Question **1**Correct
Marked out of 1.00

Flag question

You are a bank account hacker. Initially you have 1 rupee in your account, and you want exactly **N** rupees in your account. You wrote two hacks, first hack can multiply the amount of money you own by 10, while the second can multiply it by 20. These hacks can be used any number of time. Can you achieve the desired amount **N** using these hacks.

Constraints:

1<=T<=100 1<=N<=10^12

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
Complete the 'myFunc' function below.
2
3
4
     * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
     * The function accepts INTEGER n as parameter.
5
6
    #include <stdio.h>
    int myFunc(int n)
8
9
10
        if(n==1)
11
        return 1;
12
        if(n<1)
13
        return 0;
        if(n%10 == 0 && myFunc(n/10))
14
15
        return 1;
16
        if(n\%20 == 0 \&\& myFunc(n/20))
        return 1;
17
18
        return 0;
19
20
    int main1()
21 🔻
        int t,n;
22
23
        scanf("%d",&t);
24
        while(t--)
25
            scanf("%d",&n);
printf("%d",myFunc(n));
26
27
28
29
        return 0;
30
31
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	printf("%d", myFunc(1))	1	1	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(2))	0	0	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(10))	1	1	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(25))	0	0	~
~	printf("%d", myFunc(200))	1	1	~

Passed all tests! <

Question **2**Correct
Marked out of 1.00

F Flag question

Find the number of ways that a given integer, X, can be expressed as the sum of the Nth powers of unique, natural numbers.

For example, if X = 13 and N = 2, we have to find all combinations of unique squares adding up to 13. The only solution is $2^2 + 3^2$.

Function Description

Complete the powerSum function in the editor below. It should return an integer that represents the number of possible combinations.

powerSum has the following parameter(s):

X: the integer to sum to

N: the integer power to raise numbers to

Answer: (penalty regime: 0 %)

Reset answer

```
* Complete the 'powerSum' function below.
 2
 3
4
     * The function is expected to return an INTEGER.
     * The function accepts following parameters:
 5
    * 1. INTEGER X
* 2. INTEGER n
 6
 7
8
9
    #include <stdio.h>
    #include <math.h>
10
int powerSum(int x, int m, int n)
12 🔻 {
13
        int power = pow(m,n);
14
        if(power == x)
15
        return 1;
        if(power>x)
16
17
        return 0;
18
        return powerSum(x-power,m+1,n) + powerSum(x,m+1,n);
19
   int main1()
20
21 🔻 {
22
        int x,n;
        scanf("%d %d",&x,&n);
printf("%d\n",powerSum(x,1,n));
23
24
25
        return 0;
26 }
```

	Test	Expected	Got	
~	printf("%d", powerSum(10, 1, 2))	1	1	~

Passed all tests! <