## Python Programming Mutability

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## List is mutable

All what we learned applies

```
def f1(lst):
      # we can change + caller is changed
5
     0 = 10
6
      def f2(lst):
      lst = [7, 8, 9] # local variable
8
         return lst
9
10
11
      my lst = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
12
13
      another lst = my lst
14
      print(another lst is my lst) # True
15
16
      fl(another lst)
17
      print(my lst[0]) # 10 Change
18
19
      f2(my lst)
20
      print(my lst[1]) # 2 NO change
23
      my lst = f2(my lst) # replace
      print(my_lst[1]) # 8 - new list
24
      print(another lst[1]) # 2 - no effect
26
```

## Copy and is

```
# list(iterable) = constructor

lst = list('mostafa')
print(len(lst)) # 7
print(lst) # ['m', 'o', 's', 't', 'a', 'f', 'a']

new_lst = lst.copy()

print(lst is new_lst) # False
# independent changes

print(new_lst is new_lst + [1]) # False
```

## Comparison

```
# same rules as string comparison
      # Item by item comparison
      # if an item is smaller, its list is smaller
         # if one list ended, it is the sammer
      lst1 = [1, 5, 8]
      lst2 = [1, 5, 8]
      lst3 = [1, 5]
      lst4 = [7, 5]
      print(lst1 is lst2) # False (must)
10
      print(lst1 == lst2) # True
12
13
      print([1, 2, 3] is [1, 2] + [3]) # False (must)
14
      print([1, 2, 3] == [1, 2] + [3]) # True
15
16
17
      print(lst1 < lst2) # False</pre>
18
      print(lst1 <= lst2) # True</pre>
19
      print(lst1 <= lst3) # False</pre>
20
      print(lst1 <= lst4) # True</pre>
22
      # TypeError: '<' not supported between instances of 'int' and 'str'
23
      #print([1, 2] < ['mostafa'])
```

"Acquire knowledge and impart it to the people."

"Seek knowledge from the Cradle to the Grave."