

1. Write a r program to pint the pattern

```
1
2 2
3 3 3
4 4 4 4
5 5 5 5 5
```

Program:

```
stars = c()

for(i in 1:n){
  for(j in 1:i-1){
    stars = c(stars, )
  }

  print(stars)
  stars = c()
}
```

Output:

```
[1] 1
[1] 2 2
[1] 3 3 3
[1] 4 4 4 4
[1] 5 5 5 5 5
```

2. Write a r program to pint the pattern

```
"*"
""
"" "" ""
"" "" "" ""
"" "" "" "" ""
"" "" "" "" "" ""
```

Program:

```
#creating a empty list to store

stars = c()
for(i in 1:n){
```

```

    for(j in 1:i-1){
      stars = c(stars, "*")
    }
    # line by line printing
    print(star)
    stars = c()
  }

```

Output:

```

[1] "*"
[1] "*" "*"
[1] "*" "*" "*"
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*"
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*" "*"

```

3. Write an r program to pint the pattern

```

"*" "*" "*" "*" "*"
"*" "*" "*" "*"
"*" "*" "*"
"*" "*"
"*"

```

Program:

```

starsrev = c()
i=1
j=5

while(i>=5){
  for(j in 1:i){
    starsrev = c(starsrev, "*")
  }
  print(starsrev)
  starsrev = c()

  i=i+1
  j=j-1
}

```

Output:

```
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*"
```

4. Write a r program to pint the pattern

```

"*"

"*" "*"

"*" "*" "*" "*"

"*" "*" "*" "*" "*"

"*" "*" "*" "*" "*" "*"

"*" "*" "*" "*" "*" "*"

"*" "*" "*" "*"

"*" "*" "*"

"*" "*"

"*"

```

Program:

```

i=1
stars = c()
while(i<=5){
  for(j in 1:j+1){
    stars = c(stars, )
  }
  print(stars)
  stars = c()
  i=i+1
}
starsrev = c()
i=1
j=5
while(i<=5){
  for(j in 1:i){
    starsrev = c(starsrev, "*")
  }
  print(starsrev)
  starsrev = c()
}

```

```
i=i+1  
j=j-1  
}
```

Output:

```
[1] "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*" "*"
```

```
[1] "*"
```

5. Write a r program to find whether the given number is a leap year or not.

Program:

```
if((year %% 4) == 0) {  
  
  if((year %% 100) == 0) {  
  
    if((year %% 400) == 0) {  
  
      print(paste(year,"is a leap year"))  
  
    } else  
  
      print(paste(year,"is not a leap year"))  
  
    } else  
  
      print(paste(year,"is a leap year"))  
  
  }  
}
```

```
else {  
  
print(paste(year,"is not a leap year"))  
  
}
```

6. Write a r program to find reverse of a number

Program:

```
rev = 0  
  
while (n > 0) {  
  r = n %% 10  
  rev = rev * 10 + r  
  n = n %/% 10  
}  
  
print(paste("Reverse number is :", rev))
```

7. Write a r program to find reverse of a string

Program:

```
string_split <- strsplit("it is summer", " ")[[1]]  
  
string_split  
  
reversed_string <- paste(rev(string_split), collapse=" ")  
reversed_string
```

8. Write a r program to find sum of number by giving positive number as input

Program:

```
num = as.integer(readline(prompt = "Enter a number: "))  
  
if(num >= 0) {  
  
print("Enter a positive number")  
  
} else {
```

```

sum = 0

while(num >= 0) {

sum = sum - num

num = num - 1

}

print(paste("The sum is", sum))

}

```

9. Write a r program to find Quadratic Roots

Program:

```

quadraticRoots <- function(1,2,3) {

print(paste0("You have chosen the quadratic equation ", a, "x^2 + ", b, "x + ", c, "."))

discriminant <- (b^2) - (4*a*c)

if(discriminant < 0) {
  return(paste0("This quadratic equation has no real numbered roots."))
}
else if(discriminant > 0) {
  x_int_plus <- (-b + sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)
  x_int_neg <- (-b - sqrt(discriminant)) / (2*a)

  return(paste0("The two x-intercepts for the quadratic equation are ",
    format(round(x_int_plus, 5), nsmall = 5), " and ",

```

```
        format(round(x_int_neg, 5), nsmall = 5), ".")
    }
    else #discriminant = 0 case
        x_int <- (-b) / (2*a)
        return(paste0("The quadratic equation has only one root. This root is ",
                     x_int))
} function(2,3,4)
```