out[31]:

```
{10: 2, 20: 2, 40: 2, 30: 1, 50: 1, 70: 1}
```

```
In [25]:
    # 4."pythonprogramming" by using this string create a dict with charecter and number o
 2
              #d={ 'p':2, 'y':1,....}
 3
 4
    def charoccur(s):
 5
        dic4={}
 6
        count=0
 7
        for i in range(len(s)):
 8
            count=s.count(s[i])
 9
            dic4.update({s[i]:count})
        print(dic4)
10
11
    string="pythonprogramming"
    charoccur(string)
12
13
{'p': 2, 'y': 1, 't': 1, 'h': 1, 'o': 2, 'n': 2, 'r': 2, 'g': 2, 'a': 1,
'm': 2, 'i': 1}
In [28]:
    # 5.string= "mastan narmada ranga charan sai mastan "
 1
                         # d={ 'mastan':2, 'narmada':1}
 2
 3
 4
    def stringoccur(st):
 5
        dic5={}
 6
        for i in st.split():
 7
            dic5[i]=st.count(i)
 8
        return dic5
 9
    st=input()
10
    stringoccur(st)
mastan narmada ranga charan sai mastan
Out[28]:
{'mastan': 2, 'narmada': 1, 'ranga': 1, 'charan': 1, 'sai': 1}
In [29]:
    # 6.create a dictionary to store the numbers of the squares in between 1 to 20 both are
 1
 2
                        #d={1:1,2:4,3:9,...}
 3
 4
    def squaredict(n):
 5
        dic6={}
 6
        for i in range(0,n+1):
 7
            dic6[i]=i**2
 8
        return dic6
    n=int(input("enter the range"))
 9
    squaredict(n)
10
11
```

enter the range5

```
Out[29]:
```

```
{0: 0, 1: 1, 2: 4, 3: 9, 4: 16, 5: 25}
```

```
In [51]:
```

```
# 7.l=[10,20,10,30,80,30,10,40,55,60] find the highest frequancy element in function
 2
    def frequancy(lst):
 3
 4
        dic7={}
 5
        m=[]
        for i in 1st:
 6
 7
            dic7[i]=lst.count(i)
 8
 9
            m=dic7.values()
10
            maxval=max(m)
11
            return[key for key,v in dic7.items if v==maxval]
12
13
14
        return dic7
15
16
17
18
    ls=[10,20,10,30,80,30,10,40,55,60]
19
   frequancy(ls)
20
```

TypeError: 'builtin_function_or_method' object is not iterable

```
In [ ]:
```

1