Capstone Project - The Battle of Neighborhoods

Introduction

New York City's demographics show that it is a large and ethnically diverse metropolis. It is the largest city in the United States with a long history of international immigration. New York City was home to nearly 8.5 million people in 2014, accounting for over 40% of the population of New York State and a slightly lower percentage of the New York metropolitan area, home to approximately 23.6 million. Over the last decade the city has been growing faster than the region. The New York region continues to be by far the leading metropolitan gateway for legal immigrants admitted into the United States.

Throughout its history, New York City has been a major point of entry for immigrants; the term "melting pot" was coined to describe densely populated immigrant neighborhoods on the Lower East Side. As many as 800 languages are spoken in New York, making it the most linguistically diverse city in the world. English remains the most widely spoken language, although there are areas in the outer boroughs in which up to 25% of people speak English as an alternate language, and/or have limited or no English language fluency. English is least spoken in neighborhoods such as Flushing, Sunset Park, and Corona.

With its diverse culture, comes diverse food items. There are many restaurants in New York City, each beloning to different categories like Chinese, Indian, French etc.

So as part of this project, we will list and visualize all major parts of New York City that has great indian restaurants.

Data ¶

For this project we need the following data:

- •New York City data that contains list Boroughs, Neighborhoods along with their latitude and longitude.
 - ■Data source : https://cocl.us/new_york_dataset
 - Description: This data set contains the required information. And we will use this data set to explore various neighborhoods of New York city.
- •Indian restaurants in each neighborhood of New York city.
 - ■Data source : Foursquare API
 - Description: By using this api we will get all the venues in each neighborhood. We can filter these venues to get only indian restaurants.
- •GeoSpace data
 - ■Data source : https://data.cityofnewyork.us/City-Government/Borough-Boundaries/tqmj-j8zm
 - Description: By using this geo space data we will get the New york Borough boundaries that will help us visualize choropleth map.

Approach

- *Collect the new york city data from https://cocl.us/new_york_dataset (https://cocl.us/new_york_dataset)
- *Using FourSquare API we will find all venues for each neighborhood.
- •Filter out all venues that are Indian Restaurants.
- •Find rating, tips and like count for each Indian Restaurants using FourSquare

API. Using rating for each restaurant , we will sort that data.

Questions that can be asked using the above mentioned datasets

- •What is best location in New York City for Indian Cuisine?
- •Which areas have potential Indian Restaurant Market?
- •Which all areas lack Indian Restaurants?
- •Which is the best place to stay if I prefer Indian Cuisine?

Analysis

We will import the required libraries for python.

- •pandas and numpy for handling data.
- *request module for using FourSquare API.
- •geopy to get coordinates of City of New York.
- folium to visualize the results on a map

In [206]:

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', None)
pd.set_option('display.max_rows', None)
import requests
from bs4 import BeautifulSoup
import geocoder
import os
import folium # map rendering library
from geopy.geocoders import Nominatim # convert an address into latitude and longit #
Matplotlib and associated plotting modules
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.cm as cm
import matplotlib.colors as colors
%matplotlib inline
print('Libraries imported.')
```

Libraries imported.

Now we define a function to get the geocodes i.e latitude and longitude of a given location using geopy.

In [207]:

```
def geo_location(address):
    # get geo location of address
    geolocator = Nominatim(user_agent="ny_explorer")
    location = geolocator.geocode(address)
    latitude = location.latitude
    longitude = location.longitude
    return latitude,longitude
```

We define a function to interact with FourSquare API and get top 100 venues within a radius of 1000 metres for a given latitude and longitude. Below function will return us the venue id, venue name and category.

In [208]:

```
def get_venues(lat,lng):
    #set variables
    radius=1000
    LIMIT=100
    CLIENT ID = os.environ['CLIENT ID'] # your Foursquare ID CLIENT SECRET =
    os.environ['CLIENT SECRET'] # your Foursquare Secret VERSION = '20180605'
    # Foursquare API version
    #url to fetch data from foursquare api
    url = 'https://api.foursquare.com/v2/venues/explore?&client_id={}&client_secret CLIENT_ID
             CLIENT_SECRET
             , VERSION,
             lat, Ing,
             radius,
             LIMIT)
    # get all the data
    results = requests.get(url).json()
    venue_data=results["response"]['groups'][0]['items']
    venue_details=[]
    for row in venue_data:
        try:
             venue_id=row['venue']['id'] venue_name=row['venue']['name']
             venue_category=row['venue']['categories'][0]['name']
             venue_details.append([venue_id,venue_name,venue_category])
        except KeyError:
             pass
    column_names=['ID','Name','Category']
    df = pd.DataFrame(venue_details,columns=column_names)
    return df
```

Now we will define a function to get venue details like, like count , rating , tip counts for a given venue id. This will be used for ranking.

```
def get_venue_details(venue_id):
    CLIENT_ID = os.environ['CLIENT_ID'] # your Foursquare ID CLIENT_SECRET
    = os.environ['CLIENT SECRET'] # your Foursquare Secret VERSION =
    '20180605' # Foursquare API version
    #url to fetch data from foursquare api
    url = 'https://api.foursquare.com/v2/venues/{}?&client_id={}&client_secret={}&v
             venue id,
             CLIENT ID,
             CLIENT_SECR
             ET, VERSION)
    # get all the data
    results = requests.get(url).json()
    venue_data=results['response']['venue']
    venue_details=[]
    try:
        venue_id=venue_data['id']
        venue_name=venue_data['name']
        venue_likes=venue_data['likes']['count']
        venue_rating=venue_data['rating']
        venue_tips=venue_data['tips']['count']
        venue_details.append([venue_id,venue_name,venue_likes,venue_rating,venue_ti
    except KeyError:
        pass
    column_names=['ID','Name','Likes','Rating','Tips'] df =
    pd.DataFrame(venue_details,columns=column_names)
    return df
```

Now we define a function to get the new york city data such as Boroughs, Neighborhoods along with their latitude and longitude.

```
def get_new_york_data():
  ::.:::ps://cocl.us/new_york_dataset'
    resp=requests.get(url).json()
    # all data is present in features label
    features=resp['features']
    # define the dataframe columns
    column_names = ['Borough', 'Neighborhood', 'Latitude', 'Longitude']
    # instantiate the dataframe
    new york data = pd.DataFrame(columns=column names)
    for data in features:
         borough = data['properties']['borough']
         neighborhood_name = data['properties']['name']
         neighborhood_latlon = data['geometry']['coordinates']
         neighborhood_lat = neighborhood_latlon[1] neighborhood_lon
         = neighborhood_latlon[0]
        new_york_data = new_york_data.append({'Borough': borough,
                                               'Neighborhood': neighborhood name, 'Latitude':
                                               neighborhood_lat, 'Longitude':
                                               neighborhood_lon}, ignore_in
    return new_york_data
```

We will call the above function to get the new york city data.

In [211]:

```
# get new york data
new_york_data=get_new_york_data()
```

In [212]:

```
new_york_data.head()
```

Out[212]:

	Borough	Neighborhood	Latitude	Longitude
0	Bronx	Wakefield	40.894705	-73.847201
1	Bronx	Co-op City	40.874294	-73.829939
2	Bronx	Eastchester	40.887556	-73.827806
3	Bronx	Fieldston	40.895437	-73.905643
4	Bronx	Riverdale	40.890834	-73.912585

In [213]:

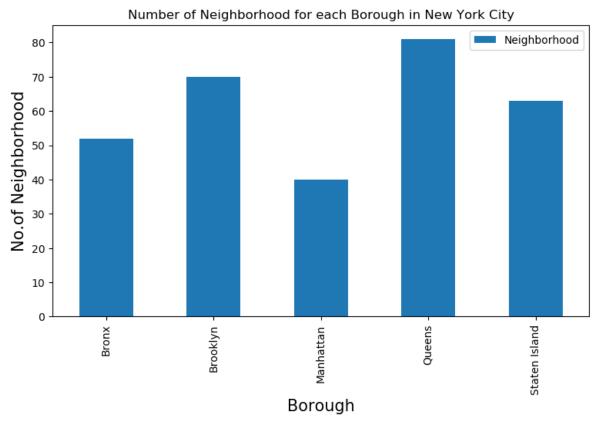
```
new_york_data.shape
```

Out[213]:

(306, 4)

In [219]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(9,5), dpi = 100)
# title
plt.title('Number of Neighborhood for each Borough in New York City')
#On x-axis
plt.xlabel('Borough', fontsize = 15)
#On y-axis
plt.ylabel('No.of Neighborhood', fontsize=15)
#giving a bar plot
new_york_data.groupby('Borough')['Neighborhood'].count().plot(kind='bar')
#legend
plt.legend()
#displays the plot
plt.show()
```



We see that Queens has the highest number of

neighborhoods Now we will collect Indian restaurants for

each Neighborhood

```
# prepare neighborhood list that contains indian restaurants
nes=['Borough', 'Neighborhood', 'ID','Name']
indian_rest_ny=pd.DataFrame(columns=column_names)
count=1
for row in new york data.values.tolist():
    Borough, Neighborhood, Latitude, Longitude=row
    venues = get_venues(Latitude,Longitude)
    indian_resturants=venues[venues['Category']=='Indian Restaurant']
    print('(',count,'/',len(new_york_data),')','Indian Restaurants in '+Neighborhood for
    resturant_detail in indian_resturants.values.tolist():
         id, name , category=resturant_detail
         indian_rest_ny = indian_rest_ny.append({'Borough': Borough,
                                                      'Neighborhood': Neighborhood,
                                                      'ID': id,
                                                      'Name' : name
                                                     }, ignore_index=True)
    count+=1
(288 / 306
               Indian
                       Restaurants in
                                       Egbertville, Staten Island:0
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                       Roxbury, Queens:0
(289 / 306
                                    in
               Indian
                       Restaurants in
                                       Homecrest, Brooklyn:0
 290 / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                       Middle Village, Queens:0
 291 / 306
                                    in
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                       Prince's Bay, Staten Island:0
                                    in
 292 / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Lighthouse Hill, Staten Island:0
 293 / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Richmond Valley, Staten Island:0
 294 / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Malba, Queens:0
 295 / 306
                Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Highland Park, Brooklyn:0
 296
     / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                       Madison, Brooklyn:0
 297
     / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Bronxdale, Bronx: 0 Allerton,
 298 / 306
                Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Bronx:0
 299 / 306
                Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Kingsbridge Heights, Bronx:0
 300 / 306
                Indian
                       Resturants
                                       Erasmus, Brooklyn:1
 301 / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Hudson Yards, Manhattan:0
 302 / 306
                Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Hammels, Queens:0
 303 / 306
                Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Bayswater, Queens:0
(304 / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Queensbridge, Queens:2
 305 / 306
               Indian
                       Resturants
                                    in
                                       Fox Hills, Staten Island:1
(306 / 306)
```

Now that we have got all the indian resturants in new york city, we will analyze it

In [232]:

Out[232]:

```
indian_rest_ny.head()
```

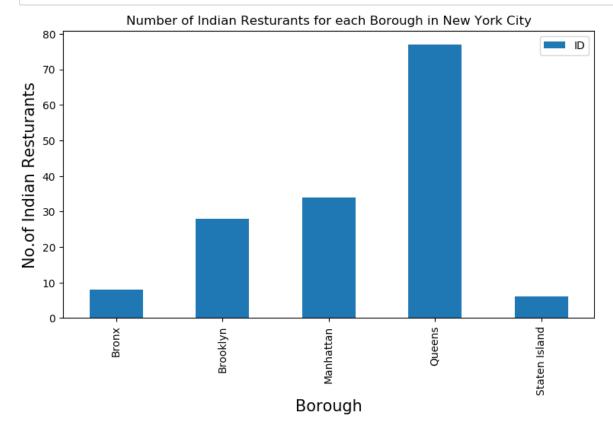
Borough Neighborhood ID Name 0 **Bronx** Riverdale 4c04544df423a593ac83d116 Cumin Indian Cuisine 1 **Bronx** Kingsbridge 4c04544df423a593ac83d116 Cumin Indian Cuisine 2 **Bronx** Woodlawn 4c0448d9310fc9b6bf1dc761 **Curry Spot** 3 **Bronx** Parkchester 4c194631838020a13e78e561 Melanies Roti Bar And Grill 4 Cumin Indian Cuisine Spuyten Duyvil 4c04544df423a593ac83d116 Bronx

```
indian_rest_ny.shape
Out[233]:
(153, 4)
```

We got 153 Indian Resturants across New York City

In [234]:

```
plt.figure(figsize=(9,5), dpi = 100)
# title
plt.title('Number of Indian Resturants for each Borough in New York City')
#On x-axis
plt.xlabel('Borough', fontsize = 15)
#On y-axis
plt.ylabel('No.of Indian Resturants', fontsize=15)
#giving a bar plot
indian_rest_ny.groupby('Borough')['ID'].count().plot(kind='bar') #legend
plt.legend()
#displays the plot
plt.show()
```



We see that Queens has the largest number of indian resturants

```
plt.figure(figsize=(9,5), dpi = 100)

#[] US]:

plt.title('Number of Indian Resturants for each Neighborhood in New York City')

#On x-axis

plt.xlabel('Neighborhood', fontsize = 15)

#On y-axis

plt.ylabel('No.of Indian Resturants', fontsize=15)

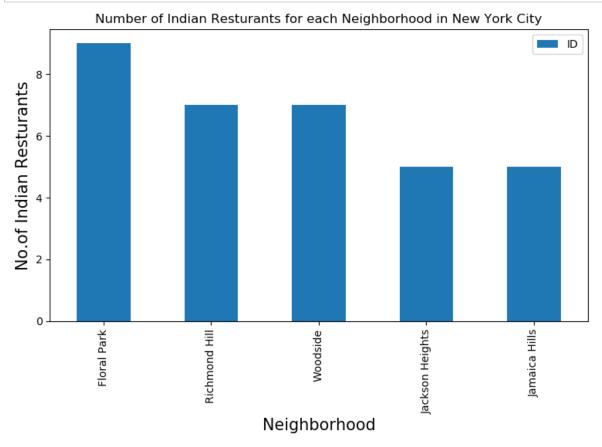
#giving a bar plot

indian_rest_ny.groupby('Neighborhood')['ID'].count().nlargest(5).plot(kind='bar') #legend

plt.legend()

#displays the plot

plt.show()
```



```
indian_rest_ny[indian_rest_ny['Neighborhood']=='Floral Park']
Out[238]:
```

	Borough	Neighborhood	ID	Name	
103	Queens	Floral Park	527ffc0811d2d329d5e49abd	Jackson Diner	_
104	Queens	Floral Park	4b647b56f964a520c4b62ae3	Usha Foods & Usha Sweets	
105	C				
106	C				
107	C				
108	C				
109	C				
110	C				
111	C				
So FI	oral				
Now	we				

```
ID Name Likes Rating Tips
```

```
Rating
                                                      Tips
0 5b931ea69d7468002c3b1382 Adda
                                         71
                                                 9.2
                                                        20
( 149 / 153 ) processed
                           ID
                                              Name Likes
                                                             Rating
                                                                     Tips
0 564d283d498e6e851df79d87 Great Indian Curry
                                                                6.7
                                                          3
                                                                         2
( 150 / 153 ) processed
                           ID
                                             Name Likes
                                                            Rating
                                                                    Tips
0 4b1b341bf964a5208af923e3 Five Star Banquet
                                                       29
                                                               7.4
                                                                    31
( 151 / 153 ) processed
                           ID
                                                 Name Likes
                                                               Rating
                                                                       Τi
ps
  50a287a7e4b0033f830f06db Raj's Indian Kitchen
                                                                  7.2
                                                           21
(152 / 153) processed
Empty DataFrame
Columns: [ID, Name, Likes, Rating, Tips]
Index: []
No data available for id= 4b65f2e3f964a5206e0a2be3 (
153 / 153 ) processed
```

```
indian_rest_stats_ny.head()
```

Out[261]:

Name Likes Rating Tips

Cumin Indian Cuisine	13	6.6	9			
Cumin Indian Cuisine	13	6.6	9			
	С	urry Spot		4	7.7	10
	Melanie		3	6.1	2	
	Cui		13	6.6	9	

indian_rest_stats_ny.shape

Out[265]:

(153, 7)

In [266]:

indian_rest_ny.shape

Out[266]:

(153, 4)

So we got data for all resturants Now lets save this data to a csv sheet. In case we by mistake modify it. As the number of calls to get details for venue are premium call and have limit of 500 per day, we will refer to saved data sheet csv if required

In [267]:

```
indian_rest_stats_ny.to_csv('indian_rest_stats_ny.csv', index=False)
```

Lets verify the data from saved csv file

In [268]:

```
indian_rest_stats_ny_csv=pd.read_csv('indian_rest_stats_ny.csv')
```

In [269]:

indian_rest_stats_ny_csv.shape

Out[269]:

(153, 7)

indian_rest_stats_ny_csv.head()

Out[270]:

Name Likes Rating Tips

Cumin Indian Cuisine	13	6.6	9			
Cumin Indian Cuisine	13	6.6	9			
	С	urry Spot		4	7.7	10
	Melanies Roti Bar And Grill			3	6.1	2
	Cui	min Indian Cuisine		13	6.6	9

indian_rest_stats_ny.info()

<class

'pandas.core.frame.DataFram e'> RangeIndex: 153 entries, 0 to 152 Data columns (total 7 columns): Borough 153 non-null object Neighborhood

153

non-null object ID 153

non-null object

Name 153

non-null object

Likes 153

non-null object

Rating 153

non-null float64

Tips 153

non-null object dtypes: float64(1), object(6) memory usage: 8.4+ KB

We see that values like Likes, Tips are strig values. We would need to convert them into float for further analysis

In [279]:

```
indian_rest_stats_ny['Likes']=indian_rest_stats_ny['Likes'].astype('float64')
```

In [280]:

```
indian_rest_stats_ny['Tips']=indian_rest_stats_ny['Tips'].astype('float64')
```

indian_rest_stats_ny.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 153 entries, 0 to 152 Data columns (total 7 columns): Borough

non-null object Neighborhood non-null object ID 153 non-null object 153 non-null object Name Likes 153 non-null float64 153 non-null float64 Rating **Tips** 153 non-null float64

dtypes: float64(3), object(4) memory usage: 8.4+ KB

Now the data types looks correct

In [286]:

Resturant with maximum Likes indian_rest_stats_ny.iloc[indian_rest_stats_ny['Likes'].idxmax()]

Out[286]:

Borough Manhattan Neighborhood Midtown ID 49d91c12f964a520015e1fe3 Name The Kati Roll Company 819 Likes 9 Rating Tips 257

Name: 43, dtype: object

In [287]:

Resturant with maximum Rating indian_rest_stats_ny.iloc[indian_rest_stats_ny['Rating'].idxmax()]

Out[287]:

Manhattan Borough Tribeca Neighborhood

4bbb9dbded7776b0e1ad3e51 Name

Tamarind TriBeCa

Likes 566 9.2 Rating **Tips** 141

Name: 45, dtype: object

Resturant with maximum Tips iកជុំដូច្នេះ _stats_ny.iloc[indian_rest_stats_ny['Tips'].idxmax()]

Out[288]:

Borough Manhattan
Neighborhood Midtown
ID 49d91c12f964a520015e1fe3
Name The Kati Roll Company
Likes 819
Rating 9
Tips 257

Name: 43, dtype: object

Now lets visualize neighborhood with maximum average rating of resturants

In [374]:

```
ny_neighborhood_stats=indian_rest_stats_ny.groupby('Neighborhood',as_index=False).m
ny_neighborhood_stats.columns=['Neighborhood','Average Rating']
```

In [375]:

```
ny_neighborhood_stats.sort_values(['Average Rating'],ascending=False).head(10)
```

Out[375]:

	Neighborhood	Average Rating
0	Astoria	9.200000
71	Sunnyside	9.200000
75	Tribeca	9.200000
5	Blissville	9.200000
11	Civic Center	9.200000
47	Midtown	9.000000
48	Midtown South	9.000000
30	Gramercy	8.866667
66	Roosevelt Island	8.700000
53	North Side	8.700000

Above are the top neighborhoods with top average rating of Indian resturants

In [376]:

```
hy_borough_stats=indian_rest_stats_ny.groupby('Borough',as_index=False).mean()[['Bo ny_borough_stats.columns=['Borough','Average Rating']
```

ny_borough_stats.sort_values(['Average Rating'],ascending=False).head()
Out[377]:

	Borough	Average Rating
2	Manhattan	8.414706
1	Brooklyn	7.478571
0	Bronx	6.812500
3	Queens	6.155844
4	Staten Island	5.266667

Similarly these are the average rating of Indian Resturants for each Borough

Lets visualize it

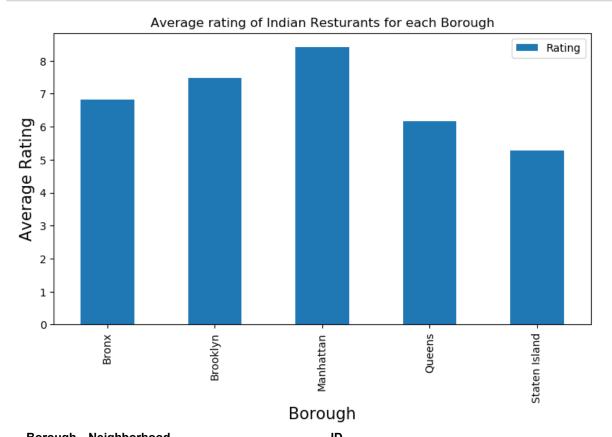
```
plt.figure(figsize=(9,5), dpi = 100)

# THE ST:
plt.title('Average rating of Indian Resturants for each Borough')

# On x-axis
plt.xlabel('Borough', fontsize = 15)

# On y-axis
plt.ylabel('Average Rating', fontsize=15)

# giving a bar plot
indian_rest_stats_ny.groupby('Borough').mean()['Rating'].plot(kind='bar') # legend
plt.legend()
# displays the plot
plt.show()
```



ID	Neighborhood	Borough	
4c04544df423a593ac83d116	Riverdale	Bronx	0
4c04544df423a593ac83d116	Kingsbridge	Bronx	1
4c0448d9310fc9b6bf1dc761	Woodlawn	Bronx	2
4c194631838020a13e78e561	Parkchester	Bronx	3
4c04544df423a593ac83d116	Spuyten Duyvil	Bronx	4
ID	Neighborhood	[265]: Borough	In

Riverdale

Kingsbridge

4c04544df423a593ac83d116

4c04544df423a593ac83d116

0

Bronx

Bronx

```
    Bronx Woodlawn 4c0448d9310fc9b6bf1dc761
    Parkchester 4c194631838020a13e78e561
    Bronx Spuyten Duyvil 4c04544df423a593ac83d116
```

In [277]:

We will consider all the neighborhoods with average rating greater or equal 9.0 to visualize on map

In [472]:

ny_neighborhood_stats=ny_neighborhood_stats[ny_neighborhood_stats['Average Rating']

In [473]:

		Neighborhood Average	Latitude_x		Label Boroug	h_y La	
	Longitude_x	-		Rating			
0	Queens	Astoria Astoria,	40.768509	-73.915654		Queens	40
	9.2			Queens(9.2)		Queens	40
1	Queens	Blissville 9.2	40.737251 Blissville,	-73.932442		Manhattan	40
		V. <u> </u>		Queens(9.2)			
2	Manhattan	Civic Center 9.2	40.715229 Civic Cente	-74.005415 er,		Manhattan	40
				Manhattan(9.2)			
3	Manhattan	Midtown 9.0	40.754691 Midtown,	-73.981669			
				Manhattan(9.0)			
				Midtown			
4 40	Manhattan .748510	Midtown South -73.988713	9.0	th, Manhattan(9.0)		Manhattan 40	
5	Queens	Sunnyside 9.2	40.740176 Sunnyside,	-73.926916	Queens 40		
		9.2		Queens(9.2)			
6	Queens -73.92691	Sunnyside 6 9.2	40.740176 Sunnyside,		Staten Island ⁴⁰		
	-73.92091	0 9.2		Queens(9.2)			
	7	Staten Is	land		Sunnyside, Staten Island(9.2)	Queens 40	
	8	Staten Is	land		Sunnyside, Staten Island(9.2)	Staten 40	
			Tr	ibeca, Manhattan(9	9.2)	Manhattan 40	
9	Manhattan						

We will join this dataset to original new york data to get lonitude and latitude

In [474]:

ny_neighborhood_stats=pd.merge(ny_neighborhood_stats,new_york_data, on='Neighborhoo

In [475]:

ny neighborhood stats=ny neighborhood stats[['Borough' 'Neighborhood' 'Latitude' 'L

In [473]:

Out[473]:

In [476]:

0	ut[476 gh	Neighborhood	Latitude	Longitude	Average Rating
0	Queens	Astoria	40.768509	-73.915654	9.2
1	Queens	Blissville	40.737251	-73.932442	9.2
2	Manhattan	Civic Center	40.715229	-74.005415	9.2
3	Manhattan	Midtown	40.754691	-73.981669	9.0
4	Manhattan	Midtown South	40.748510	-73.988713	9.0
5	Queens	Sunnyside	40.740176	-73.926916	9.2
6	Staten Island	Sunnyside	40.612760	-74.097126	9.2
7	Queens	Sunnyside	40.740176	-73.926916	9.2
8	Staten Island	Sunnyside	40.612760	-74.097126	9.2
9	Queens	Sunnyside	40.740176	-73.926916	9.2
10	Staten Island	Sunnyside	40.612760	-74.097126	9.2
11	Queens	Sunnyside	40.740176	-73.926916	9.2
12	Staten Island	Sunnyside	40.612760	-74.097126	9.2
13	Manhattan	Tribeca	40.721522	-74.010683	9.2

Now we will show this data on a map

In [477]:

```
# create map and display it

ny_map = folium.Map(location=geo_location('New York'), zoom_start=12)
```

In [478]:

```
# instantiate a feature group for the incidents in the dataframe
incidents = folium.map.FeatureGroup()

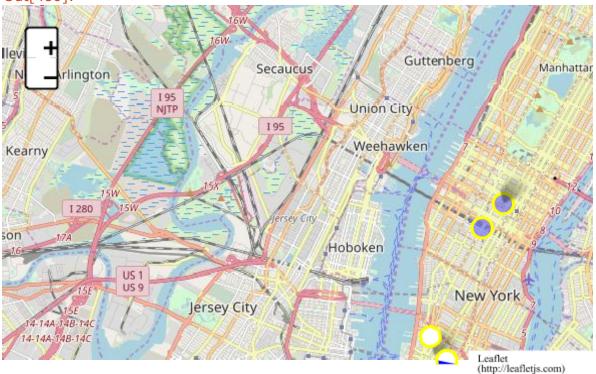
# loop through the 100 crimes and add each to the incidents feature group
for lat, lng, in ny_neighborhood_stats[['Latitude','Longitude']].values:
    incidents.add_child(
        folium.CircleMarker(
            [lat, lng],
            radius=10, # define how big you want the circle markers to be
color='yellow', fill=True,
        fill_color='blue',
        fill_opacity=0.6
)
```

```
ny_neighborhood_stats['Label']=ny_neighborhood_stats['Neighborhood']+', '+ny_neighb
```

In [480]:

```
# add pop-up text to each marker on the map
for lat, lng, label in ny_neighborhood_stats[['Latitude','Longitude','Label']].valu
    folium.Marker([lat, lng], popup=label).add_to(ny_map)
# add incidents to map
ny_map.add_child(incidents)
```

Out[480]:



Now that we have visualized the Neighborhoods. Lets Visualize Boroughs based on average Rating

In [482]:

```
ny_map = folium.Map(location=geo_location('New York'), zoom_start=12) ny_geo = r'Borough Boundaries.geojson'

ny_map.choropleth(
    geo_data=ny_geo,
    data=ny_borough_stats,
columns=['Borough', 'Average Rating'],
    key_on='feature.properties.boro_name',
    fill_color='YlOrRd',
fill_opacity=0.7, line_opacity=0.2,
    legend_name='Average Rating'
)

# display map
# as this is huge map data , we will save it to a file
ny_map.save('borough_rating.html')
```

The saved image can be downloaded at :

https://github.com/SaileshShocker/Coursera Capstone/blob/master/borough rating.html

Conclusion

- •Astoria(Queens), Blissville(Queens), Civic Center(Manhattan) are some of the best neighborhoods for indian cuisine.
- •Manhattan have potential Indian Resturant Market/
- •Staten Island ranks last in average rating of Indian Resturants.
- •Manhattan is the best place to stay if you prefer Indian Cuisine.

Limitations

- •The ranking is purely on basis of rating of resturants
- •The accuracy of data depends purely depends on the data provided by FourSquare

In []:			