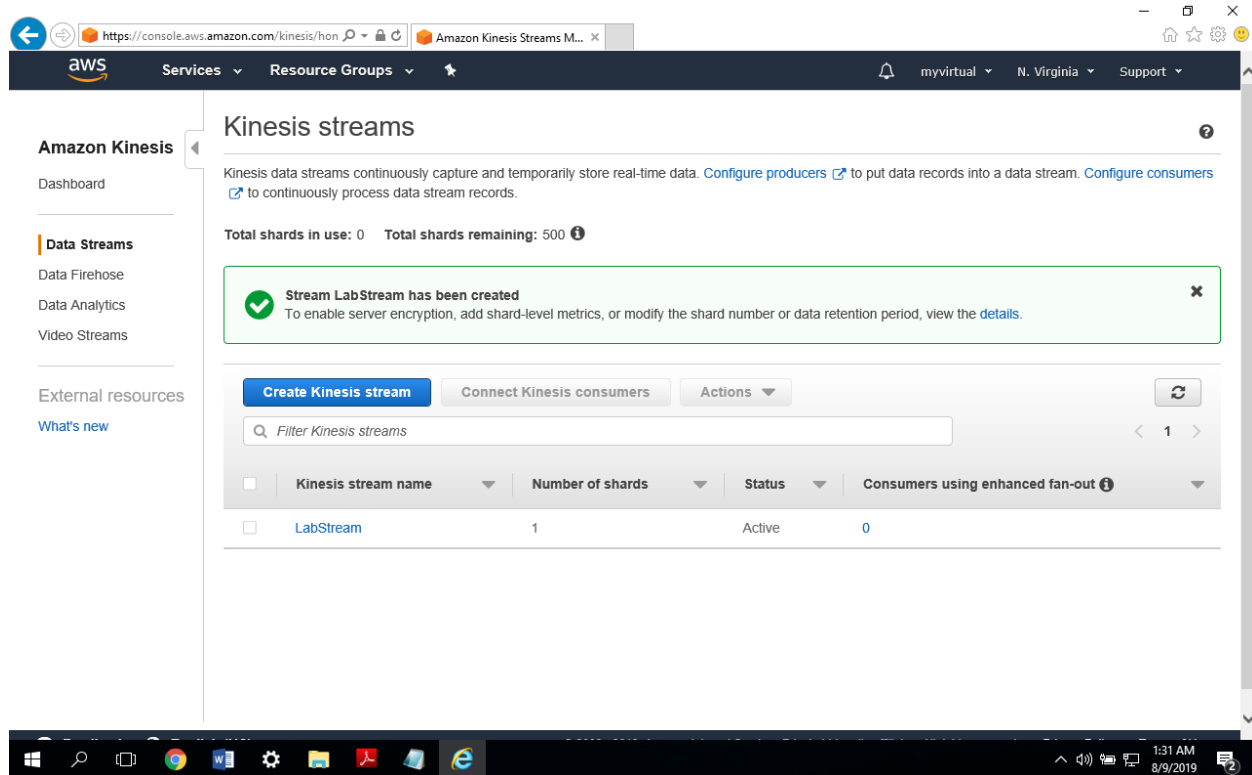


Serverless Architectures with Amazon DynamoDB and Amazon Kinesis Streams with AWS Lambda

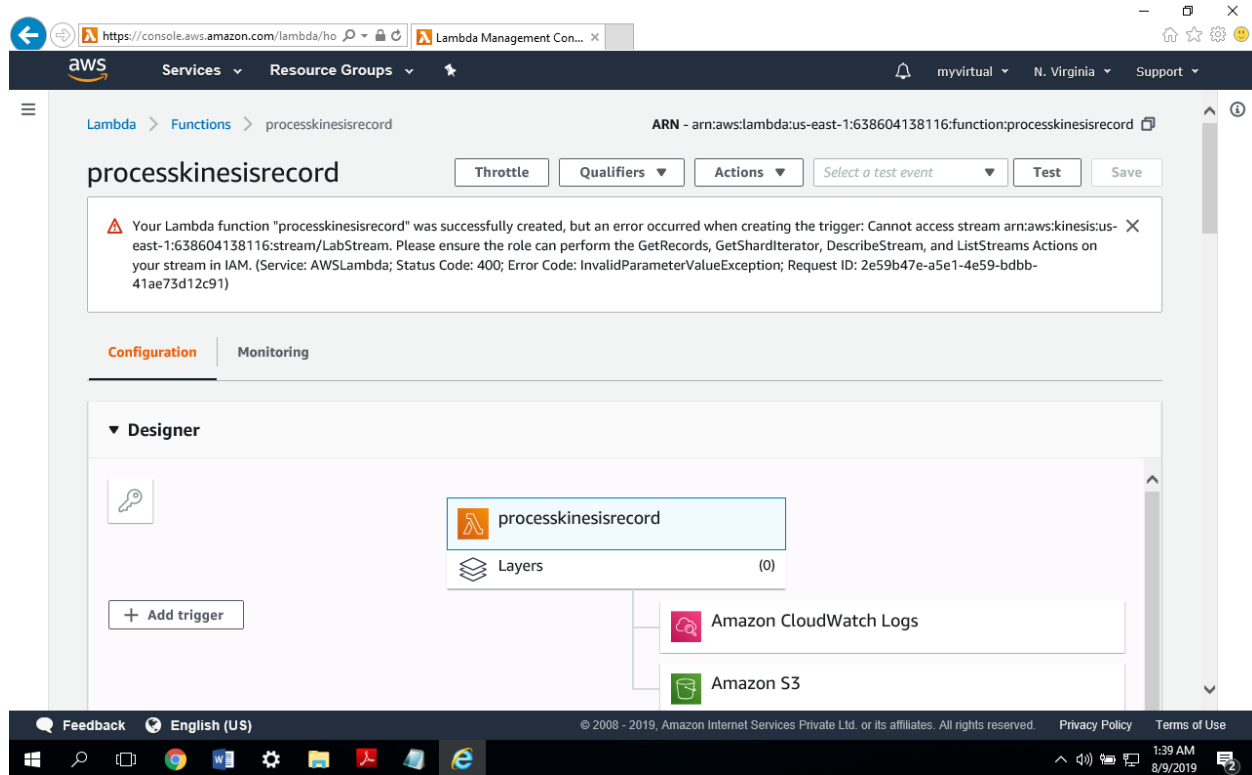
Task 1: Create an Amazon Kinesis Stream



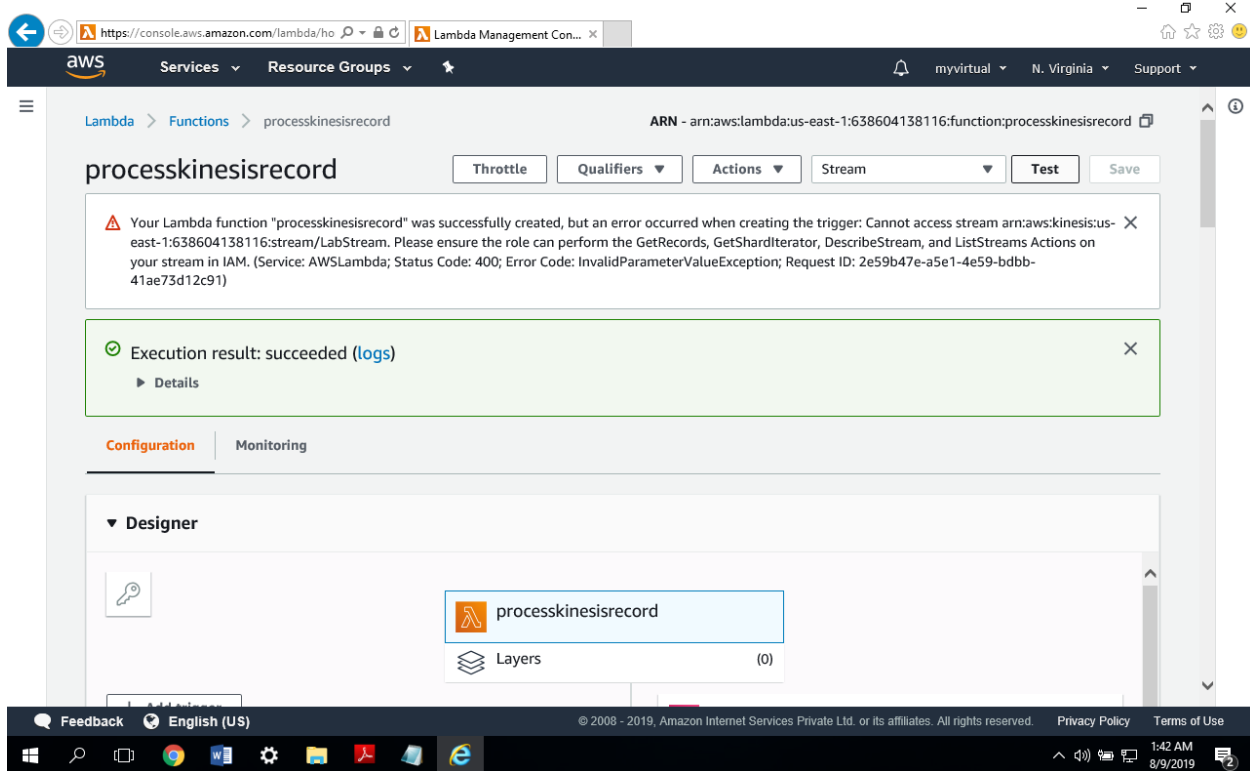
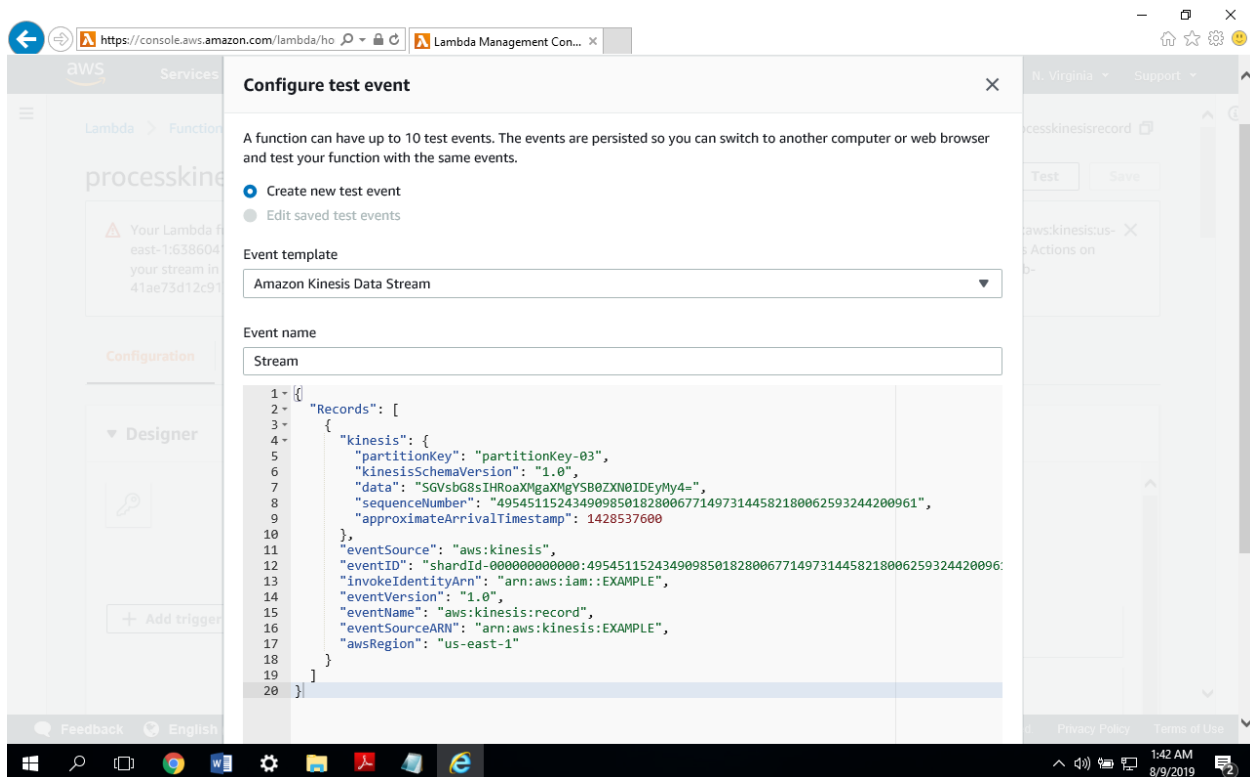
Task 2: Create a Lambda function

The screenshot shows the AWS Lambda console interface. At the top, there's a navigation bar with the AWS logo, 'Services', 'Resource Groups', and a search icon. The main header area shows 'myvirtual' and 'N. Virginia' as the region. The main content area is titled 'Lambda function code' and includes a sub-header 'Runtime' with 'Python 2.7' selected. Below this, the function code is displayed in a text editor. The code is a Python lambda handler that prints a message and processes Kinesis records. The code is as follows:

```
1 from __future__ import print_function
2
3 import base64
4 import json
5
6 print('Loading function')
7
8
9 def lambda_handler(event, context):
10     #print("Received event: " + json.dumps(event, indent=2))
11     for record in event['Records']:
12         # Kinesis data is base64 encoded so decode here
13         payload = base64.b64decode(record['kinesis']['data'])
14         print("Decoded payload: " + payload)
15     return 'Successfully processed {} records.'.format(len(event['Records']))
16
```



Task 3: Test your function



Task 4: Create a table in Dynamo db

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for creating a new DynamoDB table. The browser address bar shows the URL <https://console.aws.amazon.com/dynamodb>. The console header includes the AWS logo, navigation menus for Services and Resource Groups, and user information for 'myvirtual' in the 'N. Virginia' region. The main heading is 'Create DynamoDB table' with a 'Tutorial' link. Below this, a descriptive paragraph explains that DynamoDB is a schema-less database requiring a table name and primary key. The form fields include 'Table name*' (empty), 'Primary key*' (labeled 'Partition key'), and a dropdown menu set to 'String'. There is an unchecked checkbox for 'Add sort key'. The 'Table settings' section states that default settings are used, which include no secondary indexes, auto-scaling capacity set to 70% target utilization, and encryption at rest with the default type. A '+ Add tags' link with a 'NEW!' badge is present. At the bottom of the form are 'Cancel' and 'Create' buttons. The footer of the console shows 'Feedback', 'English (US)', copyright information for 2008-2019, and links to 'Privacy Policy' and 'Terms of Use'. The Windows taskbar at the very bottom shows various application icons and the system clock indicating 1:47 AM on 8/9/2019.

Create DynamoDB table [Tutorial](#)

DynamoDB is a schema-less database that only requires a table name and primary key. The table's primary key is made up of one or two attributes that uniquely identify items, partition the data, and sort data within each partition.

Table name*

Primary key* Partition key String

☐ Add sort key

Table settings

Default settings provide the fastest way to get started with your table. You can modify these default settings now or after your table has been created.

☒ Use default settings

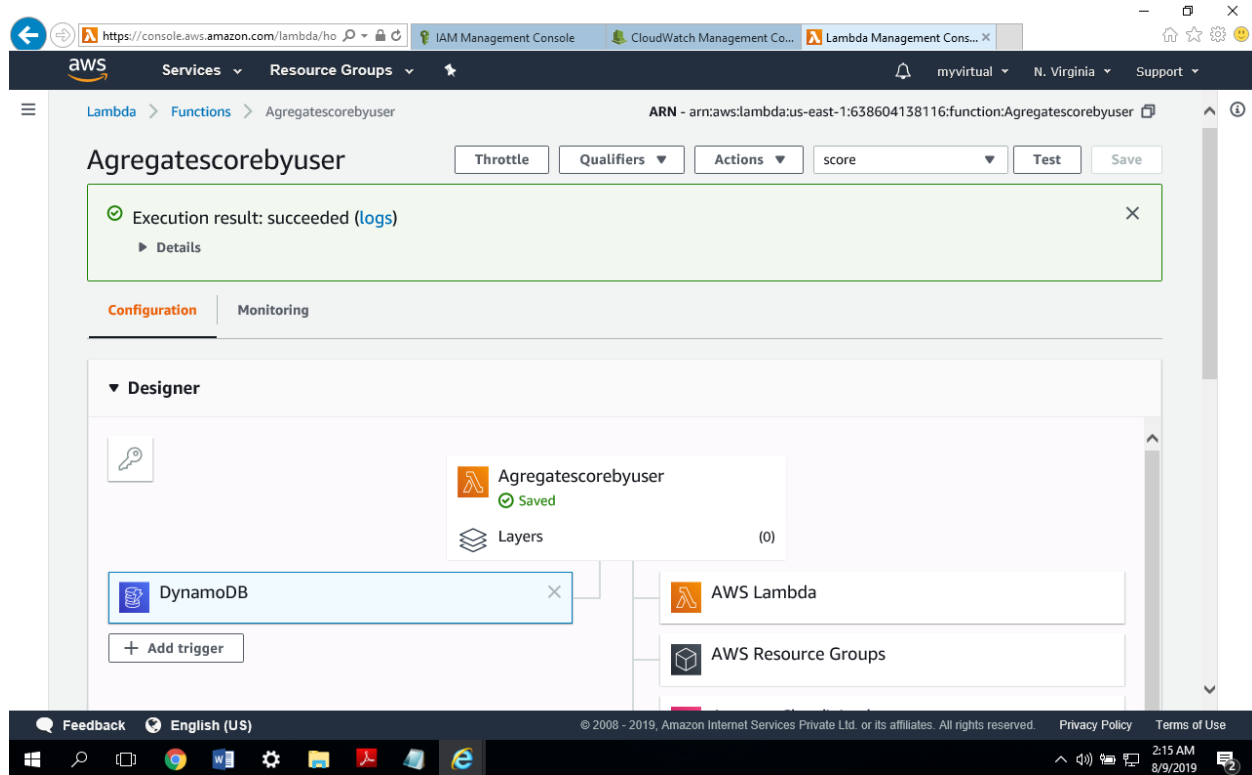
- No secondary indexes.
- Auto Scaling capacity set to 70% target utilization, at minimum capacity of 5 reads and 5 writes.
- Encryption at Rest with DEFAULT encryption type.

[+ Add tags](#) **NEW!**

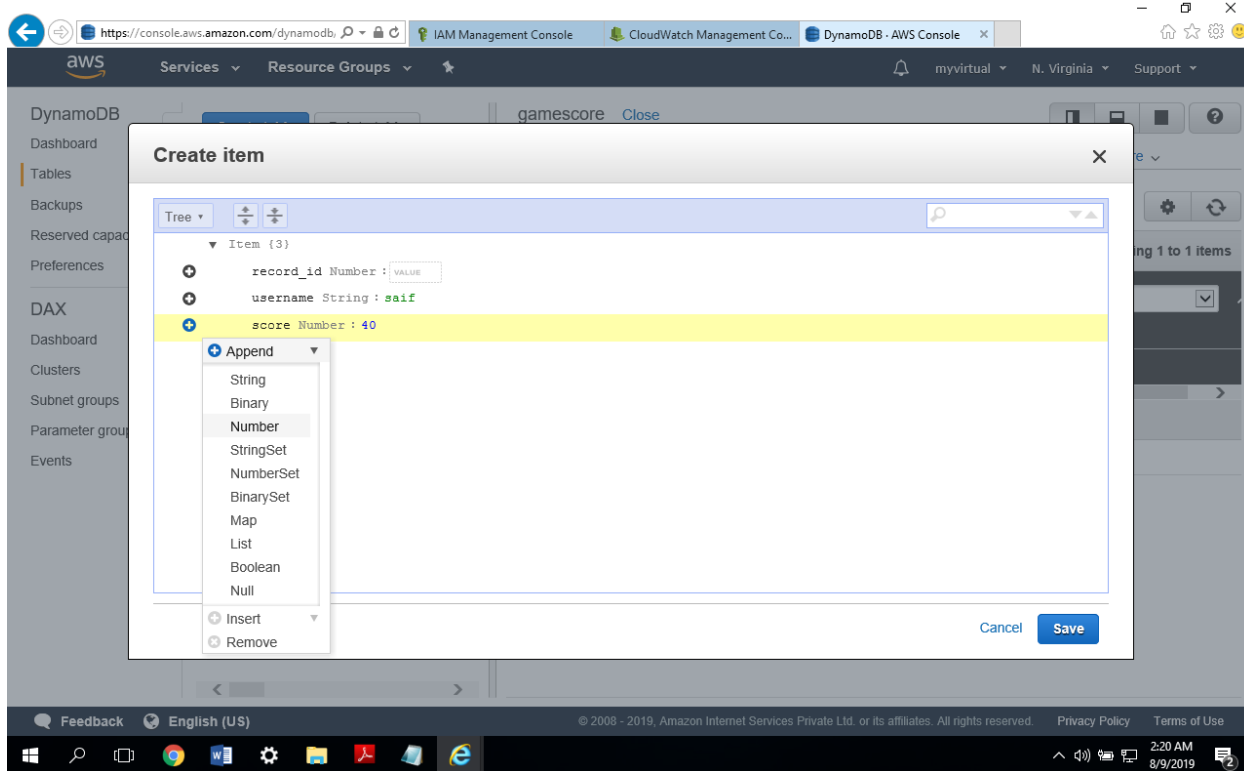
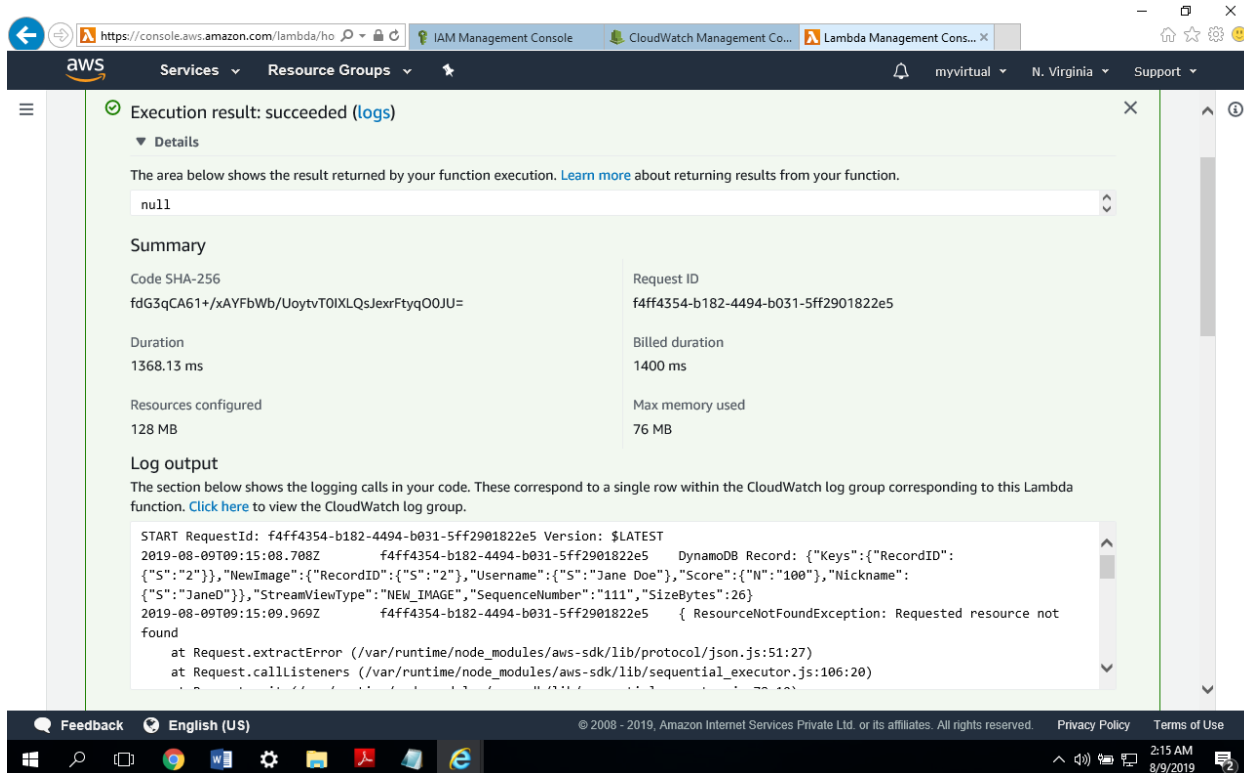
Additional charges may apply if you exceed the AWS Free Tier levels for CloudWatch or Simple Notification Service. Advanced alarm settings are available in the CloudWatch management console.

[Cancel](#) [Create](#)

Task 5: Create a Lambda Function



Adding a trigger



Adding items in dynamo db table