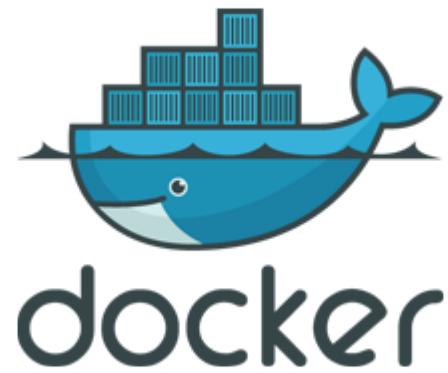
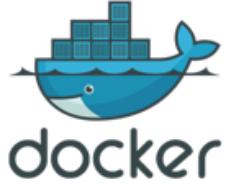


First Steps with:

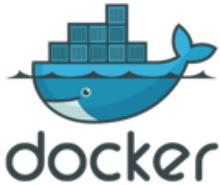


OCTOBER 11, 2017

“Old World” Problems



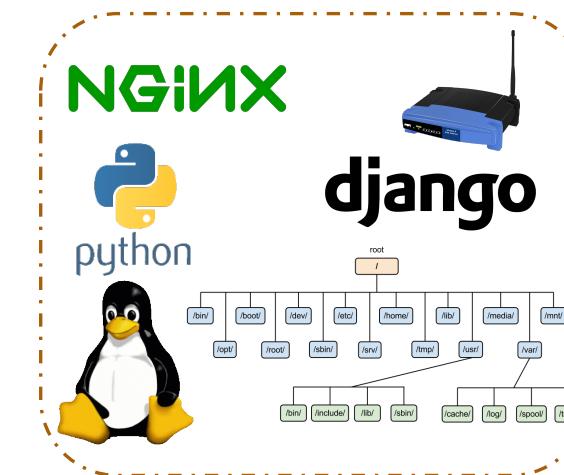
- **Rickety Software Delivery Pipelines**
 - *Different App Behavior in DEV, QA, PROD*
- **Poor Resource Utilization**
 - *Only a Few Applications per Machine*
- **Painful Software Administration**
 - *Discovery.... Installation.... Dependencies*

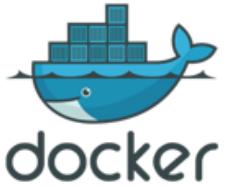


Solution – Containers!

CONTAINERS ARE:

- **Isolated Processing Environments**
 - *Can include their own network, storage, etc.*
 - *Host system houses containers*
- **Purpose: To Run an Application or Service**
 - *Includes EVERYTHING – (Small) OS.... Files.... Dependencies*
- **Lightweight**
 - *Minimum requirements to run*
 - *FAST!!!*

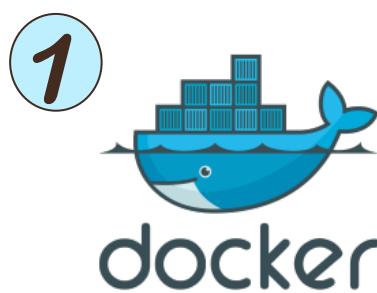
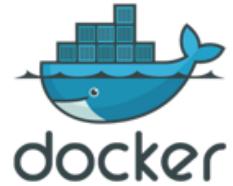




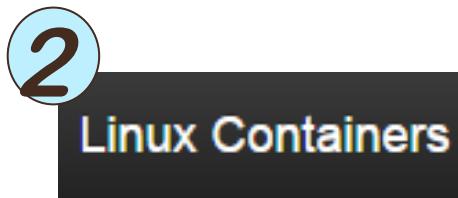
Containers – Why Use

- Predictable **DEPLOYMENT** Environments
 - *DEV → QA → UAT → PROD*
 - *Deployment Types: (1) Blue/Green (2) Rolling (3) Phoenix*
- Efficient **PRODUCTION** Environments
 - Run More Applications on a Machine
 - Manage Highly-Elastic Applications
- Effective **DEVELOPMENT** Environments
 - *Easy Software Install and Admin / Configuration*
 - *Speedy Sandboxes*

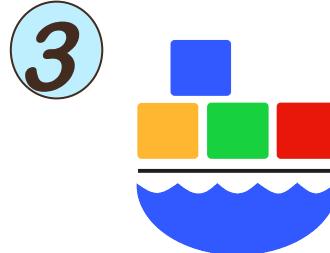
Containers Landscape



- *Leading Container Platform*
- *Est. 2013*



- *Formerly, LXC*



- *Windows 10*
- *Windows Server 2016*

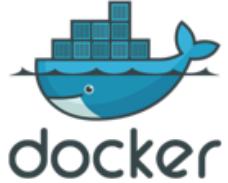


- *Container-Specific Operating System*
- *New Name: "Container Linux"*



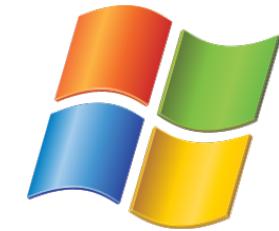
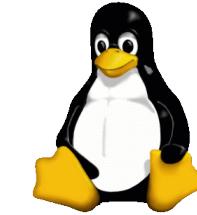
- *Industry Standards*
- *Avoid Vendor Lock-In*

What Is Docker?



- **Creates, Manages and Orchestrates Containers**

- *Separate Applications from Infrastructure*
 - *Better... Faster Software Deployment*



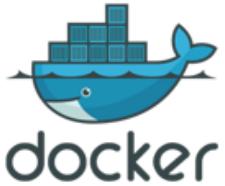
- **Packages an Application → Shippable (and Runnable) Image**

- *“Build, ship, and run any app, anywhere”*
 - *Applications work the same on everyone’s machines*

- **Docker:**

- *“Dock Worker” moves goods into/out of ships*

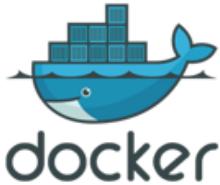




What Is Docker?

3 Faces of Docker:

- **Docker (The Company – Docker, Inc.)**
 - *Formerly, a PaaS Provider called dotCloud*
 - *In 2013, Pivoted to Focus on its Container Software*
- **Open-Source Project (Renamed, “Moby”)**
 - *Make Docker More Modular and Transparent*
- **Run-time and Orchestration Engine**
 - *3rd Party Products Plug into the Docker Engine*
 - *Community (Free) and Enterprise (Paid) Editions*



Enabling Technologies

■ Kernel Namespaces

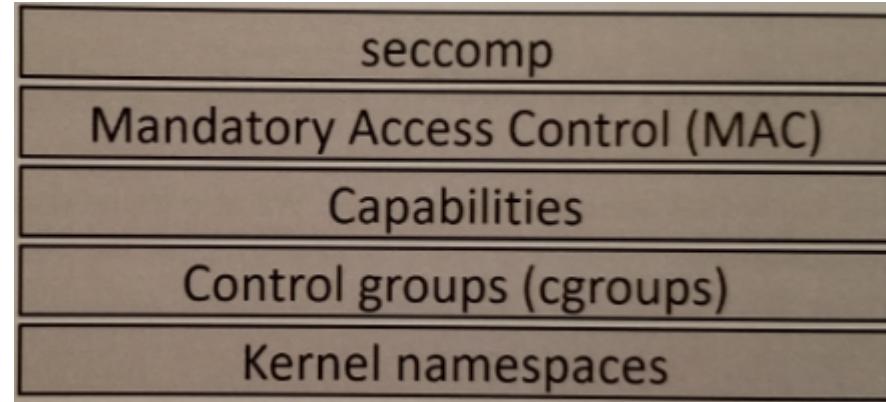
- *Slice up an OS to look like multiple isolated environments (Process, Network, File System)*

■ Control Groups

- *Limit Resource Usage (CPU, RAM, Disk I/O)*

■ Capabilities

- *Choose which ROOT powers a container needs*

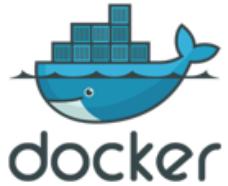


Why Did Docker “Win”?

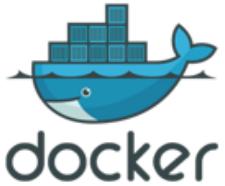


- **Software Administration Lifecycle.... EASY!**
- **Docker Hub and Official Registries**
 - *Establishes trust in images*
- **Modular and Platform-Agnostic Design**
 - *“Batteries Included... But Removable”*
- **Free and Open Source**

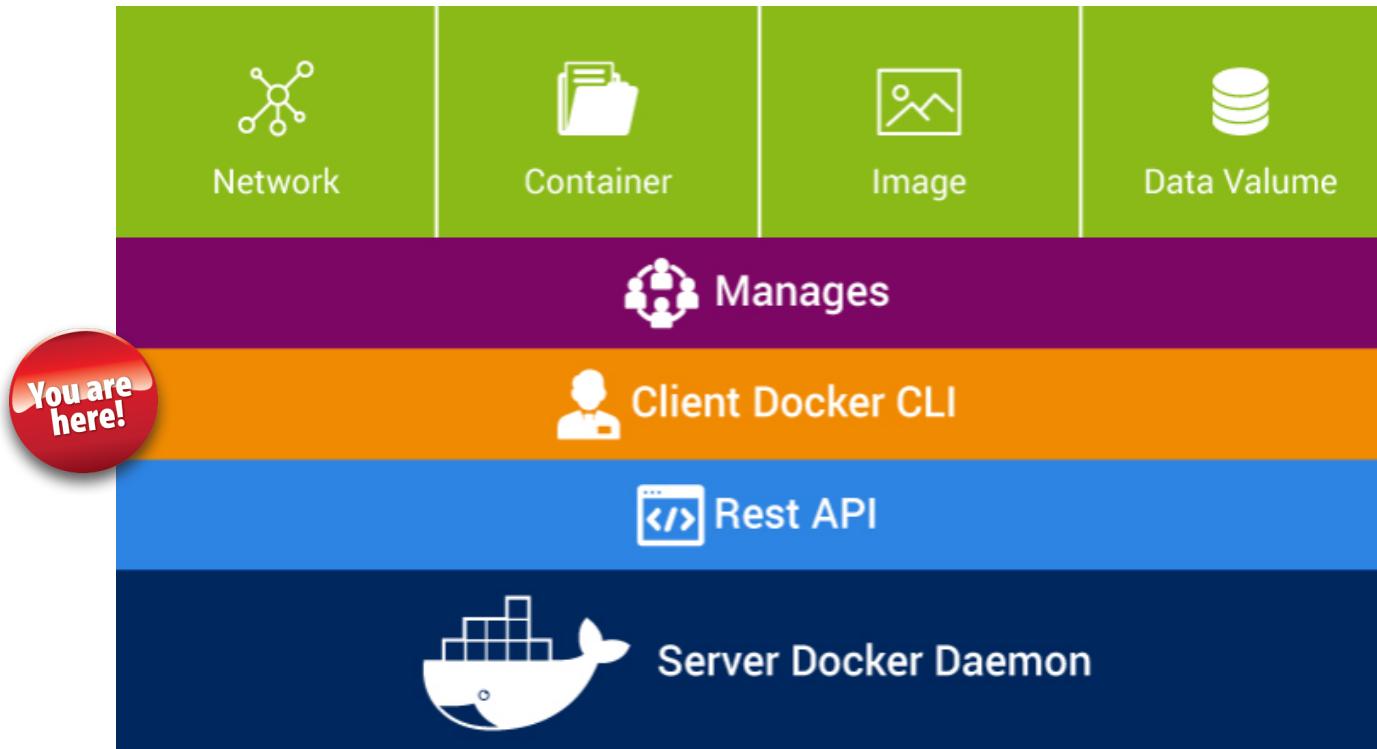
To The Terminal!



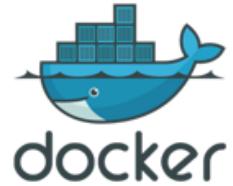
1. GENERAL



Docker – Architecture



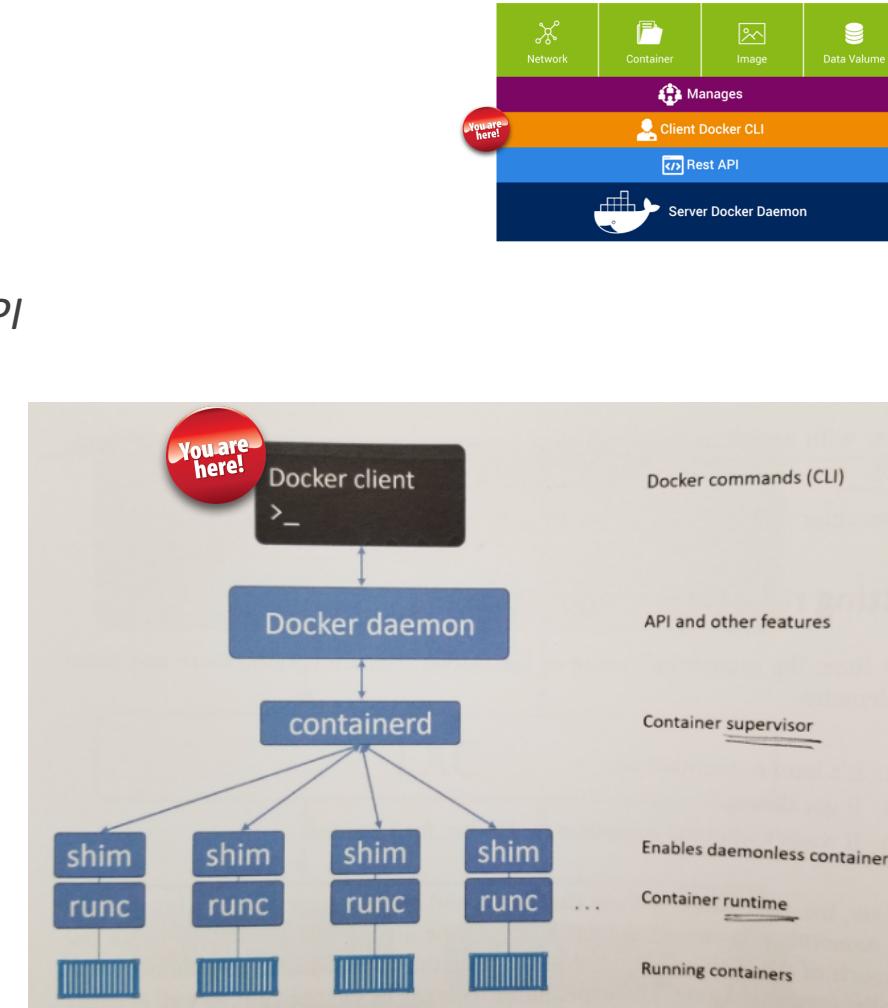
Docker Concepts

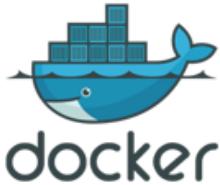


Engine	Coordinates all of the Docker components
Images	Core artifact of Docker.... Binaries (“Build”)
Containers	Launched from images Running applications (“Deploy”)
Dockerfiles	Readable code for image creation (“Source Code”)
Registries	Collection of repositories (which store images)

Engine

- Docker Client
 - *CLI tool that invokes Docker API calls*
- Docker daemon
 - *Formerly a Monolith... Now, just the Docker API*
- containerd
 - *Bridge b/w (1) Docker daemon and (2) runc*
 - *Container Lifecycle*
- runc
 - *Single Purpose → Create Containers*

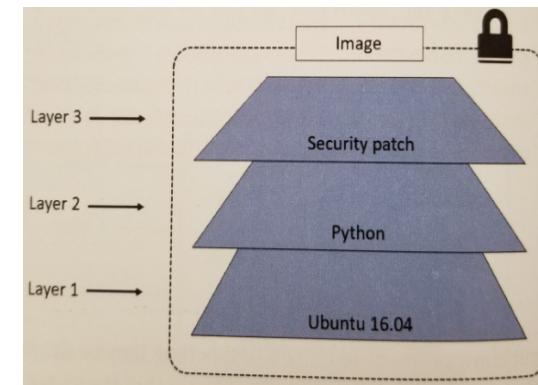




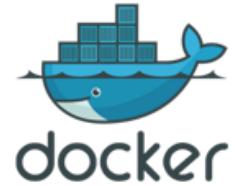
Images

- Application Packaged in a Standard, Portable File
 - (1) Small OS (2) And ALL Files to Run App (3) Metadata
- Stack of Read-Only Layers (Crypto Hashed)
- PULL Images onto Your Docker Host
 - OR... Create Images from (a) Dockerfiles or (b) Containers
- “Build-Time” Artifacts

- ❖ *docker image pull*
- ❖ *docker image ls*
- ❖ *docker image rmi*
- ❖ *docker image tag*

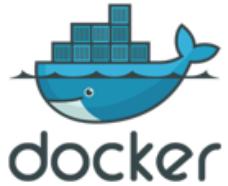


To The Terminal!

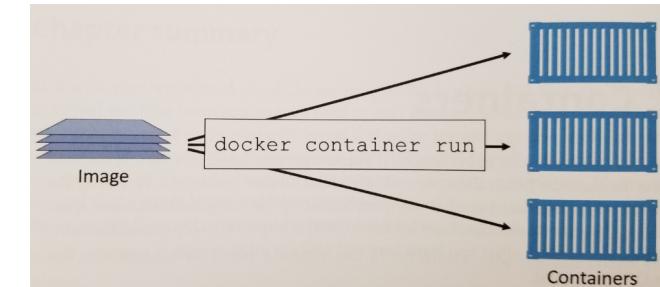


2. IMAGES

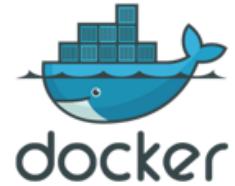
Containers



- Isolated Group of Processes
 - *Private Root File System.... Network Stack.... Process Tree*
 - *Unaware They Are Containers*
- Spawned from Images
- Run Until They Finish Executing
- “Run-Time” Artifacts
 - ❖ *docker create*
 - ❖ *docker start*
 - ❖ *docker stop*
 - ❖ *docker run*
 - ❖ *docker exec*
 - ❖ *docker rm*

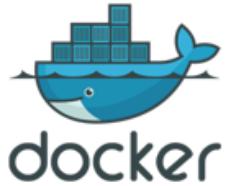


To The Terminal!



3. CONTAINERS

Containers – Easy Software Admin.

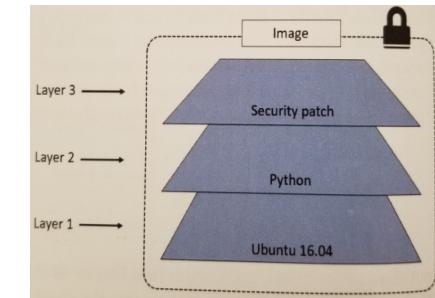
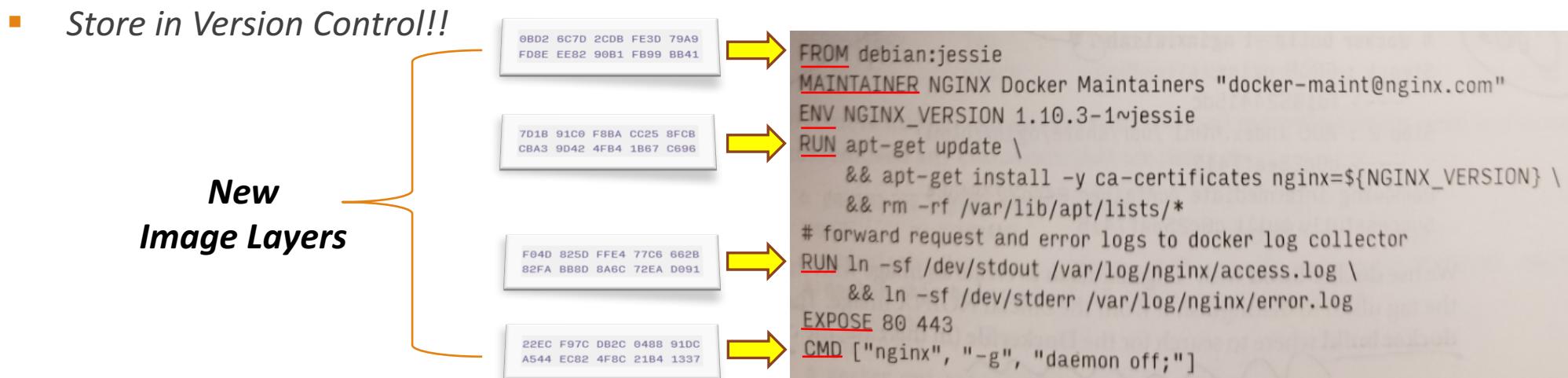


Traditional Software	Docker Equivalent	Docker Command
Find software	Docker Hub	
Download software, i.e. a zip file or MSI	Pull an image	<code>docker pull</code>
Install software	Create a container from an image	<code>docker create</code>
Start software	Run the container	<code>docker start</code>
Stop software	Stop the container	<code>docker stop</code>
Uninstall software	Remove the container	<code>docker rm</code>
Not Possible	Do all of this with one command!	<code>docker run</code>



Dockerfiles

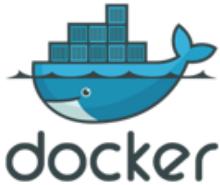
- Recipes for Building Images
 - *Instructions and Shell Commands*
- First Instruction Specifies a Base Image
- Each Command Creates a New Layer
- Source Code Artifact



To The Terminal!



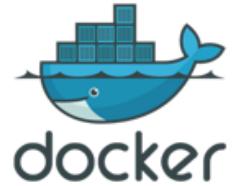
4. DOCKERFILE



Registries

- Index of Docker Images
 - Accessible by dockerd via HTTP
- Docker Hub = Hosted Registry by Docker, Inc.
 - Public and Private Repositories
 - Official vs. No-name
- Other Public Registries Include:
 - Amazon ECR
 - Google Container Registry
 - quay.io
- Private Registries for Sensitive Images

Registries



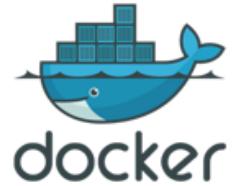
Docker Store is the new place to discover public Docker content. [Check it out →](#)

Dashboard Explore Organizations Create yoda83 ▾

Repositories (23421)

		All		
	nginx official	7.0K STARS	10M+ PULLS	DETAILS
	jwilder/nginx-proxy public automated build	1.1K STARS	10M+ PULLS	DETAILS
	jrcs/letsencrypt-nginx-proxy-companion public automated build	230 STARS	5M+ PULLS	DETAILS
	richarvey/nginx-php-fpm public automated build	453 STARS	1M+ PULLS	DETAILS

Registries



nginx is now available in the Docker Store, the new place to discover public Docker content. [Check it out →](#)

Dashboard Explore Organizations Create yoda83 ▾

OFFICIAL REPOSITORY

nginx

Last pushed: 2 days ago

Repo Info Tags

Short Description

Official build of Nginx.

Docker Pull Command

`docker pull nginx`

Full Description

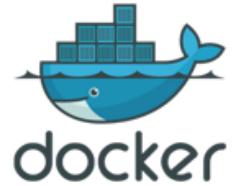
Supported tags and respective Dockerfile links

- 1.13.5, mainline, 1, 1.13, latest ([mainline/stretch/Dockerfile](#))
- 1.13.5-perl, mainline-perl, 1-perl, 1.13-perl, perl ([mainline/stretch-perl/Dockerfile](#))
- 1.13.5-alpine, mainline-alpine, 1-alpine, 1.13-alpine, alpine ([mainline/alpine/Dockerfile](#))
- 1.13.5-alpine-perl, mainline-alpine-perl, 1-alpine-perl, 1.13-alpine-perl, alpine-perl ([mainline/alpine-perl/Dockerfile](#))
- 1.12.1, stable, 1.12 ([stable/stretch/Dockerfile](#))
- 1.12.1-perl, stable-perl, 1.12-perl ([stable/stretch-perl/Dockerfile](#))
- 1.12.1-alpine, stable-alpine, 1.12-alpine ([stable/alpine/Dockerfile](#))
- 1.12.1-alpine-perl, stable-alpine-perl, 1.12-alpine-perl ([stable/alpine-perl/Dockerfile](#))

Quick reference

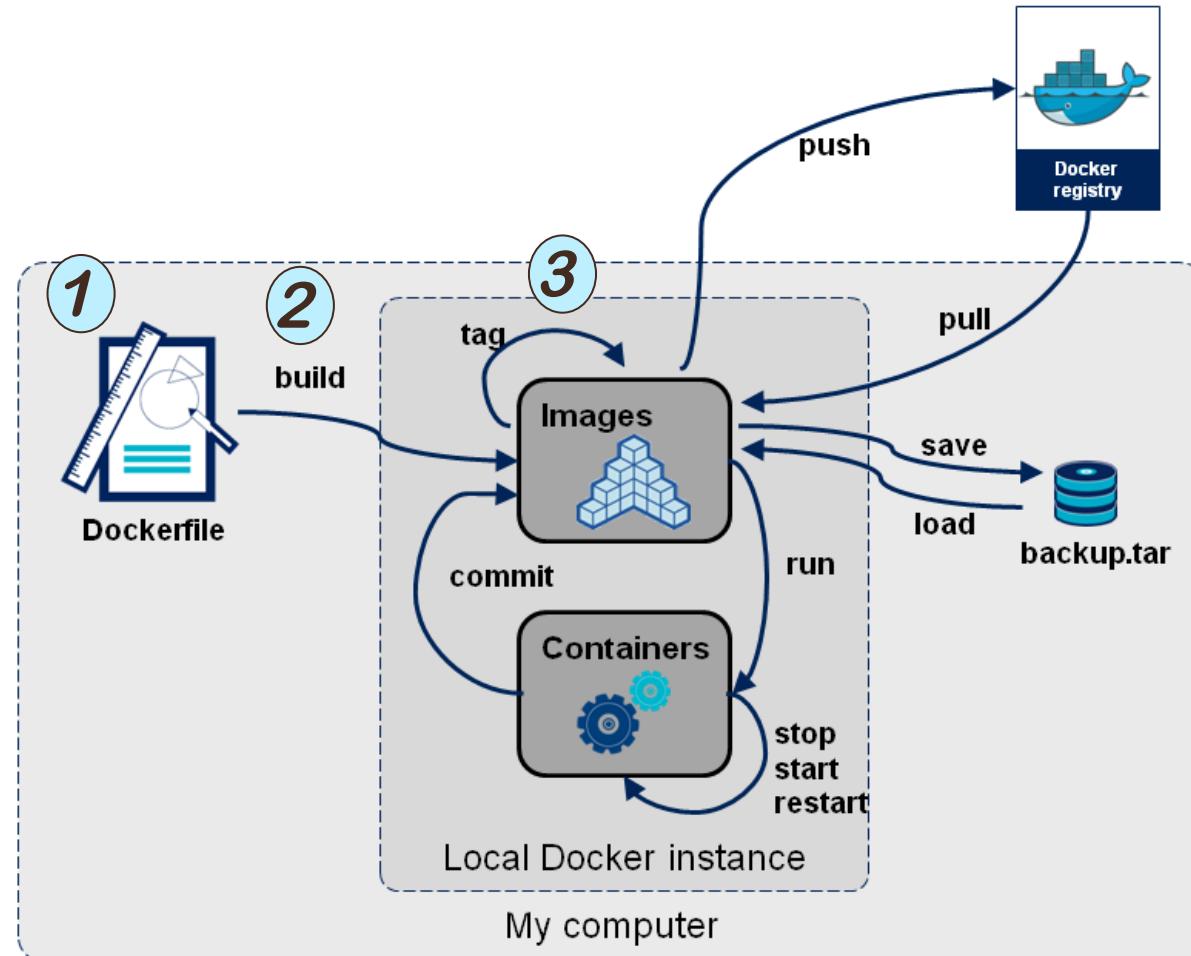
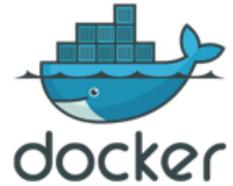
- Where to get help:
[the Docker Community Forums](#), [the Docker Community Slack](#), or [Stack Overflow](#)
- Where to file issues:
<https://github.com/nginxinc/docker-nginx/issues>

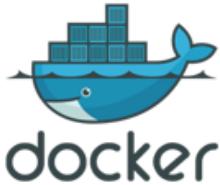
To The Terminal!



search

Docker Flow

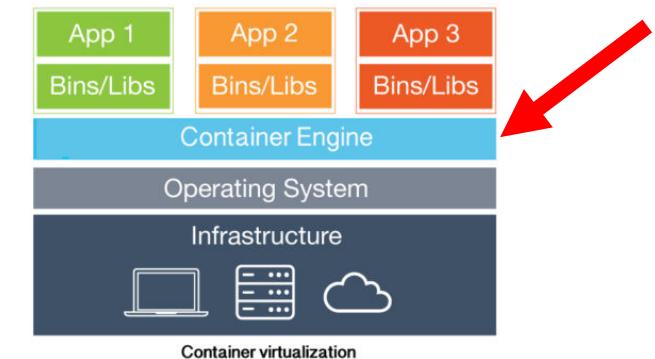
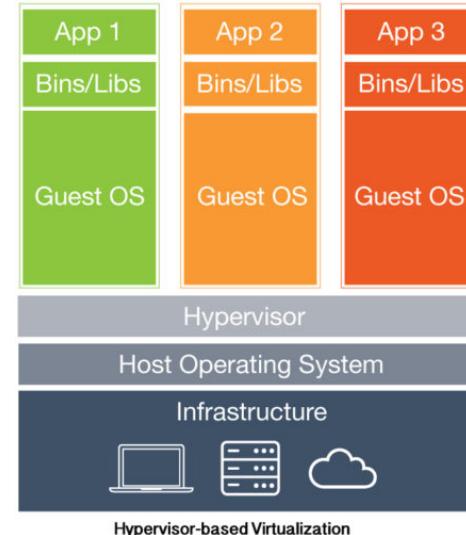




Containers vs. VM's

Virtual Machines

- *Rely on Hypervisor*
- *Carve up HARDWARE resources*
- *Bring their own Operating System*
- *Slower and Heavier than Containers*

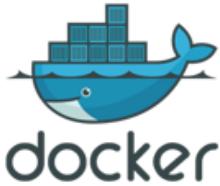


vmware®

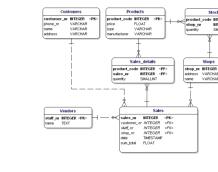


cITRIX®





Docker in the Software Stack

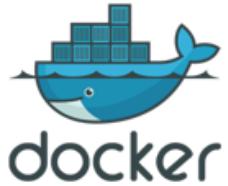
- 5. Custom Application** ~ *Your Logic; Algorithms*

- 4. Base Configuration** ~ *Software Tools Wired Up*

- 3. Base Application** ~ *Software Tools (Generic)*

- 2. Custom Image** ~ *“Hardened” AMI’s*

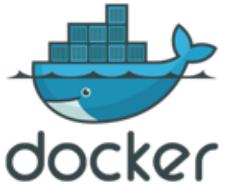
- 1. Base Image** ~ *Virtual Machines... AMI’s*


To The Terminal!



6. PROCESS ISOLATION

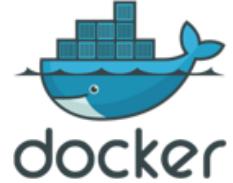
Container Mgmt



WHO MANAGES:

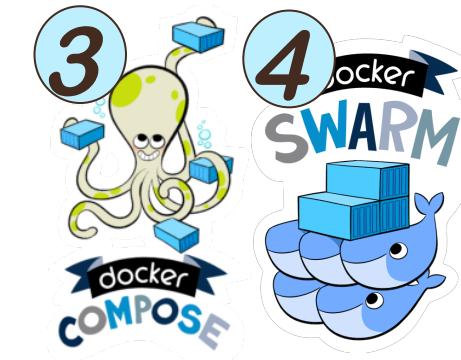
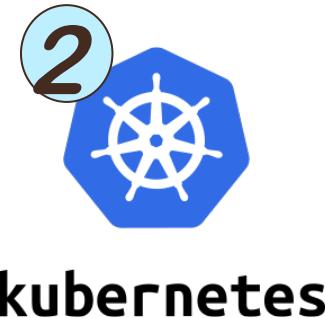
- Container Sprawl?
- Container Orchestration?
- Container Failure and Recovery?

Container Mgmt

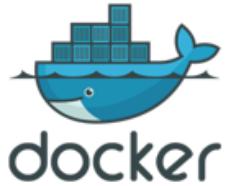


SERVICES INCLUDE:

- Initial Launch
- Service Discovery
- Fault-Tolerance
- Horizontal Scalability



Docker Ecosystem



- Container Engine



- Manage Virtual Docker Hosts Remotely



- Cloud-based Registry for Docker Images



- Cluster and Scheduling Tool for Docker Containers



- Helps Enterprises Deploy Their Own Docker Platforms



- For Trusted Commercial (and Free) Software



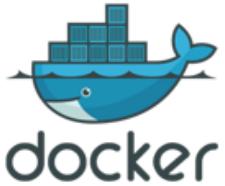
- Define and Run Multi-Container Docker Applications



- Cloud Platform with Docker as a First Class Citizen (Like AWS...)



- Storage and Content Delivery System (CDN) for Docker Images



Docker Volumes

| <https://docs.docker.com/engine/admin/volumes/volumes/>

Search the docs

Guides

Product manuals

Glossary

Reference

Samples

Use volumes

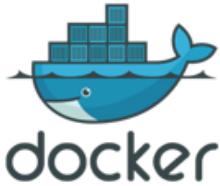
Estimated reading time: 12 minutes

Volumes are the **preferred mechanism for persisting data** generated by and used by Docker containers. While **bind mounts** are dependent on the directory structure of the host machine, volumes are **completely managed by Docker**. Volumes have several advantages over bind mounts:

- Volumes are **easier to back up or migrate** than bind mounts.
- You can manage volumes using Docker CLI commands or the Docker API.
- Volumes work on both **Linux and Windows** containers.
- Volumes can be more **safely shared** among multiple containers.
- Volume drivers allow you to **store volumes on remote hosts or cloud providers**, to encrypt the contents of volumes, or to add other functionality.
- A new volume's **contents can be pre-populated** by a container.

In addition, volumes are often a better choice than persisting data in a container's writable layer, because using **a volume does not increase the size of containers using it**, and the volume's contents exist outside the lifecycle of a given container.

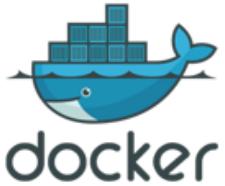




Docker.... Reasons to Avoid

- No Support (Windows 2012 or earlier)
- Security and SLA's
- Lower-Level Infrastructure (e.g. AMI's)
- Young Platform (esp. on Windows)

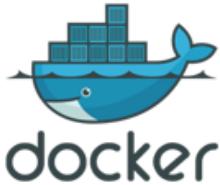




Next Steps

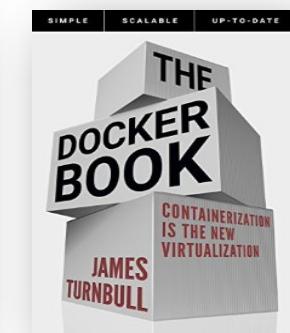
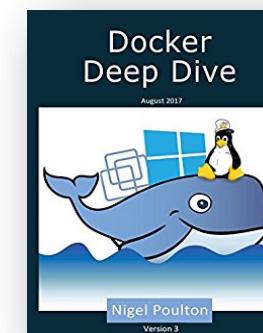
- Docker Volumes
- Dockerfile
- Docker Compose and Swarm
- Docker in a CI/CD Pipeline





Docker Resources

- <https://app.pluralsight.com/library/courses/containers-images-big-picture/table-of-contents>
- <https://app.pluralsight.com/library/courses/docker-deep-dive/table-of-contents>
- <https://www.xenonstack.com/blog/docker-overview-a-complete-guide>
- <https://docs.docker.com/get-started>



Thanks!

