WAPH-Web Application Programming and Hacking

Instructor: Dr. Phu Phung

Individual Project 1

Front-end Web Development with a Professional Profile Website on github.io cloud service

Student

Name: Sai Keerthi Vadnala Email: vadnalsi@ucmail.uc.edu

Short-bio: Sai Keerthi Vadnala has great interest in learning web development

and wants to explore more about it by doing handson projects.



Figure 1: Sai Keerthi vadnala headshot

Overview and Requirements

- This project focuses on enhancing front-end web development skills through the creation and deployment of a Professional Profile Website on GitHub's cloud service, github.io.
- The project encompasses general, non-technical, and technical requirements.

Repository Information

Respository's URL: https://github.com/Saikeerthi72/

This is a private repository for Sai Keerthi Vadnala to store all code from the course.

Individual Project 1

• Individual Project 1 deployment link: Front-end Web Development with a Professional Profile Website on github.io cloud service.

General requirements

- I have developed and deployed a personal website showcasing a professional profile, including essential details such as name, headshot, resume, contact information, educational background, experiences, and skills.
- Firstly, I have created a repo and added file named waph.hmtl which contains the course contents.
- Next, I have created another html page named index.html, here I have used bootstrap to create a responsive web page and I have created a div element named 'container-fluid'.
- I have created a side bar, which contains my headshot, email, birthday, location, resume, linkedin, github, waph course details.
- The resume link contains a 'href' tag and redirects to resume document.
- In the class 'main-content', I have created a navbar with different list items like: About, resume, projects, blog, contact details.
- In the About page, I have included what domains I'm interested, and I have created all these in a seperate section with class name 'service', within that I have created different lists for each domain.
- In Resume page, I have included education, experience and skills details. For this I have created a separate article class named "resume", within that I have created separate lists for each section.
- Below is the screenshot of this task, (Fig. 2,3,4,5).
- I have created a link to a new dedicated HTML page named 'waph.html' to introduce the "Web Application Programming and Hacking" course contents, listed down the labs, hackathons and projects.
- To create the link I have used 'a href' tag.
- Below is the screenshot of this task, (Fig. 6,7).

Non-technical requirements (20 pts)

- I have used an open-source CSS framework Bootstrap.
- I followed the template idea presented by abhindu to develop my personal portfolio.
- Below is the screenshot (Fig. 8).
- Here we embed a flag counter into a webpage, which provides visual tracking of visitor counts (pageviews). The 'div' element acts as a container, enclosing the Flag Counter represented by the 'img' tag. The 'a' tag wraps

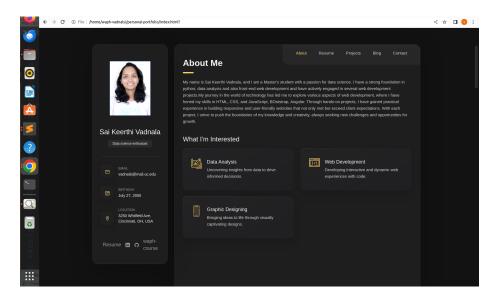


Figure 2: Displays the web page

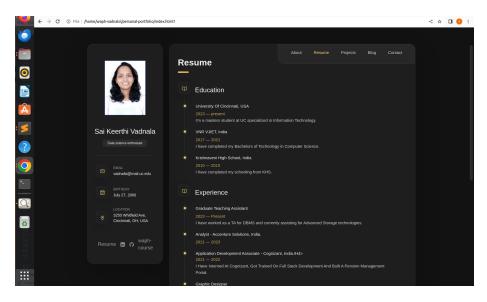


Figure 3: Displays education, experiences page

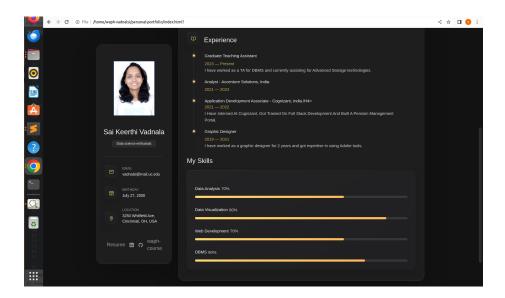


Figure 4: Displays skills page

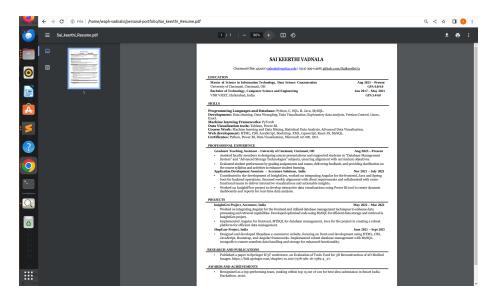


Figure 5: Displays resume page

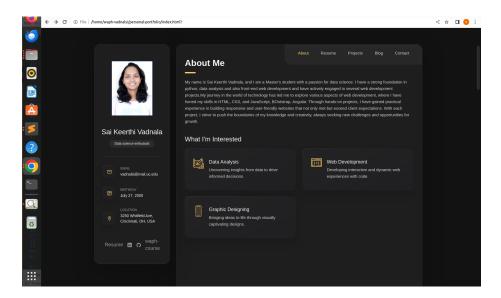


Figure 6: Diplays waph-course link

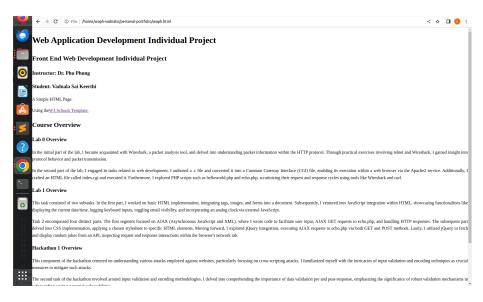


Figure 7: Redirecting to waph-course html page

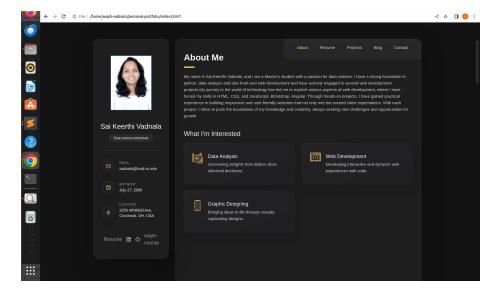


Figure 8: Displaying adding of bootstrap

the image, creating a hyperlink that redirects users to the Flag Counter website when clicked.

• Below is the screenshot of the code and output of the task, (Fig. 9,10).



Figure 9: Flag counter code snippet

Technical requirements

Basic JavaScript code

- I have implemented show date(), analog clock, digital clock, show/hide your email functionalities.
- In show date(), I have created a 'div' element with the id "date", when clicked, it triggers the inbuilt JavaScript function to update the content of the 'div' with the current date and time.
- Below is the code snippet for show date(), (fig. 11).
- In analog clock, I setted up a canvas element for analog clock, it includes a script tag to link an external JavaScript file for clock functionality. The JavaScript code initializes the clock by getting the canvas context, setting

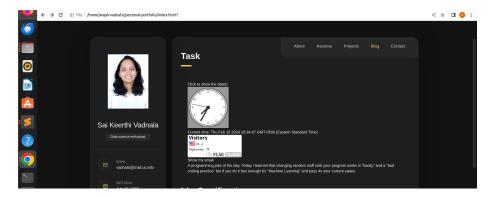


Figure 10: Flag counter output



Figure 11: Showdate() code snippet

up the clock's dimensions, and then it calls drawClock() function to draw the clock for every second.

• Below is the code snippet for analog clock, (fig. 12).



Figure 12: Analog clock code snippet

- In digital clock, I created a 'div' element with the id "digital-clock". The JavaScript code defined a function called 'displayTime()' that updates the content of the 'div' with the current time for every 500 milliseconds using the 'setInterval()' method.
- Below is the code snippet for digital clock, (fig. 13).
- For show/hide email functionality, to enables toggling the visibility of an email address when a 'div' element with the id "email" is clicked. Initially showing "Show my email", upon click, it reveals the email address as a hyperlink. This Toggling visibility is handled by JavaScript function 'showhideEmail()', with the visibility state is tracked by the 'shown' variable.
- Below is the code snippet for show/hide email functionality, (fig. 14).



Figure 13: Digital clock code snippet



Figure 14: Show/hide email code snippet

• Output for all these JS and JQuery functionalities is shown in the below screenshot, (fig. 15).

Angular functionality

- I have used AngularJS to dynamically render a sections to present "My Certifications." It employs the ng-repeat directive to iterate over an array of certification objects, dynamically generating content for each certification entry based on its name, description, issuer, and date.
- The AngularJS controller, named 'CertificationController', serves as a
 intermediary. Within this controller, an array named '\$scope.certifications'
 is initialized, representing various certifications. Each object encapsulates
 essential information including certification's name, description, issuer, and
 issuance date.
- By associating the 'CertificationController' with the 'portfolioApp' module, the controller establishes the data-binding.
- Below is the code snippet and output for angular functionality, (fig. 16,17).

Two public Web APIs integration

• This JavaScript code fetches a joke from the JokeAPI and displays on the webpage. It uses jQuery's '\$.get()' method to make an asynchronous GET request to the specified URL, which returns a single programming joke. Upon receiving the response, the anonymous callback function is executed,

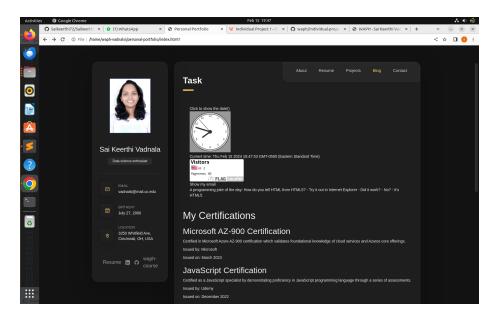


Figure 15: Output of all JS functionalities

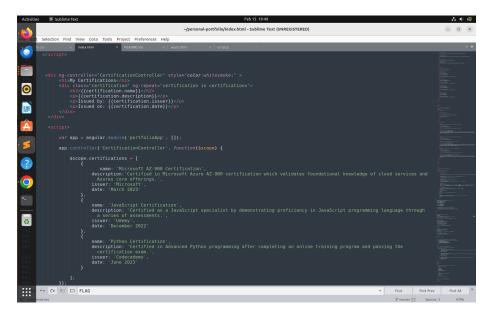


Figure 16: Certifications code using angular

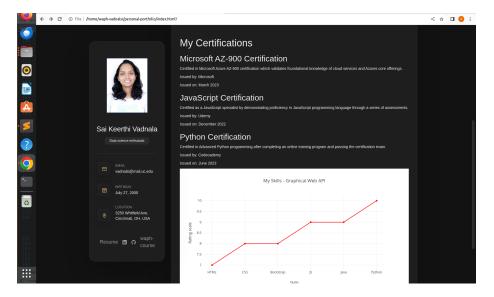


Figure 17: Certifications output

logging the joke to the console and updating the content of the element with the id "response" to display the joke for every 60 seconds.

• Below is the code snippet and output for digital clock, (fig. 18,19).



Figure 18: Jokeapi code

- Graphical web API
- I have used Plotly.js, a graphing library, to generate a scatter plot to display skill rating.
- The 'xValues' array contains the skills, while 'yValues' represents their corresponding ratings.
- The layout defines the title of the graph along with labels for the x and y
- The 'Plotly.newPlot()" function creates the graph within a 'div' container with the id "myDiv".
- Below is the code snippet and output for generating a chart using graphical web API, (fig. 20,21).

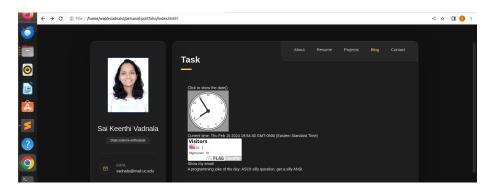


Figure 19: Jokeapi output

Figure 20: Graphic web api code

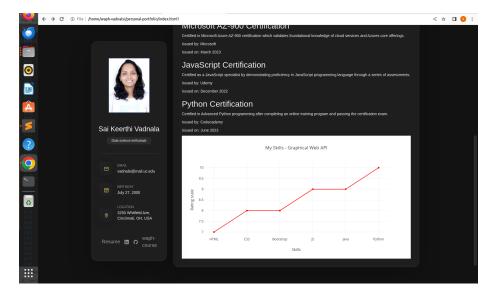


Figure 21: Graphic web api Output

Using JavaScript cookies to remember the client

- The 'setCookie' function sets a cookie with the specified name, value, and expiration date in days.
- The 'getCookie' function retrieves the value of a cookie by its name.
- The 'displayWelcomeMessage' function checks if the user has visited the website before by retrieving the last visit timestamp from the cookie.
- If the user has visited before, it displays a welcome back message with the timestamp of their last visit.
- If it's the user's first visit, it sets a cookie with the current date as the last visit timestamp and displays a welcome message.
- Below is the code snippet and output for above task(fig. 22,23,24).

Figure 22: Cookies code

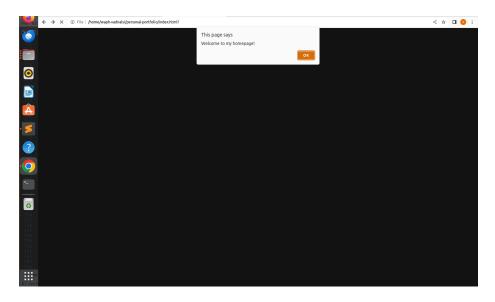


Figure 23: Welcome home page

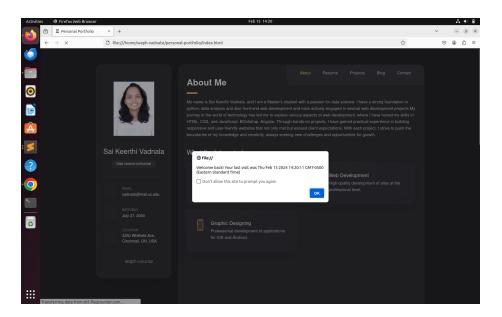


Figure 24: Last visit page