## **Assignment-27**

## Operator overloading and friend function

- 1. Define a class Complex with appropriate instance variables and member functions. Define following operators in the class:
  - a. +
  - b. -
  - C. \*
  - d. ==
- 2. Write a C++ program to overload unary operators that is increment and decrement.
- 3. Write a C++ program to add two complex numbers using operator overloaded by a friend function.
- Create a class Time which contains:
  - Hours
  - Minutes
  - Seconds

Write a C++ program using operator overloading for the following:

- 1. = = : To check whether two Times are the same or not.
- 2. >> : To accept the time.
- 3. << : To display the time.

Output -

```
Enter First Time
Enter Hours : 24
Enter Minutes: 30
Enter Seconds: 40
First Time
Hours : 24
Minutes: 30
Seconds: 40
Enter Second Time
Enter Hours : 24
Enter Minutes: 30
Enter Seconds: 40
Second Time
Hours : 24
Minutes: 30
Seconds: 40
Times are Same
```

Consider following class Numbers

```
class Numbers
{
```

```
int x,y,z;
public:
    // methods
};
```

Overload the operator unary minus (-) to negate the numbers.

- 6. Create a class CString to represent a string.
  - a) Overload the + operator to concatenate two strings.
  - b) == to compare 2 strings.
- 7. Define a C++ class fraction

```
class fraction
{
    long numerator;
    long denominator;
    Public:
        fraction (long n=0, long d=0);
}
```

Overload the following operators as member or friend:

- a) Unary ++ (pre and post both)
- b) Overload as friend functions: operators << and >>. Output-

```
: 0/0
f2
     : 0/0
Enter 1st Fraction Value
Numerator :
                2
Denominator :
                3
f1++ : 3/4
++f1 : 4/5
Enter 2nd Fraction Value
Numerator :
               1
Denominator :
                2
f2 = ++f1
         5/6
f1
f2
         5/6
f2 = f1++
        6/7
f1
f2
        5/6
```

## 8. Consider a class Matrix

```
Class Matrix {
    int a[3][3];
    Public:
    //methods;
};
```

Overload the - (Unary) should negate the numbers stored in the object. Output -

```
Enter Matrix Element (3 X 3):

7
8
9
1
2
3
4
5
6

Matrix is:

7
8
9
1
2
3
4
5
6

Matrix is:

-7
-8
-9
-1
-2
-3
-4
-5
-6
```

9. Consider the following class mystring

```
Class mystring
{
    char str [100];
    Public:
    // methods
};
```

Overload operator "!" to reverse the case of each alphabet in the string (Uppercase to Lowercase and vice versa).

```
10. Class Matrix
{
    int a[3][3];
    Public:
    //methods;
};
```

Let m1 and m2 are two matrices. Find out m3=m1+m2 (use operator overloading). Output -

```
Enter Matrix Element (3 X 3):
4 5 6 1 2 3 7 8 9
Enter Matrix Element (3 X 3):
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
First Matrix :
4
1
7
      5
          6
     2
             3
     8 9
Second Matrix :
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9
Addition of Matrix :
5
5
14
      7
              9
      16
              18
```