CMPS 350 · Web Development Fundamentals

Tutorial 07 · Prisma

This tutorial is based on the Prisma Get Started / Quickstart guide:

https://www.prisma.io/docs/getting-started/quickstart.

- 1. Create a new Next 13.3 application using: npx create-next-app@latest -- experimental-app .
- 2. Install the Prisma extension for Visual Studio Code from the marketplace.
- 3. Install the Prisma package: npm install prisma --save-dev and initialize it using SQLite as data source provider: npx primsa init --datasource-provider sqlite.
- 4. Update the environment variable DATABASE_URL in .env with the desired location of the database file, for example, DATABASE_URL="file:data/dev.db".
- 5. Update the schema, prisma/schema.json, with data models for a one-to-many relationship between users and their posts. Each User has an id, a unique email, a name, and a list of posts. Each Post has an id, a title, a text content, a published status, and a corresponding author.

```
model User {
               @id @default(autoincrement())
      Int
 email String Dunique
 name String?
 posts Post[]
model Post {
          Int
                  @id @default(autoincrement())
 title
          String
 content String?
 published Boolean @default(false)
 author User @relation(fields: [authorId], references: [id])
 authorId Int
}
```

- 6. Create the supporting SQLite database: npx prisma migrate dev --name init. This will generate and execute a SQL migration against the database¹ to define its tables and relationships.²
- 7. Create a repository module, utilities/repository.js, to manage access to the data.
- 8. Install the client library: npm install @prisma/client and use it to access the data in the repository.

```
import { PrismaClient } from "@prisma/client";
const prisma = new PrismaClient();
```

The client is custom-tailored to the data model and must be generated using: npx prisma generate every time the model/schema is updated.

¹ prisma db push can be used instead if migrations are not needed.

² prisma db pull can be used instead with a preexisting database.

- 9. Use Prisma Studio: npx prisma studio to view the database tables and edit/filter their records if needed.
- 10. Create a disconnect method that closes a client connection that will be used after having executed a query:

```
async function disconnect() {
   try {
    await prisma.$disconnect();
} catch (e) {
   console.error(e);
   await prisma.$disconnect();
   process.exit(1);
}
```

11. Create an seed method that populates the database with sample data. Use prisma.user.create and prisma.post.create. It should call disconnect after executing the queries and before returning the results. The sample data can be procedurally generated using Faker (https://fakerjs.dev):

```
import { faker } from "@faker-js/faker";
export async function seed() {
  Array(Math.floor(Math.random() * 60))
    .fill()
    .forEach(
      async () \Rightarrow
        await prisma.user.create({
          data: {
             email: faker.internet.email(),
             name: faker.name.fullName(),
             posts: {
               create: Array(Math.floor(Math.random() * 12))
                 .fill()
                 .map(() \Rightarrow (\{
                   title: faker.commerce.productName(),
                   content: faker.lorem.text(),
                   published: Math.random() > 0.5,
                 })),
             },
          },
        })
    );
  await disconnect();
```

12. Create a readUsers method that returns all users along with their posts. Use prisma.user.findMany and include the posts:

```
export async function readUsers() {
  const users = await prisma.user.findMany({
    include: {
      posts: true,
    },
```

```
});
await disconnect();
return users;
}
```

13. Import and use the repository in api/users/route.js to implement a GET method that returns all users along with their posts using readUsers.

```
import * as repo from "@/utilities/repository.js";
export async function GET(request) {
  return Response.json(await repo.readUsers());
}
```

- 14. Import and use the repository in api/seed/route.js to implement a POST method that seeds the data store using seed.
- 15. Test the routes using Postman.