

## Assignment 1

Name: Saikat Mahmud

Id: 19-41556-3

### Home Work

**Problem 1:** The current  $i(t) = 4\sin(\omega t - 20^\circ)$  A flows through a  $8\ \Omega$  resistor. (i) What is the sinusoidal expression for the voltage? (ii) Calculate the real power, reactive power, power factor, reactive factor. (iii) write the expression of instantaneous power. (iv) Sketch the  $v$  and  $i$  sinusoidal waveforms on the same axis. (v) Draw the phasor diagram.

**Problem 2:** The voltage  $v(t) = 20\sin(\omega t + 30^\circ)$  V is applied to a  $4\ \Omega$  resistor. (i) What is the sinusoidal expression for the current? (ii) Calculate the real power, reactive power, power factor, reactive factor. (iii) write the expression of instantaneous power. (iv) Sketch the  $v$  and  $i$  sinusoidal waveforms on the same axis. (v) Draw the phasor diagram.

Problem 1:

(i)-

Problem: 1 (here,  $i(t) = 4\sin(\omega t - 20^\circ)$ ;  $8\ \Omega$  resistor)

(i)

$$\begin{aligned} V &= I Z_R \\ &= \left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \angle -20^\circ\right) \times (8 \angle 0^\circ) \\ &= 22.62 \angle -20^\circ \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} v(t) &= \sqrt{2} V \sin(\omega t - 20^\circ) \\ &= 32 \sin(\omega t - 20^\circ) \end{aligned}$$

(Ans)

(ii)-

(ii) Angle of impedance,  $\theta = \theta_Z = \theta_V - \theta_i$   
 $= -20^\circ + 20^\circ = 0^\circ$

So,

power factor,  $Pf = \cos 0^\circ = 1$

reactive factor,  $rf = \sin 0^\circ = 0$

Real power,  $P = VI \cos \theta_Z = 22.62 \times 2.82 \times 1 = 63.78$   
watt

Reactive power,  $Q = VI \sin \theta_Z$   
 $= 0$  var

(iii)-

(iii) instantaneous power,

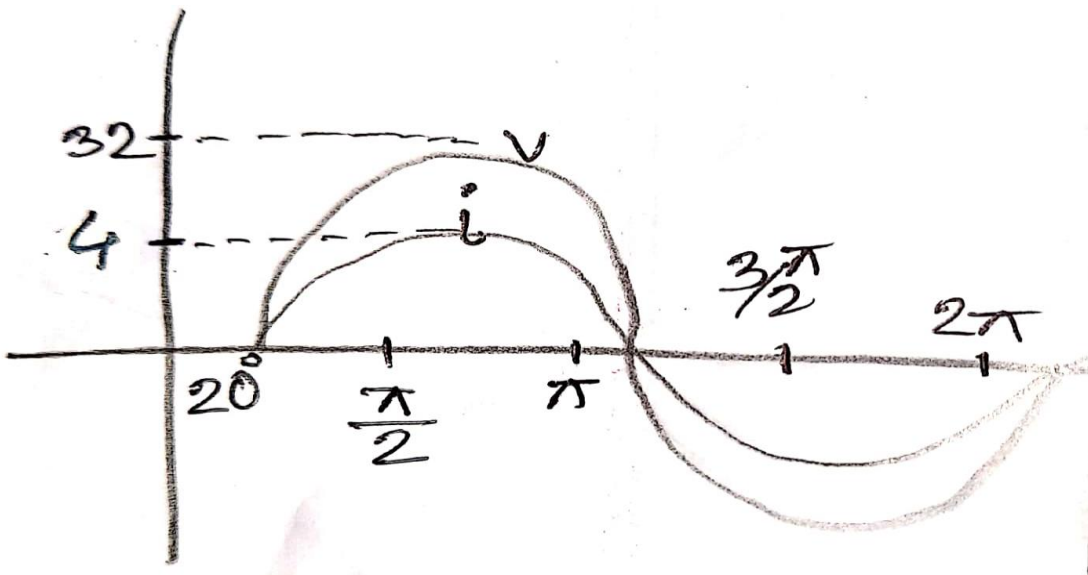
$$P(t) = VI \cos \theta_z - VI \cos (2\omega t + \theta_z)$$

$$\underline{24}$$

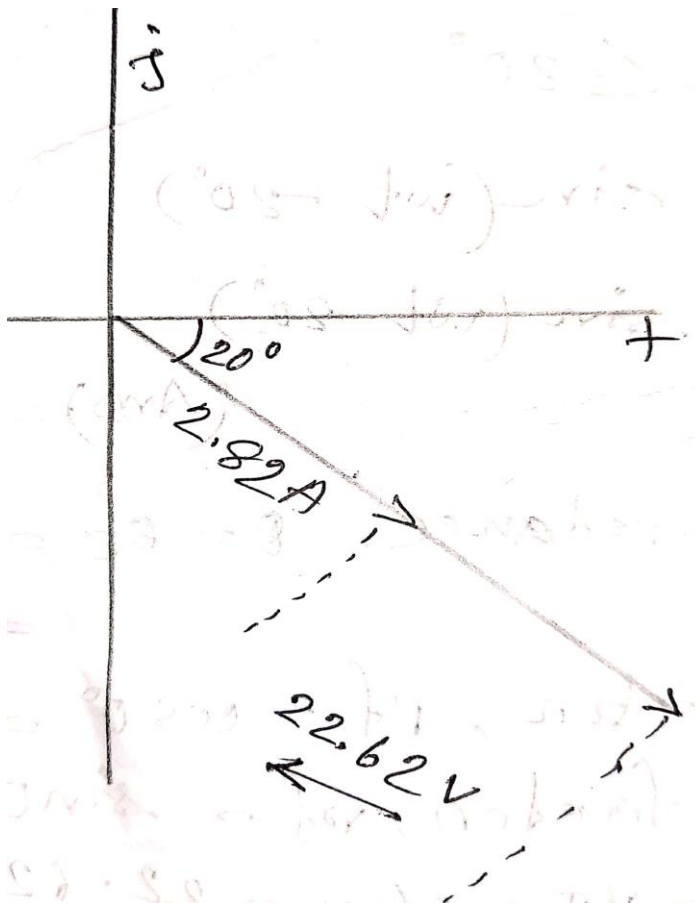
$$= 63.78 - 63.78 \cos 2\omega t$$

$$= 63.78(1 - \cos 2\omega t)$$

(iv)-



(v)-



Problem 2:

(i)-

problem 2

(i)  $v(t) = 20 \sin(\omega t + 30^\circ)$ ;  $4\Omega$  resistor

$$I = \frac{V}{Z} = \frac{\frac{20}{\sqrt{2}} \angle 30^\circ}{4 \angle 0^\circ}$$

$$I = 3.53 \angle 30^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$i(t) = \sqrt{2} I \sin(\omega t + 30^\circ)$$

$$= 5 \sin(\omega t + 30^\circ)$$

(ii)-

Real power,  $P = VI \cos \theta$

$$= \frac{20}{\sqrt{2}} \times 3.53 \times \cos 0^\circ$$

$$= 49.92 \text{ watt}$$

Reactive power,  $Q = VI \sin \theta$

$$= 0 \text{ var}$$

power factor,  $pf = \cos 0^\circ = 1$

reactive factor,  $rf = \sin 0^\circ = 0$

(iii)-

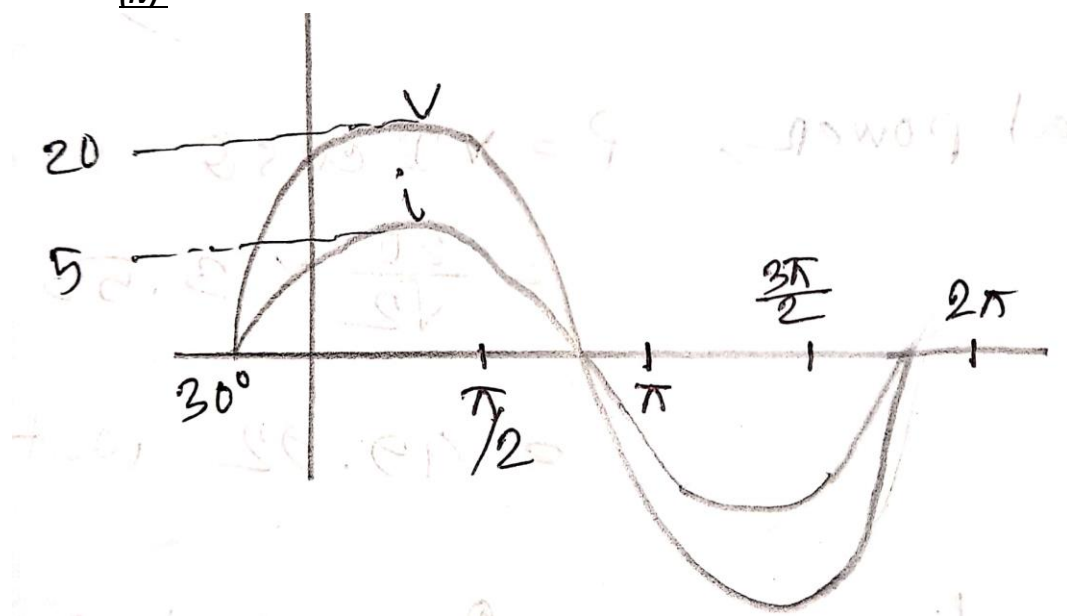
instantaneous power,

$$P(t) = VI \cos \theta - VI \cos(2\omega t + \theta)$$

$$= 49.92 - 49.92 \cos 2\omega t$$

$$= 49.92(1 - \cos 2\omega t)$$

(iv)-



(v)-

