

WAPH-Web Application Programming and Hacking

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Student

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Short-bio: Sai Keerthi Vadnala has great interest in learning web development and wants to explore more about it by doing hands-on projects.

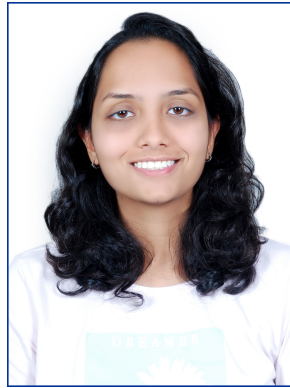


Figure 1: Sai Keerthi vadnala headshot

Hackathon 1 Overview

- Hackathon 1 focuses on Cross-site Scripting Attacks and Defenses.
- Task 1 involves exploring attacks executed through various methods.
- I comprehended the process of cross-site scripting attacks occurring on websites.
- Task 2 is about input validations and encoding techniques.
- I understood the concept of data validation before and after the response.

Repository Information

Repository's URL: <https://github.com/Saikeerthi72/waph-vadnalsi.git>

This is a private repository for Sai Keerthi Vadnala to store all code from the course. The organization of this repository is as follows.

Hackathon

- Hackathon 1: Cross-site Scripting Attacks and Defenses

Task 1 - Attacks

- Task 1 dealt with various attack techniques.
- I comprehended how cross-scripting attacks occur on websites.
- Task 2 covered input validations and encoding techniques.
- I comprehended how the data is validated both before and after the response.

There are total seven levels of cross-site scripting attacks <http://waph-hackathon.eastus.cloudapp.azure.com/xss/>

- **Level-0**
- In this level, we must enter an alert message in the input field.
- After submitting, the following alert message is popped, below is the screenshot for Level 0 (Fig 2)

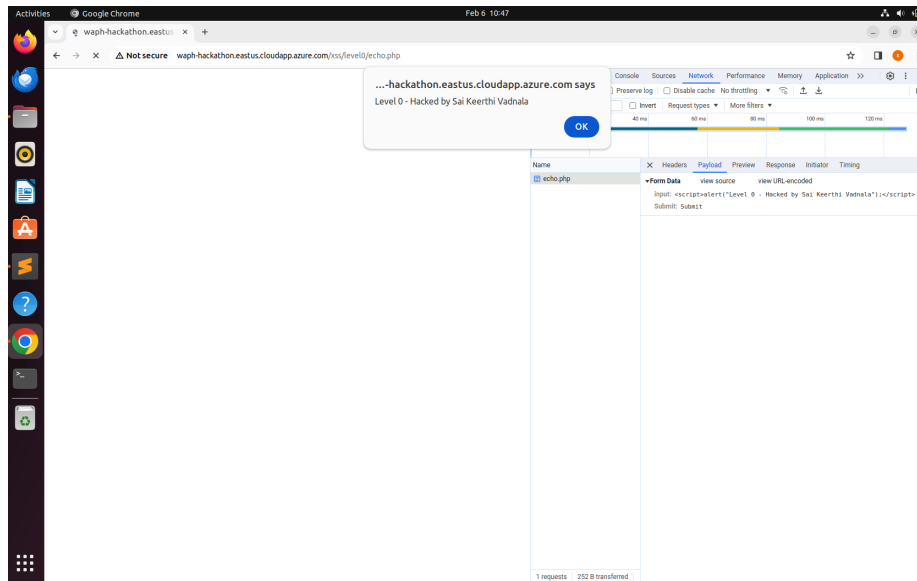


Figure 2: Level - 0

Level-1

- For level 1, I included a script tag with an alert message in the URL
- After executing the URL, the alert message is displayed
- Output of level 1 (Fig 3).

Level-2

- For level 2, we must provide input from an HTTP post request.

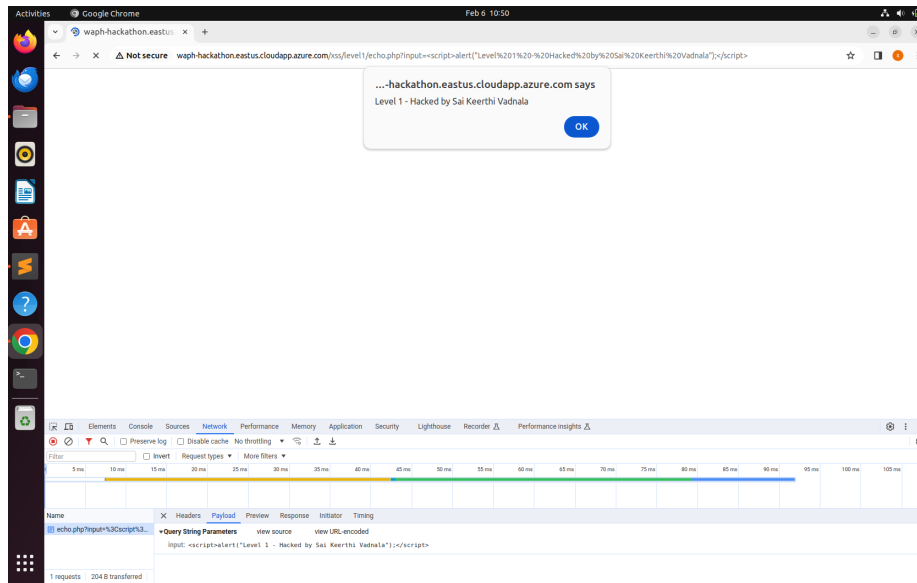


Figure 3: Level - 1

- To do this, I used the lab2.html file. Next, I edited the Post request form, changing the action attribute from echo.php to the given url.
- Next, I changed the value from data to input. Later, I entered the input into the Html Post request's input field.
- Level 2 code (fig 4):

Level-3

- I have edited the script tag at Level 3.
- To do this, I included a script tag inside another script tag. The output of the first script tag is filtered out, revealing the second script tag.
- The code and output are shown in (fig 5)

Level-4

- Level 4 code doesn't allow server-side code in input fields.
- To get this, I have encoded the characters in base64 format.
- Output is shown below (fig 6)

Level-5

- I have provided the img tag without source with onerror method.
- When the error is executed, the charcode, which is in ascii value, is converted to a string
- An alert message prints the screenshot is shown in (fig 7).

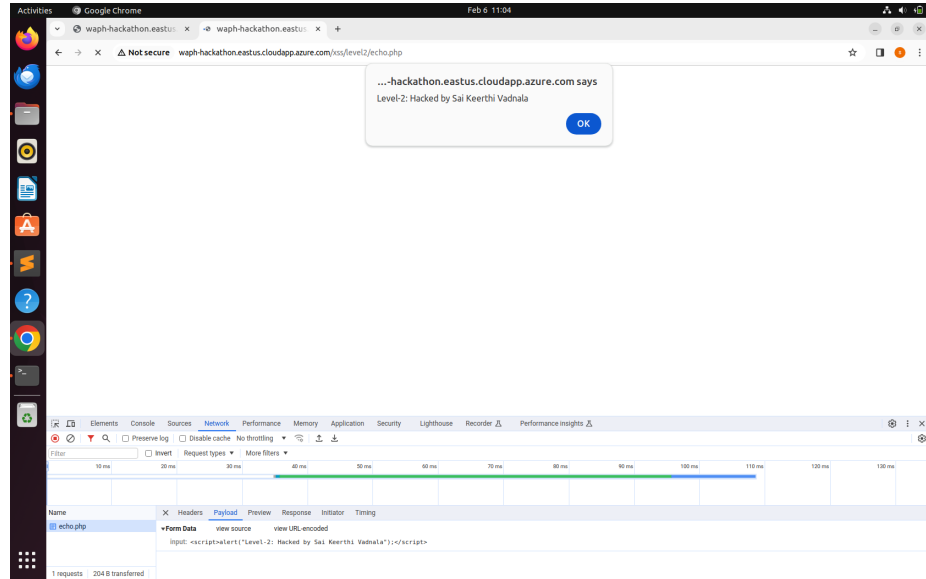


Figure 4: Level - 2

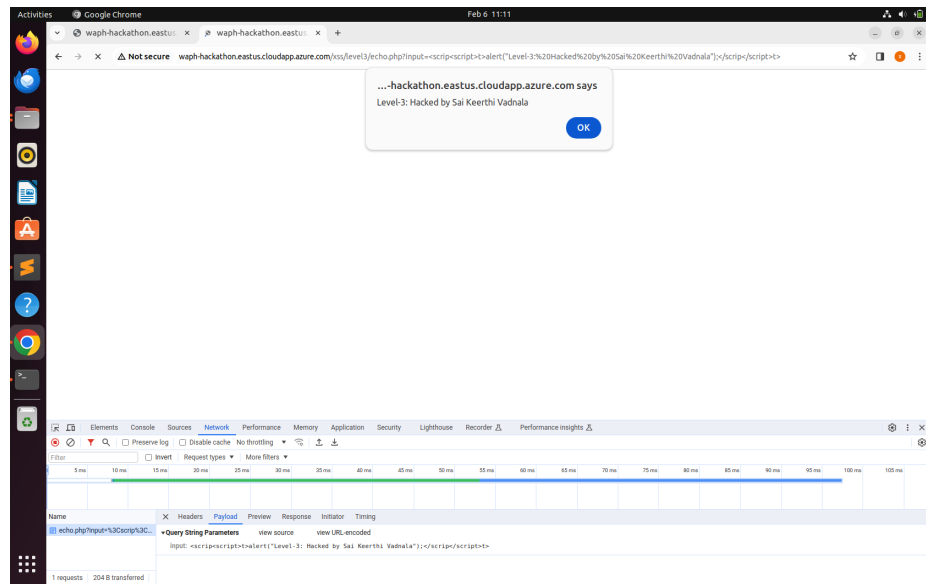
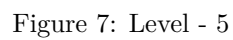
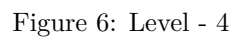


Figure 5: Level - 3



Level-6

- Server side data is encoded
- I updated the form action in the element section by inserting img src before the input
- The alert script is executed and displayed when I hover over the image. (fig 8)

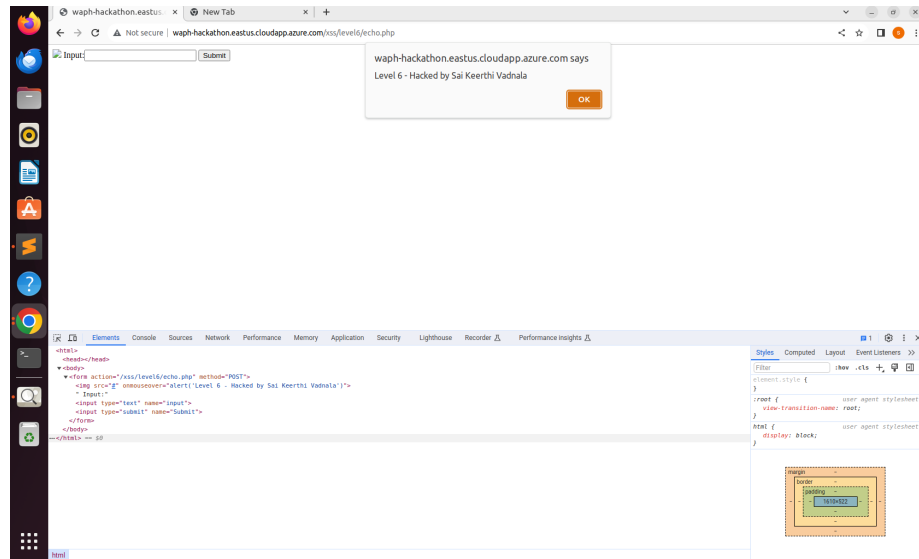


Figure 8: Level - 6

Task 2 - Defenses

- **echo.php**
- I implemented input validation for the echo.php file located in lab 1.
- Clicking submit without entering any input triggers the validation message "Please enter data field".
- The validation result is displayed in (Fig 9).

-Commit message of Github (Fig 10).

- **Current front end prototype**
- I have performed input validations for user inputs in the front end webpage and screenshots are attached below.
- The getEcho code commit with input validation is shown (fig 11).
- The JQueryAjax code commit with input validation is shown (fig 12).

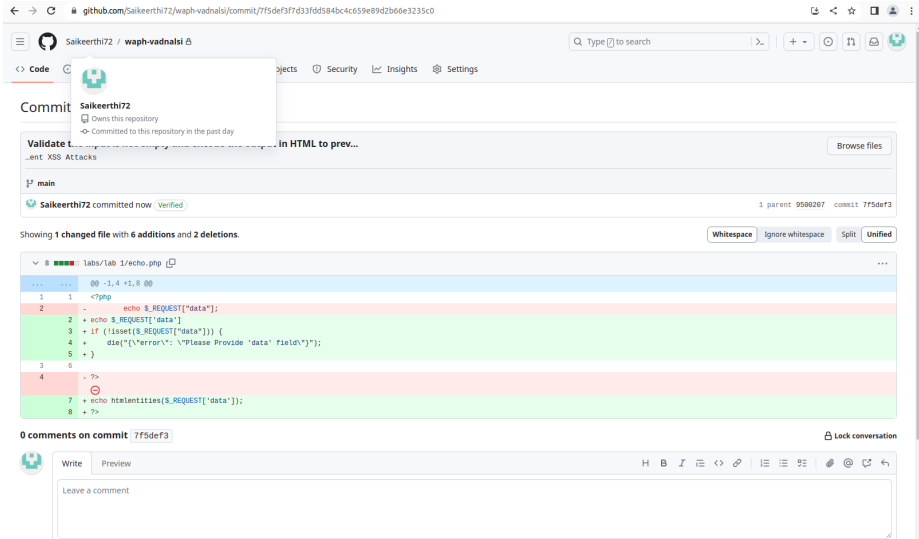


Figure 9: Echo.php

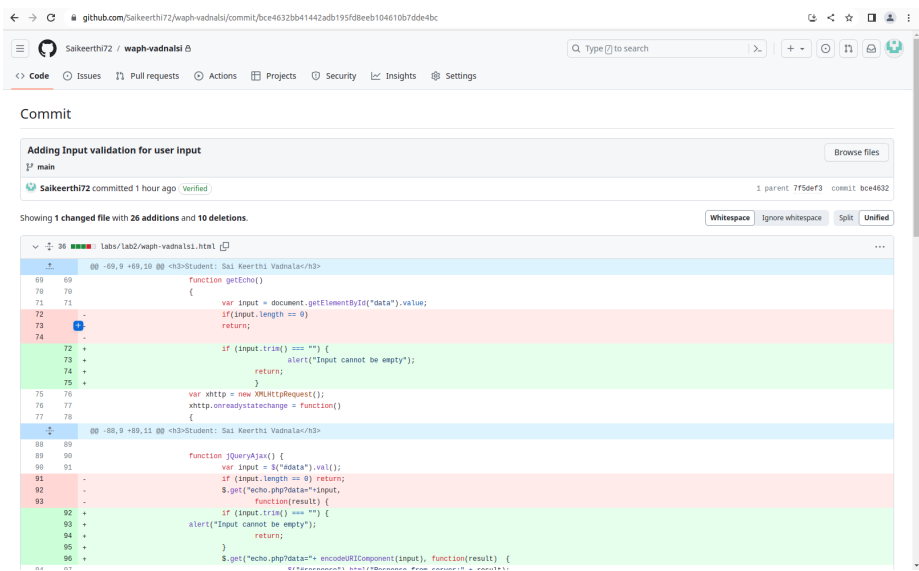


Figure 10: Full commit

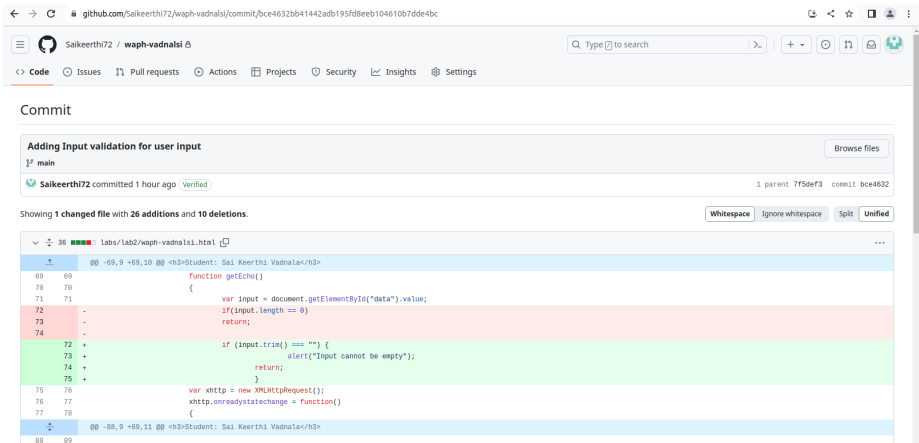


Figure 11: getEcho function



Figure 12: jQueryAjax

- The JQueryAjax Post code commit with input validation is shown (fig 13).

github.com/Saikheerthi72/w3ap-vadnaladyadnml/bce4632b3d1442adb195f5d8eeb104610b7d5de4bc

Showing 1 changed file with 26 additions and 10 deletions.

WhitespaceIgnore whitespaceSplitUnified

```
99 102
100 103         function jQueryAjaxPost() {
101 104             var input = $("adata").val();
102 -           if (input.length == 0) return;
103 +           if (input.trim() == "") {
104 +               alert("Input cannot be empty");
105 +               return;
106 +           }
107 +           $.post("echo.php", {data: input},
108 +               function(result) {
109 +                   $("response").html("Response from server:" + result);
110 +               });
111
112 -           // -122,6 +126,16 @@ <h3>Student: Sai Keerthi Vamala</h3>
```

Figure 13: JQueryAjax Post

- The HTTP Post code for user input validation method is shown (fig 14)

github.com/Saikenthi727/wagb-vadnals/commit/bce4632bb41442ad9195f8eeb104610b7d6de4bc

Showing 1 changed file with 26 additions and 10 deletions.

Whitespace

Ignore whitespace

Split

Unified

```
142 158          </div>
143 159      </div>
144 160
145 161      <form action="echo.php" method="POST">
146 162          Enter your input: <input name="data">
147 163      + <form action="echo.php" method="POST" name="echo_post">
148 164      + Enter your input: <input name="data" onsubmit="return validatePostForm()" id="postDataInput">
149 165      <input type="submit" value="Submit">
150 166      </form>
```

Figure 14: Post Request

- From HTTP POST user input validation method commit is provided below (fig 15)

github.com/Saikieeth737/wagw-vadnals.commit/bce4632bb41442adb1955fdeeb104610b76de4bc

Showing 1 changed file with 26 additions and 10 deletions.

Whitespace

Ignore whitespace

Split

Unified

```
123     }
124
125
126
127
128
129
130
131 + function validatePostForm() {
132 +     var input = document.getElementById("postDataInput").value;
133 +     console.log(input);
134 +     if (input.trim() == "") {
135 +         alert("Input cannot be empty");
136 +         return false;
137 +     }
138 +     return true;
139 + }
```

Figure 15: Validate Post form

- I have applied an encoding method before sending the output to the server in the echo.php file.
- Firstly, the response undergoes encoding using `encodeURIComponent` before displaying the encoded message.
- Then the decoded message can be printed.
- Console messages are provided for validation purposes to ensure the correct response.
- Output is shown (fig 16.17).

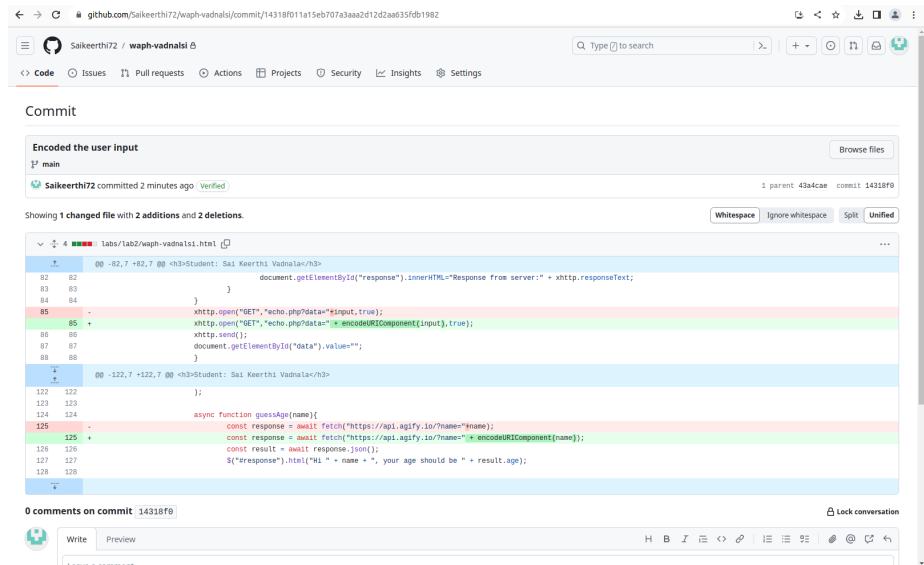


Figure 16: ENCODE

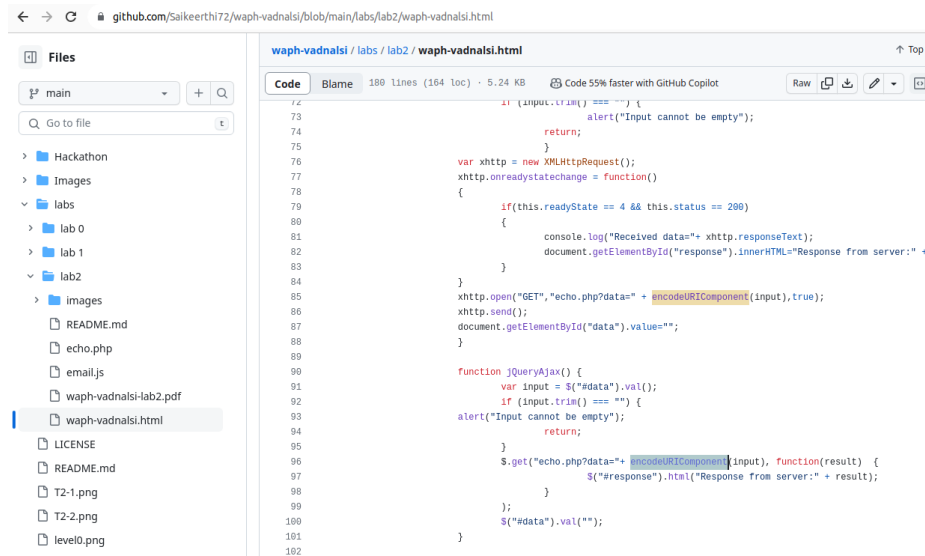


Figure 17: Encode-Ajax