

# Python Programming

## 2D-1D Mappings

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# 2D and 1D Flatten Relationships

- Let's say we have this 3x4 matrix
- We can flatten to
  - **flst = [8, 16, 9, 52, 3, 15, 27, 6, 14, 25, 2, 10]**
- We want to learn the indices relations
  - $\text{lst}[0][3] = 52 \Rightarrow$  is same as  $\Rightarrow \text{flst}[3]$
  - $\text{lst}[1][0] = 3 \Rightarrow$  is same as  $\Rightarrow \text{flst}[4]$
  - $\text{lst}[1][2] = 27 \Rightarrow$  is same as  $\Rightarrow \text{flst}[6]$
- For an NxM grid:
  - Given index (i, j), convert to its corresponding 1D flat index? E.g. (1, 0)  $\Rightarrow$  4
  - Given index i in 1D flat index, convert to its corresponding 2D (i, j)? 4  $\Rightarrow$  (1, 0)

```
3 lst = [  
4     [8, 16, 9, 52],  
5     [3, 15, 27, 6],  
6     [14, 25, 2, 10]  
7 ]
```

# Find the equations

```
def from2d_to_1d(cols, i, j):...

def from1d_to_2d(cols, idx):...

def list_relations(rows = 3, cols = 5):
    idx = 0
    for r in range(rows):
        for c in range(cols):
            print(f'({r}, {c}) ==> {idx}')

            assert (r, c) == from1d_to_2d(cols, idx)
            assert idx == from2d_to_1d(cols, r, c)

            idx += 1

list_relations(3, 5)
```

```
(0, 0) ==> 0
(0, 1) ==> 1
(0, 2) ==> 2
(0, 3) ==> 3
(0, 4) ==> 4
(1, 0) ==> 5
(1, 1) ==> 6
(1, 2) ==> 7
(1, 3) ==> 8
(1, 4) ==> 9
(2, 0) ==> 10
(2, 1) ==> 11
(2, 2) ==> 12
(2, 3) ==> 13
(2, 4) ==> 14
```

# 3 Equations

- **flst = [8, 16, 9, 52, 3, 15, 27, 6, 14, 25, 2, 10]**
- To convert from (i, j) in matrix to 1D array
  - $i * COLS + j$
  - $(1, 2) \Rightarrow 1 * 4 + 2 = 6$
- To convert from index in 1D array to (i, j) in matrix
  - $i = idx // COLS$        $j = idx \% COLS$
  - $Idx = 6 \Rightarrow (6 // 4, 6 \% 4) \Rightarrow (1, 2)$
  - Why?  $Idx = i * COLS + j$ 
    - $Idx // COLS = (i * COLS + j) // COLS = i + 0$ , as  $j < COLS$
    - $Idx \% COLS = (i * COLS + j) \% COLS = 0 + j$ , as  $j < COLS$  and  $(i * COLS) \% COLS = 0$

```
3  lst = [  
4      [8, 16, 9, 52],  
5      [3, 15, 27, 6],  
6      [14, 25, 2, 10]  
7  ]
```

*“Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people.”*

*“Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave.”*