

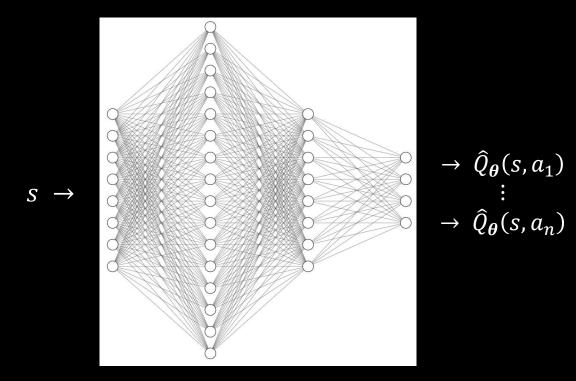
Reinforcement Learning Algorithms Code Implementation

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Q-Learning

- Intuition:
 - \circ Estimate $Q_{\pi}(s,a)$ via function approximation



Math:

$$\mathcal{J}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi} \left[\left(\delta_{TD} - \widehat{Q}_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}(s, a) \right)^{2} \right] = \mathbb{E}_{\pi} \left[\left(r + \gamma \max_{a'} \widehat{Q}_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}(s', a') - \widehat{Q}_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}(s, a) \right)^{2} \right]$$

Q-Learning Algorithm

Pseudocode:

end for

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Initialize \widehat{Q}_{m{	heta}}(s,a) with random weights
for \ episode = 1, 2, 3, ..., E \ do
              Initialize environment so
             for t = 0, 1, 2, ..., T do
                             Select action a_t randomly with probability \epsilon, otherwise
                                          a_t = \overline{\operatorname{argmax} \widehat{Q}_{\theta}}(s_t, a_t)
                             Execute action a_t in environment and observe r_{t+1}, s_{t+1},
                                          and terminal or truncate flags
                            Set TD target \delta_{TD} = r_{t+1} if terminal or truncate, otherwise
                                          \delta_{TD} = r_{t+1} + \gamma \max \hat{Q}_{\theta}(s_{t+1}, a_{t+1})
                             Perform a gradient descent step on
                                          \mathcal{J}(\boldsymbol{\theta}) = \mathbb{E}_{\pi} \left| \left( \delta_{TD} - \hat{Q}_{\boldsymbol{\theta}}(s_{\boldsymbol{t}}, a_{\boldsymbol{t}}) \right)^{2} \right|
                            Set s_{t+1} as current state
              end for
```

Q-Learning Example

"CartPole-v1" Gym Environment:

